The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1884.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

On last Friday the republican convention at Chicago nominated Hon. James G. Blaine, of Maine, as their candidate for President, and Hon. John A. Logan, of Illinois, for Vice-President. There were four ballots taken for President. On the first ballot the vote stood: Blaine 334½, Arthur 278, Edmunds 93, Logan 63½, John Sherman 30, Hawley 13, Lincoln 4, Gen. Sherman 21. On the second ballot Blaine's vote increased to 349, on the third to 375, and on the fourth to 541, when his nomination was made unanimous. Logan was nominated for Vice President on the first ballot almost unanimously.

Blaine is a brilliant man, of remarkable personal magnetism, and is very popular in the strong republican States. But while this is true we regard him as a weak candidate because he has a very vulnerable record, has many bitter enemies in his own party and is weak in the doubtful States. For instance, the State of New York is almost certain to go against him, the mugwumps of the great metropolis being afraid of his aggressive spirit. Arthur is not so able a man as Blaine but he would have been a stronger candidate. Tilden or Bayard will be sure to beat Blaine, and don't you forget it!

The great bulk of the Southern delegates voted for Arthur, the vote of this State being 19 for Arthur and 2 for Blaine. The reason of this is very obvious, for most of them were federal office holders and they voted for their "boss." We imagine they feel rather uncomfortable now, because they bet on the wrong horse, and are certain to lose their places. If the democratic candidate is elected, of course, the last one will be turned out, and if Blaine is elected he will give their places to his supporters. Then what a rattling of dry bones there will be!

CIVIL RIGHTS.

The platform adopted by the national republican convention at Chicago contains a plank that will render the South more solid than ever before, and will be certain to cause every Southern State to give its electoral votes to the democratic candidates for President and Vice President. We refer to the declaration in favor of "civil rights", which is likely to be as great an issue this year as it was in 1874, when the agitation of the subject carried North Carolina for the democrats by an overwhelming majority. Our readers will remember that, since the last presidential election, the Supreme Court of the United States have decided the civil rights law to be unconstitutional. Immediately after this decision the most prominent republicans denounced the Supreme Court and a national convention of negroes was held at Louisville, at which they were very vocal in their abuse of the Supreme Court and were urgent in their demands for civil rights, the speech of Fred Douglass being particularly inflammatory. They demanded the passage of another civil rights law, and therefore in accordance with their demand for additional legislation on the subject the republican platform, adopted last week at Chicago, closes with the following pledge:

"We extend to Republicans of the South regardless of their former party affiliations, our cordial sympathy, and pledge to them our most earnest efforts to promote the passage of such legislation as will secure to every citizen of whatever race and color full and complete recognition, possession and exercise of all civil and political rights."

Here is the issue of "civil rights" boldly tendered, and the white people of the South must vote upon it. Can any one doubt how they will vote? This issue is tendered by the first national republican convention that ever had a negro as its chairman. This is significant and proves that the republicans intend to make "civil rights" a leading issue of the campaign. While we regret this, because it may stir up some animosity between the white and colored people of the South who are now so friendly, yet as the issue is forced on us we will meet it boldly, and vigorously oppose a measure that would so seriously affect our entire social system.

CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST.

The contest for the congressional nomination in this district is waxing warm, particularly between the friends of General Cox and Judge Fowle. On last Saturday the Wake county convention was held for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State and district conventions, and the adherents of those two gentlemen made every effort to secure the selection of delegates in the interests of their respective favorites. We never witnessed a convention in which the friends of rival aspirants were more zealous in their efforts. A stranger would have thought that the fate of the nation was wavering in the balance. But while all were so eager for the success of their favorite, yet they expressed their intention, as good democrats, to warmly support the nominee, whoever he may be. The Wake delegation is about evenly divided between Cox and Fowle. It is fortunate for the democrats of this district that they have such competent candidates, from whom to make a selection. We hope that no bitterness of feeling will be excited, but that while every man will warmly support his favorite he will not traduce the other aspirants. Let us all prefer the success of our party above the advancement of any particular individual.

