The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1886.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR CONGRESS
JOHN W. GRAHAM,
Of Orange.

FOR SOLICITOR,
JACOB A. LONG,
Of Durham.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE:
W. N. H. SMITH.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES:
THOMAS S. ASHE
A. S. MERRIMON.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES:

3rd Dist.—H. G. CONNOR
4th " —WALTER CLARK
6th " —EDWIN T. BOYKIN
8th " —W. J. MONTGOMERY.
10th " —ALPHONSO C. AVERY
12th " —JAS. H. MERRIMON.

JOHN NICHOLS, of Raleigh, has published a card announcing himself a candidate for Congress in this district. This takes no one by surprise, as it has been expected for sometime. Thus the two Congressional candidates are now before the people for their suffrages. One of them was nominated by the largest, most intelligent and enthusiastic convention ever held in this district: and the other was nominated by—himself! One represents the true democrats of this district: the other represents only himself!

In his card Mr. Nichols attempts to assume the character of an "independent" and actually has the effrontery to attack his own (the republican) party. It is the old stratagem of the wolf wearing sheep's clothing, but it has been tried so often that it has lost its novelty and will not deceive anybody. In another column we copy from the News and Observer an exposure of Mr Nichols' republicanism, to which we call the special attention of our readers.

Mr. Nichols will not observe the time-honored custom of appearing personally before the people and canvassing the district, but will stay at home and conduct what is known as a "still hunt." Our people like to hear candidates discuss public measures, especially Congressional candidates, and see what manner of men they are. But Mr. Nichols shows his usual prudence and shrewdness in not openly meeting Maj Graham on the stump, because he knows that his political record would be thoroughly exposed.

Mr. Nichols had been acting with the democrats until 1871, when he cast in his lot with the republicans. That is, after the best element of the republican party had become so disgusted with its corruptions as to be forced to leave it. Mr. Nichols then joined it. After the frauds of the infamous Legislature of 1868–69 had been exposed and after the outrages of the Kirk war had been perpetrated, Mr. Nichols sanctioned them by joining the party that had committed them! Let this be remembered by the voters of this district! Maj Graham was one of the senators who convicted and punished Gov Holden for the Kirk war, while Mr. Nichols sustained and endorsed Mr. Holden. This should not be forgotten. Surely North Carolinians have not forgotten Holden's famous saying: Nichols and Gorman are with us."

INDEPENDENT candidates have generally met with little success or encouragement in North Carolina, and particularly in Chatham county. The people of this State are not so easily deceived by the hypocritical pretensions of these candidates as the latter had hoped. Whenever you see a blatant demagogue bearing the people also on canvas rings, &c., you may set him down as an impostor, who does not seek the good of the people but only his own personal aggrandizement. It is really amusing to see how "bull headed" these fellows are. Year after year they will go before the people and repeat the same old charges, and never seem to learn anything from their repeated defeats. The people are not fools, and they do not intend to be fooled by such shallow-brained upstarts. Of course there will be the usual crop of these independent candidates this year, and of course they will meet with the same fate that has heretofore befallen that unfortunate class. But then they will add some fun to the campaign, and thus their rise and fall will not have been altogether in vain!

THE PROHIBITIONISTS of Guilford county held a convention last week, and nominated a complete ticket. Of course none of its candidates will be elected, and their running may endanger the election of the democratic candidates. Such a course is not calculated to advance the cause of prohibition.

Mr. Nichols' Candidacy.

From the Raleigh News and Observer.

Sometime years ago ex-Gov Holden, who was the postmaster at Raleigh, was informed that the administration of his office was not satisfactory to the administration at Washington City. On the street the rumor was that Gov Holden had not employed negroes in the post office. The offense was rank. It smelt to high heaven. It could not be atoned for. It is true that Gov Holden had a good corps of clerks, and that the postoffice was faithfully and efficiently administered and the patrons of the office were well served and attended to. It was also true that the public was satisfied and no complaints were made of any mismanagement of the public business. But Gov Holden had employed only white men. He was therefore made to walk the plank. His official head dropped into the basket of the political guillotine. The republican President removed him and appointed Mr. John Nichols.

