economic future of old Europe.

The more her industry increases,

the more her machinery improves,

and the more her warehouses be-

come crammed with goods the more

restricted and narrow is her expan-

sion abroad. She now finds herself

in the presence of a giant with

mighty jaws, who is taking away

her custom. After having seized a

portion, that of South America,

the giant is preparing to deprive her

of that of the yellow races, the

most important in the world. It is

true he consents to leave to Europe

the negroes of the Soudan and the

vast regions of Africa, but until

that proves profitable poor Europe.

in the French statesman's opinion,

will have time to stew in her own

We have got Europe guessing and

we guess they are guessing right.

THE PROTECTION IDEA.

levying a tariff which practically

prohibits the importation of foreign

products that may compete with

home products is known as the

"American Doctrine." Henry Clay

was the father of "protection," and

the United States have gone to such

extreme lengths in following out the

Mr. Chamberlain conducting a pro-

tection campaign in Great Britain.

ness, and in the following from the

members pledge themselves to give the

preference in their purchases to home

products. In the old days of slavery

ome of the abolitionists entered into

engagements never to eat molasses or

sugar unless they knew it to be im-

ported, and to wear no article of cot

ton. But the prosperity of the South

was not thereby appreciably affected. The Merchandise Marks Act in En

gland was passed in the belief that

patriotism would lead persons to avoid

articles marked "Made in Germany,"

and to insist upon articles of home

production. It has been complained

since that Englishmen are so lost to

ill sense of patriotism that they buy

and our cigar manufacturers have in-

duced the Treasury to put the badge

of foreign origin upon the least con-

picuous part of a cigar box, because

they say that Americans will buy for-

eign in preference to domestic cigars. The Made-in-Oanada Club may have

ome influence in getting the tariff ad

vanced, which is one of its purposes

but in individual shopping it is likely to prove a melancholy failure.

The United States may get a les

son from too much protection. W

raise our revenues by a tariff levied

for that purpose and for the protec-

tion of American industries. Too

much of a good thing, however, may

kill the goose that lays the golden

egg. When our tariff is so high

that it puts an end to imports it

puts a stop to the revenue we get

out of it. Probably that is the rea-

son why the Roosevelt administra-

tion is struggling with a deficit in

the treasury, independent of the

Panama canal purchase expenditure.

means saner tariff laws and more

equitable relations with the balance

of the world. The Wilson-Gorman

Democratic tariff relieved some of

our protection burdens, and by en-

couraging trade with Europe pro-

duced more revenue than any pre-

vious Republican high tariff. At the

same time the industries of America

imports were less than under pre-

vious Republican tariffs. The fact

is the panic conditions inherited

from the Republican administration

recovered equilibrium under the

Wilson-Gorman tariff, arguments of

Republican spellbinders to the con-

The circus man who is claiming

that he was the first to "loop the

loop" ought to sneak into his hole.

He has evidently failed to read

Roosevelt's books and follow his cir-

cuit around the loop to where he

Roosevelt's letter of acceptance:

"We intend in the future to carry

on the Government in the same way

that we have carried it on in the

stands pat with Col. Dingley,

trary notwithstanding.

The election of Judge Parker

The protection of industries by

AMERICA A GREEDY GIANT.

The tremendous industrial development of the world is to-day the greatest menance to the future peace of the world. The expansion of nations and the rivalry of the world powers to acquire colonial possessions is not to oppress the brown theory that we have got all the world people, or the black peoples with the hedging against us. We have practyranies of government, but to extically shut foreign trade out of our ploit them for trade. The powers markets, and while other European are bent on monopolizing territory countries, Germany in particular, in Asia and Africa for the purpose have followed our example, we find of keeping life in the industries at home. In the end it may be an industrial oppression of the brown The idea is spreading and when all men and the black men, but it also nations put a protection wall around may mean that their right to gov- themselves, they will have to live on ern themselves will be denied them I themselves or scoop in other portions while "benevolent assimilation" is of the world to trade upon. Canada going on and more than likely may is going into the pretection businever end.