STATE UNIVERSITY.

The annual commencement exercises at our State University took place last week. The Baccalaureate sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Hawthorne, of Richmond, Va., and it is said to have been one of the most eloquent and impressive discourses ever delivered at Chapel Hill. Hon. Walter L. Steele, of Richmond county, delivered the annual literary address which is highly spoken of. Thursday was the grand gala day and a very large crowd attended. The graduating class delivered orations, which were highly creditable. The Mangum medal for oratory was awarded to Mr. J. L. Love, of Gaston county. The other medals were awarded as follows: the Greek medal to Messrs. S. B. Weeks and James Thomas, the Representative medal to Mr. A. W. Long, the Chemistry medal to Mr. J. C. Roberts, the Christian Ethics medal to Mr. S. B. Turrentine, and the Mathematical medal to Mr. Frank M. Little.

A Wonderful Woman.

From the Charlotte Observer.

One of the most remarkable entertainments ever given in the opera house here, was that last night of Lola Hurst, the wonderful magnetic girl from Polk county, Ga. Her powers are hard to describe. She is possessed with some force that puzzles the wisest and astonishes all. What can one think when a person walks up to the magnetic girl on the stage and holds an ordinary over her, which merely touching her hands with her fingers, the most sensitive nerves of the stage and the undressed nerves to the floor broken and torn to pieces? Yet that was Dr. Windle's experience with Miss Lola last night. Her exhibitions of her mysterious strength were many and all were successful. The strongest men in our audience were called to the stage. One of them would pick up a medium one holding it in both hands. Miss Lola would touch the one with the palm of her hand and the rock so fast it would be made to fairly dance on the stage. Again, a chair would be firmly grasped by a man and the touch of her hand would move him and chair about the stage. Mr. J. Coloquist and Mr. John Wadsworth were forced entirely off the stage. At one time seven men grasped the chair and united their efforts to force it to the floor, but the power of the wonderful girl's hand would hold it up in spite of their efforts. There were some on the stage who could resist her mysterious power better than others. Dr. Charles Alexander, though he danced about considerably, managed to hold the chair tolerably well, but the pleasant Nat Gray grasped the chair he went tumbling off the stage, knocking over several men who couldn't get out of the way quick enough.

Every person who left the opera house was a firm believer in the magnetic girl. There is no fraud about her, and she may be truly set down as one of the wonders of the age.

An Old Bishop Dead.

From the New York Times.

The Right Rev. Benjamin Bosworth Smith, presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this country, died of old age yesterday morning at his home in this city, No. 653 Lexington avenue. Though the Bishop would have ended his ninety-ninth year in two weeks more, his mental and bodily powers retained their normal condition until within the last month, when he attended a special meeting of the House of Bishops, held in this city. From that time he gradually failed. He attributed his longevity to the fact that he never used tobacco or spirits in any form, and his family state that he never took any medicine in his life. He was made first Bishop of Kentucky in 1832. When he was consecrated there were less than a dozen bishops and only 280 ministers in the United States, but when the semi-centennial of that event arrived there were 60 with 3,500 clergymen, and a communicant membership of over 365,000 souls. When he went to Kentucky there were but three churches, six ministers and two hundred communicants in his diocese; but in 1882 there were forty-three churches, forty-five clergymen and 4,000 communicants of the Episcopal Church.

Noah H. Swayne, late Associate Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, died in New York city Sunday.

A Truthful Tribute.

At the commencement exercises of our State University last week a handsome oil portrait of the late Governor Jonathan Worth was presented to the University by some of his grandsons. The presentation was made through Hon. John Manning, who made a most eloquent and appropriate speech, which we copy from the News and Observer, as follows:

"MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN, TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA:

The pleasant duty has been assigned me by the grandsons who bear the name of their grandfather, to present to the University of the State he loved so well and served so faithfully, a portrait in oil of their distinguished ancestor, the late Governor Jonathan Worth.

