The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, SEPT. 25, 1884.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

STEDMAN AND FAIRCLOTH.

On last Wednesday Maj Stedman and Judge Faircloth, the two candidates for Lieutenant Governor, spoke at this place, and we have never before heard such an unequal discussion, or seen a more striking contrast between two speakers. Judge Faircloth opened the debate, and for an hour and a half he plodded along without a ripple of applause to break the monotony of his discourse. He is an honest looking man and made the most decent speech that we have ever heard from a republican, and also the sorriest. He was not intended for a public speaker, being dull looking and speaking with no animation whatever. Actually he did not provoke a smile from any of his colored hearers, who evidently expected at least one anecdote from him. Nearly the first hour of his speech was devoted to an arraignment of the Democratic party for not doing more to educate the poor children of the State, and the latter part of his speech was in advocacy of a protective tariff, his explanation of which was as clear as mud. His chief argument for a protective tariff was that it caused the farmers to get a higher price for their produce than ever before. Any farmer in Chatham could have told him that flour is now lower than ever known. We really pitied the speaker, for his entire speech was the most labored and uphill effort that we ever heard from any candidate.

Maj Stedman was greeted with applause every few minutes from the moment he arose, to his closing sentence. This was his first visit to his native place in many years, and his old friends were both pleased and proud to see him so worthily bearing our standard. We shall not attempt a synopsis of his speech, but simply say that it was unanswerable in argument, highly humorous in its ridicule and thrilling with eloquence. His peroration was grand, and brought down the house. He made us all feel proud of him as a Chathamite, and we wish that all our countymen could have heard him.

We were pleased to notice in the discussion between these two candidates the gentlemanly courtesy with which each treated the other, and the kindly feeling that seemed to exist between them. We commend it as example to all public speakers.

MORING'S CANDIDACY.

Last week, during the session of our superior court, we heard many rumors to the effect that Col. Alex M. Moring would be an "independent" candidate for Congress in this district. We did not in our last issue mention these rumors, because we hoped that they were untrue. Since then publicity has been given to them in the Raleigh papers, and as Mr Moring was here yesterday we sought to learn from him whether they were true or false, in order that the public might know. In reply to our question, if he was or intended to be a candidate, he said "I do not intend to be cross-examined before I go on the stand." We then asked him when he was going on the stand, and he said "I do not wish to be cross-examined." We are therefore unable to say positively whether or not the rumors are true, but every reader can draw his own inference. We know this, however, that he has conversed with many of his former friends here about his candidacy, and they all say that he will be a candidate. Without an exception, so far as we have heard, all his former democratic friends have advised him not to run, and if he does run, we can assure the democrats of this district that he will have no support among the true democrats of Chatham. They will repudiate him just as they did Maj R. W. York, some years ago, and we fear a similar fate will befall him. When Mr. Moring appears before the people of Chatham as an "independent" candidate for Congress, his hearers will involuntarily recall his scathing denunciations of Maj York and others, in whose footsteps he is so earnestly following and in whose fortunes he will so soon share. Alas, Alas! the frailty of our humanity! What a temperance lecture could be read in the rise and fall of some men!

THE STATE EXPOSITION.

On next Wednesday our State Exposition will be formally opened with imposing ceremonies, and we doubt not it will be an occasion long to be remembered. All the white military companies in the State are expected to be present, and in their handsome uniforms they will present a brilliant array. An address will be delivered by Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, who was the president of the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia. A large crowd of visitors will attend and all will doubtless have a pleasant time. All the exhibits are expected to be in place and properly arranged, and in this respect the Exposition will be in pleasant contrast to nearly all others which were not ready on the opening day. Visitors, therefore, need not wait until the middle or latter part of October before attending our Exposition, but can go the first week and see just as much as at any time later.

Everything now indicates that the Exposition will be a grand success in every respect, and will make every North Carolinian who visits it feel proud of his State. We wish that every man, woman and child in the State could visit it, and we earnestly urge all who can attend, to do so.

Our county exhibit was carried to Raleigh on last Tuesday, and is now being properly arranged. If any person, who intends sending any thing, has not yet sent it, let it be sent in immediately. The Chatham exhibit will be seen on the left as you enter the main entrance, and will be one of the most attractive. Several of our fair countywomen will go to Raleigh to-morrow and devote the space allotted to our county.

THE CANVASS.

