

ADVERTISING SCHEDULE

First Page	100
Second Page	75
Third Page	50
Fourth Page	25
Fifth Page	10
Sixth Page	5
Seventh Page	2
Eighth Page	1
Ninth Page	1
Tenth Page	1

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IMPORTANCE OF SOUTHERN PORTS.
The "Daily Bulletin of the Manufacturers' Record," under date of Baltimore, August 25th, contains an interesting article and valuable statistics concerning the export trade of the principal cities of the United States in 1904 as compared with those of 1903.

Our Baltimore contemporary's article lays stress on the importance of our Southern ports, and it is a most gratifying exhibit that is made of the increase of their export trade. It shows that the export business of Wilmington in 1904 was \$19,085,231, compared with \$14,966,754 in 1903.

The increase at this port was \$4,118,478, which represents a growth in one year of about 30 per cent. in the foreign trade of North Carolina's principal city. The Record's article says:

Analysis by the Manufacturers' Record of official figures of the country's export trade during the past two years brings out the following facts about the steady growth of trade at Southern ports and the increasing weight of the South in the country's several groups of customs districts of the country the Gulf ports alone showed an increase in the value of exports of \$47,500,000 or 27 per cent. over the increase of those of 1903; in the second place, the increase in the value of exports of cotton and its products was \$47,500,000 or 27 per cent. over the increase in the value of all exports; in the third place, the value of exports originating in the South, directly or indirectly, about \$90,000,000, or 45 per cent. of the value of all exports, and its increase was nearly equal to the total increase over 1903.

The value of all exports increased between 1903 and 1904 from \$1,420,141,673 to \$1,460,988,185, equal to \$40,846,512, or 2.9 per cent. The increase was created from \$306,429,227 to \$358,832,155 equal to \$52,402,928, or 17.1 per cent. at the Gulf ports. The decrease was \$201,814,727 to \$144,000,312, equal to \$57,814,415, or 28.7 per cent. at 83 other Atlantic ports; from \$702,357,243 to \$696,754,461, equal to \$5,602,782, or .8 per cent. at 120 other ports; and from \$308,547,172 to \$304,861,226, equal to \$3,685,946, or 1.2 per cent. at all others. The figures are shown in the following table:

Ports	1903	1904
Baltimore	151,704,607	159,898,154
Boston	12,500,000	12,500,000
Brunswick	5,728,125	5,728,125
Charleston	1,200,000	1,200,000
Ferndale	3,000,000	3,000,000
Key West	100,000	100,000
New York	10,000,000	10,000,000
Richmond	1,000,000	1,000,000
Savannah	1,000,000	1,000,000
Wilmington	14,966,754	19,085,231
Other ports	1,100,000,000	1,100,000,000

It is stated that swallows and purple martins are the best exterminators of mosquitoes. There are large numbers of both of these birds in Wilmington, and probably that accounts for the comparative scarcity of mosquitoes here this season. Don't kill a swallow or a martin.

Miss Alice Murrin, of Boston, was married on Friday to Dr. Tang Yawn Fawn, a Chinese dentist who has an office in Boston. The dentist may have reason to be down in the mouth if his American wife gets tired of a Fawn-like life.

Judge Parker's declaration that he will serve only one term, if elected, is regarded by the London Spectator as unfortunate, "as under the constitution he will hardly have time to carry out any great policy whatsoever."

We refuse to believe that any campaign is going on in Arkansas, for Governor Jeff Davis hasn't knocked the stuffing out of any judge or any other fellow for three or four weeks.

Switman Killed. "Mr. A. N. Currin, white at work yesterday at South Rocky Mount as switman, stooped to complete some cars when his head was caught between the bumper, killing him instantly. Mr. Currin has been living here only two months, his home being near Oxford. His remains left here last night on 31, the Smithfield Shoe Co., for Selma, which place it will be taken to Oxford."

Wed in Norfolk. Mrs. Eva May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Gilbert, formerly of Wilmington, was married in Norfolk, August 21st, to Mr. C. F. Morris, assistant cashier of the Southern Railway in Norfolk. They have gone North on a bridal tour and will reside in Ghent, a suburb of Norfolk, upon their return.

