

The Wilmington Post.

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VOLUME XI.

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1880.

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WILMINGTON POST

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT WILMINGTON, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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All communications on business should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

Thanksgiving Day Proclamation

At no period of their history since the United States became a nation has this people had so abundant and so universal reasons for joy and gratitude at the favor of Almighty God, or been subject to so profound an obligation to give thanks for His loving kindness, and humbly to implore His continued care and protection.

Health, wealth, and prosperity throughout all our borders; peace, honor, and friendship with all the world; firm and faithful adherence by the great body of our population to the principles of liberty and justice, which have made our greatness as a nation, and to the wise institutions and strong frame of government and society which will perpetuate it; for all these let the thanks of a happy and united people, as with one voice, ascend to the Giver of all good.

I, therefore, recommend that on Thursday, the 25th day of November next, the people meet in their respective places of worship to make their acknowledgments to Almighty God for His bounties and His protection, and to offer to Him prayers for their continuance.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this first day of November, the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and fifth.

By the President: WILLIAM M. EVARTS, Secretary of State.

ADVICE TO DEMOCRATS.

There are many Democrats, or men who vote that ticket, we are glad to say, who condemn the action of the infamous rascals who defrauded 1,040 men of the right of suffrage on Tuesday the 2nd instant. But these same men will allow these same rascals to perpetuate the same kind of work on every election day, unless Republicans take the matter in hand and punish these fellows as they should be. But if they cannot be punished under the law, on account of the officers of the law being in sympathy with them, then the Republicans will have to resort to a more summary way of dealing with them. A man is not entitled to the right of suffrage who will not fight for it, and we hope the leaders of the Democratic party will recollect the warning we now give them. Things cannot be done here which their White League brethren are in the habit of doing in Mississippi, and should they ever try it again the good people of this city will suffer as they have never experienced before. If the law abiding and good citizens could be saved, and the rascals properly dealt with, then we should rejoice at it. But it cannot be so. Therefore, we hope never to again see 1,000 Republicans disfranchised in Wilmington.

THE FIRST DISTRICT.

We gather from the *Carolinian* that there has been serious fraud in the Albemarle district, and that Grandy is in fact elected. We know that our friend Dr. John does not deal in trifles and that he would not take a position which he was not convinced could be sustained. Among the things done by a canvassing board composed of 6 Democrats and 2 Republicans, was to throw out Nixonton and Providence precincts in Pasquotank county, making a Republican loss of 105 votes, for the reason that the polls did not open till a few minutes after 7 o'clock in the morning, and that they began to count before the polls were closed.

The *Carolinian* adds that the evidence is conclusive that Grandy's rightful majority is over 600, and that it is in possession of glaring irregularities all over the district constituting outrageous frauds, and that Grandy will contest the seat.

The steamer Rhode Island, in a very thick fog ran on the rocks at Bonnet Point on the Narraganset, and is a total wreck. No lives were lost.

THE OFFICIAL CANVASS OF THE THIRD DISTRICT.

We present below the official vote of the Third Congressional District: Shackleford's (majority) majorities, majorities.

Cartersville	202	—
Onslow	292	—
Franklin	279	—
Sampson	471	—
Harnett	259	—
Moore	190	—
Columbus	651	—
New Hanover	859	—
Brunswick	196	—
Fender	272	—
Hilbert	321	—
Cumberland	32	—
	2,907	1,617

AN OUTRAGE AT WADESBORO.

J. P. Moore, Esq., Postmaster at Wadesboro, N. C., to Judge Buxton: WADESBORO, N. C., Nov. 3, 1880. JUDGE BUXTON:

DEAR SIR:—I write to you to let you know that I cannot make a good report from this place. There was a disturbance in the early part of the day, which broke up the voting, and a large number went home without voting. I did all I could to get a fair election, but failed. I went before the Commissioners and asked them to give us a legal number of Judges. They refused to do so, and said if there was any vacancy on day of election the Registrar could put on Republicans. That also he refused to do here in case of a vacancy which occurred. The Registrar acted very badly all the time.

