IN ATES es the following

As sittle union r exist as to the sent: certificares it Currency Act, we make upou by Department ble to the public s deposit will the form usual would advis strate, using the ali Confederate ank for the name ny holder can be

x-payer shall ex. he tax collectors a new certificate if a citizen's tay e give in a certifi-l dollars, he will ree hundred dolpres amount may aversi tax pavers. dellars, however. to pay in money, tion will be issued

ionds to be issued is of deposit now no more; viz: one andred, one thouthousand. Issue .- It will be

of the Secretary of treasury notes ling them on, as MENT, C. S. A.

rch 19, 1864

is issued for the

Tressury Departred and funded in e 1st day of April reding days. The em, namely: 17th will be commence making payment

on and after that

ec y of Treas'y. IMOND, March 24 djusting financial age in the curren this city have reat cufrency on de lollars. After the will rapidly take untunded, under

rumor prevailed en route to Wash. inforcements. Its rtain quarters, but red to warrant any was doubtless creaankee papers that le would collect a

mer passed through bile. He reports loned the bombardfor parts unknown. harged at the Fort ation, and with the and one slightly ment of the enemy

en. G. was in high the very brightest and duration of the

nother flag of truce ity Point in a few itederate prisoners time is not yet pending, we under-ed to, will result in and at once, and large number quar-t. Owing to the the absence of offict, except through Federal Commisct, with anything truce boat from gratified to state. are favorable to ge, and that our es and friends. and Whig, 24th.

Prices of produce decline, although k in anticipation The largest sale G. Harman, who tred and five thou-id Enquirer.

Va.-In Augusta the taxes is pro-forty-eight persons thousand dolill days. The tax amount to more

isoners were sent namber received included 62 offi-Lieut Colonels, stenants and one Richmond 2,342 cers, and 350 of d Enquirer.

of North Caro-orday, and is stop-

nson. nd Examiner.

. March 22 .o-day unanimous-of the anti-subti-

ginia soldiers, dehave been tried and sentenced to

Bureau at Richtes than those of and these to an half a million notes, ones and ut an immense notes are now in oon be issued: a the effect of at

# OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE. MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 28, 1864.

CHANGE OF TERMS. From and after this date the price of the Semi-Weekly Observer will be \$10, and of the Weekly Observer \$6 per annum. For six months the charge will be \$5 for

the Semi-Weekly and \$8 for the Weekly. We hoped to have been able to avoid this advance But apart from the enormously increased prices of every thing we buy, another very large increase in the expenses of printing makes the change necessary.

DAHLGEBN'S ORDER TO BURN AND ASSASSINATE .- The yankees have been alarmed about the effect upon the world of the infamous document found upon the body such words as "Jeff. Davis and Cabinet must be killed." Now they change the form of the denial, and assert that

"It is stated by our correspondent at Norfolk that den. Kilpatrick positively afirms that the instructions found on the person of the lage Col. Dahlgren did not contemplate the "assassination" of Mr. Davis, or any member of his Cabinet, as stated in the Richmond pamember of his Cabinet, as stated in the Richmond papers; but only that he should kill, or cause to be killed, Mr. Davis, if, after capturing him, he should attempt to make his escape. It is further alleged that it was only public property which was to have been destroyed in Richmond, provided the Union troops got a chance to destroy any property there at all, which, it appears—owing to the treachery of that unhappy negro guide whom Col Dahlgren hung—they did net get for the people where the vankees have the power the people where the vankees have the power.

And the New York Times says, on the authority of E. A Paul, its army correspondent, that "the rebel authorities have been guilty of deliberate forgery" in the matter. The Times itself adds:-

"No officer of the American army would ever dream of putting to death civil officers taken captive by such a raid, and no officer in hig senses, even if he were barbareus enough to contemplate such a result, would ever ter, Esq., Capt. Ramsay, and Col. James M. Leach. put such orders in writing—not for the guidance of his men, for these were not orders to be issued to his troops, but private memoranda of his own—simply to damn himself to lasting infamy. Col. Dablgren was a high-toned gentleman, incapable of conceiving such a pur-pose and equally incapable of putting on record such a thought. Captain Paul was the only newspaper correspondent who accompanied the detachment on this expedition. He had been familiar with the project from Col. Taylor was very severe upon Col. Leach; and that its inception, had taken an active and a useful part in both of them failed in their efforts to extract from Col. making preparations for it, and saw all the orders, directions and other papers connected with it. He had read these memorands of Col. Dahlgren on the day the Colonel started on the expedition, and he states that was for him (Col. Leach) he (Col. Leach) was for Gov. key contained no such words as those the rebels pretend to have found in them Those words were interpolated by the rebels to serve their own purposes. They were intended to excite afresh in the Southern mind that malignant hatred of the Union authorities which the rebel leaders have so carefully fed from the very beginning of their conspiracy, and on which they have so largely relied for its success."

In view of these denials, inconsistent with each other though they be, the authorities at Richmond should see to it that the authenticity of the document be verified. The testimony of those who took it from Dahlgren's nacket, as well as of the captured yankees who admitted that it was read to them, should be taken under the solemnities of an oath. In the mean time, besides that the yankee papers and officers do not agree among themselves, there is evidence furnished by themselves of its truth. This same Herald, which now affirms that "only public property was to have been destroyed in Richmond," made the following very different statement on the 3d inst.:—

ment on the 3d inst.:—

ment on the 3d inst.:—

METHODIST MINISTERS' SALARIES.—A week or two

ment on the 3d inst.:—

METHODIST MINISTERS' SALARIES.—A week or two

Capt. Comd'g Co. B., 40th N. C. T.

tween General Lee and his base of supplies. So far as heard from, the movement has been completely and brilliantly successful, and probably by this time has culminated in a crushing 'yankee raid' into Richmond. We are not without hope that Kilpatrick has thus been enabled to solve the problem of the release of our long.

