

NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

[VOL. XI.]

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1796.

[No. 563.]

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

ON the night of the 28th inst. the dwelling house of the subscriber was broke open, by some person, and the following things stolen.

Twenty dollars cash, one note on Col. Jo. Leech and son for eighty pounds five shillings; another on John Bryan for forty-eight pounds eight shillings; eleven small notes, given by different persons to a considerable amount, and several other things valuable to no other person, such as deeds, patents, and papers unknown.—I will give the above reward to any person who will give such information as may lead to a conviction of the thief, or for restoring the notes, papers &c.

STEPHEN WORSLEY.

October 1.

Craven county.

PERSONALLY appeared before me Francis Lowthorp one of the Justices appointed to keep the peace in the county aforesaid, Stephen Worsley, sen. and made oath on the Holy Evangelist of Almighty God, that in the night of the 28th inst. the window shutter of his dwelling house was forced open, and his house entered by some person or persons unknown, the key of his chest taken out of the pocket of his waist coat, and afterwards his said chest opened, and a seal-skin trunk with a brass lock and brass nails was taken therefrom, and carried away which trunk contained twenty silver dollars, more or less, and also a note given to him signed by Joseph Leech and George M. Leech for £. 80 5s; John Bryan's note given him for £. 48 8s; eleven small notes given by different men, dated the second day of January last, amounting to £. 18 5s; and also some deeds, patents, and other papers. And further this deponent sayeth not.

STEPHEN WORSLEY.

Sworn to before me,

Sept. 29, 1796.

FRANCIS LOWTHORP, J. P.

WHEREAS the copartnership of HARGET & DOWNS, dissolved on the first of August 1795: and Thomas Martin, who was in their employ, was discharged the same time, notwithstanding has since collected, and is yet collecting debts due the Copartnership, without the knowledge, consent or approbation of the subscriber: and Mr. Downs has also collected and is still collecting the debts due as aforesaid; but none of the monies collected by either of them, has been applied; and by the conduct and behaviour of Mr. Downs, in refusing to deliver up the books and papers to the subscriber; (notwithstanding he is removed out of the county,) it is to be apprehended, will not be applied to the discharge of the debts contracted by the copartnership; by which means, the subscriber has been compelled to pay large sums of money, out of his private property, to discharge said debts, greatly to his disadvantage and injury.

In consequence of the above mentioned treatment, all persons indebted to HARGET & DOWNS, are hereby notified, not to pay any of said debts to Thomas Martin, as he has not been legally authorized to receive and give discharges since the dissolution of said copartnership, and those that have paid him any money on account of HARGET & DOWNS, have done it in their own wrong. And it is also requested of all those indebted as aforesaid, and also of all officers that now have, or hereafter may obtain judgments and executions in favor of HARGET & DOWNS and receive the money, to pay the same to the subscriber, who will give sufficient discharges and indemnification, in order to enable him to discharge the debts contracted by the copartnership, and to prevent a further sacrifice of his private property.

FREDERICK HARGET.

Jones County, October 18, 1796.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that Mr. Robert Hunt has paid me in full for his note, dated August 20th, for fifty-six dollars, and of which I was robbed on the 10th instant.—Therefore Mr. Hunt is not liable to me, nor any other person for the above note.

DANIEL P. LEE.

Test, CHARLES CHURCHILL.

October 22.

WHEREAS the lands hereafter described, have not been given in by any person, as taxable property. Notice is hereby given, that unless the tax due thereon shall be paid on or before the sixtieth day from the date of this advertisement, the same will be sold, in conformity to the acts of Assembly in that case made and provided.

About 40 acres of land on Trent river, in Jones county, the property of the heirs of Acreman. The lands belonging to W. Allison, patented by Richard Blackledge, in Jones county.

EDMUND HATCH, Sheriff.

August 27.

LEGHORN.

Orders given by general Bounaparte, to the consul of the French republic at Leghorn, 10 Messidor, June 20.

THE consul of the French republic shall put the seals upon all the magazines belonging to the English; to the emperor, to the empress of Russia, and in general to all the princes or subjects of the states with which we are at war; he shall make an inventory of the goods. He shall take all steps, adopt all measures, and employ all necessary means to discover the merchandize which may have been deposited with the different merchants at Leghorn—of that property he shall take possession.

