The Wilmington Post.

VOLUME XI. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, FEB. 22, 1880. Single Copies 5 Cents NUMBER 7

WILMINGTON POST

[ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT WILMINGTON, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.]

Gov. Jarvis has decided to call an extra session of the Legislature to convene in Raleigh on Monday, the 15th day of March next, to consider the proposition of Mr. Best.

The *Journal of Industry* suggests that the next colored industrial exhibition be a consolidation of Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

The N. Y. *Times*, which constantly attacks the best men in the Republican party, when they don't happen to agree with it, terms the Republicans of the south "rotten boroughs." The *Times* no longer has any reputation for judgement and nobody of any confidence in its opinion. It has become the Ishmaelite of American journalism.

WHY DEMOCRATS WANT GRANT NOMINATED.

The following is from a Democratic paper, and Gen. Bragg is a Democratic Congressman:

Gen. Bragg, the Wisconsin Congressman, says that the Germans of that state are positive and uncompromising in their opposition to Grant, and should the ex-President be nominated for a third term he has no doubt that the electoral vote of Wisconsin will be cast for the Democratic candidate.

HOW THE TREASURY OFFICES OF NORTH CAROLINA STAND.

So much has been said about the election of a Sherman delegation from North Carolina which is now generally conceded, that we have taken pains to examine into the political preferences of such officeholders as are connected with the Treasury Department interests, and we do not find that preponderance of Treasury officials working in harmony with the friends of Mr. Sherman that he is charged with.

There are four Customs collection districts, the officials of which stand as follows: The Collectors of the ports of Edenton, Newberne, Beaufort and Wilmington, are for the Secretary. Of the subordinates employed at these ports 16 are for and 4 against.

There are four Internal Revenue districts, one of the Collectors is for and three against. Of the subordinates in these districts out of 379 Deputy Collectors, Storekeepers, Gaugers and other employees about 250 are for Mr. Sherman and the remainder against.

The Civil Service rules are evidently not intended to apply to the opponents of the nomination of Mr. Sherman as is evidenced by their persistent efforts to accomplish his defeat. On the other hand the outspoken voice of forty-one friends of the Secretary appears to bring the government to the verge of distress.

This statement gives the facts as to the pressure of the Secretary on his subordinates to influence their action and shows that the Republican masses of the state are the occasion for the popularity of Mr. Sherman.

THE TIMBER TRADE—A SUICIDAL POLICY ON THE PART OF THE MILL OWNERS.

We are reliably informed that the lumber buyers have been in communication with parties in the city with a view to the purchase of timber, or an interest in the ownership of some of the mills of Wilmington. In other words, the good people of Cumberland county, who are at most one of its citizens, in whom they have full confidence, should act as their agent in Wilmington, to dispose of the timber from that section, our worthy mill owners of chivalry will not allow it, or they will refuse to buy from them.

Mr. H. L. Hall, a gentleman of unquestionable character and business standing, in Cumberland county, came down last winter and sold his friends lumber. The mill owners all speak of him as a gentleman of the very highest standing, but they refused to purchase lumber from him this season, from the fact, it is said, that he is not a citizen of Wilmington.

Mr. D. H. Ortney, of Sampson county, came down here for the purpose of acting for his neighbors. Messrs. R. E. McIvine and Alex. McDonald, of Bladen county, moved to this city for the purpose of dealing in timber, but the mill owners have decided that this is not a free country, or in other words, they say that if the citizens, the timber owners, assign their timber to these gentlemen, that they, the mill owners, will not purchase it.

The country people very naturally believe that this combination of the mill men and timber brokers, is for the purpose of keeping down the price of lumber, and they feel very indignant at it.

We shall have more to say concerning this matter, as we feel very confident that such conduct is bound to injure Wilmington. Instead of restricting the producer in selling his products, every facility should be rendered him to sell according to his own wishes, and not force him in a channel that is bound to create dissatisfaction. We shall always be found on the side of the producer against combinations of every description and character.

