WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 14, 1869. SPIRITS TURPENTINE .- No sales. ROSIN.-Sales of 1,167 bbls. at \$1 65 for Strained; \$1 75 for No. 2; \$1 80 for Extra No. 2; \$3 87# for No. 1; \$4 12# for Pale. CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Sales of 209 bbls. at \$2 65 for Soft. and \$3 for Virgin

TAR.-48 bbls. were sold at \$2 20 per bbl. COTTON .- No sales.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BEESWAX. Scantling.. 15 00@20 00 BEESWAX. White pine.00 00@00 00 BEEF CATTLE. # 100 fbs..00 00@00 00 # bbl...... 0 00@1 50 MOLASSES, # gallon. BARRELS. Cuba hhd 521@55 Spts. T., new N.Y.....\$2 50@3 00 do tierce... Gunny...... 21@22 Sugar House...421@45 BRICKS. Wrought00@00

M.....\$10 00@15 00

COFFEE, \$2 1b. Rosin.....\$0 00@0 90 Java 37@40 Lard 38@ 65 8t. Domingo..... 25@28 PITCH...... 0 00@0 00 Sheeting, 4-4. 11 @131 PROVISIONS, # 15.
Yarn, 9 bun 1 95@2 00 Bacon, N. C.— FISH, & bbl. ullets-

Hams......20@21 Middlings.....00@00 Shoulders.....16@18 Jak bbls.\$7 50@10 00 Pine do..\$0 00@ 0 00 Hog round....19@20 Bacon, Western— Mackerel-No. 1 bbl 11 00@12 50 Sides...... 18@19 No. 2 bbl 0 00@10 00 Shoulders.... 15@16 No. 3..... 14 00@16 00 Hams...... 20@25 Kits..... 0 00@ 0 00 Pork, \$\text{\text{P}} bbl.—
Herring, Nova Scotia— City m'ss 33 50 City m'ss 33 50@34 00 Thin " 32 50@33 00 bbs,..... 0 00@ 0 00 Prime....30 00@31 00 Herring, smokedboxes....00 00@00 00 Rump....3I 00@32 00 Codfish.... 81@ 9# Beef.....00 00@00 00 Butter, \$2 fb.— Country.....30@35 Family....\$10 00@14 00 Goshen47@56 Super 6 00 @ 7 00 Western 00 @00 Fine 6 00 @ 6 25 Cheese, ₩ fb.— GRAIN, \$\partial \text{bushel.} \quad \text{English dairy..15@22} \\ \text{Corn, North.. 1 05@1 10} \quad \text{State...... 20@22} Corn, Eas Co. 0 98@1 04 Lard, # 1b .-Oats. 90@1 00 N. Carolina. 22@25 Peas. 1 05@1 10 Western. 17@21

Rice, rough... 1 40@1 50 ONIONS.

Rice, Carolina. 9@ 101 B bbl...... 0 00@0 00

E. I. rice..... 00 @ 00 SUGAR, # fb.

Glue, # fb... 19 @ 20 Cuba...... 161 @00

Ratified the 1 GUNNY BAGS, ...00 @ 00 Crushed 18@184 GUANO, Peruvian, Porto Rico 00@15 # ton...\$82 50@00 00 A Coffee..... 17@171 Green bogot Liverpool, from store....\$0 00@2 00 Alum, \$\pi\$ bush 50@ 60 Dry......17 @20

IRON, # 1b. English, ass'd 0 @ SOAP, P b. 00 Brown......6@12 SHINGLES, # M. 00 Common....2 50@3 00 American, ref. 0 @ American, sheer.....0 @ Swede.....00 @ 10 Contract.... 4 00@6 00 "IIMBER. # ton, 130 60@135 00 Shipping ... 11 00@12 50 LIQUORS, # gallon. Mill prime. 9 50@10 50 Mill fair 7 00@ 8 00 Brandy-French, 00 00@ 0 00 Mill ord'y.. 5 00@ 6 00 Apple, NC. 0 00@ 0 00 TOBACCO.

Peach ... 0 00@ 0 00 Navy 00@00 Whiskey— Medium ... 00@00 Bourbon. 1 75@ 4 00 Manufactured. 00@00 N. E. Rum 0 00@ 0 00 TALLOW.

LUMBER, RIVER, # M.

Wide bds. \$12,00@15 00 WOOD, # cord

Beantling. . .10 00@12 00 Oak \$0 00@0 00

LATE NEWS.