I will not dull the edge of this graceful, appropriate and tender offering by any mere biographical sketch of the distinguished man whose features this portrait so faithfully represents. His going in and out among us has been too recent, and his virtues too fresh and green in the memory of us all to make this either necessary or appropriate.

Called by the voice of the people of this State twice to the gubernatorial office, we all know how nobly, strongly, grandly, he bore himself in those worrying, exciting, tempestuous years, and how firmly, plainly and ably he contended for the liberties of the citizen against the exercise of unwarranted power, though that power was clothed in all the panoply of war, supported by the sheen of bayonets under the banners of a victorious army.

Sprung from a stock whose lineage can be traced back beyond the times of Cromwell, and distinguished through all the centuries by its devotion to civil and religious liberty, he took up and wore with dignity and courage the mantle of his fathers; it was his heritage, and he so bore himself that the stormiest covenanter of them all, were he could have found no fault with his firmness, could not have maligned his charity and kindness.

A trustee of the University from 1841 to his death, he was devoted to its interests, and the earnest and intelligent advocate and friend of the cause of popular education. He acquired the rudiments of a good English education at one of the old field schools, and as a member of the general assembly of North Carolina in after years, he was principally active in initiating that excellent system of common schools maintained by us previous to the war.

Defender of the principles of civil and religious liberty, where could he find a more resting place than in this University, cradled as it was in the midst of the revolution of 1776? Advocate and friend of popular education, where can his memory be kept alive and green as in this nursery of learning and virtue? Where can his example and life exert a happier influence upon the men of the State than here where the ingenuous youth come to fit themselves for the duties of active life?

These young gentlemen, Mr. President and trustees, justly venerating their grandfather and believing that manhood worth, sterling integrity, unfaltering courage, sincere love of liberty and unswerving obedience to law, are virtues worthy of imitation, have requested me to present this portrait of the late Governor Worth to the University Walk reverentially in the valiant dead, and with your puissant arm renew their youth; you are their heir, yet set upon their throne. The blood and courage that renowned them run in your veins.

Dr. Battle in behalf of the University received the portrait, making some eulogistic remarks concerning Gov. Worth, and Gov. Jarvis being called on responded in a happy vein, eulogizing Gov. Worth for his patriotism, sterling worth and ability, his remarks creating great applause.

Our Washington Letter.

From our regular correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7, 84.

Powell Clayton who has cut such an hideous figure as the defeated chairman of the Republican pow wow at Chicago, is the same Clayton who, as Governor of Arkansas just after the close of the war, out Heroded Herod in the infamy of his carpet-bag administration of the political affairs of that State. It was a bedlam let loose pastime with him to proclaim martial law over the people of any county threatened with a Democratic majority, and of course it was not long before he had the whole State under the military control of his carpet-bagging minions. After he had completed the dirty work laid out for him as Governor the grip-sack legislature sent Clayton to the United States Senate, where he nobly served his country by providing fat Federal positions for his lushes and other members of the Clayton household. But the worst feature in this Clayton business at Chicago, is the false pretense of putting him forward as one of the empty-sleeve brigade, which was made the text of several of the speeches made in his behalf, when every mother's son of the Republican committee, and those who spoke of him, too, knew that Clayton's empty sleeve came of shooting at pigeons and mallard ducks, six years after the Confederates had expended all their ammunition. Yet, with Clayton's unsavory record known to every delegate in the Convention, they dared not make it an issue against him, simply because there were so many more of them in the same boat.

The country will hail with unalloyed satisfaction the adoption of the bill now pending in Congress that abolishes the fee system in the United States courts, and which has been a scandal upon the administration of justice in these courts throughout the country. Under this fee system the marshal's office has been turned into an engine of the most outrageous oppression, tyranny and injustice, because there was no limit to the exactions that these officers might demand under the present statutes. We all remember what an infamous history these officials made in the administration of the general bankrupt act a few years ago, and the same scamps who then filched fortunes out of the insolvent estates, by collusion with the equally rapacious assignees, have been here this winter lobbying for another bankrupt act just like the last, and against the abolition of the vicious fee system. So far they have been defeated by Congress, but no one knows here what may yet transpire to enable them to defeat Congress.

