

OBSERVER. FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 17, 1859.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Very little business was done on the Civil docket on Monday and Tuesday. Yesterday, Rand, a slave belonging to Messrs. D. & W. McLaurin, was convicted of manslaughter, in killing a man belonging to the estate of Carr Hargrave. For the State, Solicitor-Strange. For the prisoner, Messrs. Jas. Banks, Wm. B. Wright, and W. McL. McKay.

This is the only capital case; but the misdemeanor docket has been growing for a year or two, and there will probably be time to dispose of it.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—We publish entire in to-day's paper the excellent Address of Mr. Holden, delivered at the late Fair. At the annual meeting of the Society, on Tuesday evening last, 1500 copies were ordered to be printed in pamphlet form.

At the same meeting, Randal McDaniel, Esq., was elected President, to succeed Joel Williams, Esq., who declined a re-election. Mr. McDaniel accepted the office in an address breathing the most earnest devotion to the cause in which he had been all his life engaged, and in which he expected to remain engaged to the end of his days. He will doubtless make a useful and energetic officer.

The following elections were also made, viz: Vice Presidents—H. L. Myrover, Daniel McDiarmid, and Wm. Cade.

Secretary and Treasurer—John P. McLean. Executive Committee—A. A. McKethan, J. W. Pearce, J. Elliot, H. McLean, W. McL. McKay, D. Murphy, C. B. Mallett, J. Kirkpatrick, J. B. J. G. Cook, S. J. Hinsdale, Theo. Evans, J. H. Hawley, J. A. Worth, Wm. Alderman, J. W. Strange, Arch'd McLean, W. T. Horne, J. M. Smith, E. Spearman, J. Waddill, J. M. Beasley, G. D. Baker, G. W. Bullard, J. P. McLean.

The annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer was read and approved.

Resolutions were adopted, tendering thanks to Joel Williams, Esq., for his long and satisfactory services as President of the Company; and to Messrs. W. T. Horne, H. W. Ayer, John Kirkpatrick, Robt. Wooten, and B. F. Pearce, for services rendered at the Fair.

SALES OF PROPERTY.—The late residence of Capt. John Crow, dec'd, in this vicinity, containing 54 acres, was purchased on Tuesday last by Mr. Wright Huske, for \$1025.

The dwelling and lot of the late Jas. R. Gee, Esq., opposite the Episcopal Church, was purchased by Neill McKay, Esq. of Harnett, for \$2500.

The dwelling on Haymount, at present occupied by C. G. Wright, Esq., with the small dwelling in the rear, and 7 acres of land, have been purchased by Mr. Geo. W. Williams for \$3000. Mr. Wright is about to build a large and handsome dwelling of five hundred yards further west.

A two story brick store on Gillespie street, with a warehouse in the rear, was knocked down at \$1175. And another adjoining, with no warehouse, at \$1475. [Whether the latter brought more was an odor of good liquor about it, and we cannot say.] We did not hear who purchased. The seller was Mr. M. W. Jessup.

A woman aged 38, with boy 6 years, boy 4 years, and girl 1 1/2 years, were sold for \$1840. A girl 15 1/2 years \$1155. Boy 13 years \$740. Girl 10 1/2 years \$755.

10 shares Fayetteville & Northern Plank Road Stock at \$40. 15 do. at \$35. Par value \$50. 7 shares Gas Stock \$98 1/2. Par \$100.

We learn further, that T. S. Lutterloh, Esq. has disposed, at private sale, of three-fourths of his line of Steamers, &c., at a satisfactory price, to Messrs. George W. Williams & Co. and others.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—Thursday next, the 24th inst., has so far been appointed Thanksgiving day in twenty-five of the thirty-three States in the Union, including North Carolina.

THE CIRCUS ROW IN ROBESON.—We learn that the account of the fracas at White House, Robeson county, which we copied from the Petersburg Express, is greatly exaggerated. Nobody was killed, though some persons were beaten. We have not such particulars as to justify a particular account.

STATE POLITICS.—An opposition meeting was held in Salisbury on the 8th inst. Col. E. D. Austen, presiding, and Wm. Locke, Sec'y. Thirty-six delegates were appointed to the State Convention on the 22d of February next.