A DESERVED PROMOTION.

We clip the following extract published below, from the *People's Advocate*, an influential colored paper published at Washington, D. C. We do so for the purpose of giving our hearty indorsement of all that is said of Mr. Minton, who is a young gentleman of very high character from our sister state, South Carolina.

We were pleased to learn that Mr. T. J. Minton, of South Carolina, has just been promoted to a third class clerkship in the First Comptroller's office of the Treasury. The promotion was obtained by a competitive examination, in which Mr. Minton was the most successful competitor. Six second class clerks entered the examination, all of whom were in the office longer than Mr. Minton, and had, therefore, the advantage of greater experience, and all of whom were white except Mr. Minton. He is the only colored clerk among the forty in the First Comptroller's office. This examination is especially creditable to Mr. Minton, as it is the third promotion he has won by his superior merits and qualifications during the eighteen months he has been in the Treasury. The promotion is also remarkable from the fact that there are but three colored third class clerks in the various government departments here, among the entire six thousand. The other two being the Rev. Wm. Warning and J. W. Cromwell in the Sixth Auditor's office, who also obtained their promotion by being successful in competitive examinations six years ago. It also reflects credit upon Secretary Sherman, who has shown his determination to reward merit and ability with out regard to color, instead of influence, as has been too frequently the case hitherto, and is still in some of the departments of the Government. Indeed, the Secretary of the Treasury has appointed more colored men to positions than all the departments combined, and has been just and impartial in giving them opportunities of obtaining promotions by competitive examinations.

LET THE MERCHANTS BE Aroused to their Interest, and See that the Country People Have Justice.

The mill owners claim, so we are informed, that the combination they have formed with the city timber brokers, will result beneficially to the timber getters. The country people of course deny it, and demand an open, free market, where everybody can sell to suit themselves. They say they don't want the guardianship of the timber buyers. All they desire is fair play. And that, they say, is impossible to get under the present "ring."

Wilmington is losing trade every day, on account of the proscription of our people. Rings, brokers, inspectors, weighers, and gangers, wharfage commissions, storage, freights, etc., have got to be so tremendous, that the country people say it nearly eats up everything they send to this market for sale. We admit that these charges are severe, and it is our duty to speak of them; to warn our people of the result that will unquestionable follow such a policy.

Cotton goes now to Goldsboro, 80 miles from tide water, and to Fayetteville, 115 in 85 miles of Wilmington. The country people claim that they are driven to this policy from the extortionate charges of the Wilmington commission merchants, brokers and buyers. If these complaints are not true, we hope to see our people set right. If they are, which we are inclined to believe, on account of the character of the gentlemen making them, then such outrageous and wholesale extortion should be put an end too. A person sending cotton and living in the country, should be able to sell it in Wilmington as easily and as cheaply as it possibly can at any other place. He should be incouraged to come to Wilmington and sell his own produce. In that case nine times out of ten he will spend the most of his sales right here among our own merchants. Will those interested look after this matter? If they do not, Wilmington in ten years will not have as many inhabitants as our little sister town of Smithville.

Flemington News.

FLEMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 20, 1880.

EDITOR POST:

Between the 1st of December and the 1st of February last, at least three thousand colored men were carried south to work. Now they are coming back home in small squads, and they all say, that if God will bless them to get home, they will remain in the Old North State ever afterwards.

The measels, chicken-pox and hooping-cough, is raging at Whiteville.

Harry Falk was struck by a falling limb on Monday last, and died Tuesday. He was a member, in good standing, of Rising Hope Lodge, No. 1,860, of G. U. of O. F., and was buried by his Lodge.

Very respectfully,
HENRY MCDOWELL.

DISHONEST COMBINATION EXPOSED.

We publish the circular below with pleasure, as the person whose name is signed to it are well known to be reliable. The gentlemens names signed to the note, to the Editor, are among our very best and most substantial business men, therefore, our country friends can rely strictly on what they say.