I never have seen so much unlawful work. The judges ruled out men clearly entitled to vote, and voted many not entitled. They came to me in the evening and wanted me to try to get the Republicans to vote again. I did not feel it my duty, after so much illegal work, to do anything that would cover it, so I let it go by the board. There were only 29 Republican votes cast, when there should have been over 300 Republican votes.

I have reported the condition to Mr. Cooper, Chairman, and asked him to have the matter looked into. If the law is not enforced, we might just as well have no election. I have not the time to give a further detailed account.

Yours in haste, J. P. MOORE.

THE STATE.

We do not undertake to give the figures of the state election this week, because we have no confidence in their reliability so far as published. There have been so many precincts thrown out for insufficient purposes, so much cheating and actual fraud, that we do not care to encumber our columns with what in so many cases will turn out to be "lying figures."

What is true of the reported state vote is also true of the Congressional reports. There is not probably a single district which has not some controverted point, and some of them have enough to change results.

As far as the wild returns are reported, they assign to Jarvis from five to seven thousand majority, and what is true of the gubernatorial candidates is also substantially true of the rest of the state and the Presidential tickets, although Hancock pretty constantly runs ahead of Jarvis. It is also true that almost in all cases Buxton gains over the 1876 vote and also over the Garfield vote. Take for instance the counties of Orange, Johnson, Burke, Pender, Moore, Cumberland, Martin and Brunswick, and almost all the Second district, and a majority of other counties, as reported, Buxton leads (garfield).

The following is the vote of Pasquotank county, counting the precincts of Nixonton, and Providence: Buxton, 1,207; Jarvis, 638; Grandy, Rep., 1,216; Latham, Dem., 687, for Congress. Dare county has gone Republican, and Sampson Rep., is elected to the legislature. When that eminent body the state returning board meets, consisting of Jarvis and all the executive officers, there will be great light shed on what is now a smoky subject, and without doubt they will count themselves in any way.

THE PERJURED WITNESSES.

In addition to the brief statement on the inside, we give from the *Times* their summary of the testimony of S. S. Morey and James O'Brien. They will both be indicted for perjury, if they have not already been.

The interest in the confessions of S. S. Morey and James O'Brien, the two perjured witnesses who swore in the Philip case that they personally knew the mythical H. L. Morey, to whom the forged Chinese letter was addressed, was in nowise abated yesterday, and crowds thronged the District Attorney's office all day, intent on learning who are implicated by the statements of the two men. At no time since the exposure of the Tweed Ring has there been more excitement among local Democratic politicians than that which has been created by the astounding developments which have followed the perpetration of the Morey forgery.—The Chinese letter, which was relied on by the Democrats to carry the election for Gen. Hancock, has proved a perfect Nemesis to the party, and the politicians are anxiously asking where the avenging hand will strike first.—They found small consolation in the District Attorney's office, however, yesterday. Mr. Bell, in whose hands the case of the two perjurers rests, was as silent as the grave, and to all questions as to what was to be done, or who is implicated, his one answer was, "I can't say yet." Col. Bliss and Mr. Davenport remained in the office, neglecting their private business, from 10 o'clock in the morning until 5 in the evening, hurrying to and fro from one room to another and working hard in aiding Mr. Bell in the work he is engaged in. There was an air of mystery about the office which no man not in the secret could fathom. The only certainty is that Samuel S. Morey has seriously implicated certain prominent Democrats of this city, and that indictments have already been drawn against these men. Who they are will not be known until they have been arrested, which will probably be very soon.