New York Journal of Commerce, The fact is the European powers, monachical and imperial in their we get two interesting things: nature, will not seek the benevolent | Protection sentiment in Canada has assimilation of the peoples which manifested itself in the organization that is a plea to justify the American republic in going into colonial enterprises. It is a plea to satisfy the consciences of a people who have been committed to the ideal that government rests upon the consent of the governed. The acquirement of the Philippines by the United States was the outcome of the demands of our industrial growth. The archipeligo was wanted by us for no other purpose than to provide a market for our manufactared products. The Republican scheme was not to carry to the Philippines the blessings of freedom and popular government but to trade them to a stand still. For the same reason Roosevelt took advantage of Colombia to get control of the Panama canal goue. He denies that our government encouraged the rebellion of Panama, but just the same when he caught Columbia with its pantaloons in a position all the same, as the adage goes, he waded in and caused the sister Republic to "go way back and sit down." Little Panama pressed the button and he did the rest.

However, let it all pass. We started out to say that the industrial development by the world powers is the present menace to the peace of the world. The bloody war in the East between Russia and Japan is: over Manchuria and Korea as the bones of contention. These possessions are wanted to keep life in Japan's industries, which Russia wants the one to serve that purpose and also give her a naval base on the Pacific. After all it an industrial war. The American world power is watching it with a selfish interest, and we cannot deny it. Our sympathies are with the power under whose victory our trade will have the best showing in China. Europe knows how we are looking at the fight, and the statesmen over there have got a good eye when they see which way the American cat is jumping.

A cablegram in the Washington Post dated Paris, October 5th, tells us that some European statesmen seem to be seriously concerned for the economic future of Europe. They see, or fancy they see, deep-laid schemes on the part of the United States for absorbing the commerce of Asia, and appear to think the moment has arrived to issue a serious note of warning.

To day, says the Paris telegram, we have M. Meline, former prime minister and leader of the French protectionists, sounding the alarm in the Republique Francaise in an article entitled "United States in walking papers. lsia." Meline says no mistake should be made in Europe as to the vast designs in the Far East on the part of the great republic. It is in that direction that it is evidently turning its commercial ambition. Some day, he says, England may regret having assisted Japan, which he predicts will prefer to throw itself into the arms of the great American republic, which is closer to her and may render her services, rather than to hand over China to British indus-

try, whose rivalry Japan fears. Finally, M. Meline says, one cannot refrain from rather melancholy reflections on the commercial and the festive german is in season.

WEEKLY

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1904.

CURRENT COMMENT.

- And now they are talking of tunnelling the Delaware river. Poor George Washington; he died too soon.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

-- President Roosevelt will keep his hands off Wisconsin, which shows that he has some regard for his hands when he sees a buzz saw in operation.-Chicago News.

- The United States will not at this time intervene in Congo State affairs. Here is one case in which the color question was not a tempta-tion to meddle.—Baltimore Sun.

- A white barber at Pittsfield. Mass., has been arrested for refusing to shave a negro. Some of these white barbers in Massachusetts are getting altogether too uppity .-Washington Post.

- The Rephblicans have nominated a negro for Congress in the Tenth Georgia District. He stands no show of being elected, even if his health permits him to remain in the race until election day. - Washington Post.

--- Some women keep their youth and beauty so well that it seems as if they had been able to stop the flight of time. And yet, strangely enough, no woman likes to be told that her face would stop a clock.—Atlanta Journal.

- Let it be borne in mind that a change in the representation of but 16 Congressional districts out of docket and seven are on the summons 384 will give the control of the House to the enemy, the Republicans to-day having a majority ei only 30. The margin is too narrow to risk the loss of a single district .-St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

-- Some Englishmen may still believe that buffaloes are to be shot within sight of the New York City Hall, but the London editors who refer to Roosevelt's talk of a peace conference as "a bit of political play incident to the political campaign have evidently cut their eye teeth. -New Orleans States.

-- A negro of the name of Knox is running for Congress in the Indianapolis district of Indiana. This is Jesse Overstreet's district. Knox, by all the rules of courtesy and consistency, ought to have the support of Crumpacker and his following. But it is dollars to doughnuts that the negro will receive mighty few white Republican votes on election day. Indiana Republicans are mighty fond of negro politicians-in the South.-Savannah

-- A Frenchman is in this country for the purpose fof establishing a manufactory of balloons and airships generally. He says that the time is close at hand when ballooning will be the fad of the rich in the United States, and that the problem of aerial navigation will be solved before a great while. And that will involve a terrible struggle to find a name for the fellow that runs the aerial machine. Remember what a time we had with "chauffeur?"-Baltimore Sun.