It is evident from the facts stated in the circular, that there is a combination in New Orleans, for the purpose of manipulating the pea trade of that city to their own advantage, regardless of truth and honesty; and as the rascally manner of their dealings have at last been exposed, the shipment of peas from this section to that city will be stopped until the business is conducted by honest dealers:

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 18, 1880.

EDITOR POST:

Will you please publish the following card. We wish the public informed as to the facts mentioned in said card.

Respectfully,
W. P. OLDHAM & CO.,
B. F. MITCHELL & SON,
KENAN & FORSHER,
J. I. METTS & CO.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

We desire to direct attention to certain irregularities practiced by the New Orleans Cow Pea Ring, which is composed of commission merchants who have organized themselves into a club for the purpose of controlling the cow pea trade on their own terms. Their mode of getting consignments is by scattering broadcast over the country, circulars, holding out the greatest inducements to shippers. When consignments have been made the sales in scarcely any instance ever reach half the prices quoted. Their classifications are of such a nature that it is impossible for any peas to reach their standard.

In the summer of 1878, Messrs. B. F. Mitchell & Son shipped a car load of about 100 bushels peas, when quotations ranged from $1.75 to $2 per bushel, for which peas they never received one cent, nor even an account of sales. Messrs. W. P. Oldham & Co., the same year shipped to other parties some 1,600 bushels peas. Their loss was over $700—while circular quotations ranged from $1.50 to $2 per bushel, sales were made at $1.02½ and $1.10 per bushel. On account of said sales, Messrs. W. P. Oldham & Co., made complaints and were informed that if they were dissatisfied with sales rendered, and would remit the exchange, they would turn over the peas sold. Messrs. W. P. Oldham & Co., accepted the proposition by wire, whereupon Mr. W. P. Oldham went to New Orleans in person, found the parties unable to comply or make good their proposition, and returned in disgust.

Messrs. Kenan & Forsher shipped the same year, to other parties, two car loads on a telegram quoting peas at $2.50 per bushel, and the best other they could get after arrival in New Orleans was 50 cents per bushel. They ordered the peas re-shipped to Wilmington, N. C., thereby paying freight both ways.

Capt. J. I. Metts, same year shipped several hundred bushels of peas on quotations at $2.50 per bushel, which peas, on arrival, were sold at about 60 cents per bushel.

In April, 1879, Messrs. W. P. Oldham & Co., shipped to New Orleans, to other parties, about 1,000 bushels peas. Said peys remained on the market from April to the first June. During that time quotations ranged from $1.50 to $1.75 per bushel. On the 10th of June, on account of peas not being sold, they turned them over to another party, who had told them they would have no trouble in getting over $1.50 per bushel for said peas, which parties an taking charge of peys, refused to reply to Messrs. W. P. Oldham & Co.'s repeated letters and telegrams, and nothing was heard from them until the season had passed for selling peas, when they were notified that the peas had been held over for another season.

We find the Ring, with the same leaders, sending circulars again over the lands preparing for the season of 1880.

Now, if you will be already to make no consignment to parties composing this Ring, first your pea to by sample at your own doors for the next twelve months. By this means you may break up this unwritten combination, and the planter get the value for his peas. If the sugar planters get the benefit of the low prices as well as classifications, we would withhold all suggestions.

Should you wish to know the particulars of the facts mentioned, write to either of the parties named from this city. If you would benefit your neighbor give him the information we have given you, or read the circular.

Respectfully,
R. H. PICKRIGH,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 11, 1879.

A Georgia farmer bought a grand piano for his daughter. His house is small, and to communicate from the lower part of the partition between the kitchen and the parlor was cut out and the long end of the piano stuck through. Priscilla now sits at the keyboard singing, "Who will care for mother now?" and the mother rocks out doughnuts on the other end of the piano in the kitchen.

An English physician says mosquito bites "drain the blood of its bad humors." But on them, on the other hand, they put a man in a bad humor, so we can't see the advantage of encouraging the insects to bite.