At last a use has been found for the Government Printing Office. It has printed the biggest book that the world has yet seen, it being a volume bound in calf, of course, weighing 140 pounds avoirdupois, and containing more than 10,000 pages. Whether the huge volume is a catalogue of the employes of the office, or a speech of some Congressman upon the best means of getting rid of the Treasury surplus, the public is not informed.

Some idea of the intense love for agriculture that thrills the bosom of the gay red man of the forest, may be formed from one item gathered from the report of the Secretary of the Interior this year. The great Sioux Reservation contains 18,921 square miles, or about six times as many as comprise the State of Massachusetts. It has a population of 24,000, or about one to every two square miles. Notwithstanding the fact that special efforts have been made to teach these Indians something about husbandry, there have been cultivated just 3,481 acres, or about five and three-quarter miles—scarcely more than the size of an ordinary Kansas cornfield! But what is worse than all, the Secretary takes especial occasion to say that even this small tract is so wretchedly cultivated that it can hardly be considered as cultivated land at all. Yet, by the beatitudes of a Congressional enactment, and a policy that is pusillanimity itself, the white man who proposes to work every acre of his farm is kindly allowed 160 acres, to the Indians 1,320 if he will only pay for it. Is this a white man's Government, or is it an Indian's?

PROBO.

Vennor, the celebrated Canadian weather prophet, is dead. We may now expect better weather.

The nomination of Blaine and Logan has fallen like a wet blanket on the Republicans of New York city. It was received with great disfavor, some of the most prominent and active Republicans there declaring that they will not support the ticket.

A heavy storm passed over Dinwiddie county, Virginia, last Sunday, during which a woman named Phillis Patterson, residing near Poplar Grove, was struck and instantly killed by lightning. Another woman was stunned. The Baptist church, in the same vicinity, was blown down, and other damage done to property.

A whisker dye must be convenient to use, easy to apply, impossible to rub off, elegant in appearance, and cheap in price. Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers unites in itself all these merits. Try it.

Stories on the Road.

Commercial Travelers at a Wayside Inn—Something to Put in a Gripsack.

"Gentlemen, I almost envy you the positions you fill, your experience of the world, your knowledge of business, the changing stable you see, and all that, you know."

This warmly expressed regret fell from the lips of an elderly pleasure traveller, last August, and was addressed to a semicircle of commercial travellers seated on the porch of the Lindell Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.

"Yes," responded a New York representative of the Professional "drummers" (not without hesitation, lest he should be taken for a fakir), "we do have our pleasures, too, let me tell you. Why, we have the chance of railroad collisions and steamboat explosions."

"What risks, for instance?"

"This, for instance," said Mr. W. C. Franklin, who was then travelling for an Eastern house, and is known to most hotels in all parts of the country. "The risk which is indeed, amounts almost to a certainty of getting the drops on a certain personal acquaintance of ours and which has kept us sleepless for nearly two days and sleepless. I forget, was an example. I can wait, for I am all right now."

"Nervousness on your digestive?" broke in a cotton dry goods traveller, lighting his cigar afresh.

"No, a quarter per cent. But I had to give up smoking for a while. The drops only caused my cancer. Finally I came across an advertisement of PARKER'S TONIC, I tried it and it cured me up in a jiffy. There is nothing on earth, in my opinion, equal to it as a cure for dyspepsia."

Mission, Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 6, 1882. The proprietor, Mr. Franklin, sold a bottle from Mr. Venable's stocking that precise week. PARKER'S TONIC aids digestion, cures Malarial Fevers, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds, and all chronic diseases of the Lungs and Kidneys. But a bottle in your office. Prices, $1.00 and $1. Economy in larger size.