- The suggestion that President Parker, if put to it, might experience some difficulty in persuadng his Southern friends to vote for age pensions to the surviving veterans of the Civil War, is altogether gratuitous, considering the record of the Representatives from the Southern States in voting for the present liberal scale of pensions to Northern soldiers without a protest Their attitude with reference to pensions has been one of the most remarkable exhibitions of gracious submission to what may be called the exactions of a victorious foe that history records.—Boston Herald.

- Thomas A. Edison continues to spend a large part of his time perfecting the storage battery upon which he has been working for several gears. The delegates to the international electrical congress who paid a visit to Mr. Edison in New Jersey last week found him very optimistic as to the future of this battery. When it was first developed it had the usual mechanical defects of a new invention and Mr. Edison has been spending much time in his factory overcoming these defects. The engineers who saw him last week say that the Edison storage battery is now perfected and that it will not be long before it is put on the market.-New York were not hurt by a lower tariff, for | Sun.

FRUIT LIKELY TO BE LOWER.

New York Sees a Panacea For Fra Lovers in Winter Market.

Lovers of fruit will smack their lips with satisfaction at the following from the New York Herald of yesterday: No finer apples have ever been in the metropolitan market than are now offered for sale, and at prices that mean a very small profit to the rais ers. Our American crop was estimated at 70,000,000 barrels, and it now seems probable that this figure is too low. The crop will be the largest in

Pippins and Duchess apples are sell ng at from \$1.50 to \$3 a barrel and lexanders from \$1.75 to \$3. The best windfalls can be bought for \$1 a barrel, and Maiden Blush and similar varetles at an average of \$1.75.

Pears are giving an attractive color ng to the market. Seckels are selling at \$3 a barrel and Bartletts at \$3,25, past." Gee, Whiz! That's just the while the Duchess and Lawrence are reason we want to give you your a trifle lower.

boro, who are the managers of the cor-

Big Trucking Enterprise.

Yesterday's Raleigh Post says: We have vehemently insisted that "Hon. F. M. Simmons and Mesers. there was no money issue in this Humphrey and W. T. Dortch left this campaign, but we humbly haul in afternoon for Wilmington in the interour horns. Governor-Chairman est of the Carolina Truckers Colony. They will be joined in Wilmington by Odell is yelling for \$2,000,00 to car-

other gentlemen interested in the corporation. From Wilmington Mr. Dortch will go to the county seat of Bladen county, Elizabethtown, where he will make an abstract of the title to the lands of the colony, which comry New York. If North Carolina could only become a pivotal State the Republiprise five thousand acres in Bladen at cans would rejoice to know that the and near Abbottsburg. This land is very valuable. The stock of the cor-National campaign fund would have poration is being rapidly sold by Messrs. Humphrey & Gibson, of Goldsan open door of hope for the hope-

MANY CIVIL SUITS.

Two Week's Term of New Hanover Superior Court Begins Next Monday.

THE FAMOUS PENNY CASE.

Number of Complaints Against Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co. Three Days for Griminal Matters-Other Notes

The bar of the city met Saturday at the office of Col. Jno. D. Taylor and arranged the calendar of civil suits for trial at the two weeks term of Superior Court to be convened here next week, Judge Fred Moore, of Asheville, presiding. Eugene S. Martin, Esq., presided at the meeting of the bar yesterday and A. J. Marshall, Erq., acted as secretary. At the recent one-week term of the court. practically all criminal matters were disposed of, so that the forthcoming term will be devoted almost exclusively to the hearing of civil cases, of which there are a large number on the calendar. Fifty-two of the number

are set for trial, 165 are on the motion

docket. The case of greatest interest on the trial docket, perhaps, is that of B. F. Penny vs. the W. C. & A. Railroad Co., the nature of which is well remembered by readers of this paper. It was tried first in 1899 in the Superior Court and a judgment for \$6,000 was given the plaintiff. Judge W. A. Hoke, presiding, set the verdict aside, however, and a second hearing coming on, a mistrial resulted. After all the evidence was in at the third trial, the plaintiff's counsel upon intimation of Judge Peebles that they could not recover, submitted to a non suit and appealed to the Supreme Court. A new trial was granted and the case now comes on for a fourth hearing. The plaintiff, Mr. B. F. Penny, was shot by an obstreperous negro, Sam Callaway Brunswick county, one Sunday afternoon early in September, 1898, the negro having been ejected for disorder on the car between Wilmington and that point. The case will be heard on the second Monday of the term Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy, E. K. Bryan. Herbert McClammy, A. J. Marshall and E. S. Martin appear for the plaintiff, while the railroad will be repre-