Thus, when the result was uncertain and success was confidently hoped for, it was affirmed that one of the objects was to "sack the rebel capital." Now the well understood meaning of this term is "to take by storm; to plunder and pillage." But now, according to the same Herald, it was only public property that was to be destroyed.

But there is something more in the article of the Herald of the 8d: "We trust that even greater results than which God gives, let not man withheld. the release of our soldiers at Richmond may crown his daring but hopeful enterprise." Greater results than the release of eleven or twelve thousand yankee prisoners? What greater results could have been hoped for! Doubtless the killing of Jeff. Davis and his Cabinet. And if Dahlgren bad succeeded in eacking and burning the city, and in killing Jeff. Davis and his Cabinet, al yankeedom would have been in raptures. It is not any amount of villainy that they object to, but only failure to accomplish their villainous purpose-

As to the assertion of the Times that no officer of the American army would put to death a captured civilian. we can only judge by what such officers have done. The astances of the murder of citizens by order of yankee officers have, unfortunately, been too numerous during the progress of this war to admit of a doubt upon that

Since the above was written, we find the following in the Richmond Enquirer, showing that the Confederate authorities are fully alive to the importance of putting this subject beyond any question, and that the necessary steps have already been taken to verify the docu

"The Confederate authorities have the description on the body of Dahlgren, by gentlemen whose testimony cannot be invalidated; sworn to by the officers who in-spected them, as having suffered no alteration or interpolation; corroborated by the confessions of the cap-tured men of the command; supported by the statements of our returned prisoners, to whom, at Fortress Mon-roe and elsewhere, the intention of the movement was proclaimed, and the prospect of killing Mr. Davis and bis Cabinet openly rejoiced at substantiated by citizens on the line of the raid, to whom the design was boast-fully announced; and confirmed by a mass of evidence

The Richmond Sentinel states, further, that the papers have been exhibited to the French Consul in that city, and are to be earefully photographed by order of the State Department and copies sent to the European governments. These fuc similes will show that there has been no interlineation or erasure. This is all right.

The two great principles with guide my action are, first to exampt all persons who are really necessary to the preservation of the State Government in all its parts and institutions—but, secondly, to exampt nobody who is not practically necessary thereto." There should be no room left for doubt. And when the world shall have been satisfied upon the question of

their confusion and disgrace THE LARGE NOTES .- The privilege of funding at par ceases on Friday next. Persons remitting to us will remember that on that date all notes of old issues above \$5
lose one third of their value by the tax on them of 33½
per cent. Of course we cannot afford to pay other people's taxes, and notes of old issues above \$5, sent to us,

the State is a Stockholder. He thinks that he will leave Justices under 45 to the Confederate Government for exemption or enrollment as it may decide. The State having no taxes this year, commissioners of the revenue will be left to the enrolling officers. will be oredited after that day at their value-66% cts. on the \$1. Holders of the old notes above \$5 will do

onstitution of North Carolina, and the Constitution of of this Company was held on Thursday last-Hon J. G. the United States, all expressly stipulate for the right Shepherd presiding. of all persons to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own consciences, and against any re- from freights during the past year were \$76,258 98 days later than previous days received here. We make striction whatever upon religious matters. Perhaps no principle is more deeply rooted in the minds of the American people than this, and the people of the Confederate States at least will be as slow to give up this as any other single right of a free people. Even Lin- Prefits, coln was aware of the tenacity with which it would be

maintained, for it is not long since he wrote as follows: "The United States government must not, as by this order, [an unauthorized order of one of his Generals,] undertake to run the churches. When an individual, in a church or out of it, becomes dangerous to the pub-lic interest, he must be checked, but the churches, as such, must take care of themselves. It will not do for the United States to appoint trustees, superiors, other agents for the churches."

Such was Lincoln's opinion. But, as in the case of of Col. Dahlgren. They first denied that it contained any his Scoretary of War, Stanton, to appoint a Northern negro emancipation, he has changed, and now allows Baptist Minister to take possession of all the Baptist "Mr. Davis was only to be killed if, after capturing yankees hold, and a Methodist Bishop to take charge of churches in such parts of the Southern States as the him, he should attempt to make his escape." The following is from an editorial of the New York Herald of lected by the people themselves, and to put into their pulpits Northern Ministers, or traiters, no matter how bdious they and their political and religious [or rather anti-religious, ] principles may be Only to think of the effect upon a moral and religious community, of the displacement of its virtuous Ministry, and the infliction upon it of a gang of such irreligious and fanatical teachers of all sorts of isms as the Beechers and Stowes and Cheevers of the North! If anything can add to the intolerable burdens or yankee rule, it is this. And it is not an evil in prospect only; it is already imposed upon

THE 7TH COMGRESSIONAL DISTRICT .- We learn that two of the candidates. Ool Wm. I'. Taytor and M. Q. Waddell, Esq., have withdrawn from the canvass in S. Ashe, nominated by a meeting in Anson, is not a candidate. So that the contest is between A. G. Fos-At Chatham Superior Court, last week, speeches were delivered by Mr. Foster, Col. Taylor and Col. Leach. We learn from a gentleman who was present, that the speech of Mr. Foster was one of the fairest that he ever Vance! But he had heard that Gov. Vance was for his competitor, Mr. Foster. Mr. Foster replied that he did

THE TAX ON CORPORATIONS .- The Treasury Department has issued a Circular in regard to the taxes on the shares and capital of banks, &c. It is deemed eth much." scarcely possible, it says, that Congress intended to lay a tax of 5 per cent on the value of the shares, and then an additional tax of 5 per cent on the whole sasets in which the capital is invested; and therefore, as the tax is-payable after the meeting of Congress in May, the Department orders that the returns be made in such a form as that one or the other tax may be remitted, should Congress so order. We are glad to see this, as the tax on corporations, which have almost universally proved most earnest and useful friends to the cause, is out of

"General Kilpatrick, with a dashing cavalry force, is rapidly pressing his way to Richmond, with instructions to sack the relei capual, release the Union prisoners there, and cut the telegraph and railroad communications between General Lee and his base of supplies. So far as income, whilst other Mfnisters paid but 1 per cent.