The postoffice at Raleigh has always been considered one of the very best offices in the State within the gift of the administration. Only the most faithful and expert in such a handsome recognition of valuable party service. Now when Gov Holden was removed the mantle fell on the shoulders of Mr. John Nichols. Above all republicans he was the favored. He knew the rock that wrecked the bark of his distinguished predecessor and he at once sought to avoid it. During his administration the public was served at the delivery window by one of the "colored brethren." One may imagine that there was no discontent on republicanism of that stamp. It spoke for itself. The banner was hung on the outer wall that all the world might have an assurance of the unadulterated character of the article. There was no need to enquire what was the political cost of the postmaster—one had only to get on his letter at the delivery window!

Such was the beginning. A year before the close of Mr Nichols' term Raleigh was made a free delivery office and the postmaster had the appointment of carriers, letter carriers and three assistants. The city letter carriers get $850 and the assistants $700 a year. The postmaster appointed a colored man and another letter carrier ($850) and put in two white men and a negro assistant at $700. He also showed the practical nature of the political doctrines held by the postmaster and administered in his office. A white republican was no longer given the superior place, it was conferred on the darker. The white men were made subordinate to the negro. That was the condition of affairs up to June 1st, 1885, when Mr. Nichols term expired and he went out of office.

From the above we submit any one would say that Mr Nichols was somewhat of a partisan: that he was rather an advanced partisan: that indeed he was a regular "nigger" as a partisan republican. If by that front ye shall know them, then indeed, more never has been a more downright republican ever connected with public concerns here at the State capital.

One short year has elapsed, one year Mr. Nichols has spent in the principle of a private citizen, and he hold to-day, he emerges, no longer as a republican, but as a tester of the republican party. In his address announcing himself after in beating that he is "outside the pale of the two existing parties," he says: "But I am conscious of another fact, and that is that there is a growing dissatisfaction with republicanism with a positive distrust of the political parties as at present contending for public favor. Principles in a great measure, has been buried out of sight and individual ambition has taken its place."

We stop right there. It is the opening of his address and the key to the whole matter. Here is Mr Nichols succeeding Gov. Holden in 1879, on the main question of putting negro clerks in the postoffice, and in October, 1881, putting a negro man in as the head of the letter-carrier business, over white men, and continuing it up to the last hour of his official career, now seeking office as an independent outside of the pale of the two parties. Oh what a change a few short months can accomplish!

Northern Settlers' Meeting.

The convention of Northern-born citizens of this state looks as though it is going to be a bigger thing than most of our people first imagined. The leading daily papers throughout the United States are writing to Mr. J. T. Patrick, the State Commissioner of Immigration, who is doing most of the preliminary work for the Northern-born Citizens Association, saying they will send representatives.

Bulletin, Philadelphia, Pa., Daily Independent, Harrisburg, Pa., Daily Republican, West Chester, Pa., Daily Register, Norristown, Pa., Evening Gazette, Pittston, Pa., Daily Independent, Phoenixville, Pa., Daily News, Reading, Pa., Daily Express, Easton, Pa., Daily Gazette and Bulletin, Williamsport, Pa., Daily Miners Journal, Pottsville, Pa., and quite a number of other editors from different States North write they are coming. It is expected that not less than two hundred representative daily papers will have reporters in Raleigh during the Convention. About one thousand citizens of Northern birth have signed the call for the Convention. It is now expected that the forthcoming fair will be the best patronized fair in several years. The assembling of the Convention, the visiting Northern Editors and capitalists and home seekers will add largely to the attendance at the fair. A number of prominent journalists will deliver addresses at the fair grounds during the day and in the Senate Chamber at night. A number of prominent Northern gentlemen have visited our State during the last week.

The coal mining region in Ohio was shaken by an earthquake at 4 o'clock Sunday morning.

Republican Tactics.

From the Raleigh News and Observer.