Memphis ships five hundred barrels of fruit North every day. Chicago is now the great distributing post office for all the American mails for China, Japan, the Sandwich Islands, and the States of the Pacific slope.

The German Society of Chicago for aiding German immigrants has requested the City Council there to erect an immigrant house

One is spoken of which was seven inches in

The gold deposits at the United States Mint Philadelphia, in June, were \$619,087, and the silver \$56,884 in all \$675, 971. The coinage at the same time was \$955,000 of gold, \$47,600 of silver, and \$87,059 of base metal-a total coinage of all kinds of \$1.-089,650. The number of pieces coined during the month was only 1,949,150.

An immense shoal of speckled brook trout appeared in Lake Superior, at Duluth, last week. The members of the Buffalo Concert week. The members of the Buffalo Concert Club, encamped at that place, caught them by the dozens. The fish averaged about half a pound each, though some of them were more than a foot in length.

The New York Tribune, in discussing the Virginia election and answering the question whether the members of the Legislature should be seated without taking the fron clad oath, says: "Most certainly. This has been allowed in other States. Why not in Virginia? Every one should take the oath of fidelity to the Government and the Constitution, but not be required to swear that he never gave aid or comfort to the rebellion. It seemed to us a strange construction of the existing laws which required

Baltimore papers state that the nine o'clock Sunday night Washing'on Express train from New York collided with a locomotive near Havre de Grace, throwing the engine, tender and mail car from the track, wrecking them pretty badly. No person were killed, but two or three were pretty badly injured.

An English paper says it is not at all an uncommon thing for ladies traveling in first-class English railway carriages to cut down and carry away the silk curtains of the windows for the purpose of making aprons of them. So general did the practice become on one line, that all new curtains were made of material that was not dred and seventy-seven, of the Code of Civil worth steeling.

OFFICIAL.

Public Laws of North Carolina.

[Passed at the Session of 1868-'69.]

|No. 154.|

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SEVERAL COUN-TIES OF THE STATE TO TAKE STOCK IN RAILROAD COMPANIES.

[Passed March 29th, 1869.] Section 1. The General Assembly of North

Carolina do enact, That the County Commissioners of the several counties in this State shall have power to subscribe stock to any Railroad Companies, when necessary to aid in the completion of any railroad in which the citizens of the Sec. 2 That the Commissioners of any county

proposing to take stock in any railroad company shall meet and agree upon the amount to be subscribed, and if a majority of the Commssioners shall vote for the proposition, this shall be entered of record, which shall show the amount proposed to be subscribed, to what company, and whether in bonds, money or other property. and whether in bonds, money or other property, and thereupon the Commissioners shall order an election, to be held on a notice of not less than thirty days for the purpose of voting for or against the proposition to subscribe the amount of stock agreed on by the County Commissioners. And if a majority of the qualified voters of

the county shall vote in favor of the proposition, the County Commissioners, through their Chairman, shall have power to subscribe the amount of stock proposed by them, and submitted to the people subject to the rules, regulations and restrictions of other stockholders in such com-pany or companies: Provided, also, That the counties, in the manner aforesaid, shall subscrrbe from time to time such amounts, either in bonds or money, as they may think proper. Sec. 3. That all elections ordered under the second section o; this act shall be held by the sheriff under the laws and regulations provided tor the election of members of the General As-

Sec. 4. In case the county shall subscribe the amount proposed in bonds, the Commissioners shall have power to fix the rate of interest, not | marry any ward in disparagement : to exceed the rate of eight per cent., when the interest on said bonds shall be payable, and at what place, and shall also fix the time and her degree; also to raise by taxation, from year to year, the Code of Civil Procedure; amount necessary to meet the interest on said 6. Where the guardian

shall be collected by the sheriff in like manner as other public taxes, shall be paid into the hands of the County Treasurer, to be used by the chairman of the County Commissioners as directed by this act.
Sec. 6. This act shall be in force from and after

Ratified the 10th day of April, A. D. 1869.

[No. 155.]

AN ACT CONCERNING GUARDIAN AND WARD. The General Assembly of North Carolina do Section 1. Father may appoint Guardian by

Any father, though he be a minor, may, by deed executed in his life time or by his last will and testament in writing, dispose of the custody and tuition of any of his infant children, being unmarried and whether born at his death or in ventre sa mere, for such time as the children may remain under twenty-one years of age, or

for any less time.

