

# NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Vol. 9.)

Saturday, November, 8 1794.

(No. 460.)

I WOULD sell my interest in the HOUSES & LOT I now live in, and give immediate possession, on being paid whatever sum might be agreed for, and for which I would receive discount, cash, produce, or negroes.

EDW. SIMPSON.

Nov. 8.

I would also sell on equitable terms, the whole of my stock of Dry Goods, now on hands, which is tolerably well assorted, and consists of many articles suitable to the season.

E. S.

BE it known to all whom it may concern, that the building in the town of Newbern, commonly called the PALACE, together, with its out-houses and the lots thereto belonging, are for sale: and that the subscribers, were appointed by the General Assembly, in January last, commissioners for receiving proposals from any person or persons inclined to purchase them: and that in compliance with the directions of the act appointing them, the said commissioners will at any time, between this day and the first day of January next, at their respective houses, receive proposals in writing or otherwise.

WILLIAM NASH, (Hillsboro' agb)  
JOHN ALLEN, (Cat-tail, Croven)  
WILLIAM E. LORD, (Brunswick.)

Newbern, July 26.

For sale at the Printing-Office.

AN Elegant set of BLANK BOOKS Ledger, Journal and Day Book.

Oct. 15.

THE Northern Mail now sets off every Wednesday at 6 o'clock A. M. and returns on the next day at 6 o'clock P. M.

The Southern Post sets off every other Friday at 5 o'clock A. M. and returns on the following Thursday at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The Western Post sets off every other Monday at 6 o'clock A. M. and returns the following Saturday at 7 o'clock P. M.

October 4. F. X. MARTIN, P. M.  
The Southern post to start on Friday next, and the western on Monday following.

## RAGS.

THE Printer of this paper will give CASH for clean linen and cotton RAGS, at the rate of twenty-five shillings per hundred weight.

## NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

A POST being now established between Newbern and the city of Raleigh, this paper will be forwarded to subscribers in the towns of Kinston, Wayneborough, Smithfield and the city of Raleigh, and on the road to those places.

The subscription is 25s. per year, payable 10s. at the time of subscribing and the rest at the year's end, exclusive of postage, which is 52 cents a year in hard money, or about 5s. 2d. in paper.

Subscription papers are lodged in the hands of the Postmasters and with William White, Esq; Lenoir, Bryan Whitfield Esq; Mr. Robert Donnell and col. Joseph Green, in Wayne, and col. Joel Lane near Raleigh, likewise in the hands of the Post riders.

Any application by letter by the post or otherwise will be attended to.

Any person procuring twelve subscribers, and becoming accountable for them will be entitled to the papers for the whole year.

Mr. James Foy, of Onslow, has a subscription paper lodged in his hands. He will particularly attend to the delivery of the papers of any gentleman who may subscribe to him—He will also receive payment.

F. X. MARTIN.

October 11.

FOR SALE  
At the PRINTING-OFFICE, at NEWBERN,  
THE FOLLOWING

## BOOKS;

VIZ:

AN impartial history of the French revolution, from its commencement to the death of the Queen.

Payne's common sense,  
Crisis.

Letter to the Abbe Raynal,

Public good,

Letter to the Earl of Shelburne,

Sir Guy Carleton,

Abbe Seyeys,

The Authors of the Republican,

Rights of man,

Age of reason,

History of the rise, progress, and establishment of the Independence of the United States of America, by W. Gordon.

History of the British Empire from May 1792 to the end of 1793 by F. Plowden,

Buchan's medicine.

A short account of the malignant fever, lately prevailing in Philadelphia; by M. Cary,

American jest book.

An account of the Pelew islands,

Mentoria or the young lady's friend, by Mrs. Rowson,

Fille de chambre, by the same,

Letters of an American farmer,

Carver's Travels,

Memoirs of Gen. Lee.

The school of Virtue, a Novel,

Ladies' Magazine.

Rights of woman,

Thompson's Farriery,

Repository of the most valuable curiosities of art,

Compleat Vermin killer,

Every one his fault, a comedy,

Elements de la langue Anglaise.

Journal durant un sejour en France.