The democrats have always been straightforward and have never resorted to strategy and political tactics. Indeed they have acted on the maxim, "thrice armed is he whose cause is just" and have always relied on the sober sense of the people of the State to sustain those who have managed public affairs with honesty, intelligence and integrity. The reduction of the State debt, the low rate of taxation and the economy displayed in administering public business, together with the promotion of plans of internal improvement and the maintenance of the common schools, have been so many reasons urging the people to endorse the democratic party. Add to this general purification of the State, the obliteration of jealousies and hatreds, the absence of oppression and the establishment of good will, with fairness and equity among all the citizens of the State, without regard to race, color or previous condition, and there is made evident powerful considerations why the wheels of progress in the State should not be turned backward and the car bearing the destiny of North Carolina be committed to other hands. These weighty reasons have taken hold of the popular mind with such great force that we have placed every confidence in the result of the elections in the State, without once resorting to tactics and manœuvres. But not so with the enemy. They study tactics and are always up to something. Let us see what they are doing now. Dr. Mott is the leading spirit of that organization. He has been its master mind. To him all others yield the precedence and his will is the law. Subtle, far-sighted and endowed with great nerve, he rules as by divine right, a sort of uncrowned king, a power on the throne. His policy has been bold and his game a desperate one. He found his party composed of negroes and only a few whites, and he reasoned that so long as the color line was maintained his party was doomed to be kept in the minority. The only scope of successions lay in battering down the wall established by the color line. To that end all of the political measures has been directed. To aid in his scheme new issues were to be brought out—the issues were to be divided and were to cut party affiliations with white democrats were to gradually wear away the race prejudices on which the color line was based.

With this object in view the negro physicians went into the probation convention in 1881—and then, when their presence and association had weakened the color line, they were drawn out and were a main mode to train with the "coalition." And indeed for that end the pretended coalition was formed and the farce was acted of having two alleged parties composed of the same men, masquerading now under one banner and again under another, and finally declaring that they had at last determined to unite themselves into themselves in a glorious coalition. The object was patent. It was to create a new nucleus around which unsavory democrats could be drawn in order to break them off from their old party.

The probable movement of 1884 was thus skillfully used by Dr. Mott, who followed it up with the liberal convention in 1882, which he made still, progress that he thought victory was certain for him in the presidential campaign of 1884.

Recollect that his tactics have in view to get rid of a few negro voters from his side and to replace them by a larger number of white men from our side. He seeks to destroy the color line and to take away the "solidation of white voters," as he calls them.

A Poisoned Marriage Feast.

CINCINNATI, IND., Sept 10.—A special dispatch from Decatur, Illinois, says: About fifty people were mysteriously poisoned at a country wedding about five miles west of here Wednesday night, and yesterday all the available physicians were hard at work attending the afflicted persons, who are retching and vomiting violently. Thomas W. Jacobs and Miss Alice Glasgow were married at the house of the bride's father. Supper was served at 9 o'clock, and included chicken salad, fried and boiled chicken, and all ate heartily.

An hour later the bride and groom were taken sick, manifesting symptoms of having been poisoned. Part of the company had left, but those remaining were also taken sick. Great fright ensued. The mother of the groom and others were brought here, and the parties were so exhausted that they had to be carried into houses before reaching the physician.

It has been learned that the chickens for the salad were cooked and salted in a copper kettle. It is supposed that the salt caused the metal to corrode and impregnate the chickens.

The people are all quite sick yet, but no fatal termination of any case is apprehended.

The Wake Democrats have nominated the following ticket: Sheriff, J. R. Nowell; Clerk Superior court, Thomas Badger; Register of Deeds, W. M. Page; Treasurer, A. D. Jones; for Senate, Rufus Jones; House of Representatives, B. F. Strickland, A. J. Banchard, E. R. Stamps, S. F. Mordecai.

For twenty-five cents you can buy a pound package of the celebrated Dry's Horse Powder.

In all bilious attacks use Dr. Bull's Bilious Pills when the first symptoms appear.

All babies are diminutive Cæsars, but they need Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup for colic, flatulence, &c.