The political canvass is increasing in warmth and vigor all over the State. The joint canvass between Scales and York will close at Raleigh next Thursday. After that date they will separate and each canvass without the other. This is forced by York, who has had enough of Scales and cannot stand him any longer. Gen Scales had given up his list of appointments in order to go to Cary York, and now York has a number of appointments ahead of him, and local committees, which only he and his other distinguished speakers of his political faith will be allowed to speak. Gen Scales would like to make his appointments and let them stand, but as the place on the 3rd of October is one of the seconds to him on account of which we elsewhere publish Gen Scales was to address a speech at Charlotte on last Saturday, but Gov Jarvis took his place and demolished York. No wonder York has determined hereafter to have no joint canvass!

Vance and Ransom and other side speakers are actively canvassing and encouraging to arouse the white people of North Carolina to the great importance of the coming election. Everywhere the outlook is encouraging and with the great effort now being made a glorious victory will be won.

A Standing Candidate.

A correspondent of the Raleigh Register from Wilkes county writes the following:

Dr. Tyre York has been a candidate at every election since 1870 except 1-71.

In 1870 Dr. York defeated R. M. Smith, Republican, for the House by 170 votes.

In 1872 Dr. York was again the Democratic candidate for the legislature and was defeated by Colonel T. J. Dula by something over 200 majority.

In 1874 Dr. York was the Democratic candidate for the House, and was again beaten—Major J. H. Poote receiving about 60 majority over him.

In 1875 Dr. York was nominated by the Democrats for the convention, and was defeated, J. Q. A. Ingram receiving 57 majority over him.

In 1876 Dr. York was a candidate for the Senate in Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander, was elected in the district, but defeated in Wilkes, J. R. Bowles receiving a majority of 15 votes in Wilkes.

In 1878 Dr. York was nominated by the Democrats for the House and elected, receiving a majority of 347 votes over G. W. Walker. In this contest Dr. York received 200 votes less than he did in 1876, when Mr Henderson beat him 15 votes.

In 1880 Dr. York was a candidate for the Senate—elected in the district but beaten in Wilkes by J. Q. A. Bryan, 19 votes. Dr. York received 1,595 votes.

In 1882 Dr. York was a candidate for Congress, proclaiming in Wilkes to be "the same old Democrat." He received 1,214 majority in Wilkes—receiving 1,899 votes, or only 301 more votes than he received in 1880, when Bryant beat him in Wilkes for the Senate. Total vote in 1880 3,020. Total vote in 1882 2,584.

Dr. York has never received a majority in Wilkes two elections in succession, and this is York's year to get it "slightly laid across him" in Wilkes.

There seems to be an irreconcilable feud between the white and colored republicans in Wake. On next Saturday the white republicans will hold a meeting at Raleigh and repudiate the ticket recently nominated by the county convention.

Don Pedro II., Emperor of Brazil, while returning from a naval review, had a narrow escape from drowning. The boat which he was in capsized, but he was rescued.

Jarvis and York.

A special to the Raleigh Chronicle from Charlotte says:

The joint canvass between Gov. Jarvis and Dr. York here on Saturday was one of the biggest days of the campaign.

York spoke first; and his speech consisted of his discussion of three subjects: The Tariff, the Internal Revenue, and the Blair Educational Bill.

Gov Jarvis accepted the issue, and swore him out. At the very beginning, Mr. Jarvis declared, with cool and almost audacious humor and with entire good nature, that he would allude to Gen. Scales as the Democratic candidate for Governor, and to Dr. York as the Republican candidate, "unless this is repulsive to Dr. York."

"If it is offensive," said Jarvis, "I wish Dr. York to say so at once and I will not again allude to him as the Republican candidate. Is it objectionable, Doctor?"

The Doctor did not answer. Throughout the speech the Governor, when he had occasion to allude to York, would say:

"I would call him the Republican candidate for Governor, but that is offensive, and I do not wish to offend you, Doctor. Get up here by my side and tell these people just what you are."

Being as full as a stone, though the whole crowd yelled for an explanation of his position.

When Jarvis came to speak of the Internal Revenue, he said that he wished to ask Dr. York one or two questions.

"Dr. York, will you say whether the Young Men's Democratic Club is in favor of abolishing the Internal Revenue?"

No answer.

"Dr. York, will you say whether you Cooperstown workers to abolish the Internal Revenue?"

No answer.

"Dr. York, will you say whether Wood Workers, employed in the Internal Revenue?"

No answer.

"Dr. York, will you say whether Dr. Mott wishes to abolish the Internal Revenue?"

No answer.

And so on. It seems to have been a most embarrassing time for the Doctor, and he was glad to get away from it.

There were about 10 thousand white people in the audience, and about five hundred Negroes. It was a splendid day, and after the good old fashioned kind.