Jno. D. Bellamy and Davis & Davis. On Friday of the first week the case of Mortie L. Creech vs. Wilmington Cotton Mills is set for trial. The plaintiff is suing for damages for being caught on a shaft in the mills here, having her clothing torn off and being bruised and otherwise injured. A jury at a late term awarded her \$800, but both sides took an appeal to the Supreme Court and a new trial

sented by Messrs. Rountree & Carr.

was granted. The big land suit of George Irving vs. Pembroke Jones and others, for the recevery of a large part of Summer Rest, on the sound, which is claimed under an old grant, is set for the second Tuesday of the term. Messrs. Koonce and Schulken, of Whiteville, appear for the plaintiff and numerous attorneys represent the large number of individual property owners interested.

On the following day, the first case s that of William Rembert against the Consolidated Company, in which the plaintiff sues for recovery of damages by reason of injuries received by contact with a live wire at Front and Princess streets one night about a year ago. Messrs. H. Mc-Clammy and Jno. D. Bellamy appear for Rembert and Messrs. Davis & Davis and Bellamy & Bellamy for the company. The case of Lineman Hugh S. Schwartz, who was burned by a live wire while painting some poles of the company near Front and Grace streets, is also set for the same day, Russell & Gore appearing for Schwartz and Iredell Meares, Eeq., for the employers liability company, in which C. R., L & P. Co. employes are insured.

The case of Frank Meier against the Consolidated Co. for \$25,000 damages in the death of his brother, Joe Meier, who was run over and killed by a car of the company near Greenville Sound, about a year ago, is set for trial on Thursday of the second week. Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, Esq., appear for the plaintiff and Mesers, Davis & Davis and Bellamy & Bellamy for the company. On Friday of the second week the

first case is that of City of Wilmington vs. Iredell Meares, with reference to a back tax settlement. City Attorney W. J. Bellamy appears for the plaintiff and Messrs. Robert Ruark, now of Lexington, N. C., and Russell & Gore, by special appearance, for Mr

The other cases are largely appeals from Justice courts and are of no spec al interest.

No civil suits are set for the first three days of the forthcoming term it is expected that those days will be consumed in the hearing of the few criminal cases on the docket, one of which is the contempt proceedings, instituted at the late term.

Showman Dead.

Meares.

Wilson Times: "Mr. Peter Sells the last of the three brothers connected with Forepaugh & Sells Brothers' shows is dead at his home in Columbus, O. A short while back his brother died and this one has also been in feeble dealth. For this reason the circus will be sold at Tarboro where the season for exhibition will The moth ball is out of date, but the best known men in this and adjoined, in order to wind up the estate of WEDDING A PRETTY ONE.

Augusta Tribuse's Account of Marriage of Mr. Smith and Miss Garter

The Augusta (Ga.) Tribune of Thursday, contains a long account of the marriage of Miss Annie Carter and Mr. Leonidas O'Neill Smith, at Graniteville, S. C., last Wednesday evening. The ceremony was performed in the Baptist church, which was decorated with a profusion of palms, potted plants and white cut flowers. Foilowing the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Carter. Concluding its account of the wed-

ding, the Tribune savs: The esteem in which both bride and groom are held was demonstrated by the large number of wedding presents, among which was numbered an elegant array of silver, china bric-a-brac

and furniture. Mrs. Smith, as Miss Carter, is very popular and has many friends here in Augusts, where she has frequently visited as the guest of Mrs.O.T. Adams and the Misses Denning. That her marriage removes her to a distant city is a source of regret to her many friends, won by her sweet and lovable traits of character both here and in her

NEW GAPE FEAR STEAMER.

"Sea Gate," Handsome Graft, for mington and Southport Line.

The Wilmington, Southport and Little River Transportation Co. announces the purchase in New York of the steamer "Sea Gate," and her expected arrival there this evening or tomorrow morning. The "Bea Gate" will be used on the Wilmington and Southport line, plying regularly between these ports as a mail, passenger and freight boat. The "Sea Gate" was found by the company after a search of the entire coast for a steamer to meet the exact requirements here. She has lately been used by one of the yacht clubs there, has two decks and is licensed to carry 300 passengers. She is of 125 tons burthen, 105 feet long, 24 feet wide, draws 5% feet of water and is fitted with two triple expansion engines and twin screws, giving her an average speed of 16 niles per hour. The finishing of the boat is the finest, and all in all she will be one of the most handsome on the Cape Fear.