Columbia State: "So far as to other features of the Maudie Allen mystery are concerned, there was no development yesterday. If the Ocoee mystery have any more idea than they had two weeks ago as to who the dead woman is or as to who killed her, it has not yet leaked out."

On Friday at Raleigh the Stato authorized the Alpine Cotton Mills at Morganton to increase its capital stock from \$100,000 to \$250,000, and to issue preferred stock, its duration being extended 50 years. The Carolina Land and Lumber Company at Moyock, Currituck county, was authorized to increase its capital stock from \$75,000 to \$100,000. A charter was granted the Watanga County Bank, at Boone, with \$10,000 and to do a commercial and savings business.

GRATER CHARLOTTE.

The Charlotte Chronicle is claiming 40,000 inhabitants for the city of Charlotte, taking into account the suburban population.

Some Charlotte men who visited Wrightsville Beach a few days ago, gave the crowd a double action spawl which left the impression that in time New York will be on her hunkers when it comes to going up against Charlotte as the metropolis of America. He was telling how that big electric power plant on the Catawba, twenty-two miles from Charlotte, will soon be inside the corporate limits. He stated that an electric railway is to be built from Charlotte to the Catawba Power Company's plant, and expressed confidence in the ultimate building of a solid line of manufactories and dwelling houses along the line between Charlotte and the plant. That would make Charlotte lap over eight miles into South Carolina, but the Queen City wouldn't mind a little thing like that.

All joking aside, however, there is sufficient water power along the Catawba from Paw Creek to Landsford to run all the factories in the United States by electricity, if they should be within the zone of current transmission.

That Charlotte man who had 'em all sitting up straight at the Beach believed every word he was saying about Charlotte's going to be the greatest manufacturing centre in the world. He is an evangelist worth every cent in the collection box when it comes to omitting a boom spawl.

Mr. J. E. Pogue, of Raleigh, secretary of the North Carolina Agricultural Society, sends us the premium list for the 44th State Fair to be held at Raleigh October 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd. The premiums aggregate \$10,000 in value, and the fair is expected to be the biggest one in the history of the Society. Wilmington is always well represented at the State Fair.

It looks funny that President Roosevelt had selected Col. Root to run for Governor of New York. Where was the Republican people all the time that the selection of their candidate was not left to them? Since Root declines position, the people will be given a chance to vote for somebody else.

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CURRENT COMMENT.

The first qualification of a Republican campaign orator is to be able to prove that Mr. Roosevelt will stand without hitching.—New York World.

Mr. Roosevelt is said to favor a free-for-all race for Governor. He has already been gratified. All the really fit candidates are racing for the woods.—New York World.

President Roosevelt has allowed his cabinet officers to blue pencil his letter of acceptance. This is the strongest proof of friendship the world affords.—Chicago Post.

A Chicago paper sneeringly says: "Judge Parker has the women, but our 'Teddy' has the men, and the men vote." Yes, they vote for the man favored by the women.—New York Herald.

Washington Post: Judge Parker has written a magazine article in which he contends that educated men are greatly needed in politics. The argument is expected to clinch the Devery vote.

With the departure of the Virginia negro from the political world, the mugwump vote of the South is to be something worth considering.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

The Bishop of London has received a gross gift of \$25 from an undertaker, who writes that it is a thank-offering "because trade has been so brisk of late."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Philadelphia Record: Judge Parker is safe and sane. Theodore Roosevelt is strenuous and risky. This is the general popular opinion. The verdict of the voters at the polls will be largely influenced by this estimate of the personal characteristics of the two men.

It is understood that General Grovernor has locked himself up for the purpose of preparing figures to show that farmers should be free from the tax assessment. The Republicans are \$1.35 wheat and that the consumers must blame the Democratic party for the high price of flour.—Washington Post.

The amiable and esteemed Press observes that President Roosevelt's failure to wield his "Big Stick" in the China ports must be a terrible blow to the Democrats. Jekyll and Hyde were no more unlike than the bellicose President and the Quaker candidate for election. If the people give him a personal endorsement in his own right, the "Big Stick" will not long remain "behind the piazza door."—New York World.