About the result of the election, Gov Jarvis said:

"There is one way that Dr. York may possibly be elected Governor—and I only say it to you and that is for the Democrats remaining at home; you may be sure that every negro will go to the polls. It is every man's duty to his country to secretly, and to himself to go to the polls. Now, if we Democrats are not as patriotic as the negroes and do not do our voting duty as well as they do, then possibly Dr. York may be elected. But if the people all go to the polls he will be defeated by 20,000 majority."

Accident To Gen. Scales.

From the Charlotte Observer.

Early yesterday morning a telegram was received from Greensboro by Col R. C. Jones, conveying the intelligence that in consequence of a painful accident Gen. Scales would be unable to fill his appointment in Charlotte to-day.

The accident which has thus disabled General Scales occurred while the General was crossing the Grove mountain, which divides Jackson from Macon county. The road is very rugged and in some places like most mountain roads, winds along high and dangerous precipices. General Scales was travelling in a buggy with a companion who was driving. While descending a steep place in the road a portion of the harness gave way, which caused the buggy to run on the horse. The horse became frightened and dashed off in a mad runaway. Just at a narrow bend in the road, where the mountain rose up perpendicularly on one side and on the other yawned a 150 foot chasm, the buggy upset. As it did so General Scales leaped to the ground, and landed on the edge of the precipice. The horse and buggy tumbled over the precipice and went crashing to the ground, 100 feet below. In endeavoring to gain firm ground General Scales lost his foothold, and going over the precipice followed the buggy. His fall was a terrible one and would undoubtedly have resulted in his death but for the fact that at the distance of sixty feet, and before striking the ground rocks below, the force of his fall was broken by a tree into the branches of which Gen. Scales crashed, and where he lodged.

The buggy was smashed to pieces and the horse was killed. Climbing from the tree and regaining solid ground, General Scales found that none of his bones were broken, but the sharp pains darting through his body gave evidence that he had received severe and perhaps serious internal injuries. With the assistance of his friend Gen. Scales made his way to a house near by, where he rested for a while, and then upon the advice of his physicians he made his way towards his home in Greensboro, which place he reached Thursday night. The doctors who are attending Gen. Scales in Greensboro forbid him to keep quiet and remain in bed for two days yet. They found that he had received a number of painful bruises and his limbs are severely wrenched. The doctors announce that he will be able to fill his appointment at Allemarle in Stanly county, on Monday next.

Yesterday, as we learned by telegraph, Gen Scales was resting well but was actually unable to stand alone.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20, '84.

The political situation grows hotter and more interesting from a Washington standpoint as the campaign advances, and the buildings erected for the coming election here grow more numerous and ensemble. The new Constitutional Hall, on Massachusetts avenue, or rather "Cohen Hall," as it is more generally known, is the leading topic of discussion, and the prevailing opinion is that Cleveland and Hendricks will be the ticket. Some of the whose interest in the election Republican successes, and others of the class who voted for Hayes and Hendricks, are making no concealment of their work in and for Blaine and Logan, and it is generally conceded that the Democratic ticket will be successful. Democrats are not expected to be present in large numbers, but those who are present will be very well satisfied to leave their management in the hands of the department officials, who are throughout the various offices of the Government. I met several of the leading Democrats of Louisiana, who are in the city on business, and they are very confident that Louisiana will be carried for the Democratic ticket. They say that the Republicans have made a desperate effort to register a large vote, but that the Democrats have done the same, and that the Democratic vote will be largely in excess of the Republican vote. They say that the Democrats have been very active in the work of registration, and that they have left no stone unturned to secure a full vote. They say that the Democrats have been very active in the work of registration, and that they have left no stone unturned to secure a full vote. They say that the Democrats have been very active in the work of registration, and that they have left no stone unturned to secure a full vote.

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The infant son of Mrs. Rayland, of Wilmington, N. C., won the prize offered for the finest baby at the Richmond, Virginia, Fair. The youngster is a grandchild of Gen. R. E. Cowles, late of the Confederate army.

The farmers with their people should be encouraged by the [illegible]

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After the bowels are regulated, one of these Pills, taken at bedtime, is usually all that is required to complete the cure.

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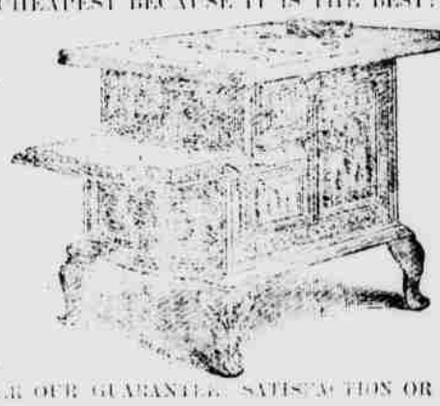

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September 4, 1884. 10.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

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Offer to the public one of the best selected stocks of GENERAL MERCHANDISE ever [illegible] this section, and are now selling at the very lowest prices.