Sec. 2. Effect of such disposition. Every such disposition shall be good and effectual against any person claiming the custody and tuition of such child or children. Sec. 3. Guardians by deed or will: their power

Every guardian by deed or will shall have the same powers and rights, and be subject to the same liabilities and regulations as other guar-

Sec. 4. Powers of Courts of Probate.
The Courts of Probate, within their respective Flooring...15 00@17 00 Ash 0 00@0 00 Flooring—Mill— Pine...... 0 00@0 00 Ime, to take cognizance of all matters concerning orphans and their estates and to appoint guardians in all cases, except where otherwise prescribed by law.

Sec. 5. Tutor of the person and guardian of Instead of granting the general guardianship to one person, the Court of Probate may commit the tuition and custody of the orphan to one,

cation to do so. Sec. 6. Yearly sums for support and educa-

German immigrants has requested the City
Council there to erect an immigrant house
capable of accommodating about 1,000 persons.

A Russian paper says that the consump-A Russian paper says that the consump- may, upon application and satisfactory proof tion of alcholic drinks in the Empire has made, be reduced or enlarged,, or otherwise increased since 1863 by 101 per cent. The number of persons who died from drunken- the kind and value of his estate may require.

number of persons who died from drunkenness in Russia last year was 2,748.

The abundance of the wheat crop in Virginia has already brought down the price of flour in that State, and it is thought that the best quality of the staff of life will soon be sold at \$5 and \$6 per barrel.

Lames Stand the son of the United States James Stapp, the son of the United States commissions may be allowed to either, though tax collector, General Milton Stapp, was person on his disbursements only.

murdered on June 11 at Goliad, Texas. His body was found on Sunday perforated by eleven bullets. No clue to the murderers.

Near Cheyenne has been discovered an immense tract of land covered with mushrooms of extraordinary size and delicious flavor.

One is spoken of which was seven inches in diameter, with a stem two inches thick, and piration of that time, then to the other parent; and so alternately.

Sec. 30. Liability

In cases provided for by the last section, where such child is entitled to any estate, the Court granting the divorce must certify that fact to the Court of Probate, to the end that the Judge thereof may appoint a fit and proper person to take the care and management of such estate, whose powers and duties shall be the

Sec. 10. Guardian of the estate, where the father is alive. The Courts of Probate may appoint a guardian of the estate of any minor, although the father of such minor be living. And the guar dian so appointed shall be governed in all respects by the laws relative to guardians of the estate in other cases, but shall have no authority over the person of such minor.

Sec. 11. Bond. Every quardian of the estate, before letters of appoinment are issued to him, must give a bond payable to the State, with two or more sufficient sureties, to be acknowledged before and approved by the Probate Judge, and to be jointly and severally bound. The penalty in such bond must be double, at least, the value of all proper, real and personal, of the infant; which value is to be ascertained by the Probate Judge by the examination, on oath, of the applicant for guardianship, or of any other person. The bond must be conditioned that such guardian shall faithfully execute the trust reposed in him as such, and obey all lawful orders of the Probate or other Court, touching the guardianship of the estate committed to him.

Sec. 12. Action on bond. The bond so taken shall be recorded in the Court of Probate; and any person injured by a breach of the condition thereot, may prosecute hands of any guardian residing in this State, or practice in office, he shall be removed from office, a suit thereon, as in other actions under the Code of Civil Procedure.

Sec. 13. When wards have property in com mon; one bond. When the same person is appointed guardian to two or more minors, possessed of an estate in common, the Probate Court may take one bond only in such case, upon which each of the

minors may have a separate action. Sec. 14. Return within three months. Every guardian, within three months after his appointment, shall exhibit ani account, supon oath, of the estate of his ward, as prescribed in title nineteen, chapter eleven, section four hun authenticated, and must prove to the Court that

In case of default to exhibit the return re-

Sec. 15. Compelling return.

quired by the last section, the Judge of Probate must issue an order requiring the guardian to file such return forthwith, or show cause why an atmust issue an order requiring the guardian to file such return forthwith, or show cause why an attachment should not issue against him. If after one (61) of the Code of Civil Procedure. due service of the order the guardian does not, on the return day of the order, file such return, or obtain further time to file the same, the Judge of Probate shall issue an attachment against him, and commit him to the common jail of the county until he files such return. (Revised Code section twelve, chapter fifty-four.)

Sec. 16. New assets. Whenever further property of any kind, not included in any previous return, comes to the hands or knowledge of the guardian, he must cause the same to be returned as directed in section fourteen, within three months after the pos-session or discocery thereof; and the making of such return of new assets, from time to time, may be enforced in the same manner as prescribed in the last section.