The new steamer is now being brought down the coast by Capt. W. A. Sanders, with Capt. W. A. Snell as coast pilot.

Negro Shot Another. Owen Meredith, colored, 25 years of age, came up to Policeman T. G. streets last midnight and reported that he had been shot. By whom, he was unable to say further than that he was a colored man and that "they called him Bud." The ambulance was called and Meredith was removed to the hospital where Dr. Akerman found that the ball had entered the back, struck the shoulder blade and buried itself in the muscles of the back. The wound is not thought to be dangerous. Later the police investigated the shooting and found that it occurred in th street in "Dross Neck." Policeman M. A. Jones arrested Howard Thompson, colored, and summoned two witnesses, one of whom saw the shooting and the other heard Thompson say he had "got his man."

Latta Wants Past Trains,

The Columbia (S. C.) correspondent of yesterday's Charlotte Observer says: "The State is about to bring suit against the Coast Line road to compel it to obey the order of the railroad commission, to stop its fast trains at Latta, a small town near Dillon. The road having failed after 90 days' notice to obey this order, the commission to-day turned over the papers in the case to the Attorney General's office, with instruction that action be begun against the road to compel it to obey the order. The suit will be brought under Sections 2069 and 2164 of The Code, which gives the commission authority to enforce its rules and or-

Real Estate Transfers.

From deeds filed for record yesterday at the Court House the following real estate transfers appear: Geo. F. Seitter and wife to Nora G. Webb, for \$100, property on west side of Fifth, 93 feet south of Bladen street, 38x110 feet in size. Walker Taylor and wife to Jno. B. Peschau, for \$900, property at northwest corner of Eleventh and Dock streets, 60x75 feet in size. Peter Mohr and wife, F. A. Bissinger and wife and John Henry Mohr and wife to G. F. Seitter, for \$800, two tracts of land in Masonboro township, containing nine and 44 acres, respectively.

The following building permits were issued yesterday: H. Henry Harris, two-story metal roof dwelling on Dock, between Eighth and Ninth streets. J. M. Wolff, one-story frame building on the northeast corner of Front and Meares streets for R. H. Reville. Thad F. Tyler, three one-story, frame houses on Second and Davis streets for D. R. Foster. R.W. Smith, two-story frame building, tin roof, on corner of Ninth and Orange streets.

- A white man named Elias Kelly shot and fatally wounded a negro on Robinson's show day at Darlington yesterday. The crowds were watching the parade and thenegro push ed against Kelly but promptly apologized. The white man followed him his brotner-in-law. McCue receives and the negro warned him not to do so. The colored man was shot three times in the stomach.

- A movement is on foot to orwill probably be held this week.

DISCREDIT REPORT OF NAVAL BATTLE

Russian Officials Declare Report ed Sea Fight Off Port Arthur

Purely Imaginative.

MEAGRE NEWS FROM FROM

Curopatkin Believed to be Strengthening His Position at Mukden-Russians Using Deadly Hand Grenades at Pert Arthur.

By Telegraph to the morning Star.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 8, 1:30 P. M .-The meagreness of the news from the front is increasing the uncertainty regarding the developments. There is good warrant for the belief that General Kuropatkin is strengthening his left flank to prevent the Japanese turning there, his troops occupying a triangle, from Fushan to Mukden and Tie Pass. Over three hundred guns have arrived at the front and the activity of the Russian skirmishers below the Hun river creates the impression that Kuroptakin may contemplate assuming the offensive. The war office, however, gives no encouragement of this, though naturally if such a move is contemplated the war office could not be expected to admit adjoining States.

Deadly Hand Grenades.

Tokio, Oct. 8.-According to a pri vate letter received from a Japanese officer now with the besieging forces before Port Arthur, the Russians are effectively using hand granades, filled with a high explosive. The execution these grenades when accurately thrown is deadly, the officer says, and their use probably accounts for closeness of the fighting.