Democratic meetings in Onslow and Union have appointed delegates to State and District Conventions.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURERS.—We notice in the South Carolina papers that the largest exhibitors of agricultural implements at the State Fair last week were Messrs. N. Boyden & Son, of Salisbury in this State. Messrs. Boyden were also very large exhibitors at the North Carolina Fair last month and received many premiums. Their establishment is a large one, and must be of great service in many ways to Salisbury.

The Salisbury Watchman of yesterday says that they received premiums in S. C. for "the largest collection and for the best implements. Their premiums consist of four medals, (two of gold and two of silver), and seven pieces of silver plate, all rich and beautiful."

THE SALISBURY BANNER.—Mr. John Spel, for several years past the very efficient Foreman of the Raleigh Standard, and occasional Reporter for it, has bought the office of the Salisbury Banner. He will doubtless publish a more than ordinarily able and neat paper.

STATE STOCKS.—The latest quotations of North Carolina Bonds in New York are at 97 1/2. Virginia 94. Tennessee 90. Missouri 84 1/2.

COTTON RECEIPTS.—919,025 bales, against \$15,553 bales last year. Increase, 103,472 bales. The stock in the interior Southern towns, not included in the receipts as above, is about 26,000 bales less than at this season last year.

THE CHARLOTTE DEMOCRAT.—We presume that our friend of the Charlotte Democrat has the Congressional Globe, containing the proceedings of the last session of Congress? If he has, it would have been very easy for him to verify every fact which we stated from that official record as to the fate of the Post Office Appropriation bill, and he would not then have quoted, instead of the official record, a one-sided and erroneous statement by Mr. Clingman, which the official record disproves. We gave the whole truth of the matter, as collected from the Globe. The Democrat will neither give our array of the facts, nor look to the Globe; but prefers Clingman instead.

The Democrat says that we were mistaken in alleging that the House rejected the Senate's amendments. A reference to page 1667 of the Congressional Globe will show the Democrat that we were right. The Senate's amendments were contained in section 13th. Mr. Grow's resolution stated that that section 13th "is in the nature of a revenue bill," (which the Senate has no right to originate,) and that therefore it "be returned to the Senate." The House adopted the resolution, and thus, to all intents and purposes, rejected the amendments. Such rejection was the only point and purpose of Mr. Grow's resolution. As to its being an insult to the Senate, we can hardly believe that one House of Congress would deliberately insult the other, and especially that 30 or 40 Democrats in the House would unite with the Republicans to insult the Senate which contained a large majority of Democrats.

But the Democrat disputes the accuracy of our classification of the N. Y. Journal of Commerce as a "democratic paper." Well, suppose we were wrong as to that, what does the Democrat say to the testimony of the Washington Star, and of Mr. Tombs himself? They both sustain the position we have maintained, and dispute that of their party friend the Charlotte Democrat.

But we are not mistaken as to the Journal of Commerce. It is no "neutral paper," as the Democrat says; and as we think it would not have said if the editor had read it for years as we have done. Why in the very No. of the Journal of Commerce which we opened after reading the Democrat (that of the 12th,) we find ample evidence, in its leading editorial, of its political position. In a long article urging the nomination of good men by the Democratic party for the municipal election next month, we find such sentences as the following, which leave no doubt, if any had existed, that the Journal is a Democratic paper:—"The Democrats are fairly entitled, on the score of numbers, to the control of the city government, and they need only to put forth candidates worthy of confidence, to ensure success. We confess our preference for such a result; not only because of our sympathy with Democratic principles, when fairly enunciated and interpreted, but because we do not believe a change to Republican control could in any manner prove beneficial in the end."

We make these remarks in all kindness, and with a decided preference for the success of a Tammany candidate, provided he be one worthy of and qualified for the position; but we feel called upon to say, most emphatically, that only such a candidate can have our support in the coming election.