Sec. 17. Annual account. Every guardian shall annually exhibit his account in the Court of Probate as prescribed in title nineteen, chapter eleven, section four hundred and seventy eight of the Code of C vil Pro-cedure, under the penalty enjoined in section four hundred and seventy nine.

Sec. 18. Renewal of bond. Every guardian shall renew his bond in the Court of Probate every three years, during the continuance of the guardianship. Sec. 19. Guardian failing to renew.

The Judge of Probate shall issue a citation against every guardian failing to renew his bonds as directed in the last section, requiring such guardian to renew his bond within twenty days after service of the citation; and on return of the citation duly served and failure of the guardian to comply therewith, the Court of Probate shall remove him and appoint a successor. Sec. 20. Power and duty of Probate Courts

over guardians abusing their trust. The Courts of Probate shall have power, on information or complaint made, at all times to remove gua dians and appoint successors, to make and establish rules for the better ordering, it not been sold, until it be reconverted from the managing and securing infant's estates, and for the better education and maintenance of wards; and it shall be their duty to do so in the follow-

ing cases: 1. Where the guardian wastes or converts the sembly, the votes shall be compared by the County Commissioners, who shall make a record | money or estate of the ward to his own use: 2. Where the guardian in any manner mismanages the estate;

3. Where the guardian is about or intends to 4. Where the gnardian neglects to educate or maintain the ward in a manner suitable to his or

places of paying the interest, and shall also de-termine the mode and manner of the same; and to act under section four hundred and fifty-seven, 6. Where the guardian or his surcties are

likely to become insolvent, or non-residents of Sec. 5. The taxes authorized by this act, to be raised for the payment of interest or principal, Sec. 21. Action to be brought by Solicitor;

person is appointed to succeed in the guardian-ship, the Judge of the Probate shall certify the name of such gardian and his sureties to the so-licitor of the Judicial District, who shall forthwith institute an action on the bond of the guardian in the Suprrior Court, for securing the es- how relieved.

Any surety

to appoint some discreet person as a receiver to take possession of the ward's estate, to collect all monies due to him, to secure, loan, invest or apply the same for the benefit and advantage of the ward, under the direction and subject to the summons. If, upon the hearing, the Judge of Probate deem the surety entitled to such rules and orders in every respect as the said Judge may from time to time make in regard thereto; and the accounts of such receiver shall be returned, audited and settled as the such receiver the same may be granted by compelling the guardian to give a new bond, or to indemnify the surety against apprehended loss, or by the removal of the guardian from his trust, Judge may direct. The receiver shall be allowed such amounts for his time, trouble and responsibility, as seem to the Judge reasonable and proper; and such receivership may be continued until a suitable person can be procured to take the guardian fail to give a new bond or security to indemnify, when required to do so within reasonable time, the Judge of Probate must enter a peremptory order for his removal, and his authority as guardian shall thereupon case.

Sec. 23. Compensation for Solicitor.

The Solicitor shall prosecute the action directed to be brought in section twenty-one (21) and take all necessary orders therein, and for his services shall be allowed such reasonable compensation as may be just. Sec. 24. Property, how obtained from receiv-

When another guardian is appointed, he may apply by motion, on notice, to the Superior Court for an order upon the receiver to pay over all the money, estate and effect of the ward; and if no such guardian is appointed, then the ward, on coming of age, or in case of his death, his executor, administrator or collector shall have

use of the ward of all his estate, and may bring all necessary actions therefor.

Sec. 26. Sale of perishable property.

accept the resignation of the guardian at charge him from the trust. But the guar discharged and his sureties, are still liable.

Sec. 26. Sale of perishable property.

Every guardian shall sell, by order of the Court of Probate, all such goods and chattles of fore the resignation.

All sales and rentings shall be made and conducted by guardians in the same manner, upon like terms and notice, and under the same rules and regulations and the same penalties as pre-scribed for sales made by executors, administrators and collectors.