Justice Morgan reached the District Attorney's office at 10 o'clock, and, entering an inner room, sent for Samuel S. Morey. The perjured witness hobbled painfully into the room on his crutches, and took his seat. The Hon. Edwin M. Stoughton, Col. Geo. Bliss, Assistant District Attorneys Bell and Rollins, John I. Davenport, and Col. Henry J. Johnson of Cumberland, Md., were also in the room. Morey's confession, made on Wednesday, was read to him, and he signed his name as "James O'Brien, who personated Robert Lindsay, was then called before the Justice, and signed the statement made by him on Wednesday. Justice Morgan held both men to bail in the sum of \$5,000 to answer before the Grand Jury for the crime of perjury. These proceedings lasted two hours and a half.

It seems at last to be a settled thing that General Joseph R. Hawley will be elected Senator of Connecticut in place of William W. Eaton, whose term expires. This arrangement seems to have been assented to generally by the leading Republicans of Connecticut, including her most eminent men. The *Hartford Post* yields him its cordial support and the *New Haven Patriot* says that whatever course it thought proper to take heretofore in regard to General Hawley it is now heartily in favor of his election as Senator, because it believes him in every way fitted for the position, and because he has earned it, and because he is unmistakably the choice of the Republicans of the state. There are many old friends of the General, out of the state and in nearly every part of the country whose hearts will beat quicker when they see him sit down in those august halls.

Advices from Carbonar, N. F., state that the outrage to American fishermen has been thoroughly investigated. Inspector Carty was dispatched to a small point on Conception Bay, where he arrested five lads and brought them to Carbonar, where they were tried before Magistrate McNeil. Four were fined for throwing stones at the crew of the Minnesota while they were in the act of taking off bait. The other was discharged for want of sufficient evidence.

SAMPSON COUNTY.

The Democrats in Sampson County were bold in their bull-dozing of voters. When they could not buy or purchase a vote, they openly threatened to discharge their employees if they voted the Republican ticket. In some cases they drove men off of their lands because they voted for the Republican candidates. And yet, Hancock wanted a "full ballot, a free vote, and a fair count."

Latest.

Gen. Garfield last week tendered to Governor Foster his resignation as a member of Congress from the XIX district of Ohio. It so happens that Gen. Garfield is at the same time the full member of the present Congress, and the President-elect of the United States. Not having qualified as Senator, as he cannot do until March 4th, next, he can only decline the position tendered to him. We do not recollect an instance in the history of our country exactly like this, where three elective offices happened to be piled upon the shoulders of one man at the same time.

No President has ever resigned, and it is not specified in the Constitution to whom he may resign, although that instrument provides how the place may be filled in case of vacancy, however occurring.

There was a grand review of the ships composing the North Atlantic fleet of seven ships, at which were present the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Navy, other members of the government, and gentlemen and ladies of eminence. The place of the review was Hampton roads. The Tennessee was the largest of the fleet, being 500 men, and the Yantic, a small yacht, is the smallest, comprising only 150 men. The Minnesota, the Constitution, the Saratoga, and the Portsmouth are the training ships for boys. The President was entertained on board the Tennessee by Admiral Wyman at 11 o'clock of the first day, and then proceeded to Fortress Monroe where he reviewed the forces at the Fort.

Judge Wylie of the District of Columbia Court, discharged Perry who was brought from Indiana on a requisition of Gov. Jarvis. The charge against Perry was forgery in North Carolina. He was one of the prominent colored men who influenced the colored people to the Indiana exodus. The indictment was discharged because it was defective, and Judge Wylie observed that "the whole moral atmosphere of the case was suspicious."

Ten cases of yellow fever at Key West and two deaths. The Rev. Dr. Roswell C. Hitchcock has succeeded Dr. Adams as President of the Union Theological Seminary of New York. He was born in Maine in 1817, graduated at Amherst College and at the Andover Theological Seminary. He was Professor of Natural and Revealed Religion in Bowdoin College and afterwards filled the chair of Church History in Union Theological Seminary. He is one of the most powerful of his class of theological scholars in America.