A Peoria paper says "A child was run over by a wagon three years ago, and crawled with paralysis on which it never spoke afterwards."

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. 1y

$20 IN GOLD.

We will pay TWENTY DOLLARS IN GOLD to any person who sends us the LARGEST NUMBER of PAYING SUBSCRIBERS up to the 15th day of January, 1880.

EDITOR POST.

THE CONVENTION OF THE REPUBLICANS OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WILL MEET IN THE CITY OF RALEIGH, ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY, 1880, FOR THE PURPOSE OF NOMINATING TWO ELECTORS AT-LARGE, AND STATE OFFICERS.

BY ORDER OF STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Combinations are wrong.

The street car track has been entirely removed by its owner.

Nutt Street near the C. C. Railway Depot has been repaired.

The Steam Saw Mill of Mr. A. T. Wilson is now complete and is working.

Three interments in Oakdale this week, two children and one adult.

No interments in Bellevue Cemetery this week.

Wilmington has contributed $925 to the Irish sufferers.

The Political "Ring" has been at last busted. Now the Timber Ring should be.

Combinations, Cliques and Rings are curses to the people, let them be discontinued for the purpose of politics or timber.

It is the intrinsic merit alone, of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, that has gained for it great popularity.

Capt. Frank Barr has been ordered away to another station, and 1st Lieut. F. M. Munger left in command of the Rev. Steamer Colfax.

The Political Ring that controled the Republican party for so many years has at last been killed, now let the people swear to never submit to another.

The Register of Deeds has issued six marriage licenses during the week, three of which were for white and three for colored couples.

There was only one interment in Pine Forest Cemetery (colored)—that of a child.

At a dinner party in Green county the aggregate weight of five of the guests was 1,572 pounds. Wilmington was represented.

Mr. Reuben Grant, who was a very old resident of this city died at his home on Sunday evening. His remains were interred at Wrightsville Sound.

A small one story frame house was burned at Smithville on Friday. It was said to have belonged to Chas. Hodges of this city.

A meeting of the directors of the W. C. & A. R. R., for the election of officers will be held in Baltimore tomorrow.

It is said Maria Hall is dissatisfied with the verdict of manslaughter and that she would prefer hanging to a long term in the penitentary.

The old Brocket tomb on the Newberne road about eight miles from this city was broken into about three weeks ago by money diggers. The bones of the old man were left by them in the road.

The coastwise trade from the northern counties, has opened very lively. A very large number of vessels arrived last week loaded with corn, and sold at very fair prices.

The watchman at Mr. John A. Sanderers farm, near this city, fired at some thieves a few nights ago, but the thieves wheeled on the watchman and fired at him. It is thought one of the thieves was wounded.

Spl. Agt. Maj. Chamberlin is again in the city after a weeks absence in the adjoining counties, where he has done some good work in the interest of the mail service. We caution mail depredators to beware for the Major will light down upon them when they least expect it.

Maria Hall and John Grady who have been convicted of manslaughter, have not yet been sentanced. Court adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning, when the prisoners will be carried before His Honor Judge Mears and sentenced.

Mr. Henry E. Cuney, of Texas, who is a clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington, was in our city yesterday, going south on an electioneering expedition for Mr. Jas. G. Blaine. Will the New York *Times* publish this to show the way in which Mr. Sherman compels all of his employees to support him for the Presidency.

Capt. W. A. Cunming's, we are glad to inform our country timber friends, is entirely opposed to all combinations, and desires to see an open, free market to all, so they can sell their timber unmolested. We believe it due to the Captain, to state the above, for it is a matter greatly to his credit, that he has the courage to do right against such a very strong combination as the one refured to in another article.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.—The draymen of the city will have a parade to-morrow, Monday, and Col. Geo. L. Mabson will deliver the address. This celebration is in honor of Washington's birthday. A very large crowd is expected. The draymen should be encouraged in every way possible. We hope they will be given the day by their employers. We suppose Colonel Mabson will have his little hatchet in his pocket.