PLANT CORN. POTATORS, AND OTHER ROYELES .- The great need of the Confederacy this year will be of an a-bundance of food. In the hope that Providence will fence. We will never forget the duty we owe to them. smile upon our cause by sending a favorable season. every man should plant early, and to the utmost extent have an arm to raise. With very few exceptions the of his ability, every variety of grain and vegetable for food for man and beast. And after the crops are made, it is to be hoped that they will not be hoarded. That which God gives let not man withhold.

The name to raise. With very tew exceptions the whole Company are now well supplied with clothing; and having just returned from a "big tramp," to places it is to be hoped that they will not be hoarded. That which God gives let not man withhold.

To increase the supply of food, we would respectfully suggest, that as few laborers as it is possible to do with, be employed upon public works, such as fortifications, railroads, &c. We do not mean-ne one can desire-that those works should be neglected; but dur-

DISCOUNT FROM THE LARGE NOTES .- It may not be seccessary, perhaps, to remind our readers that in pay ing the large notes at their depreciated value, it will not do to add only one-third to the amount due. For of his lower limbs. His mental faculties retain their instance, if \$30 be due, \$40 in the depreciated large vigor. notes will not pay it. The \$40 will be worth \$26 664

only. And in like proportion for other sums. IMPORTANCE OF SUCCESS IN THE SPRING CAMPAIGN .-If our gallant soldiers were not already sufficiently resolute and brave, the tone of the yankee papers would for home consumption. The Morning Star, from New teach them how vitally important it is that we should Orleans, will deliver 1200 bales this morning."

triumph this Spring. The New York Herald says:-"If, with General Grant at the head and the struggles as it now is, we cannot put the rebellion down in the

Presidential election and an unparalleled political strife will tear the country to pieces with intestine quarrels." Exemptions in Vinginia .- Gov. Smith, in reply to inquiries as to his action under the late law of Virginia requiring him to claim the exemption of certain State

on the line of the raid, to whom the design was boastfully announced; and confirmed by a mass of exidence which, when published and given to the world, as will shortly be done, will not leave a twig of question for the originators of the barbarous scheme to grasp at as they plunge into the atyss of lasting infamy, or a single doubtful atran in the rope that swings them to the execution of the civilized world."

The control of the civilized world design the published a letter in which no says:

"I mean to certify as exempt all persons necessary to the preservation and operation of the State Government. This, of course, includes all her institutions, such as Cities. Towns, Colleges, Banks, Asyluras, &c., holding that bodies politic have an inherent right of self preservation, and that the State authorities have a right to designate, without question, all persons they may think needful and recovery. designate, without question, all persons they may think needful and requests for the purpose. While, however, I lay down this broad proposition, I acknowledge my auxiety, as well as my duty, to be to send all persons

into the arm y not indispensable to State purposes.
"The two great principles which guide my action are,

State officers with no duties to perform he will hand over to the enrolling officers. For instance, Sheriffe, genuineness, the denials of the yankees will but add to Clerks, Justices of counties occupied by the enemy will be put into the service until restored to their office duties by the recovery of their quanties. Ha will claim exemption for Bank officers only of those Banks in which

THE SOTE N. C TROOPS. -A letter from a subscriber well to exchange them at once for the new issues which will be ready on the 2d of April.

in Co. D, says that this regiment, returned from the recent raid to Suffolk, is encamped no ar Weldon; the men will be ready on the 2d of April.

FREEDOM OF RELIGION -The Bill of Rights and the | WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY .- The annual meeting | LATEST MAIL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Report of the President stated that the receipts From passengers, 28,627 10

58,934 37

Increase of freights over 1863, \$53,438 13 of passengers, \$18,826 39.

of profits, \$31,938. The general condition of the Company is summed up

Dr. Due to Stockholders, (capital stock.) \$330,254 76 To State of N. C. (Loan,) 600,000 00 To do. (uppaid interest,) Bills payable.

94,925 00 12,285 07 Floating, unliquidated and unadjusted 25,503 51 Profit and loss account, 75,731 66 \$1,188,699 99 Construction and equip-

m't, all charges to date, 1,054,601 01 Coupons of Cumberland co., paid by R R. Co. 18,598 00 Expenditures on Western Div'u, west of Deep riv'r 6,924 15 Floating and unadjusted dues to Company, ('ash.

7,477 94 The old Directors were unanimously re-elected, viz: B. Mallott President, Guerge McNeill, James Kyle, E. J Hale, A. McLean, H. L. Myrover, T S Lutterlob, A. A McKethan, S. J. Hinsdale and J. D Williams.

RICHMOND COUNTY. -- We have received, too late for to day's paper, two communications warmly recommend-ing Capt °R E little and assess of commons in the next Legislature. Captain Little was a member of the this District, and that Capt. N. A. Ramsay, of the army, the of Gettysburg,) and has just returned home from a long imprisonment on Johnson's Island.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

LOUISBURG, R. C., March 19.