Dry Goods, Groceries,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING,
HARDWARE, CROCKERY, TINWARE, DRUGS, &C.,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

We have no old stock on our shelves left over from last season; everything is new. We have come to stay, and intend to sell everything at the lowest living rates. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.

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June 26th, 1884. 6.

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Successors to J. W. Jordan.
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DESIGNS SENT FREE BY MAIL.
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July 10, 1884. 3mos.

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Offers a complete stock of
MEDICINES, PAINTS, SEEDS,
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DYE STUFFS
AND TOILET ARTICLES AT
LOW PRICES.
Satisfaction guaranteed to any who may favor him with their orders.
January 10, 1884.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS
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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 16 Exchange and No. 15 East Martin Sts.
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WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK
which we offer to the trade at
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Jan'y 10, 1884.

PATENTS. ANDERSON & SMITH, Solicitors of U. S. and Foreign Patents, No. 10 Seventh Street, cor. G, opp. U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C. Correspondence solicited. No charges for advice. No fee charged unless Patent is allowed. References: Lewis Johnson & Co., Bankers, and Postmaster, Washington, D. C. Pamphlet of Instructions free.

Wyatt & Taylor,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Wholesale Grocers
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Consignments of Cotton and Produce solicited.
We carry a heavy stock of
MEAT, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEE,
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MEAL, CORN, BRAN, &C., &C.,
which we offer to the trade at lowest prices.
Will give consignments of Cotton and Produce our personal attention and make sales at highest prices and forward returns at once.
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July 24 No. 12 East Martin Street.

Condensed Time Table No. 8.
C. F. & Y. V. R'Y CO.
To take effect Thursday, July 10, 1884.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Train Going South		Train Going North
No. 1. Mail, Pass. & Frt.		No. 2. Mail, Pass. & Frt.
Leave. 6.40 p. m.	Fayetteville,	Arrive. 6.40 p. m.
" 4.05 p. m.	Cumberland,	Leave. 4.05 p. m.
" 7.45	Smiths,	" 3.40
" 8.47	Lumber Bridge,	" 1.38
" 9.10	Godwin,	" 12.16
" 9.55	Barbers,	" 11.50 a. m.
Arrive. 10.05	Hoffmans,	" 10.00

Trains 1 and 2 run daily, except Sundays. Trains 3 and 4 run Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. No. 1 connects at Fayetteville with Through Freight on R. & A. R. R.

Train No. 3 leaves Raleigh, running to Fayetteville, connecting with No. 4 for Wilmington on Local Freight, in connection with Through Freight on R. & A. R. R. at Sanford.

Train No. 4 leaves Fayetteville at 10.00 a. m., arrives at Sanford, 12.16 p. m., Greensboro, 4.05 p. m., Raleigh, 6.40 p. m.

J. R. MCKENZIE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

J. W. WYATT. EDGAR TAYLOR.

Raleigh & Augusta A.L. R. R.

CORRECTED TIME TABLE.

No. 1—Leave		No. 2—Leave	
Raleigh,	3.55 p m	Hamlet	2 45 a m
Cary,	4.06 p m	Hoffman	3 30 a m
Apex,	4.42 p m	Keyser	3 50 a m
New Hill,	4.57 p m	Silers	4 14 a m
Merry Oaks	5 14 p m	Manly	4 45 a m
Moncure	5 34 p m	Cameron	5 16 a m
Osgood,	5 49 p m	Sanford	6 05 a m
Sanford,	6 27 p m	Osgood	6 27 a m
Cameron,	11 07 a m	Moncure	6 50 a m
Manly,	11 50 p m	Merry Oaks	7 10 a m
Silers,	12 08 p m	New Hill	7 27 a m
Keyser	12 56 p m	Apex	7 50 a m
Hoffman	1 15 p m	Cary	7 44 a m
Hamlet	1 55 p m	Arrive Raleigh,	8 30 a m

Train number 1 connects at Hamlet with C. C. railway for Charlotte and all points south. Train number 2 connects at Raleigh with the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad for all points north.

The Local Freight train, with passenger coach attached, leaves Raleigh at 5.30 a. m. and arrives at 2.40 p. m.

JOHN C. WINDER, Superintendent.