Selectest things in Drexel's Bell Cologne.

Cleveland's Popularity.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Gen. John B. Clark, clerk of the House of Representatives, a man of observation and of wide and intimate acquaintance among public men, has returned to Washington after a month's absence at several summer resorts, and in an interview today General Clark gave it as his opinion, based upon correspondence and conversation with public men, that there would not be a word of opposition to the administration from the Democratic politicians this fall. All the opposition heard in Congress last winter has died out, and nominees look to the good feeling Mr. Cleveland's management of affairs has aroused among the people to help them in their canvass.

"It would astonish you to talk with these men," he said. "They have been sunning their people and learned something. The strength of Mr. Cleveland among the people is something beyond the conception of an ordinary politician. Democrats and Republicans are alike for him, and his party critics aren't saying a word. I have met a great many prominent men who heeded what is going on about them, and they all say the same thing. I met a party of New York business men of wealth and prominence. You ought to hear them talk. Several of the most prominent told me that they had been Republicans all their lives, and had voted for Blaine at the last presidential election, but that they were going to vote for Cleveland in '88. They did not care who was nominated against him, he would get their votes, and the votes of thousands like them would go for him. They predicted that if the Democrats failed to nominate him if he got no nomination at all—the people would elect him. They declared that what they said was no more than was said by the majority of the men they met in business life.

"But they were not the only ones I heard express themselves with this enthusiasm. I heard it everywhere I went. The politicians are taking it up. Representative Stanson says he was astonished when he got home. The people in Indiana are all for Cleveland. He could carry the State to-day, Matson says, by 20,000 majority. There is something catching about his way of saying and doing things. When the politicians say he is stubborn and makes mistakes the people excuse him on account of it and say that. There is no getting away from the fact that he has got a mighty strong hold."

"You think, then, that the Democrats will renominate him?"

"They can't help themselves. They'll have to. There's no getting away from it. You don't hear a word to the contrary among the Democracy politicians either."

General Clark's information as to the next House is that the Democrats will lose few if any seats. Where it is true that a number of prominent men have been defeated for renomination, strong men have been put up in their places and a united party support is assured them.

Thousands About to Starve.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 12.—Destitution in Newfoundland is assuming an acute form. England's oldest colony is in a most dependable condition. Starvation is staring in the face one hundred and forty thousand helpless and almost hopeless men and women and children. The situation is all the more deplorable because the recent failure of the seal fisheries. The sealers indulged in profane language. Whiskey flowed freely, and Baine sang a genial rush [illegible] each man making [illegible] to secure his share. Tales proceeding reflect no credit on those who participated in them. They constitute an additional argument, if any were needed, why Democrats and indeed all good citizens of every party should see to it that the administration of the State and county governments should be kept out of the hands of men incapable even of governing themselves, much less of providing for the public welfare.

Sanford Journal: A colored boy near the mines was bitten a few days ago by a rattlesnake, and as medical aid was out of reach the boy must have surely died but for the thoughtfulness of his companions. They dug a hole in the ground and placed both legs in it up to near the hips and packed the mud closely around him. The poison was entirely extracted and the boy is now about well.—Mr. W. S. Stryen has in his garden a dwarf pear tree which bears both pears and quinces successfully. There appears to be no limb graft and the tree is entirely pear in appearance, but when it fruits, both pears and quinces are borne. Dwarf pears are generally grafted on quince stocks but we have never before heard of the quince strain asserting itself sufficiently to produce fruit of its kind.

Piedmont Press: The Republican convention at Wilkesboro on Saturday the 28th ult., nominated Dr. Tyre York for the State House of Representatives. A gentleman who was in Wilkesboro at the time the convention was in session informs us that the scenes he witnessed almost made him forget that he was in a civilized country. No order or decorum was observed in the body during its deliberations. The speakers indulged in profane language. Whiskey flowed freely, and fights and a general rush for each man making to secure his share. Tales proceeding reflect no credit on those who participated in them. They constitute an additional argument, if any were needed, why Democrats and indeed all good citizens of every party should see to it that the administration of the State and county governments should be kept out of the hands of men incapable even of governing themselves, much less of providing for the public welfare.