As to Mr. Clingman's letter, its mistakes are numerous and glaring, as the Democrat can see by consulting the Congressional Globe. The bill was not, as Mr. C. says, "carefully considered by the Senate for several days," unless two days be "several days." The "majority" in the House did not refuse "to consider it for some time after it reached that body," as Mr. C. says. The vote on the question was 86 to 50—86 for considering it, 50 against; and 50 is not a majority over 86; but the rules forbade its being taken up unless two-thirds concurred. It was not "on the last night of the session," as Mr. C. says, that the House took it up; but on the morning of the last day. The amendments of the Senate were considered, and substantially rejected, though Mr. C. says they were not; and the House's resolution contained no such language as that "the Senate had violated the constitution." It simply directed that the bill "be returned to the Senate, as section 13 of said amendments is in the nature of a revenue bill." Mr. Clingman goes on to tell what Mr. Grow and those who voted with him "doubtless thought." Of that the Congressional Globe told him as little as it tells us. Whether he had such an intimacy with them as to enable him to fathom their "thoughts," we cannot tell; but we do think that a grave Senator might have confined himself to their acts and their words, without guessing at their thoughts. Lastly, Mr. Clingman says that the House branch of the Committee of Conference (on which, by the way, were Mr. Branch of North Carolina, and Mr. Letcher of Va.) "insisted that the Senate branch of it should accept, instead of it, an entire new bill." Now it is admitted on all hands, even by the Charlotte Democrat, that it was not a new bill at all, but the identical bill that had originally passed the House and been considered by the Senate, merely omitting the objectionable amendments of the Senate.

But if this statement of Mr. C. were true, as it manifestly is not, it strikes us that Mr. Branch, the Democratic member from the Wake district, and Mr. Letcher, are the men to be held responsible, and not Messrs. Gilmer and Vance.

It is notable, further, that Mr. Clingman totally omits all allusion to the objection of Messrs. Tombs, Benjamin and Broderick, by which the bill was defeated. If his object had been to make a fair and candid statement, would he have done so? It is "the play of Hamlet with the part of Hamlet omitted."

We beg the Democrat to consult the Congressional Globe and not the Hon. Thos. L. Clingman. The official record is much better authority than Mr. Clingman, and that record, apart from the facts already cited, shows that not only did the bill fail in the Senate but that the bill which failed was reported to Congress by a committee consisting of four Democrats and two Republicans. The action of the Conference Committee was unanimous. The members of the committee were: from the House, John Letcher, of Va., and L. O. B. Branch of N. C., Democrats, and G. A. Grow, Republican; from the Senate, C. E. Stuart and Jas. A. Pearce, Democrats, and Solomon Foot, Republican. The House promptly passed this Democratic bill. The Senate was prevented from doing so by the objection of three Democratic Senators to its consideration. Under the rules, a single objection, as the Democrat knows, was fatal.

NEW YORK ELECTION.—The Republicans have elected all their State ticket, even those who were opposed by the Democratic candidates adopted by the Americans, thus showing a majority over both Democrats and Americans combined. The Legislature is overwhelmingly Republican.

A DEAD COCK IN THE PIT.—The Hon. Edward Bates has authorized a statement of his views on the slavery question, (in a St. Louis paper,) so opposed to Southern institutions as to preclude all idea of his receiving any Southern votes for the Presidency.

BROWN'S GANG.—The Salisbury Watchman very properly calls attention to the fact that the candidates for office in Brown's gang consisted of four Democrats and four Republicans—not a solitary Whig. This is quite a sufficient reply to Democratic abuse of the opposition party South, which is quite as sound on this question as the Democratic party at the South, and far more so than the Democratic party elsewhere.

HEAVY LOSSES BY FIRE.—The New Orleans papers estimate the losses by fire in that city for this year, to have been one million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In addition to this many fires have occurred there during the last week. A telegraphic despatch to the Petersburg Express of this morning mentions five since Saturday last. By two of these small houses were burned, and more than a hundred poor families made houseless. Incendiaries are thought to be at work.

WOMEN OF THE REVOLUTION.—July 4, 1836, Congress passed the first act to pension surviving widows of revolutionary soldiers. About 5,000 were admitted to the benefits of this act—only 35 are now living. Of these in North Carolina: Martha, widow of Joshua Elkins of Chatham county, aged 102; Ann, do. of James Hutchins, of Orange, 99; Winnfred, do. of Jacob Holly, Halifax, 104; Elizabeth, do. Wm. Lane, Davidson, 98; Susannah, do. Wm. West, Warren, 100.

NORTH CAROLINIAN KILLED ABROAD.—The Paulding, Miss. Clarion gives an account of a fight in that place on the 1st inst., between Wm. James, Jr., and C. C. Scott, in which the latter was killed by a blow with a stick of wood in the hands of James. Scott was a native of Raleigh.