Messrs. E. J. Hale & Sous: You doubtless remember publishing in the Observer, mon after the bombardment commenced at Charleston, the request of a lady, that every true Southern woman should meet her at the throne of grace on every Monday at twelve o'clock, to pray for its protection. It seems the Lord has answered that prayer; for every effort of the encmy to take it has failed. Should we not now in honor to Him, bunble ourselves and return our sincere thanks? would it not be well for us to meet at the same time every week, while the war continues, in thanksgivings for past blessings and prayer for a continuance of His favor. I ask you, therefore, dear sire, as friends, true friends, to our cause (for such I feel you are,) and in honor to Him in whose hands our destiny is, to request the ladies and all others who may feel disposed to us, to remember the appointed hour. I see the eighth of April has been appointed as a day of fasting and prayer; it is encouraging to see such as that from our leading men. "Them that honor me, I will honor."
"The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man available of the second of the second

FOR THE OBSERVER.

FORT HOLMES, March 21, 1864

Messrs. Editors:—Please allow me through your
most excellent journal, to acknowledge in behalf of my company, the receipt of a box of under-clothing and socks from the ladies of the "Ashpole Soldiers' Aid Association," and return them our most sincere thanks and best wishes for their prosperity for this kind token of regard for our welfare, and renewed manifestation of zeal in, and high appreciation of the great cause in which we are all engaged, and may the time soon come when their efforts and ours for independence

P. S. The troops at this post are generally in good health and fine spirits, and the works of defence are energetically pushed forward.

FOR THE OBSERVER. Meters. Editors: Permit me, in behalf of my Com-pany, to thank the Ladies of "Antioch Soldiers' Aid Nociety" for a large box filled with pants, shirts, draw-ers, blankets, socks, towels, &c., all for distribution to the needy of my company The patriotic Ladies of we are not without hope that Kilpatrick has thus been enabled to solve the problem of the release of our long-suffering soldiers held as prisoners in the rebel capital. The Secretary's attention naving been content to the needy of my company. The patriotic Ladies of the may possibly fail; but we trust that even greater results than the release of our soldiers at Richmond may crown his daring but hopeful enterprise. The great recover it by pursuing the proper course, which the made it before the rebel Consistence of the secretary's attention naving been content to the needy of my company. The patriotic Ladies of this Society have done so much for the comfort of their which and Boys," that we know not in what language to express our thanks—truly they deserve thanks and praise beyond measure. Their kind donations have often cheered us amid the snows of Northern and West-ern Virginia—we know that their donations are sent to We re-enlisted unanimously for the war; and have again

> for a few months to come. Very respectfully, &c.,
>
> Capt. Comd'g Co. G, 24th N. C. Reg't.

FOR THE OBSERVER

The Cumberland Hospital Association acknowledges the receipt of \$50 from Mr. E. R. Patridge of Moore ing the time for planting and working and gathering of crops it will be wise policy to spare every man that can be spared to work upon the farms.

Occurry; 160 pre woolen socks from Messrs. E. J. Hale Sons; 4 pre from Mrs. C. D. Nixon of Kingsbury; 6 Sons; 4 pre from Mrs. J. D. Williams; also a bushel of potatoes and package of dried fruit from Mrs. Buie. The meeting on Tuesday afternoon will be at the residence of Mrs. Sherwood.

Cotton at New York -The N. Y. Times of the 14th says, "the receipts of cotton from the Southwest continue on a large scale. The aggregate last week was 7,488 bales, making 15,382 bales for the follnight. This movement is considerably ahead of the current demand

Letters for Trans Mississippi.—Letters designed for offices West of the Mississippi may be sent by the Express Mail, via Brandon, again, if we fail now, shall we be in so good a position Mississippi," and prepay the postage of forty cents on to strike the decisive blow. Before another summer a each single letter of half an ounce weight.

Prasidential election and an unparalleled political strife

Richmond Sentinel.

In Raleigh, 23d inst., by Rev. Dr. Smedes, Dr. WM. C. ROBERTS of Chowan to Miss CORINNA WORTH, daughter of Jonathan Worth, Esq , of that city.

In this vicinity, 18th inst., Miss EFFIE SHAW, aged 97 years. The deceased was a native of Argyle-shire, Scotland, and a resident of this county for 44 years. For years she had been a consistent member of Galatia Presbyterlan Church, and on her death-bed expressed a firm faith in a blessed immortality.—Com.
On the 22d inst., at the Charlotte Female Institute, after a brief illness of paeumonia, MAGGIE S., daughter of the late Rev. F K. and Margaret S. Nash, aged

after a brief iliness of paeumonia, MAGGES. S. daughter of the late Rev. F. K. and Margaret S. Nash, aged 17 years. Presbyterian copy.

In Statesville, of consumption, on the 13th inst., Mrs. H. J. ROBINSON, wife of Dr. H. H. Robinson of Bladen county, in the 46th year of her age. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

In Scotland Neck, at the residence of Wm. Smith, Jr., ANTOINETTE H. SPRUILL, youngest daughter of the late George E. Spruill, in the 24th year of her age.

In Randolph county, 3d March, after a severe illness of about 5 days, of breast complaint, which she had suffered for many years more or less, whilst on a visit to her son, (she being living with her son-in-law Solomon Siler for the past 5 years,) Mrs. NANCY BRAY, widow of the late Jesse Bray, Esq. of Randolph, aged 82 years and 17 days. Mrs. Bray connected herself with the Baptist Church about 1825, and has been a consistent member ever since; which profession she adorned to her death, proving herself what she professed, a true-hearted, plous christian, an affectionate, faithful companion, a devoted and undeared mother, and benevolent neighbor. She has 103 grandchildren and several greatgrandchildren: one son and 27 grandsons in the Confederate armies. The Lerd giveth and the Lord taketh away; blessed be the name of the Lerd.