Russian Kevoiutionists.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 9.-The Rusian police are convinced that the whole series of terrorist crimes, ending with the murder of M. Planve last Summer, are traceable to a common inspiration. While some links in the chain of evidence are lacking, a long investigation has revealed the fact that the inspiration for the revival of terrorist activity in Russia comes chiefly from a band of revolutionists mostly recruited from exiles to Siberia living on the shore of Lake Leman, This "fighting organization," as it is

termed, seems to be without a direct object, but rather as supplemental to the work of the revolutionary propaganda which the agitators abroad are apreading among all classes of the population, the political murders being intended to stir up the discontented portion of the populace.

With the capture of the revolution ary agent Gerschunin the authorities are satisfied that they have laid hands upon the setive agent in Russia of the foreign revolutionary agitators. The revelations at the trial of Gerschunin, have not been made public, but it is authoritatively stated, prove that three Jewish exiles-Gotz, Roubinovich and Gerschunin—who formed the editorial staff of the "Messenger of the Russian Revolutionaries," were the leaders of the "fighting organization." The evidence, it is declared, shows that Gotz and Roubinovich are graduates of the Nihilist school.

Purely Imaginary.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 8.-It is now occepted here that the reported naval ight off Port Arthur was purely imaginative. The naval experts of the newspapers dwell on the difficulties the Port Arthur squadron must expelence in breaking out after the disastrous sortie of August 10th. The general opinion is that the squadron could not venture out unless something had happened to the Japanese warships, of which there is no knowedge here. In any case the Russian ships could not go to the neutral port of Che Foo, but must head for Vla-divostok. If the Baltic fleet was approaching, however, the whole situa-tion would be different.

The Siberian Railroad, ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 8 .- Prince Hilkoff, minister of railroads, has arrived here after spending three months n personally superintending the construction of the circum-Baikal railcoad. He says the whole Siberlan line is working perfectly. The circum-Balkal is open for freight traffic but passengers are still crossing the lake in the ferry boats. Work is still proceeding day and night on the circum-Baikal road, electric lights being used at night, so as to have the line in complete order before the lake freezes

En d of Port Arthur Near

LONDON, Oct. 8.-Viscount Hayashi the Japanese minister to Great Britain, in an interview published in the "Weekly Review," denies that the Japanese losses around Port Arthur have been heavy and says there is good reason to think that the remainder of the Russian fleet will soon make a sortle. The end of Port Arthur, he declared, will then be near. "The war hitherto," the minister

further says, "has done Japan marvel ous good. Her foreign trade is better than ever before and there is now no the slightest anxiety on the subject of raising a big loan. The idea of the 'yellow peril' is ridiculous. Free trade and fair play to all will be our peace cry when we are done shouting Banzai. We believe the only way of bet tering ourselves is the opening up of the Far East to European capital and

SPIRITED AWAY.

Shildren of Mctue, Charged With Wife Murder, at Charlottesville, Va. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., Oct. 8 .-By a deed filed with the corporation clerk to-day, former Mayor J. Samuel McCue, now in jail charged with the murder of his wife, conveys to his brother, Police Justice E O. McCue, a number of lots here to secure payment of a \$2,500 bond. He also has conveyed his library to people at certain hours for the transaction of his law business. Ac- may make at this dinner will be of cording to authoritative statements made to-day, McCue's four children, including his eldest son, William, who has been an important witness ganize a Parker and Glenn club here | for the State, left on a west-bound and a meeting with that end in view | train with an uncle, who paid the fares to some point unknown.

NO. 51

- Edenton is soon to have a new bank. The amount of stock required has been taken and it only remains to secure a desirable location

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

before the building will be begun. -Near Albemarle, Stanly county, on Thursday, Louis Bogle, a negro man 25 years of age, assaulted little Annie May Hinson, a 7 year old orphan child, also colored. The child is living with her sister, and Bogle committed the dastardly deed when he found the child alone in the house. He is in jail.

- The Bank of LaGrange expects to begin business about November The officers are: W. E. Borden, president; Dr. J. W. P. Smithwick, vice-president; R. G. Creech cashier. Rouse Bros. private bank will be changed to a stock institution at an early date. At a meeting held Thursday afternoon upwards of ten thousand dollars was subscribed to this end.