PAYING A MAN TO RIDE ON THE RAILROAD. Corporations are said to have no souls, and when they fall into the hands of a jury, are treated as the expression would indicate they treat others. The Railroad companies especially are made to suffer. We notice that the Great Western Railway has just been mulcted \$19,000 for damages by a late accident, and in one case they pay \$4,000 to the heirs of a man who traveled free, and who doubtless bored them into making him a dead-head.

ARREST AT MEMPHIS.—Dr. W. R. Palmer has been arrested and imprisoned at Memphis, Tenn., on testimony provisionally found, showing him to be engaged in concocting villainous schemes a-la-John Brown.

HARPER'S FERRY.—40 U. S. soldiers have been stationed at the Harper's Ferry Armory.

THE HANGING.—The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Express says:—"I understand that Gov. Wise has determined to go to Charleston and be present at the execution of the insurgents next month. He will take several of our military companies along with him, so as to be prepared for any emergency. The Governor has acted heroically in this whole affair, and he is determined, since the outlaws have been convicted, that the gibbet shall not be defrauded of its dues."

Francis Jackson Merriam, of Boston, who was reported to have been with Brown, and subsequently to have died of his wounds, is at present in Canada.

Ordered to Leave.—A peddler of maps, named A. R. Plumley, supposed to be an abolitionist in disguise, was ordered to leave Fineston, Va., last week, or take, at his option, a coat of tar and feathers.

Excitement at Charlottesville, Va.—We learn that considerable excitement still exists in Charlottesville, Va., caused by numerous incendiary fires in the neighborhood, and a belief among the inhabitants that emissaries of old Brown are still lingering about. The Mayor of Charlottesville had issued a proclamation ordering off all strangers who cannot give a satisfactory account of themselves. Whereupon, Mr. Hoyt, who had returned to the town, Mr. Sennott, one of the counsel for the prisoners, and Mr. Jewett, connected with Frank Leslie's paper, received an intimation that they were among the strangers whose presence was not satisfactory to the people, and that their personal safety would best be secured by an early departure. Mr. Sennott declined leaving until he had concluded his business. Mr. Hoyt had already made arrangements for departure before the proclamation appeared, and he, with Mr. Jewett, left on Saturday. Mr. Jewett was suspected—justly, he declares—of being the correspondent of the New York Tribune, which paper has recently published some letters from Charlottesville of an irritating character.

Good Cotton.—We are informed by a member of the Executive Committee of the U. A. M. & C. Society that Mr. John H. Haughton measured off seven acres in his cotton field on his Jones County farm, and at one picking got 10451 pounds, being an average of 1493 pounds per acre.

Good Stock.—Seven shares of Merchant's Bank stock, says the Newbern Progress, were sold on Friday at \$120 per share, the seller to have the dividend payable in December.

The Reported Capture of Brownville Discredited.—The report that Cortinas had captured Brownville, is contradicted by reliable private advices. A letter from a branch commercial house, at Brownville, to the head of the firm here, dated Nov. 2d, at 5 in the afternoon, says Cortinas has not yet made a demonstration. The Rangers and Federal troops were hourly expected, and it was thought the town would be able to hold out until reinforcements could arrive.

ALBANY, Nov. 15. Slim Attendance.—At a meeting of the Hard Shell Democratic Central Committee, held to day, but one member was present. He adjourned without taking action on the Charleston delegates.

There was snow in some parts of Mississippi on Sunday night last.

THE TWO CORDS OF WOOD. Just at dusk one November evening, three children occupied the large kitchen connected with the establishment of farmer Grant. A bright wood fire blazed cheerfully in the wide chimney, while from the crane the suspended tea-kettle was announcing, as loudly as possible, that the hour for supper was approaching. By the bright but fitful fire, one young girl sat reading; another stood at the window watching the cows, as they walked demurely from the yard to the stable, while a boy of eleven summers was seated on a cricket in front of the fire, gazing steadily at the flames, as they shot upward, but with an appearance of abstraction indicating that his mind was elsewhere.

Softly Ellen advanced from the window, and touching her sister Ruth, to call her attention, whispered, "Just look at Thoms! He's in a brown study, as teacher said this afternoon. I do wonder what he is thinking of."

"Ask him," responded Ruth, glancing at her brother, and then turning to her book again.

"Thoms," called Ellen, "what makes you look so sober to-night? Did you miss at school?"