From the United States—RICHMOND, March 26—
We are indebted to a friend (says the Sentinel) for a copy of the Philadelphia Inquirer, of the 22d inst, four days later than previous days received here. We make the following synopsis:

Burnside's second Expedition.—Annaporte, Mp. March city and Richmordd. "When the formula is a control of the second formula is a contr

19.—I have it from reliable military authority that Burneide's second expedition will be organised here I learn there will be at least 50,000 troops here in the course of a few weeks. The 48th Pennsylvania Volun-

Grant is due here to-morrow. He will spend one day here at the War Department, and then go down to the Army of the Potomac, where he has ordered a grand review of the whole army for Thursday next.

Capture of West Virginia Legislators by Rebels —Six John's Run. March 20.—Last evening a detachment of rebels made a raid into Bath, and captured Mc Boohtel, a West Virginia State Senator, and Mr. Wheat. of the House of Delegates.

Gold -Gold was firm at 1634 on the 21st Mr. Cisc has been appointed by Chase to sell his surplus gold. European News .- The Confederate lost is reported to nave again declined in Loudon to 40. There has been man hi obsiderable skirmishing in Parliament over American affairs. The Inquirer's London correspondent thinks the Palmerston ministry will soon be driven from power.

Extraordinary Sermon from Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher startled his henrers at the Plymouth Church, in Brooklyn, in a eulogy of the rebei Plymouth Church, in Brooklyn, in a eulogy of the rebeit troops, in the cutree of a sermon designed to show that the price of liberty was not only elemal vigilance, but elemal self-sarince. Where, "exclaimed the speaker, "shall we find such theroic self-denial, such upbearing under physical discomfort, such patience in poverty, in distress, in absolute want, as we find in the Southern strmy? They fight better in a bad cause than you do in a good one they fight better for a passion than you do for a sentiment. We believe them to be misguided, but we massed others the credit of saving they fight well, and bear up under trouble nobly; they suffer and do not complain, they go in rags, but do not rebet, they are in carnest for their personal liberty; they believe in it, and if they can they seem to get it? Mr. Seecher also dealed that slavery was dead. "Dead?" he exclaimed, "we know that within the lines of the frontier army there are yet three millions of slaves. As yet, we learn that they are docile, samenable to the will or their masters, patient and subservient. Don't be deceived."

It is scarcely necessary beautiful.

Burnside in North Carolina - We understand official pformation has been received at the War Department, in Washington, North Carolius. The force of the enemy in Washington, North Carolius. The force is said to be under the command of Gen. Burnside. The expedition" is, no doubt, composed largely of new levies that have been recently encamped about Norfolk. It is not presumed that they have been withdrawn from Meade's army .- Richmond Eng , 25th.

[According to the Northern news Burnside's expedition is yet to be organized at Annapolis.

Longstreet Moving .- Advices from East Tenness represent that Lougstreet is again advancing towards Knoxville. He returned from Richmond on Friday ast, and commenced his forward movement on Satur day. He advanced ten miles on that day, which three his front near Rutledge. Our forces are now at Mor ristown. The Yankee army is on yonder side of the river, having been forced back by our forces. Everything betokens active movements on the part of Longstreet.

Killed.—A few days ago John H. Lee, and John Terrett, 4th Va. Cavalry, in company with two others, captured a general's staff of six men, on the Little River Pike, Fairfax county, and whilst on their way back two of the men went to a house, some 200 yards distant, leaving Lee and Terrett in charge of the prisoners During the absence of the two men, the yankees over-powered the guard, seized their double barreled guns and shot Lee through the breast and Terrett through the head, killing them instantly. The yankees escaped. Richmond Sen , 20th.

The Roads Repaired .- Munipian, March 24 .- We ave just finished repairing the road destroyed by Gen. Sherman's forces. A large force is now employed on that part of the road which was destroyed by General Smith's forces. It is believed that this portion of the road will be finished in ten days.

From Dalton. - DALTON, March 26 -Scouts from the front report the enemy quiet. Many regiments jon forty days' furlough, ] are returning.

Arrival of Grant at Culpeper.—There was a firing of artillery yesterday in the direction of Culpeper C. H. It was supposed to be a salute in house of Grant Grant area.—Richmond Sentinel, 26th. Gov. Vance with the Army .- OBANGE C. H. March 25 —A heavy rain is falling here. Gov. Vance, of N. C arrived here to-day, and is the guest of Gen. Daniel.

Reported Battle - Report has reached Mobile tha Gen. Dick Taylor has had an engagement with the yan-kees on the Teche, and whipped them. From Texas. - The Houston Telegraph of Feb'y 10th

Brownsville and on the Gulf coast; consequently there | 20 to 25 00, Irish 25 to 30 00; Rice is but little war news. Cotton was selling at Eagle Pass at 20 cents in specie; in Matamoras it was worth 35 cents. Change in the Adjutant General's Department .- There has, we learn, been a division in the duties of the office

of Adjutant and Inspector General. Col. Chilton, A. A. G., has been prompted to the rank of Brig. General and made Inspector General, and Gen. Cooper remains Adjutant General.—Rich. Dispatch, 26th. Recognition .- There is but little doubt that General Presten's visit to Mexico was prompted by information received last winter from France; and this was the "au

tograph letter from Napoleon," which made such a star at the time. Gen. P. will be ready to greet Maximilian on his strival, and be reorgated by him as the Minister of the Confederate States.—Bich. Corr. Chas Mer. From Richmond - RICHMOND, March 26 .- Quite 8

financial excitement here to day, in consequence of the expiration of the time allowed by the banks for the withdrawal of deposites. Funding rapidly increased.

All kinds of bonds and stocks in demand at high figures.