Walter Kittredge, author and composer of the famous war-time song "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," lives in Reed's Ferry, N. C. He still keeps up his royalties in his own right, while not large, help to make the old man's last years comfortable. He offered to sell the song at first to a Boston publisher for \$15, but it was refused. Afterward this same publisher took it up and alone has sold more than 100,000 copies of it.—Brooklyn Citizen.

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CAPT. VICKERY IN FLORENCE.

Yesterday afternoon's Florence Times has the following of interest: Capt. Jay Thomas Vickery, of Washington, is in the city to-day. Capt. Vickery is an enthusiast in dog racing and is the owner perhaps of the fastest string of grey hounds in the country. He is on his way to St. Louis from Wrightsville Beach, where he has been training his dogs for the coming season. He is a large man with the admiration of every body who sees them. "Princess Maude" holds the world's record for a mile having made the distance in 1 minute 45 seconds. She is a beauty and so is "Queen," whose record is a close second. The International meeting many Englishmen will participate, but Capt. Vickery expects his dogs to carry off their share of honors.

Capt. Vickery has a large ranch in Oklahoma and trains his dogs with wild Jack rabbit chase. He has been furnishing some fine sport for Wilmington people and Wrightsville visitors, having given a number of the chase at the beach this summer.

He has thirty dogs to enter in the international race, and they have been shipped from Wilmington to St. Louis.

BUILDING OF A YEAR.

Despite Boom the Past Season, October Will Find Scarcity of Renting Property.

AN ENCOURAGING SIGN.

Estimated That \$300,000 Will Not Cover Value of Twelve Months' Construction—Record of the Permits Many Residences Erected.

The near approach of the new renting year on October 1st and the continued scarcity of slightly located real estate property for lease at any price, despite the unparalleled boom in building during the past twelve months, is being freely commented upon in real estate circles and the condition is often quoted as an unmistakable support of the contention that as a city "we do move." A gentleman, noted for his conservatism and well posted on real estate values, after making an examination of a list of new buildings refrained for taxation this year, said that in his opinion \$300,000 would not cover the amount expended in new construction in the city for the twelve months ended last June 1st. Of course, the tax books will not show that increase and the reason is obvious, but the figures are correct. In many instances new buildings have taken the place of old ones torn away, and in nearly every instance the tax assessment upon new property does not represent the money put into the property by the owner. But those matters are foreign to the subject. The building boom the past year has been substantial and phenomenal. Best of all, it continues.

The official record at the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer shows that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, the permits numbered 133. Since that time the ratio has been increased, and as yet will develop even greater figures in the building line. From the record, the past fiscal year the following permits appear:

Capt. Jan. W. Harper, residence; Front, between Ann and Nun. S. F. Harmon, residence; Fourth, between Chesnut and Princess. Geo. Richter, residence; Orange, between Ninth and Tenth. Mrs. Ellen Sheehan, residence; Orange, between Fourth and Fifth. S. W. Moore, residence; Swan, between Fifth and Sixth. J. H. W. Mack, residence; Seventh, between Red Cross and Walnut. Geo. Richter, extension to hotel; West, between Front and Second. W. H. Sharp, residence; Fourth, between Front and Second. J. W. Brown, Third, between Red Cross and Campbell. D. L. Capps, Sixth, between Ann and Nun. C. D. Richter, brick store; Fourth and Harriet. J. G. Wright & Son, Grace, between Front and Second. C. R. L. & P. Co., warehouses at Ninth and Orange. Thad. F. Tyler, cement, between Second and Eighth. Mrs. C. M. R. Ahrens, 414 Nixon. Geo. O. Gaylord, store; North Front street.