"The boy heaved a deep sigh, and then turned to his sister with a smile, saying, "Oh, Ellen, you can help me, if you will; only you must first promise not to tell any one."

Ellen promised, and Thoms led her to the further corner of the room, as his mother had come in, where he made known his plan. "Last night," said he, "after you and Ruth had gone to bed, I heard father and mother talking. It made me feel so sad, I could not go to sleep. She had been bringing in the clothes, and she was laughing, as she always does, when she works hard. Father told her that she must go to taking the doctor's stuff that did her so much good last winter. At first she did not answer; but pretty soon I saw her put up her hand and brush away a tear. 'There are so many things to be bought for the children,' she said, after a while, 'that I don't like to spend money for medicine. I don't often cough so much.'"

"I know that, too," replied father, "but you must attend to your health. What should we all do without you?"

"I sometimes think," said mother, "that my work is almost done, and if it is God's will to call me away, He will provide for you and our dear children."

"I couldn't stay to hear any more, for I had to run into the entry to keep from sobbing aloud. Oh, Ellen, what could we all do without mother?"

The young girl turned around, and gave her mother a piercing glance, as if to satisfy herself that her brother had cause for his solicitude, and then asked, "But what can you, or both of us, do to help her?"

"I mean somehow to buy her a bottle of that medicine," exclaimed Thoms, impressively, "but how to do it is the question. Dr. Jones had a load of wood carted to-day, and he wants a man to saw it. I would go to-morrow afternoon, and ask him to give me the job, and take the medicine for pay, only father wants his wood piled up to-morrow, before the snow comes."

Ellen stood for one moment returning her brother's gaze, and then said eagerly, "Ruth and I will pile it for you. We'll get up very early and do our stint before breakfast, and then we shall have the whole afternoon."

Thoms joyfully accepted this offer, and readily obtained the job from the kind physician. Before night he had piled the two cords in the shed and sawed nearly a quarter of it.

"Well, my little man," said the doctor, driving into the yard as Thoms was hanging up the saw, preparatory to leaving, "how much have you earned this afternoon?"

A bright thought flashed through the boy's mind, and in true Yankee style he answered the question by asking, "Doctor, how much a bottle was that cough medicine you gave mother last winter?"

"Half a dollar, I think. Is she sick again?"

"The boy then communicated his wishes, and with a flushed face inquired of the doctor if he would be willing to let him have one bottle to carry home with him."

The good man was evidently moved by this unexpected proposal. He made no reply, except to invite the boy to his office. When there, he talked to him more freely, and ended by giving him a small powder for his mother, with directions for taking it, in addition to the desired cough medicine, and promised to call himself the next day.

An hour later, Thoms sat with his sisters by the fire, and communicated to them the joyful results of his afternoon's labor. They then proposed to give the medicine to their mother, as a token of affection from her three children, "for," urged Thoms, "I could not have done it, if you had not helped me."

To say that Mrs. Grant was gratified, would be but feebly expressing her emotion, when the love token was placed in her hands.

With moistened eyes she gave each of them a kiss and then added in a subdued voice, "God will reward you, my dear ones. The blessing affixed to the fifth Commandment will be yours, for you have indeed honored your mother."

God did best them in rendering the medicine effectual in restoring the health of their mother, whose life He prolonged for many years. She saw her children growing up to be useful, happy and respected by all who knew them.

From the Courant. LOVE ME MUCH, AND LOVE ME LONG. BY MRS. M. W. STRATTON. "Love me little, love me long." That may do for book and song. But for woman's fond heart—never; She loves deeply, and for ever.

Love me much, and love me long, Is the burden of her song. Trusting all her soul's devotion On Love's wild uncertain ocean— Hoarding dream, nor hope, nor prayer, But your image singles there.

Think that thou she'er can be Content with any less from thee? Little knows he woman's heart, Who deems her half content with part— Content with a divided treasure— Wooed by rule, and loved by measure.

Love me much, and love me long, Is the burden of her song. Love her wholly—love her ever— Love her thus, or from her sever. Ere her heart has twined around thee, Ere she cease the hour she found thee, Ere to breathe the word farewell, Be to her like funeral knell.