Carriage, Barouche and

The Price of Gold .- At the last sale of bonds, stocks, &c, iy Messrs. Lancaster & Co., gold sold at 203 to 203, averaging 21. This was paid for in curreacy subject in a few days to a reduction of 833 per cent. The mount realized, therefore, by the seiters of the gold is only two-thirds of the nominal price received, or four-teen dollars in Confederate currency for one in gold. This is an immense decline from thirty for one—the price that gold commanded here about the time of the passage of the currency act-and strikingly litustrates the beneficent operation of that measure. Other prices have not yet come down in like ratio with gold, but they will infallibly follow the lead of that imperial guide. The opinion is expressed by sagacious men that in two weeks gold will be worth not more than ton

Funding -The total amount of Treasury notes funded at the Depository here, ending yesterday afternoon, has been \$2,734,100 The funding has been principally coolined to small amounts to tax payers.

Wilmington Journal, 26th.

Five Dollar Notes -The hoarders of five dollar notes will soon be glad to produce them and throw them into the circulation. After the first of April they will be undesirable as compared with the new currency and the smaller notes; for they will all have to be funded in four per cents. prior to the 1st of July, or submit to a tax of one-third So the small note famine will be ended in a few days .- Richmond Sentinel.

Reinforced -Persons from the vicinity of Washington and Plymouth, N. C., report that the yaukees have been reinforced at both places. Everything, however, is quiet.

## LOST OR STOLEN.

AST EVENING, between the Court House and the Methodist Church, a piece of CALICO, ten yards, dark brown, with small white figures. A liberal reward for recevery will be paid at this Office.

March 28.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale FOUR THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND, lying in the South-western part of Moore county, on the line of the Cheraw and Coal Fields Railroad. An opportunity is afforded to fund Confederate Notes where it will pay more than 4 per cent. For further particulars address the undersigned at Crane's Creek, Moore county, N. C.

L. CAMERON.

HOW TO MEET HOTEL EXPENSES.

the following synopsis:

Burnsid's second Expedition.—Annapolis, Mu, March
oity and Richmorfd. "What can I do for you?"

"What do you ax fur a bed?" asked the seldier.
"What do you ax fur a bed?" asked the seldier.

"Seven dollars, sir," responded the gentleman

"Only seven dollars yer say; well, that is cheap; dog

"You heern him, didn't you, Jeems?" said the milita-

ry gentleman, addressing one of his companions.
"I heern him," was the response.
"And you heern him too, didn't yer, Ike?" inquired

right between you." right between you."
"That's a blessin', anyhow," said the soldier, "and now, Mister, of you'd only traveled as far as I hev, you would want to sleep mighty sudden."
"Certainly, sir; all right," exclaimed the landlord,

as he proceeded to direct a servant to show the gentleman his sparkment
The soldier evidently slept soundly; but very early in the morning he might have been seen descending the stairs with the mattress upon which he had slept carefully tied up and slung over his shoulder. He had not proreeded far, however, before he was met by the asion-ished bandlord, who indignantly demanded to know

what he was doing with that bed. · Gwine to take it out ter the reegiment," coolly remarked the soldier.
"You are, are you?" "coared the exasperated landlord:

"how dare you carry off my property in that manner?"
""Four property! Well, I like that. Didn't I give
you seven dollars for this here bed, only last night, and
didn't two of our fellows hear the trade? Your proper-The seven dollars you paid me, was for your lodg-

ing," said the proprietor, growing somewhat irate as he spoke.

"Nary ladging of I know it." napponded the coldier.
"I axed you what you axed for a bed and paid yer own price, and accordin' to the natur of a trade the bed's

"Well, sir," interrupted the angry host, "and what do you sek for your bed? I want it. "Now yer talkin," replied North Carolina, as he dumped the bed upon the floor and carelessly threw himself upon it. "I want to be reasonable, and being it's you, I'll let you have the bed for fifteen dollars."

"Fifteen dollars'" gasped the landlord.
"Jest so," quietly remarked the soldier: "ef a man don't make at least one hundred per cent., durn me ef he can pay hotel expenses." The landiord paid the money, and will probably swoid speculating in future with any of the N. C. State troops.

Mantgomery Advertiser

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET .- March 28. REVIEW OF THE MARKET. on 8 50 to 4 00 Pork 2 50. Lard 3

Beef 1 50 to 1 75 cts. per lb., retail. Cuffee 15 00 to 20 00. Cotton 1 75 to 2 121 Coffee 15 00 Cotton Yarn—\$20 to \$50 00 per bunch. Dried Fruit 1 75 per lb.

Eggs 2 50 per dozen.
Extract Legwood \$6 to \$8 per lb.
Flour \$225 te \$250.
Flaxseed 8 00 to 10 00 per bu. Fodder 11 00. Hay 10 00. Shucks 10 00. Grain-Corn \$30 00. Wheat 30 00 to 40 00. 25 00 to 30 00 Oats 10 00 Peas 25 00. Hides Green 2 50 to 3 50, dry 4 50 to 5 00.

Iron—Swedes 3 50 to 4 50.

Leather—Upper 15 00 per 1b., Sole \$15 00.

Liquors—Corn Whiskey 70 00. Apple and Peach Brandy 70 00. Molasses 25 00 to 80 00. Soda \$3 50 to \$5 Nails 4 00 to 4 50 per lb. Onions 15 00 per bushel.

Potatoes—Irish \$15 to \$20 per bush; sweet \$8 to \$10.

Rice 1 25 to 1 50.

Sugar 10 00 to 12 50.

Soap—Family Bar \$1 per lb.; Toilet 2 00.

Spirits Turpeutine 3 00 per gallen.

Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings, Factory prices to the State

25. Outsiders' prices \$4 50 to 5 00 25. Outsiders' prices \$2 00.00
Salt 85 00 to 40 00 per bushel.
Wool \$6.
L. Pempertor

WILMINGTON MARKET. March 23, 1864. Beef Cattle, hoof 2 75 to 3; Beeswax 3 to 3 50 per lb. Bacon 5 50 to 6 50; Butter 6 to 7 00; Corn 18 to 20 00; Corn Meal 20 00; Copperas 3 00 to 4 00; Cotton 2 00; Flour 260 00 to 275 00 superfine; Fodder 18 to 20 00; Flour 200 00 to 275 00 superfine; Fodder 18 to 20 00; Hay 17 to 18 00; Hides, green 2 to 2 50, dry 4 00 to 4 50; Leather, sole 12 50 to 13 50, upper 13 50 to 14; Lard 6; Nails 2 to 2 25 per lb per keg; Poultry, live fowls 12 to 15 00; dressed 6 to 7 00 per lb; Pes Nuts 20 to 22 00; Fresh Pork 5 to 5 50; Potatoes, sweet,

The certanosies issued, together with the Bonds for which they may be exchanged, are receivable for taxes which they may be exchanged, are receivable for tax to express our thanks—truly they deserve thanks and says the Federal forces keep close to their works at 20 to 22 00; Fresh Pork 5 to 5 50; Potatoes, sweet, 20 to 20 00, frish 25 to 30 00; Rice per lb 1 to 1 25; Salt, sound 25 to 30 00; Sugar 9 to 11 00; Fay. Sheetings 4 75 to 5 00 per yard; Spirits Eurpantine 4 50 to 5 00; Tallow 8 50 to 4 00; Yarn per bale, \$50 per bunch; Wood by boat load 20 to 22 00 for pine, ash 25 to 28 00. Oak 30 00 to 35 00 per par attent.

to 28 00, Oak 30 00 to 35 00-per cord. Journal. We are authorized to announce A. G. FOSTER of Randolph, a candidate to represent the 7th Con-gressional District of North Carolina in the Congress of the Confederate States in the place of Hom. S. H. Chris-

March 14. we are atthorized announce ELAM J. HARRINGTON, Co. A, 5th N C. Cavairy, a candidate We are authorized to to represent the county of Moore in the next Legisla-

Carriage, Barouche and Harness,

His reasons for being a candidate and opinions of pub

AT AUCTION. MORROW, Tuesday the 29th inst , will be sold at Auction: 1 Fine Hunting Case Gold Watch;

l Harness Horse; l Barouche and Double Set of Harness. I Filly, 6 years old, admirably adapted for cavalry, fill be shown at same time and the price named.

JOHN H. COOK, Auct'r.

Fayetteville and Northern Plank A out of the funds of this Company, payable on and after Monday, 28th inst. Stockholders will please call and collect the same before Thursday the 31st inst., or the funds will have to be subjected to a tax of 33 per cent., and will be paid accordingly to the stockholder.

J. M. ROSE, Sec'y F. & N. P. R. Co.

To the Stockholders of the Payetteville and Northern Plank Road Co. IMIS Corporation will give in and pay the Tax due t

the Confederate States on the Shares of this Company. Stockholders will therefore be released from giving in and paying said Tax

JNO. M. ROSE, Sec'y F. & N. P. R. Co. March 26

Bank of North Carolina. To the Stockholders of the Bank of North Carolina: The Confederate Tax on the individual shares will C. DEWEY, Cashier. 18-1m

Bank of Fayetteville, MARCH 23, 1864. )
THE Stockholders of this Bank are hereby notified I that the tax due the Confederate States, on the shares of the capital stock of this Bank, will be paid

W. G. BROADFOOT, Cashier. 17-4t] Bank of Clarendon at Fayetteville,

Stockholders will be relieved from listing the same

MARCH 24, 1864. 

THE Confederate Tax of 5 per cent. on the Capital
Stock of this Bank will be paid by the Corporation.
17-2t JNO. W. SANDFORD, Cach'r.

Enrolling Office, Fayetteville, March 26, 1864.

THE following appointments for examinations and enrollments in Cumberland Co., in conformity to last
notice of Capt. Landis, En. Off. 4th Con. Dis., are published, that there may be no misapprehension occasioned
by recent changes. To facilitate the business of the
office as well as to consult convenience of parties concerned, only one-third of a Reg't need assemble on the
same day. Commanding officers of Militia will cause
District Companies of their respective Reg'ts to appear
at this office as follows: at this office as follows:

Course of a few weeks. The 48th Pennsylvania Volunteers have just arrived in the steamer Georgia. The 19th and 21st Massachusetts are expected to morrow.

Gen. Grant.—Washington. March 21.—Licut. Gen. Grant is due here to morrow. He will append one day correct."

Correctionly, sir," replied Boniface, "it is all perfectly correct."

at this office as follows:

53d Regiment.

On April 11th—Black River, Silver Run, and Flea Hill Districts.

April 12th—Cedar Creek, Look's Creek Districts.

April 13th-Cross Creek District, (including volunteer companies.) 54th Regiment. April 14th-Town, and Carver's Creek Districts.

"And you heers him too, didn't yer. Ike?" inquired he of another
"In course I did," was the reply. "I 'spect it's all Every man between 18 and 45 who breathes within the limits of Cumberland Co. must be accounted for, and pre-admonition is hereby given that lists of all exempt-ed or detailed in each District will be made out, and Col. Draughon, com'g H G., instructed to cause the arrest, as recusant conscripts, of all between said ages whose fismes do not appear thereon.

W. C. RENCHER,

18tAll]

Lt. & En. Off. Cumberland Co.