- The directors of the Eastern Life Insurance Company met Friday at the home offices of the company in the city of Charlotte, and electe the following officers: T. S. Franklin, president; J. M. McCausland vice-president; Chas. Brenizer, sec retarp; A. E. McCausland, treasurer; R. L. Gibson, medical director and H. Susman general manager The capital stock was also increased and they are preparing to enter the

- About the center of Goldsboro on John street, there is a place that has won the distinction of "dispensary" and is the abode of Mr. W. C Ginn. Recently this place was broken into and a small quantity of whiskey stolen. Oh the same night several men were found drunk, supposedly from the effects of this same liquor, and several of them were placed in the city lockup, but no one knew anything about the "dispensary" liquor. After breaking in and stealing the liquor the thier or thieves left the fellowing inscription on a card tacked to the back door of the place: "Dispensary closed for fifteen days."

- The following is from the New York World of Thursday: The executive committee of the National Child Labor Committee vesterday secretaries for special work in the Northern and the Southern States. A. J. McKelway, of Charlotte, N. C., editor of the Charlotte Daily News, was appointed for the South, and Owen R. Lovejoy, pastor of the first Congregation Church of Mount Vernon, N. Y., and general secretary of the New York State Conference of Religion, for the North. Dr. Felix Adler, William H. Baldwin, Jr., Alexander J. Cassatt, Cardinal Gibbons, Grover Cleveland, Robert W. De Forest, Isaac N. Seligman, Hoke Smith and Rev. C. B. Wilmer, D. D., of Atlanta, have been added to the committee.

- The Yadkin Ripple has the following which bears on the attempted capture the fellows who have been robbing postoffices: Frank Williams, white, is under arrest at Charleston, S. C., believed to be one of the parties who robbed the postoffice here a month since. He was selling postage stamps when arrested. He is believed, by parties who have seen his picture, to be the man who was here on the day before the robbery claiming to be a clothing dealer. Postoffice Inspector Reddy is doing some hard work on the case and was at Rockford yesterday to consult with Postmaster Mackey and Dr. Harding. The docor saw the man who was here. It s to be hoped that Mr. Reddy will be able to prove his guilt."

- Raleigh News and Observer: Here' a political artical in the New York Herald that will be news to North Carolina: "Thomas E. Watson, the Populist candidate for President, arrived in the city from North Carolina, where had made such an impression as to cause uneasiness among the Democratic campaign managers. He will devote the remainder of the canvass to campaigning in the North and West." The flattering report of the speech in the Charlotte Observer and the invitation from D. A. Tompkins to Charlotte has evidently caused Watson to think he will do big things in North Carolina. But the same folks were against Bryan and he carried North Carolina by large majorities. Parker's majority will not be less than 60,000.

- Rocky Mount Record: Hon. B. H. Bunn returned Thursday night from Baltimore, where he had been under treatment at a hospital. We are glad to be able to state that the condition of Mr. Bunn is very much improved. He is still very weak, but his permanent cure is almost a certainty. This will be very gratifying news all over the countay, especially in view of the fact that Mr. Bunn's life was at one perlod during his absence despaired of. We express the desire of all his numerous friends in saying that we hope he will soon be at his practice again and that he will be spared many more years of useful life. Mr. Bunn has been advised by his physiclans not to resume work in his profession until January 1st.

- The Commercial Club of Charlotte has extended to Mr. Daniel J. ers' Club in Charlotte, Tuesday, October 11th, at 8 o'clock P. M. The club has also invited him to make some formal remarks on the occasion of this dinner, on the subject of cotton, from whatever point of view he may wish to discuss it. The Charlotte Chronicle says Mr. Sully could not accept for the date named but will accept later. What remarks he great interest, inasmuch as it is thought that he will express his views with regard to new methods of the consumer in ways that are better than those which are now given. | business.

Good Pighting Shance in Rhode Island Judge Parker-David B. Alli to Start on a Spenking Tour.

THE DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. Esorus, N. Y., Oct. 8 .- Governor L. F. C. Garvin, of Rhode Island, spent the entire morning with Judge Parker in a discussion of political affairs in his State. He gave to the presidential candidate an exhaustive report of what is being done in the campaign by both Democrats and R. publicans, and what he believed to to needed to enable his party to conduct a more effective canvass. He said that factionalism in the Democratic party had been eliminated, and that there are defections in the Republican party concerning national issues and the foreign policy of the present adminis-tration. These, he said, placed the State in the doubtful column, and give the Democrats a good fighting chance of carrying it for Parker and Davis as well as for the State ticket. Among Judge Parker's callers to day were representatives of the Hebrew section of the Parker Independent Club in New York. The delegation consisted of Julius J. Strahl, Jos.