WHAT SHALL BE THE FUTURE GOVERNMENT OF THE OLD NORTH STATE.

For the WILMINGTON POST. GENERAL REMARKS. SIR: A Democracy, not the party falsely so called, but a real Democracy, is a form of government where all are equal before the law, where every man has a right to vote who shall rule over him and how the taxes he pays shall be expended. This sort of a government is designed for the benefit of the whole people and no one can tell what is for the benefit of the whole people as well as themselves if they are intelligent enough to know. All other forms of government are based on the good of the ruling class, and benefit the people only as far as they are obliged to exist. A true Democracy seeks the good of every individual in the state.

The very fact that a government is based on the will of the people implies that they are intelligent enough to know their needs. What does a man who cannot read or write, bred among the merchants know of the interests of the fishermen in the eastern part of the state? And what do the fishermen know of the turpentine or lumber business, or mining? All these industries affect every man's welfare throughout the state. But can the ignorant laborer or farmer know what is for the best good? No, he is led by others and is likely to vote so as to injure himself. Here is the unjust and oppressive road law, which should be opposed by every honest man, but very many will be foolish enough to support it.

HOW IGNORANT PEOPLE CHEAT THEMSELVES.

Let us glance at a government of the popular kind among a people about as those of North Carolina. The ignorant don't know how to vote. A few unscrupulous leaders start up and claim to be great friends of the people. Here are school funds, and a railroad is to be built. Why put your funds into the road? "Don't you see, if you can get a railroad, it will make you rich and then you can school your children better?" And when the road is built

it is managed in some way so that the bonds are worthless, but just before election the top-notch have money to lend, without security, may be? When the crowd tried to sing for the fox, she dropped the cheese into his mouth. So the people are cheated out of their money, and poor and ignorant, their "friends" can easily manage them. Their votes only injure themselves and keep their "friends" in power. An ignorant man with a ballot is like a child with a razor or a monkey with a powder horn.

Let the wise men get into power. They of course mean to stay: Why get what you don't care to keep? Government is not for the people, it is for their own pockets. Having got hold of the state pocket-book they can carry all elections, do as they please.

Witness the Tweed ring in New York City stealing its millions of dollars, and then asking the people what they are going to do about it. They will change the Constitution and laws so as to keep in power and the people will be deprived of any voice in the matter. Taxes will grow heavier, the business interests of the state will be neglected, and the poor having no defender, will grow still poorer.

HOW MEN ARE CHEATED BY OTHERS.

But men in power are never satisfied. Sooner or later some one will manage to control the rest and by some masterly stroke place himself at the head and endeavor to stay there for his lifetime. The government will then be really, perhaps openly, a monarchy. After disastrous civil war a popular government may be established, only to be gradually overpowered as before, leaving the poor still poorer. No hope for the ignorant poor man then, except under a true government where the most are educated.

FREE OR DESPOTIC.

Shall we have a free government or a despotism? Look at our state. Thirty-two out of one hundred cannot read. In heaven Japan, only one in ten cannot read. Look at Wisconsin, with almost exactly the same population and the same revenue paid to the United States government. Three men in one hundred cannot read or write. Two millions of dollars are paid annually for schools and there are 161 days of schools; for every scholar per year. North Carolina pays one-third of a million a year and have, oh! shame! only 46 days of schools to each scholar per year. Just as a child gets fairly at his books he has to stop and in the next ten months forgets all he knew. No other state in the Union has so short a period of schooling.

GOV. JARVIS.

By the way, Gov. Jarvis, how much school money was "economized" this year by not being expended? Did, oh! did any of it get used by mistake for "campaign purposes"? "Speak on brother." Why do I pay a tax on Webster's Dictionary? Are you taxed on your family Bible, Governor.

FREE GOVERNMENT BASED ON INTELLIGENCE.