COMMERCIAL RECORD. ARRIVALS. Lutterloh's Line, Nov. 16.—Six North Carolina, with passengers, and mail for D. W. McKim, C. P. Love, G. Overmuth, J. Mar. Use, Bay & Pearce, Walton & Barry, H. & E. Lilly, S. W. Fillingim & Co., A. W. Campbell, T. S. Lutterloh, B. Robson, R. Fuller, J. W. Lett, C. T. Hays, S. P. Frazier, Merchants, Reid & Co., Starr & Williams, E. J. Lilly, W. McL. McKay, C. T. Hays & Son, J. Shaw, Dr. T. W. Williams & Co., H. C. H. Neal, J. A. Bradford, P. Fuller, D. McCallis.

New York Ledger for Nov. 26. HARPER'S WEEKLY, for Nov. 18, to-morrow. Nov. 17. [E. J. HALE & SON. G. W. BOWMAN.] [E. M. MURCHISON. BOWMAN & MURCHISON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS. NO. 113 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. LIBERAL cash advances made on Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and Southern Produce generally.]

MARRIED. In this town, on the 15th inst., by Rev. George McNeill, Mr. WM. H. BERNARD, of Richmond, Va., and Miss MAGGIE W. STEDMAN, daughter of N. A. Stedman, Esq., of Fayetteville. At the residence of D. L. Russell, Esq., in Brunswick county, on the 9th inst., by Rev. Dr. Dr. JOHN D. TAYLOR, Esq., to Miss SARAH ELIZABETH WALKER. At St. Peter's Church, Fernandina, Fla., on the 10th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Hackara, Mr. SAMUEL A. SWANN, formerly of Wilmington, to Miss MATTIE R. TRAVERS. In Halifax county, on the 15th inst., by Rev. Dr. Deema, Mr. WALTER H. McRAE, of Wilmington, to Miss GEORGINA GARY, daughter of the late Robt' Gary, Esq., of Halifax.

DIED. In Richmond county, N. C., on the 8th inst., Mr. ARCHIBALD MEAY, in his 78th year of his age. The deceased was for fifty years a regular member of the Presbyterian Church; and few who have lived to his age had less inconsistencies of conduct to mourn, or left fewer enemies behind them. He bore a lingering illness of several months, with christian patience, and died in the triumphs of that faith in which he had so long lived. And may God sanctify this sad affliction to the spiritual good of the surviving widow, affectionate children and numerous friends, that they also may be ready to meet the summons, to go hence and be with Jesus. A. McQ. On the 11th ult., in Montgomery co., N. C., DAVID A. son of Atlas T. and Mary Ann Bruton, aged 3 years, 6 months and 21 days. The cause of the child's death was most lamentable—that of fever. He and his little sister were around the fire alone when his clothes caught, and before his father and mother could enter the room and extinguish the fire, the child was fatally burned. D. R. B. In Robeson county, on the 10th inst., Mrs. FLORA, widow of the late Daniel Bate, in the 84th year of her age. At Newbern, on the 4th inst., Mrs. ANN ALLEN, widow of the late Gen. Vine Allen, in the 68th year of her age.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—Nov. 17. BACON, 14 a 15 American 5 1/2 a 6 BEEFWAX, 28 a 30 English 4 a 4 1/2 CANDLES, F. F. 18 a 20 LARD, 14 a 15 1/2 Adamantine 25 a 30 LEAD, 28 a 30 Sperm 45 a 55 MOLASSES—Cuba 28 a 30 COFFEE—Rio 12 a 13 1/2 N. Orleans 50 a 60 Java 14 a 15 NAILS, 4 1/2 a 5 COTTON—OIL—Linsseed 1 00 a 1 00 Fair to good 1 02 a 1 02 Tanner's 70 a 1 00 Ordin. to mid. 0 a 0 SALT—Gunny 18 a 20 Alum 1 50 a 2 00 Dundee 18 a 20 FLAXSEED, 1 00 a 1 15 COTTON YARN—Com. pr. bag 2 00 No. 5 to 10 1 05 a 1 00 BUCK DOMESTIC GOODS—Bro. Sheetings 8 a 9 SPIRITS—P. Brandy 1 00 a 1 10 Champagne 1 10 a 1 12 N. C. Apple 65 a 70 FEATHERS, 45 a 50 N. C. 70 a 80 FLOUR—Northern do. 70 a 80 Family 6 00 a 6 00 N. C. Whiskey 60 a 70 Super 5 75 a 6 00 Northern do. 35 a 40 Fine 5 50 a 6 00 SUICARS—Scratched 5 25 a 6 00 Leaf 13 a 13 1/2 GRAM—Crushed 12 a 13 Corn 1 05 a 1 15 Coffee 10 a 10 1/2 Wheat 1 00 a 1 10 Porto Rico 9 a 10 Rye 1 10 a 1 15 New Orleans 8 1/2 a 9 1/2 Oats 50 a 55 TALLOW, 10 a 10 Wool, 19 a 20 HIDES—Dry 11 a 12 1/2 TURPENTINE—Green 5 a 6 Yellow dip 2 50 a 3 00 IRON—Virgin 2 50 a 3 00 Sweets, com bar 6 a 6 1/2 Hard 1 00 a 1 25 Ditto, wide 7 a 7 1/2 Spirits 39 a 40