Gough's arithmetic,

American museum,

Robinson Crusoe,

Charms of melody,

Modern Reports,

Law Grammar,

Saunders on Uses and Trusts,

Gilbert's replevin,

Cooke's Bankrupt Laws,

Burton's Exchequer.

Martin's Collection of the Statutes,

Translation of Latch's Reports,

Justice.

Cary's edition of Guthrie's geography,

Description of the Tennessee government.

### MAPS

Kentucky,

New-Hampshire,

Province of Maine,

Delaware,

Georgia,

France,

Vermont,

Connecticut,

Maryland,

New-Jersey,

S. W. Territory,

War Atlas.

### ENGRAVINGS.

Maria,

Piping boy,

Fighting cocks,

Sportsman's farewell,

return,

Swing Swang.

Boy gathering apples,

Dancing Dog,

Cottage children,

Favorite Cat,

Falling out,

Reconciliation,

## BLANKS,

Of all sorts to be had at this Office.

EDINBURGH, Aug. 15.

HIS Majesty's commission of Oyer and Terminer, under the Great Seal of Great-Britain, was opened yesterday before the Lord President, the Lord Chief Baron, the Lord Justice Clerk, Lords Hinderlands,

Elkgrove, Swinton, Danfynn, and Abercromby, commissioners of Judiciary: and Baron Norton, the senior Baron of the court of Exchequer; who are all named in the commission, and empowered to enquire into, hear, and determine, all high treasons, and misprisions of high treasons, committed in the county of Edinburg. After the commission was read, the grand jury was sworn.

The Lord President then delivered a most able and manly charge, observing, that the act they were called upon to discharge, must in a great measure be new to them; as the inhabitants of this country had been in general, conscious of the liberty and happiness they really enjoyed, under the form of government happily established in this country, and which had been the admiration of surrounding nations; therefore, the crime of high treason, or the offence of endeavouring to overthrow the government, did not frequently happen within the life of one man, but of late, a spirit of dissatisfaction had arisen, from the example of a neighbouring nation. It would therefore be their duty, diligently to enquire, whether the persons against whom bills of indictment might be presented to them, had been guilty of forming the dangerous plans to overthrow the government by law established.

Bills of indictment were then delivered to the Grand jury against Robert Watt, David Downie, and John Edmonds Stock for high treason; and the witnesses being sworn, the court adjourned until seven o'clock.

On the meeting of the court in the evening, the Grand Jury came into court and returned all the indictments indorsed true bills. Watt and Downie being in custody were immediately sent for and being brought into court, were told, that they stood indicted for High Treason, and that they were entitled to a copy of their indictment, a list of the witnesses to be produced against them on their trials, and the names and descriptions of the Jury who were to try them, ten days before their trials could come on. Copies of the indictments, and lists of the witnesses and jurors were then delivered in court to the defendants; and the court offered to assign to each of them, any two council they should name to assist them in preparing for trial and making their defence; but they seeming not to be prepared to name their council immediately, the court indulged them with further time to consider until this day at eleven o'clock; and adjourned accordingly.

The court met again this morning, and on the request of Watt assigned him for counsel Mr. William Robinson, and Mr. Wilkieson; and for Downie, Mr. John Clarke, and Mr. Archibald Fletcher.

Downie delivered into court a paper, desiring to know from the court, 1st. Whether it was a court of record? 2dly. Whether he could have warrants to compel his witnesses to appear? 3dly. Whether he could have copies of the evidence given before the Grand Jury? and 4thly. Whether any appeal lay from the judgment of the court, and if it did, to what tribunal?—The court said, in answer to the second and third questions, that he might have from Mr. Knapp, the clerk of the commission, as many warrants to compel the appearance of witnesses as he chose to apply for; that no evidence given before the Grand Jury, was taken in writing, therefore, he could not have copies of it, but if the Jury, for their own information, had taken notes of it, they were bound by their oath to keep it secret; therefore, he could not possibly be informed of the evidence given before them; that as to the first and last questions, they were questions of law and his council would give him advice upon them. The court then adjourned, telling the prisoners they would be brought up to plead to their