Jacob, Louis Applebone and William Fox, who live in the lower East side of New York. Judge Parker will go to New York on Monday to confer with his political manager. He will remain there most

of the week. Former Senator David B. Hill will leave Albany to-morrow for Baltimore, and from there will immediate ly start on a speaking tour through West Virginia and Indiana.

Chairman Taggart, of the Demo-cratic National Committee, received a dispatch from Montana to day stating that the labor organizations of that State had endorsed the Parker and Davis electoral ticket, which, Mr. Taggart says, means the electoral vote of

Montana for the Democratic ticket. Senator Bacon, of Georgia, will spend next week in Illinois making speeches in the principal points in that State. Benator Tillman will also be in

GEN. MATTHEW W. RANSOM

Died Suddenly, of Heart Pallure at His Home, After a Long and Distinguished Career, Aged 78 Years.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star. CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 8 .- Matthew W. Ransom, United States Senator from North Carolina for twentythree years and minister to Mexico for two years, died suddenly of heart failure at his country home near Garysburg, Northampton county, N. C., at 1 o'clock this morning. He was 78 years of age, his death occurring on the date of his birth. The former senator had been afficied with heart came near dying some years ago while making a speech at Statesville. He

had been very feeble for some months. General Ransom was perhaps the most popular man in public life in this State. He was attorney general several terms before the civil war and did valiant service during the war as brigadler general. He was elected to the United States Senate in 1872 and served until March 4th, 1895. He was appointed minister to Mexico by Mr. Cleveland in 1895 and served two

He was the largest individual land owner and cotton planter in the State. He leaves an estate estimated at nearly \$1,000,000. At the time of his death Mrs. Ransom and her daughter were at their mountain home at Blowing

Senator Ransom's last public address was to the Confederate veterans, at Fayetteville, three months ago. The funeral will occur at his home at 3:30 o'clock Monday afternoon, the

MASSACHUSETTS TRAGEDY.

Masons conducting the burial services.

Dr Bell, at Springfield, Attempted to Kill a Woman, Shot Two Men and Theu Committed Suicide.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Oct. 8.-Dr. Edward J. Belt this evening shot Judson Strong, a wealthy real estate man, and Dr. Benjamin Jackson, a medical electrician, and then took carbolic acid. Dr. Belt died in the Mercy Hospital half an hour later. Judson Strong's wound is serious and he may die. Belt was a graduate of Harvard Belt was a graduate of Harvard and his home was in South Boston. He had been in Springfield three

years. Dr. Belt occupied an office in Judson Strong's block. He entered Mr. Strong's office, where the latter was engaged in conversation with Dr. Jackson, and immediately opened fire on them with a 32-callbre revolver. Two buliets entered Mr. Strong's left jaw, one lodging in the throat. Another inflicted a slight wound on Dr. Jackson's scalp. Dr. Belt then went to his office and took a dose of carbolic acid. The three men were removed to Mercy Hospital, where Belt died a

Previous to the shooting of the two men it is alleged that Dr. Belt had made an attempt to kill Miss Amelia Dumas, to whom he was engaged, She met him in his office by appointment, and after a struggle with him

INSENDIARISM.

Twenty Years Imprisonment for Preminent Citizen of Webster Co, Gs.

AMERICUS, Ga., Oct. 8.-The trial of Sidney Harrell, upon the charge of incendiarism, was concluded in the Webster county court to night, the jury returning a verdict of guilty. Judge Littlejohn sentenced Harrell to he penitentiary for twenty years. Harrell and his nephew, Harry Morgan, are well known citizens of Webster county and prominently connected. They were accused of burning the county site, Preston, in April, involving a loss of \$30,000. Harry Sully, cotton merchant of New York, Morgan was convicted and is now an invitation to attend a dinner to serving a sentence of twenty years, be given to him at the Manufactur- and to-night the same sentence was imposed upon his relative and alleged confederate, Sidney Harrell. The trial excited great interest in this section of the State, owing to the promi-

nence of Harrell. WOMAN DEGLARED BANKRUPT.

Mrs. Richard, of Rocky Mount, Asks Settlement of Her Business.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 8 -Mrs. Richard, of Rocky Mount, filed a petition preparing cotton for the market, of in banruptcy here to-day giving liablestoring it and of distributing it to ties at \$16,775 and assets at \$7,550. She conducted a dry goods and milinery