Education is the foundation of free government, but who will believe that he has to pay taxes on every book which is given him, because he is so poor he is not able to buy one. Why, a blind negro, looking for a black cat in a dark cellar at midnight, can't help seeing that the Democratic party mean to oppress and enslave every mother's son they can find, first making him ignorant, then poor, then taking him down and choking him. They are led exactly toward the despotism and the insecurity of life and property, of which I have spoken. Talk of a white man's government! Just when they get what they want, they will drop the poor white man and he will have to trudge along beside the negro. He can't help himself but must remember that he helped vote for the party that killed him. Poor white men! if you want to save your children from degradation, leave the Democratic party.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

Goldsboro, Oct. 15, 1880.

A Victoria dispatch says: "A large public meeting was held last night to consider Canada's default in the matter of the Island Railway Resolutions, expressing the belief that the province would be better off as a crown colony if the railway obligations of the Dominion are not fulfilled. The speeches were generally distinguished for their quiet and friendly tone toward Canada and Sir John Macdonald's Government."

General Walker, the Chief of the Census Bureau, will probably send to Congress all the necessary information upon which to base a re-appointment of Congressional representatives.

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. 1y

Go to church. Plenty of fruit in market, tropical as well as native.

The Compresses are running night and day now.

There were two interments in Oakdale this week.

The receipts of cotton at this port yesterday foot up 1,313.

There were two interments in Pine Forest Cemetery this week.

A skating rink is to be opened on Front street in a few days.

The Register of Deeds has issued three marriage licenses during the week.

Dr. T. S. Burbank has gone to Williamston, Martin county, to practice medicine.

Mr. Jas. S. Melvin was stricken with paralysis on Thursday, and is now in a very critical condition.

A flat loaded with cotton was snugged and sank near Kelly's Cove on Monday last. The cotton was saved.

Heavy rains in the interior have caused a freshet in the river. There had been a rise of 25 feet on Saturday.

People with thin heads of hair should use Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer to make the hair grow out thicker.

A valuable cow, the property of Mr. Jos. L. Barlow, was found dead on Eighth street with a pistol shot wound her side.

Dr. M. J. DeRosetti's condition is thought to be better, but it is still in critical. He will be brought to this city as soon as possible.

When you feel a cough or bronchial affection creeping on the lungs, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and cure it before it becomes incurable.

Sheriff Manning turned over to the County Treasurer on Monday last \$1,370.35. Of this amount \$3,329.79 belonged to the General Fund and \$1,040.56 to the Special Fund.

Mr. John Butler of Bladen county, made his first visit to Wilmington on Friday. He is 82 years old and has lived all of his life within 60 miles of Wilmington, but has never before paid us a visit.

Henry Van Nortwick, of Toledo, Ohio, says:—A friend prevailed upon me to try an "Only Lung Pad," and I obtained immediate relief from a racking cough. I know the Pad helped me.—See ad.

The 67th Presbyterian Synod of North Carolina is in session in Raleigh. Rev. Jos. R. Wilson, D. D., Rev. C. M. Payne, and Messrs. Alex. Sprunt, Esq., and B. F. Hall, Esq., are in attendance from this city.

H. E. Hodge, Cambridge, Michigan, says:—I have been afflicted with Asthma for years, an "Only Lung Pad" gave me immediate relief. I can recommend it as the greatest remedy ever produced.—See ad.

We have received from J. H. Ennis, Raleigh, Turner's Almanac and State Record for 1881, for which, thanks. It is a cheery old Almanac, brim full of accurate information about a great variety of subjects.

Mrs. J. B. Wilson, Tiffin, Ohio, says:—I have worn an Improved Excelsior Kidney Pad, and received more relief than from all remedies I have ever tried. I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers. See ad.

Van Stone & Crosby, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Toledo, Ohio, says:—We have sold large quantities of the Excelsior Kidney Pad, and have been surprised at the unvarying satisfaction given by the use.—See ad.