DON'T COME TO WILMINGTON.—There are a great many persons from other sections of the State coming to this city, for employment, and they uniformly fail. We will state for the information of parties who are contemplating coming to this city seeking work, that there is now here about 200 whites and 500 colored men out of employment already. Therefore, others had better save their money by remaining at home.

FIRE.—The dwellings of Mr. John Kent Brown, Geo. H. Kelly and Thos. O. Bunting were consumed by fire on Tuesday morning. The fire originated in the kitchen on Mr. Browns residence. Mr. Brown had an insurance on his house which will cover the loss, but he lost heavily of furniture, silver, &c. Mr. Kelly was insured, but his loss will amount to $500 over and above the insurance. There was no insurance upon the dwelling occupied by Mr. Bunting and his loss is very heavy.

Mr. S. W. Dunham, one of our oldest and most respected citizens, who has been carrying on the timber business in this city for 43 years, was rubed out of the trade the other day, on account of the fact that he associated himself with Mr. R. P. McIvire of Bladen county. They dissolved copartnership, and Mr. Durham employed Mr. McIvine as his clerk, and yet the timber ring refused to purchase from him.

Such conduct needs no further remarks at our hands. The very statement of the facts in the matter shows to what extremes the "timber ring" are carrying their power and high handed policy.

Messrs. Samuel F. Carrow and Freeman John, were elected on the 11th inst., by the Republicans of the First Congressional District, as delegates to the National Convention at Chicago. Dr. John is editor of the Colored one of the very best Republican papers in the state, and Col. Carrow is one of the leading Republicans of the state during the war, and since, for many years he was U. S. Marshal for North Carolina, and it is well known that the victory the Republicans won by the election of 1872, was due more to Sam Carrow than any other man in the state. We congratulate the people of the First District on the election of two such able, energetic and faithful Republicans to represent them at Chicago. We have no doubt the balance of the state will [illegible]

WHO SHALL SING FOR THE CHILDREN.—Yes, and play for them, that matter, but how it does seem to keep them in music. So it does, [illegible] pay thirty to fifty cents per [illegible] music when by a change of [illegible] tenth the sum by subscribing [illegible] SOUTHERN MUSICAL JOURNAL, which costs only $1.25 yearly, and brings [illegible] every month One Dollar's worth of Music, Vocal and Instrumental, and the best that is published. In addition to this, the publishers give every subscriber as a Premium, One Dollar's worth of Sheet Music of their own selection. Remit $1.25 and you can get the Journal for a whole year and $1.00 worth of any music you want. A specimen copy will be sent for ten cents in postage stamps. Address, [illegible] ers, LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.—We are very much gratified at the progress the above institution of learning is making under the very excellent management of the Rev. Dr. T. H. Pritchard. We are informed that the building has had many needed additions, and that up to Feb. 17th, there has been for this session, 167 matriculates.

A SHARPER CAUGHT.—Some time since H. McL. Green, Esq., of this city, sent a draft on First National Bank of this city to Mr. G. Grice of Clinton, N. C., in settlement of an account. The letter containing the draft reached the Post Office at Clinton, but the party to whom it was addressed failed to receive it. Subsequently it was ascertained that the draft had been paid on a forged indorsement. Upon further enquiry it was learned that the letter had been taken from the Clinton office by one Samuel Green—who claimed that it was intended for him—although addressed to another. It appearing that there was something crooked in the transaction, Col. Brink, Postmaster, was informed of the matter, and on the arrival of Maj G. B. Chamberlin, Spl. Agt. of the Post Office Department turned the case over to him for investigation.

Spl. Agt. Chamberlin took the matter in hand and after giving the affair a thorough sifting, placed a warrant in the hands of U. S. Deputy Marshal Kline for the arrest of Samuel Green, the party who obtained the letter from the P. O. and embezzled the contents. On yesterday Spl. Agt. Maj. Chamberlin, accompanied by Dept. Marshal Kline, proceeded to Clinton and apprehended Green the offender, who was this morning brought to this city and lodged in jail. A hearing of the case will be had before U. S. Commissioner McQuigg next week.