Sec. 28. Guardian may lease; when. The guardian may lease the lands of an infant how secured. for a term not exceeding the end of the current whenever an orphan, having any estate, is pre-year in which the infant shall come of age, or sented by a grand jury, for whom no suitable die in non-age. But no guardian, without leave of the Court of Probate, shall lease any land of his ward without impeachment of waste, or for | Solicitor of the State for the Judicial District,

When the profits of any ward's estate is more | and managed as directed in section two than sufficient to maintain and educate him, the guardian shall lend the surplus upon bond, with sufficient security, to be repaid with interest annually, and all the bonds, notes or other obligations which he shall take as guardian, shall bear compound interest, for which he must account, and he may assign the same to the ward on set-

solvent, on pain himself of being liable for the

Sec. 31. Guardian may invest in State bonds. Guardians may invest the surplus funds of their wards in bonds or certificates of debt of this State, or in any secureties for the payment whereof the State is responsible, now or hereafter to be issued; and in all settlements they shall be deemed cash, and may be paid as such by transfer thereof to the person entitled.

Sec. 32. Guardian liable for lands forfeited for If any guardian suffer his ward's lands to lapse or become forfeited or he sold for non-payment of taxes or other dues he shall be liable to answer for the full value thereof to his ward.

Sec. 33. When guardian may sell timber. In case the land cannot be rented for enough to pay the taxes and other dues thereof, and there is not money sufficient for that purpose, the guardian, with the consent of the Court of Probate, may annually dispose of, or use so much of the light wood, and box or rent so many pine trees, or sell so much of the timber on the same, as may raise enough to pay the taxes and other dues thereon and no more.

Sec. 34. Plate to be kept. All plate shall be preserved and delivered to the ward at age, in kind, according to weight

Sec. 35. Foreign guardian may have ward's estate removed, how. Where any ward residing in another State is entitled to any personal estate in this State, or

personal property substituted for realty by decrec of Court, or to any money arising from the sale of real estate, whether the same be in the of any ex cutor, administrator or other person holding for the ward, or if the same (not being adversely held and claimed) be not in the lawful possession or control of any person, the guardian of the ward, duly appointed at the place

The petitioner must show to the Court a copy of his appointment as guardian and bond duly the bond is sufficient as well in the ability of the its ratification.

secure all the estate of the ward wherever situa-

Sec. 37. Who may be defendants. Sec. 38. Power of Court.

The petition shall be proceeded on as prescribed in other cases of Special proceedings, and every necessary decree made, to the end that the guardian may obtain possession of all the estate of the ward in case the judge shall order such re-

Sec. 39. Estates of wards seld; when.
On application of the guardian by petition, verified upon oath, to the superior Court, showing that the interest of the ward would be materially and essentially promoted by the sale of any part of his estate, real or personal, the pro-ceeding shall be conducted as in other cases of special proceedings, and the truth of the matter alleged in the petition being ascertained by satisfactory proof, a decree may thereupon be made that a sale be had by such person, in such way and on such terms as may be most advantageous to the interest of the ward; but no sale shall be made until ordered by the Judge of the Court, made until ordered by the Judge di the Court, nor shall the same be valid. nor any conveyance or title made, unless confirmed and directed by the judge, and the proceeds of the sale shall be exclusively applied and secured to such purposes and on such trusts as the judge shall specify.

Sec. 40. Property substituted for that sold, its

·Whenever, in consequence of any sale under the preceeding section, the real or personal property of the ward is saved from demands to which in the first instance he may be liable, the final decree shall declare and set apart a portion of the personal or real estate thus saved, or value equal to the real and personal estate sold, as property exchanged for that sold; and in all such cases of sale, whereby real is substituted by personal, or personal by real property, the beneficial interest in the property acquired shall be enjoyed, alienated, devised or bequeated, and shall descend and the distributed as by law the character thus impressed upon it by some act of the owner, and restored to its character proper. Sec. 41. When ward indebted, how property

When a guardian has notice of a debt or de-mand against the estate of his ward, he may apply by petition, setting forth the facts, to the Court of Probate wherein the guardianship was granted, for an order to sell so much of the personal or real estate as may be sufficient to dis-charge such debt or demand; and the order of the court shall particularly specify what property is to be sold and the terms of sale; but no real estate shall be sold under this section, in any case, without the revision and confirmation of the order therefor by the judge of the Superior

Sec. 42. Proceeds to be applied, how. The proceeds of sale under the last section shall be considered as assets in the hands of the guardian for the benefit of creditors, in like man-Whenever any guardian is removed, and no ner as assets in the hands of a personal repre-

Sec. 43. Sureties of guardian in danger of loss, Any surety of a guardian, who is in danger of sustaining loss by his suretyship, may file his Sec. 22. Receiver to be appointed.

The Judge of the Superior Court, before whom such action is brought, shall have power guardianship was granted, setting forth the circumstances of his case, and demanding relief.