REVIEW OF THE MARKET. Cotton—Has arrived more freely since our last review. Sales were made on Tuesday at 10 1/2, and on yesterday at 10 1/2 and 10 1/2 for less grades. Four—keeps light, with sales at quotations on yesterday. Spirits—Very little arriving, sales of small lots within last two days at 30 1/2, but we believe 30 is as much as it will bring to-day. Bacon and Lard—Very scarce, and in demand at quotations. Corrected by JONAS H. ROBINSON.

WILMINGTON MARKET.—Nov. 16, 1859. Tarponite, buyers offering 2 90 for soft, no sales. Spirits 42. Cotton 10 1/2 to 11 3/2. Flour, Super 6 3/4, family 6 6 1/2. Ribbed, 5 1/2. Sugar 1 30 to 1 60. During the week, 1453 bbls. Turpentine at \$1 for Virgin and Yellow, 1 15 for hard. Spirits 18 1/2, as above, Tur. 23 1/2, at 2 40. Roin, 600 bbls. Common 1 12 1/2. Cotton, 149 bales as above. Flour, 80 small lots, as above, 74, 90 bbls. as above. Oats, 50 a 55. No other transactions. At New York, Cotton quiet, Middling Uplands 11 1/2. Southern Flour 4 40 to 5 90. Wheat, white 1 50 to 1 53. Spirits quiet at 40 a 40 1/2.

Just Received. A NICE lot of Gilt Moulding, from one to three inches wide; also, one box of very large Glass. Those in want of Frames will do well to give me a call. Frames of any size made to order. All kinds of Oval Frames for sale at VANORDELL'S GALLERY. Nov 15 67-

BAPTIST ASSOCIATION AT CEDAR CREEK. ON Sunday next, at 8 1/2 o'clock, the FLORA McDONALD, CANT. FIRST, will leave for Cedar Creek, to return in the evening. Fare there and back 50 cents. WORTH & UTELY, Agents. Nov. 17. It

W. N. TILLINGHAST AGENT FOR THE SALE OF FAIRBANKS' SCALES IN NORTH CAROLINA. EVERY Scale is warranted to be correct. Hay, Coal, or other large Scales not on hand, will be ordered at the lowest prices. Sept. 1 45-

AVON E. HALL, Forwarding & Commission Merchant, WILL give quick despatch to goods consigned to him. Particular attention given to all produce sent him for sale. Consignments of Naval Stores, for sale or shipment, solicited. WILMINGTON, Jan'y 19 1859 811lypd

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES. THE Scientific American says:—"We are having a great many inquiries for Sewing-Machines from various parts of the country, and as we cannot conveniently reply to them all by mail, we have thought it proper to state our opinion in regard to them in this public manner. We have used Wilson's patent, manufactured by the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, No. 505 Broadway, and we can say, in regard to it, that it is without a rival. It is simple, not easily put out of order when in proper hands, and in point of effectiveness and finish, no other machine stands ahead of it. We state this much in regard to this excellent machine, upon our own responsibility. I expect another supply in a few days. Price \$50. S. J. HINSDALE, Agent. Sept. 29. 53if

52 Hhds. Good Bacon, SIDES and SHOULDERS, just received and for sale by D. & W. McLAURIN. July 2, 1859. 28if

Stereoscopes and Views. A VARIETY of Appletton's popular Stereoscopes, with views of American, English and French Scenery, &c., just received. E. J. HALE & SON, Oct. 12. 52if

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