We publish below, a personal letter from a friend from North Carolina, now in Washington. The letter was not intended for publication, but it shows up the doings of the Democratic Congress so plainly, that we lay it before our readers for their information, and we hope the author will pardon us for publishing it without his consent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21, 1880.

MY KIND SIR:

If I have ever allowed my sentiments, politically, to run in a Democratic channel, they certainly have been turned in the opposite direction since I have been here in Washington. When Congress was in the hands of the Republican party, there arose a great cry from the Democratic hosts against Nepotism, and now since the wires of government are in the hands of the latter party, the very men who bellowed loudest against this favoritism, are the very first to secure comfortable positions for "their sisters, their cousins and their aunts," and with more truth than poetry, I may add, "their sons," for, indeed, the latter are the ones most favored. The fashion is for every Congressman, who is chairman of a committee, to give the cream of the same to his son, and if, unfortunately, he does not posses this interesting appendage, he bestows it upon a nephew, at any rate it never leaves the family. Vance has his son to draw a monthly allowance for sitting in the committee room of Enrolled Bills, and chatting with the visiting constituents of the "old man," read newspapers, novels, etc., [illegible] work, for there is none to [illegible] turn has a second edition [illegible] as clerk of a committee [illegible] and by-the-bye, it [illegible] amorous, were it to [illegible] its regulation, as the [illegible] same wouldn't know [illegible] and perhaps in consideration thereof, the obliging "committee men" would move an adjournment before attempting to order. It would be utterly impossible for me to enumerate [illegible] "sons" who hold heavy [illegible] positions here under the influence of their respective "dads," but there is one thing which should be made public, and which is known but to a very few here in Washington, and that [illegible] Democratic Senator, I will not mention his name, has a son, clerk [illegible] committee of the "never meet" persuasion, and with the salary he draws for his services, (in a horn) on [illegible] committee, he defrays his expenses at one of the colleges in the district. You have to admire the feeling [illegible] against this political iniquity Nepotism, and if anything should defeat [illegible] next time, that certainly [illegible] so city disappointed in [illegible] life, as I am with Matt [illegible] Honorable Senator from North Carolina. And the people [illegible] state that he pretends to represent, have the most mistaken views of his ability and his prominence in the Senate. I have heard him make ONE speech, and that was on the passage of the bill abolishing the appointment of the Fraudus Investigating Committee, and he did that to try to get on the committee, while Vance kept quiet and got the place I have so much wanted. Because he didn't get it, he seems to be [illegible] with Voorhees because he [illegible] the resolution for the appointment of the committee. Speaking with him the day after the debate, he said to a gentleman (Mr. Voorhees had [illegible] to make any such remarks [illegible] A true case of "sour grapes" in [illegible] aspect.

Outside of politics, where John has no claims upon him, he is polite as you please, a genuine oily tongued "politician at best." He is a perfect hypocrite, a genuine "snake in the grass."

Hoping you will pardon the length of this letter, and believe me with sincerest regards for yourself, personally, I sign myself A.

STATE NEWS.

The Goldsboro *Mail*, speaking of the re-establishment of the whipping-post in Kentucky says:

The law, given by God through Moses, is unpopular with rogues, but should give no special anxiety to honest persons. North Carolina would do well to follow the example set by Kentucky.

Come on emigrants.

The Kinston *Journal* and several of the eastern Democratic papers, want the Democratic State Convention to be held at Wilmington.

The oldest postoffice in the country is at Jamestown, Va., on the James river. For two hundred and eighty three years, matter has been delivered there.

Roanoke *News*: Last week Mr. F. D Dickens killed a big hawk. The hawk had been making havoc among his poultry and he shot him. The hawk measured fifty-four inches from tip to tip, and weighed nine and a quarter pounds.