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

SCROFULA

For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

CATARRH

"Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1882. "At the age of two years one of my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore. Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement, which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous tendencies, and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results.

Yours truly, B. F. JOHNSON."

ULCEROUS SORES

SORE EYES

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

SHOES!

R. F. BOYD & CO.,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The only store in Greensboro for the exclusive sale of

Boots and Shoes

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

would call the attention of the Chatham county Merchants and citizens to their spring and summer stock of

SHOES.

The nicest and best ever brought to this market. Call and see them.

April 24, 1884.

W. D. MENDENHALL, C. A. HANKINS. | J. E. MENDENHALL, J. W. SCOTT.

Greensboro Sash and Blind Factory,

GREENSBORO, N. C.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,

MOULDINGS, BRACKETS,

AND DEALERS IN

All kinds of Dressed Lumber.

April 24, 1884.

FIELDS & TURNER,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS.

We carry a full line of

Coffees, Teas and Sugars,

LARD, BACON, HAMS,

RICE,

WHITE FISH in kits,

MACKEREL in kits,

[Quarter and Half Barrels.]

SARDINES, OYSTERS, and all kinds Canned Goods,

CAKES, CRACKERS, CHEESE.

Raisins, Pecans, Preserves, Jellies, Mince Meat, Apple Butter, Currants, Oat Meal, Hominy, Oranges, Nuts, &c. Tin Ware, Buckets, Baskets, Brooms, Stone Ware, Pickles, Chow Chow, Candy, Cigars and Tobacco, and in fact everything in the Grocery line. Also, agents for the

WAUGHTOWN WAGONS.

We guarantee our goods, and prices to be as low as any house in town.

HARNESS SHOP UP STAIRS.

Your Friends,

FIELDS & TURNER.

April 24, 1884. 3m.

Harris & Flippen,

Wholesale Hardware,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

200 kegs Nails,
100 kegs Horse and Mule Shoes,
100 boxes Horse Shoe Nails,
100 dozen Handle and Eye Steel Hoes,
100 dozen Shovels, Spades and Forks,
100 dozen plow and Wagon Hames,
30,000 lbs Stamped Steel Plows,
20,000 lbs Old Dominion Iron.

CARRIAGE MATERIALS.

CARPENTERS'

WHEEL-WRIGHTS'

SMITHS' TOOLS

OF BEST QUALITY AND LOWEST PRICES.

BUILDERS may always rely upon us for getting first quality of goods at reduced rates.

We carry at all times a large line of goods suited to the wholesale trade, that we can offer at prices equal to any market either North or South.

We manufacture the CELEBRATED

CAROLINA COOK STOVES

AND

H. & F. Clipper Straw Cutters

to which we ask special attention.

Want Agents to sell for us.

Come to see us or write for prices and our Stove Book.

April 24, 1884. 3m.

SPRING 1884.

F. FISHBLATE,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Has now in store and receiving daily,

Spring Clothing

Of every Style and Description,

FOR MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

Also, a full and complete line of

Furnishing Goods,

and the latest styles in

HATS,

A HANDSOME LINE OF

TRUNKS

For Ladies and Gents; also, the handsomest line of Neck wear ever brought to Greensboro.

All these goods will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES,

and all I ask is a call to convince you that you will be saving money by purchasing your goods of me.

April 24, 1884.

Sergeant Horse Power.

THEY ARE

Strong, Simple, Durable and Cheap.

For 15 to 20 years they have Run Well, Wore Well, and Gave Satisfaction. Send for Price List.

SERGEANT MF'G CO., Greensboro, N. C.

For red sticky soil; trashy covered and heavy sod land there is nothing equal to the celebrated South Bend Chill Plows.

South Bend Chilled Plow!

A general-purpose, two-horse plow, both right and left, with Wood or Iron Beam, with or without Wheel or Jointer, with Chilled or Steel Shares. The best Plow in America.

Each and every Plow guaranteed to give satisfaction or no sale.