MAGNUS PERAY—By Emile Zola, author of "Nana," Ac. Peterson & Brothers. Translated from the French. It is a fine story of thrilling interest in every page. These publications of Peterson & Brothers of Emile Zola put the reading public of romance under great obligations to them.

JOHN SHERMAN, Secretary of the Treasury, Oct. 21.

Secretary's Office.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. CO. Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 27, 1880.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company will be held in Wilmington, at the office of the Company, on Thursday, the 18th of November next, at 11 o'clock. J. W. THOMPSON, Secretary.

Will the Post inform its many readers when (if ever) the citizens of Wilmington will be allowed to hold an election for municipal officers? Or is it understood that the present city officers are to hold over ad libitum? Respectfully, C. SHARP.

NOTICE.

The members of the Fifth Ward Republican Club, are requested to meet at their club room at 7 o'clock, Tuesday evening, Nov. 16th, for the purpose of making preparations to celebrate our glorious victory on the 22nd instant. W. E. N. SELLERS, President.

TO THE GRAND UNITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.—In consequence of my not having received communications from the Grand Secretary relative to the definite action on the Endowment Fund Proposition, my report is not ready for this issue of the Post, but will certainly be published in the next issue (next Sunday.) Respectfully in F. L. & T. GEO. W. PRICE, Jr.

Sheriff Manning and Paddison met in the Court House Tuesday last, and canvassed the vote of the 12th Senatorial District, which was as follows:—Scott, 3,356; Worth, 2,364; Sheppard, 696.

Mr. H. E. Scott was declared elected and his certificate of election was made out and handed to him.

LE'A GRANDE FLORENE, sequel to "The Strangers of Paris" by Adolph Belot, French, Peterson & Brothers, is another of those modern French romances now read with so much pleasure in America. It deals in love, jealousy, heroism, wisely devotion, trickery and crime, and shows the great insight of the author into human nature and its motives of action.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAIL LETTINGS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15, 1880.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 12 M. of January 19, 1881, for carrying the mails of the United States upon the routes, and according to the schedule of arrival and departure specified by the Department, in the State of North Carolina, from July 1, 1881, to June 30, 1881. Lists of routes, with schedules of arrivals and departures, instructions to bidders, with forms for contracts and bonds and all other necessary information, will be furnished upon application to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

HORACE MAYNARD.

Postmaster General.

UNITED STATES SALE OF 32,400 ACRES OF LAND IN CHEROKEE, GRAHAM AND CLAY COUNTIES, N. CAROLINA.

By virtue of section 2215, Revised Statutes of the United States, the undersigned hereby offers at public auction in the United States Court House in the City of Raleigh, N. C., on Thursday the 24th of November, 1880, the following described lands, to-wit: 32,400 acres in the above named counties, acquired by the United States in payment of debt, the same conveyed by the State of N. Carolina to E. B. Olinde by sundry deeds dated November 24, 1867 under designation of the following tracts: 1. 100 acres, each being described in the deed of Levi Stevens trustee of said Olinde to the United States dated March 15, 1860, recorded in book "M" pages 24 to 25 Cherokee County records such grants being known and numbered and containing the quantity of land as follows: viz: Grants numbered 292 of 60 acres, 293 of 60 acres, 294 to 298 inclusive each of 60 acres, 299 of 20 acres, 300 to 305 inclusive each of 60 acres, 310 of 2,000 acres in Clay County, 311 to 315 inclusive each of 60 acres, and No. 218 of 60 acres.

Terms of sale, one-half cash, balance in one year with interest secured on the property, or all cash at the purchaser's option. A deposit of \$25 required from successful bidder at time of sale if made in a body, and of ten per cent. if sold in parcels. A conveyance will be made by deed to the purchaser of all his right and title. The Government reserves the right of one bid to prevent unreasonable overbids.

K. HAYNER, Collector of the Treasury.

JOHN SHERMAN, Secretary of the Treasury Oct. 21.

Secretary's Office.

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