The Raleigh *Observer* says the health af Prof. Charles Phillips, who is now in New York, continues to improve. The board of trustees of the State University, at their recent meeting elected Prof. Phillips emeritus professor of mathematics.

Tim Lee, ex sheriff of Wake, a jolly son of "ould Ireland" and a right-clever gentleman, has become a drummer for a New York house.

The Grand Samaritan Jubilee.

Grand Lodge No. 2, I. O. of G. S. & D. of S., with all her subordinates will celebrate her anniversary in this city, on Wednesday the 21st of July next. Gen. R. B. Elliott of South Carolina, has been invited to deliver an address on the occasion, at which time our Supreme Grand officers, together with Grand Samaritan officers from other states, will be in attendance.—*Good Samaritan.*

Nearly 300,000,000 postal cards were used in the United States last year. They are made at Holyoke, Mass., by a private concern, under the general supervision of a Government officer. The work is nearly all done by machinery, even to counting and putting them up in packages of twenty-five. The use of postal cards is still to have driven many makers of writing paper and envelopes out of business.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOLDEN LYRE LODGE No. [illegible], I. O. of O. F., will celebrate the 5th anniversary on Monday evening, February [illegible], at Masia Hall, on the corner of Dock and Princess streets, by a grand Levee and Supper.

A. A. HOLDEN, Secretary.

Sale of Obsolete and Unserviceable Ordnance and Ordnance Stores.

UNITED STATES ORDNANCE AGENCY,
Corner Houston and Greene Streets, P. O. Box [illegible]
NEW YORK, January [illegible], 1880.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate will be received at this office for the purchase of Obsolete and Unserviceable Ordnance and Ordnance Stores, consisting of Cannon, Carriages, Small Arms, Leather, Wood, Lead, Tools, and Scrap Materials, at the various Arsenals, Forts and Posts in the United States.

Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock, Noon, Wednesday, the 24th day of March, 1880, for Stores located as follows, to wit:

Allegheny Arsenal, Pa.; Frankford Arsenal, Pa.; Fort Monroe Arsenal, Va.; Indianapolis Arsenal, Ind.; Kennebec Arsenal, Me.; Pikesville Arsenal, Md.; Rock Island Arsenal, Ill.; St. Louis Arsenal, Mo.; Springfield Armory, Mass.; Washington Arsenal, D. C.; Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y.; Watertown Arsenal, Mass.

And the Forts in the following named States, to wit:

Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Virginia.

Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock, Noon, Wednesday, the 24th day of March, 1880, for Stores located as follows, to wit:

Augusta Arsenal, Ga.; San Antonio Arsenal, Texas; Benicia Arsenal, Cal.; Vancouver Arsenal, Wash. Ter.; Fort Union, New Mex.; U.S. Military Academy, N. Y., and the Forts in the following named States and Territories, to wit:

Alabama, California, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Dakota, Idaho Indian, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

For list of Stores in detail, specific terms, &c., see catalogues, which will be sent on application at the Ordnance Office, War Department, Washington, D. C., at this Agency, or at any of the Arsenals or Depots, and the Commanding Officers of Posts will furnish on application information as to what Stores on hand at their respective posts are for sale.

Bidders will state explicitly the posts where the Stores are located, which they bid for, and will give the kinds and quantities they propose to purchase.

Deliveries will only be made at the various posts where stored.

The Department reserves the right to reject all bids which are not deemed satisfactory.

Prior to the acceptance of any bid it will have to be approved by the War Department. Terms, Cash. Ten per cent. at the time of award and the remainder when the property is delivered. Thirty days will be allowed for the removal of stores.

Packing boxes will be charged at prices to be determined by the Department.

Proposals will be addressed to the U. S. Ordnance Agency, New York, P. O. Box [illegible], and must be endorsed "Proposals for purchasing Stores," with the names of the Arsenals, Posts or Depots where stored, and the names of States or Territories in which the Stores are located.

[illegible]
Bvt. Col. U. S. A., [illegible] Ordnance Department.
jan. 31 8

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. mar