We have also a large stock of Double Shovel and Planter's Pride Plows, Wing Turn Shovel and Bull Tongue Plows.

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE

at extremely low prices. Special attention given to the Wholesale Trade. Give us a trial.

ODELL HARDWARE CO.,

April 24, 1884. 1f. GREENSBORO, N. C.

SERGEANT MANUFACTURING CO.,

Greensboro, N. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FARRAR TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

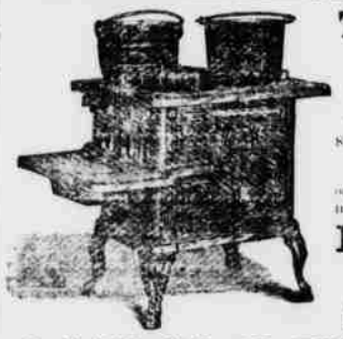
COOK AND HEATING STOVES,

Saw Mills, Cane Mills, Horse Powers,

Plows, Straw Cutters, Andirons,

And Castings of Every Description.

Send for Price-List.



THE ALL RIGHT

COOKING STOVE.

The undersigned, Sole Agents for this celebrate Stove, announce to the public that over

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND

of these Stoves have been sold, and that in each instance they have given

Entire Sattsfaction.

PRICES VERY LOW.

Write for Descriptive Catalogue and List urnitur

HARDWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

Largest Stock in North Carolina.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN HORSE SHOE,

224 Fayetteville St., opposite the Market.

January 10, 1884. RALEIGH, N. C.

W. R. FORBIS & BRO.,

GREENSBORO', N. C.,

DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE.

ALSO, DEALERS IN

BRACKETS, MIRRORS,

PICTURE FRAMES,

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, &C.

April 24, 1884.

The BYNUM MANUFACTURING CO.

Will take in exchange for

SHEETINGS AND GOODS,

at their Store, Flour, Oats, Corn, Wheat, Bacon and Lard, at market prices.

The attention of Farmers and Millers is called, especially to their make of "B" SHEETING for flour sacks.

A good line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

MEDICINES, &C., &C.,

always on hand.

Their motto: Fair prices and honest dealing.

January 17, 1884. 6mos.

M. T. NORRIS, Late of Norris, Wyatt & Taylor. | W. C. NORRIS, Late of Norris, Marcom & Griffin.

M. T. Norris & Bro.

Who succeed Norris, Wyatt & Taylor at their old stand,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 16 Exchange and No. 15 East Martin Streets,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK which we offer to the trade at very low prices.

We give SPECIAL ATTENTION to the sale of

COTTON.

Make sales at highest prices and returns at once. Produce sold on commission at small charges. Liberal advances made on cotton stored with us. Agents for Pacaper's Guano. Agents for Pocomoke Super Phosphate. Agents for Fish Hawk Guano. Agents for the celebrated Stonewall Cotton Plow, the King of the cotton field.

January 17, 1884.

1865. 1884.

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220

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

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LEADERS IN

HARDWARE

of every description.

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES,

PAINTS,

STOVES,

GUNS,

AMMUNITION,

and the largest stock of

SPORTING GOODS

ever in Raleigh, at bottom prices.

Call and examine our stock and prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Write for Descriptive Circulars.

Don't forget the place,

220 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

A. E. RANKIN. R. C. RANKIN. A. H. BLOCKER.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Market Square,

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

April 3, 1884. 1y

H. T. CHAPIN,

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PITTSBORO', N. C.

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet and Fancy Articles, Trusses, Garden Seed, Cigars, Paints, Oils, &c.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

April 10, 1884. 1y

JOHN M. MORING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

DURHAM, N. C.,

PRACTICES in the Superior and Inferior Courts of Chatham, and in the State and Federal Courts.

January 31, 1884. 1y.

J. & P. COATS'

BEST

SIX-CORD SPOOL COTTON.

YOU CAN BUY IT OF:

W. L. LONDON,

PITTSBORO, N. C.