> Section 44. Interlocutory order pending contro-In all cases where the letters of a guardian are revoked, the Judge of Probate may from time to time, pending any controversy in respect to such removal, make such interlocutory orders and decrees as will tend to the better securing the estate of the ward, or other party seeking relief

Sec. 45. Guardian may resign, when.

Any guardian, wishing to resign his trust, may apply in writting to the Court of Probate, setting forth the circumstances of his case. If, at the time of making the application, he also exhibits his final account for settlement, and if the Indge of Probate, is satisfied, that the guardian the like remedy against the receiver.

Sec. 25. Guardian to take charge of Ward's estate.

Every guardian shall take possession, for the Every guardian shall take possession, for the guardianship, the Jadge of Probate may

lation to all matters connected with the tr Court of Probate, all such goods and chattles of his ward as may be liable to perish or be the worse for keeping Every such order shall be entered in the Order Record of the Court of Probate, and must contain a descriptive list of the property to be sold, with the terms of sale.

Sec. 27. Sales and rentings, how made. ployment. They shall further enquire of all abuses, mismanagement and neglect of such guardians as are appointed by the Court of Probate. The Judge of Probate shall, at each regular term of the Superior Court, lay before the grand jury a list of all the guardians acting in his County or appointed by him.

Sec. 47. Estates of orphans without guardians, how secured

person will become guardian, the Judge of Pro-bate must give notice thereof forthwith to the his ward without impeachment of waste, or for a term of more than three years, unless at a rent not less than three per centum on assessed taxable value of the land.

Sec. 29. Compound interest.

Solicitor of the State of the Sudicial District, who shall apply in behalf of the orphan to the Judge of the Superior Court of the County where such presentment was made, to the end that the estate of such orphan may be

(22) of this chapter. Sec. 48. Fees and costs in certain whom paid.

All fees and costs of the Court of Pro-issuing orders, citations, summons or other pro-cess against guardians for their supposed de-faults shall be paid by the party found in default. Sec. 49. Guardians allowed disbursements. Sec. 30. Liability of guardian for debts.

Every guardian may charge in his annual account all reasonable disbursements and expenses; and if it appear that he hath really and bona fide obligations or moneys due his ward when any disbursed more in one year than the profits of debtor or his sureties are likely to become in- | the ward's estate, for his education and maintenance, the guardian shall be allowed and paid for the same out of the profits of the estate in any other year; but such disbursements must, in all cases, be suitable to the degree and cir-

cumstances of the estate of the ward. Sec. 50. Commissions. The Court of Probate shall allow commissions to the guardian for his time and trouble in the management of the ward's estate, in the same manner and under the sume rules and restrictions, as allowances are made to executors, ad-

ministrators and collectors.

If any Judge of Probate shall commit an infant's estate to the charge or guardianship of any person without taking good and sufficient security for the same as directed by law, such Judge of Probate shall be liable, on his official bond as Clerk of the Superior Court, at the suit of the party aggrieved, for all loss and damages sustained for the want of such security being taken; but if the sureties were good at the time of their being accepted, the Probate Judge shall not be liable.

Sec. 52. Liability for other defaults. If any Judge of Probate shall wilfully or negligently, do, or omit to do, any other act prohibited, or other duty imposed on him by law, by which act or omission the estate of any ward suffers damage, he shall be liable therefor as is in the preceding section directed.

Sec. 53. Punishment on conviction of infamous crime, &c. Upon the conviction of any Judge of Probate of an infamous crime, of corruption and maland he shall be-disqualified from holding or en-

joying any office of honor, trust or profit under this State. Sec. 54. Guardians heretofore appointed.
All guardians heretofore appointed by the late where such ward resides, inay apply to have County or Superior Courts, or Courts of Equity such estate removed to the residence of the ward and now acting, shall be deemed and taken as J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., by petition filed in the Superior Court of the county in which the property or some portion thereof is situated.

Sec. 36. What petitioner must show.

and now acting, shall be decided and taken as fully within the provisions of this chapter, and bf chapters ten and eleven, Title XIX, of the Code of Civil Procedure, as if they were or had been appointed by the Courts of Probate.

Sec. 55. Repeal and ratification. Chapter fifty-four of the Revised Code is hereby repealed, and this act shall take effect from sureties as in the sum mentioned therein, to | Ratified the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869.

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Sec. 51. Liability of Judges of Probate; securi- FORMULA AROUND EACH BOTTLE

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