### TO THE SICK.

DEAD THE FOLLOWING:-Rev'd John W. Potter U (N. C.) says:

"For twelve years I was a great sufferer. My liver was diseased. I lost my fiesh and strength, and my skin seemed changed in its color by the bile with which my system was overcharged. I became subject to frequent and violent attacks of bilious colit, every attack leaving me weaker than its predecessor. The physicians had been able to patch me up a little, but my health was in a deplorable state. I had taken patent medicines until I was tired of them. Without energy or comfort, I was barely able to go about a little. At or comfort, I was barely able to go about a little. At length I yielded to the carnest persuasion of a friend and commenced taking the HEPATIC PILLS, with ne confidence in them. They acted like a charm on me. From that hour I improved. I have persevered in their use, until now, by God's blessing, I am well and hearty. I had a negro man who, as I believed, was saved from death by a dose of these pills. My Doctor's bill was annually from \$100 to \$200, but I have had ne use for a physician since. I can confidently recommend them as a superior family medicine."

as a superior family medicine." The ingredients of which the "SOUTHERN HEPAT-IC PILLS" are made are so coatly as to compel the proprietor to put them at present prices, which are not so remunerative as when the pills sold for less.

Full directions accompany each box.

Price \$3 a box. For \$30 a dozen boxes will be sent GEO. W. DEEMS, prepaid. Goldsboro', N. C. March 26, 1864.

Confederate Tax Notice. WILL attend with the Assessors, at the office of A. M. Campbell, from Monday the 4th day of April to Saturday the 9th to receive the Taxes due from Dealers for the quarter ending March 31st.

I would also call the attention of the few persons that are in arrears for Confederate Taxes, that unless key

are paid during the present week, they will be required to pay in Bonds or new issue.

R. W. HARDE,

Col. for Cumberland Co. March 21. HEADQUARTERS 58d Reg't N. C. Militia, CAPTAINS of Districts engraced in this Regiment are hereby ordered to farnish the Commanding Om-

cer with a correct Muster Roll of their jommands.

These fists must include every man jetween the ages
of 18 and 45, and must be reported by the 4th day of April next, without fail.

16-itt]

J. A. PEMBERTON, Col. 58d Beg't.

Treasury Department, C. S A., RICHMOND, Feb'y 20, 1864.

TREASURY notice as to funding under sot of February 17, 1864. Notice is hereby given to all holders of Treasury Notes net bearing interest, that they may exchange the same immediately, at the office of the Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, or of any Depositary, for certificates which will entitle them to four percent. Ronds and that the said privilers will continue tary, for certificates which will entitle them to four percent. Bonds; and that the said privilege will continue antit the let of April anguing, after which all notes over the denomination of five dollars can be funded only at 66g cents to the dollar, except one hundred dollar notes, which, after that date, are no lenger recoivable for public dues, and can only be funded at an additional reduction of ten per cent. per month.

The certificates issued, together with the Bonds for which they may be exchanged, are receivable for taxes.

The short time allowed should admonish all holders

Fublic attention is called to the above notice.

12-i1A] W. G. BROADFOOT, Depositary.

Confederate States Depository,

FATETHYLLE, March 17, 1864. J

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Depository, duly appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, is prepared to receive all such non-interest bearing Treasury Notes as holders may desire te fund, and to issue Certificates therefor, which Certificates will entitle the holders to a like amount in Confederate 4 per cent. Registered Bonds, as soon as said Bonds can be prepared at the Treasury. This privilege extends to the list of April proximo, after which all notes over the denomination of five dellars can be funded only at 665 etc. to the dollar, except \$100 notes, which, after that date, are no longer receivable for public dues, and can only be funded at an additional reduction of ten per cent. per month.

The Certificates and Bonds are not taxable in 1864, and are receivable in payment of taxes of that year.

15tAl]

JOHN W. SANDFORD, Dep'y.

Fayetteville Rotel Company. DIVIDEND No. 27, of 31 per cent. declared as of let Jan'y 1864, will be paid to stockhelders on and after this date. These entitled will call and receive this Dividend, as well as others heretofere due, before the 31st inst., as the Company can only pay in the present currency. Call at Bank of Cape Fear.

March 22.

HENRY LILLLY, Pres't.

17-i2t

\$100 REWARD. WILL give the above reward for the apprehension I and confinement to that I get him, of a NEGRO BOY, who ransway from the plantation of Peter J. Nicholson, dec'd, if Richmond county, N. C., in Au-

gust 1863.

Said boy's name is George, is about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 'caches high, weighs about 160 lbs; when spoken to speaks quickly and shows his front teeth, and has a small scar on one side of his chir; has a high forchead, and looks pretty independent, and is black. My address is Bostick's Mills, Richmond Co., N. C. JAMES M. BOSTICK, Adm'r.

March 21. To the Voters of Harnett County. THE undersigned, a private in Co. A, 5th M. O. Cavalry, having been solicited by some of his friends, respectfully announces himself to the soldiers and citizens of Harnett county as a Candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the election on the first Thursday in August next.

SAMUEL D. PIPKIN.

Orange C. H., Va., March. 15, 1864.

WOULD be pleased to receive several good recruite to fill up my Company. So, come on at once, yeu brave "Tar Heels" and join us. I am certain you cannot get to a better Company in the Confederate States. not get to a better Company in the Confederate States. Come at once; we will give you a cordial welcome, and will initiate you into the grand Army of Northern Virginia—an army that has maintained an indelible stamp to be recorded in History. Come at once, we are getting good rations and a little to space, and will drill you sufficient every day to bring on a good appetite. You can find me in two miles north-west of Orange C. H., Wa.

A. W. DOCKERY, 1st Lt. Comd'g. 17.24nd Co. E. 28th Rag't N. C. T. Co. E, 88th Reg't, N. C. T. 17-8tpd1

TOLEN out of my wagon, Wednesday night, on the Droad between Fayetteville and the Plantation of the late Angus Shaw, FOUR HEAVY WROUGHT PLOWS.

I will give the above reward for the delivery of said Plows.

E. SPEARMAN.

Fayetteville, March 26.

WANTED,

A SITUATION as Superintendent or General Manager by a competent manufacturer of both Wool and Cotton, who has had 40 years' experience and is fifty-three years of age, a native of Manchester, English and Engineer. Any one in the same please address.

Fayetteville, March 26.

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