(Signed) "BOUNAPARTE."

In execution of the order of the general, the consul of the French republic invites all the inhabitants of the city of Leghorn and its environs, of whatever nation and quality they may be, who possess, under the name of deposit, or any other name, effects, merchandize, silver, gold, money, jewels, horltes, furniture, &c. belonging to the subjects of Great-Britain, the Empire, Russia, or other enemies of the republic, to deliver in the course of to-morrow, 12 Messidor, (June 20, old style) to the consul himself, a detailed account and true declaration of the effects and sums of money which belong to the above mentioned states, enemies of the republic.

Those who have contracted with enemies of the republic in any manner and form forever, are equally to make their declaration to the consul of the republic, which is to serve simply as necessary measure to the examination of them.

The consul particularly invites the French to point out to him the effects hidden, deposited, or alienated by pretended sales, or in any other manner—no motive for retaining them shall be admitted, because it is proved that the French citizens have been at different times despoiled or injured by the blind measures of the enemies of the republic in the port of Leghorn, and that even force and violence have been employed.

It is therefore the legitimate right of reparation which the French republic exerts, and a restitution of its property, equally just, which it claims to-day conformably to the right of all nations.

As soon as the declarations have been made, measures shall be taken to ascertain their exactness, and to assure the sequestration of the said effects.

Those who shall neglect making declarations, or make them incomplete, will expose

themselves to severe researches, and to fatal consequences, which, out of regard to their own interest, they ought not to subject themselves to.

The intention of the general in chief is, that all the property of the enemies of the republic be delivered into the hands of the republic as prizes taken by sea; in consequence and by this consideration, all researches, all trials, all condemnations are attached to the consular jurisdiction.

Leghorn, 11 Messidor, 29th June) 4th year of the republic.

BOURDEAUX, July 31.

"Never was such a success as has followed the republican arms of France; every day new battles, and always victorious. The German princes all demanding separate peace.—The states of Italy all subdued, and honourable terms of peace granted for the people, heavy contributions on church and state both in money and provisions: near 700,000 men taken this spring by gen. Bounaparte.—The army on the Rhine and Moselle, equally victorious. In short the Austrians are put to the rout in every direction; and, as at the last gasp, they now commit every act of barbarity on the poor defenceless men, women, and children in their retreat.

"A general peace on the continent must take place immediately, as nothing can withstand republican bayonets; La Vendee is totally disarmed; their chiefs shot; the people swearing allegiance and submission, except a few banditti who rob and plunder, indiscriminately aristocrats and republicans. All is peace in France.

The national festival was celebrated in this town the 26th July, in the utmost tranquillity; at which, with the triumphal throne, was committed to the flames, the ruins of the tribunal on which the military commission was besieged. There were but very few of the national guards at this solemnity—it is assigned as a natural reason, that between the old and new organization, which is not yet terminated, the citizens were at a loss what companies they belonged to, and their uniting under the same flag was more difficult than usual—but we cannot assign the same reason why the burning of the throne, taking of the bastille, &c. were unaccompanied by military discharges—public festivals should speak to the senses, and characterize the festive band, in respect to the objects of the festival. There were patriotic songs, lyric hymns, and dancing.

The following letter was written by Louis the Eighteenth, to his brother Monsieur, at Edinburgh, the morning after the attempt to assassinate him.

"DEAR BROTHER,

"I am just awake, so that I can tell you, better than any body else, how I have passed the night. I feel myself perfectly well; and, to say the truth, the moment I received the wound I was convinced it was of no consequence. Thence arose that tranquillity which has been praised a great deal too much. I congratulate you upon it; the best of your friends will not die of his wound—Adieu, my dear Brother, my friend—I love and embrace you most cordially.

"LOUIS."

GENOA, July 11.

In consequence of the complaints made by M. Faypoult, in his to our government, several priests have been brought before the police, and interrogated respecting the offence processions. The priests replied, that they were made under their direction, and that at all times the good Catholics have had the liberty of going to visit the sanctuaries. It is certain however, that the priests are the instigators of these processions, which are composed of the lowest dials of the people. The minister of the French republic should have