Willard Bag & Mfg. Co., factory on Water street. Mrs. E. Voliers, store on Nutt and Walnut. W. E. Chadwick, residence; Market, between Ninth and Tenth. Dr. J. H. Dreher, four buildings; Taylor, between Fourth and Fifth. J. H. Lanning, two dwellings; Rankin, near Bay. Mrs. Westermann, Red Cross, between Third and Fourth. Mrs. J. W. Bremer, Fifth and Castle. Franklin Pierce, Thirteenth and Princess. W. M. Cumming, two dwellings on Anderson, near Stanton, and one on Nixon, near Tenth. R. M. Vescoff, Queen, between Front and Second. E. M. Blair, Fourth, between Queen and Wooster. E. Poiske, Fourth, between Queen and Wooster. W. E. Fenry, Rankin, between Fifth and Sixth. J. P. Brown, Brunswick, between Sixth and Seventh. F. M. Mack, Block 38, Lots 3 and 4. S. V. Sanders, Fourth, near Harriet. N. E. Gallagher, distillery houses on Fifth, between Wooster and Dawson. C. H. Carr, distillery, Twelfth, between Castle and Queen. W. E. Fenry, Rankin, Ninth, between Market and Princess. J. A. Nixon, Ninth, between Dock and Orange. Geo. Cavellia Alderman, Rankin, between Eighth and Ninth. J. E. Taylor, Seventh, between Red Cross and Campbell. E. B. Lewis, residence; Walnut, between Sixth and Seventh. W. E. Fenry, Rankin, between Twelfth and Thirteenth. Mrs. C. Blomme, Fifth, between Campbell and Red Cross; Campbell, between Fourth and Fifth. Legate Meter, Nixon, between Fifth and Seventh. Moses Jones, Orange, between 10th and 11th. Daily Johnson, Seventh and Swan. Oscar Miller, Moore and MacRae streets. E. King, two dwellings; Wooster, between Eighth and Ninth. Jacob Johnson, 418 MacRae. S. J. Davis, Market, between Front and Second. F. J. Gooding, Ann, between Second and Third. E. A. Chadwick, Third and Harriet. A. G. Ellis, Nun, between Fourth and Fifth. Mrs. Dora R. Bornemann, Seventh and Orange. L. Fremuth, 118 North Ninth. W. G. T. Keen, 522 Macomber. E. C. Moore, Sixteenth and Market. B. C. Clowe, Princess, between Fifth and Sixth. W. J. Meredith, Second, between Front and Second. Mrs. Eliza M. Bellamy, Second and Dock. J. H. Whiteson, foot of Orange.

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GEORGIA MILITARY COURT OF INQUIRY.

To Investigate Conduct of State Troops in Connection With Lynching at Statesboro.

TESTIMONY OF WITNESSES.

Members of the Militia on Duty at the Time of the Lynching—Features of the Hearing the Testimony of a Newspaper Reporter.

By Telegram to the Morning Star. STATESBORO, Ga., Aug. 27.—The military court of inquiry, appointed by the Governor to investigate the conduct of the State troops in connection with the recent burning of two negro prisoners at the stake at Statesboro, Ga., held its third session to-day. The features of the hearing was the testimony of G. M. Gerry, a reporter, who was present to report the proceedings. He testified that the mob dragged the prisoners along the road to the stake within thirty yards of the military camp. There were fifty men of the militia drawn up in line. There was no movement by any officer or soldier, so far as he saw, when the crowd passed to reach the prisoners. He did not know what officer was in command of the men at the time. The mob in charge of the prisoners amounted to about two hundred. They were in shirt sleeves and only a few were armed. The rest of the crowd, he said, were spectators and some were shouting and cheering. Neither officer was carried in a vehicle to the place of the lynching. He said Private Taylor sold him some one had reported the mob's intent to lynch the men, and he said he reported the fact to the camp officers and was laughed at. Private R. L. Miller, of the militia, stated that he was among the men on duty at the rear stairway. Half a dozen men took his gun away. He saw McGuire saw him, and came to his assistance. A very large man, who he recognized as a bailiff of the court, rushed up to McGuire and helped to take his gun away. He was in the court room when the mob came to the room. He saw, he said, the sheriff, and the sheriff ordered the mob to stand aside. The sheriff said, "Stand aside men, and let the mob take the prisoners; we cannot resist the mob any longer." Private R. L. Miller testified that he was sent in the room to guard the prisoners. The mob was two feet behind the sheriff and the sheriff ordered him to stand aside. The sheriff said, "Stand aside men, and let the mob take the prisoners; we cannot resist the mob any longer."

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