Shelby New Era: Last Friday the civil authorities of Gaston county arrested Charles Foster, John Uren and Solomon Johnson on the charge of breaking into the warehouse at the distillery of Mr. K. J. Kennedy, in Gaston county, and stealing whiskey from the barrels and substituting water. At the trial, which took place before Justices Garrett and Bradley, the prisoners made confession which proved the existence of a band of whiskey thieves who have been working extensively in that section for some time past. The band is composed of John Crow and his son, Joseph Crow, well known distillers, Frank Grant and Greely Henderson, colored. They made their headquarters in a cave near Crow's distillery, where they had stored about 1,000 gallons of whiskey, part of which was stolen from the distilleries of K. J. Kennedy, Gideon Gamble and Falls & Ware. The balance was safe in Crow's distillery and conveyed to the cave by a cunning device, which deprived the United States of the revenue on it. Just above where the siphon enters the buried a connection was made by a pipe running from the still to the cave. During the day, while the storekeeper was around, the pipe was not used, but at night the liquor was conveyed by its means to the cave. It was a part of the band's plan to substitute water for the stolen whiskey.

The people of Charleston are making efforts to patch up their houses; brick-layers refuse to work for less than $5 a day.

"I'll attend to it soon." Don't cheat yourself to that way. Your hair is growing thinner, dryer and more lifeless every day. Save it and restore its original color, softness and gloss by using Parker's Hair Balsam while you may.

Capturing his Would-Be Captors.

GRIFFIN, Ga., Sept. 12.—Henry Sampson, a convict, at work on the Georgia Midland road has escaped. It happened thus: When the match was applied to a tunnel upon which the gang was working, on Friday, all the men were ordered to get away and they retired to a respectful distance. After the blast was fired Sampson failed to appear. It was evident that he had taken advantage of the opportunity to escape. A bloodhound was put on his track, but when the dog was again seen he was found manacled to a tree with the convict's shackles. Two new dogs were put on the trail, but when they overtook the fugitive he made overtures to them, won their friendship and traded them to a negro woman for his dinner. Sampson is still at large.

State News.

Goldsboro Messenger: There is a place on the farm of D. J. Broadhurst, Esq., in Wayne county, large enough to let a buggy down into it, that sunk by the recent earthquake some four or five feet deep. The place had been planted in corn and was on a level with the rest of the field. There is a slight fissure in the shape of a circle around the pit caused likely by the shock, otherwise the ground is not disturbed anywhere in the neighborhood.

Durham Plant: Saturday night a very unfortunate accident occurred on Flat River resulting in the death of Lee Roberts, colored. Mr. Maynard Mangum went out about 10 o'clock with his pistol to run off a stray dog. The dog ran down the path when Maynard fired at him. Lee Roberts was coming up the path and was struck in the abdomen with the stray ball and killed instantly. It was purely accidental. A jury of inquest to and in accordance with the above facts.

Cowboy Journal: A colored boy near the mines was bitten a few days ago by a rattlesnake, and as medical aid was out of reach the boy must have surely died but for the thoughtfulness of his companions. They dug a hole in the ground and placed both legs in it up to near the hips and packed the mud closely around him. The poison was entirely extracted and the boy is now about well.—Mr. W. S. Stryen has in his garden a dwarf pear tree which bears both pears and quinces successfully. There appears to be no limb graft and the tree is entirely pear in appearance, but when it fruits, both pears and quinces are borne. Dwarf pears are generally grafted on quince stocks but we have never before heard of the quince strain asserting itself sufficiently to produce fruit of its kind.

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

WE HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS THAT

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

CHEAP GOODS!

WE ARE DETERMINED TO

REDUCE OUR STOCK

AND HAVE THEREFORE REDUCED PRICES

To Very Low Figures, for Cash!

WE DEAL IN **GOOD GOODS** AND **NOT TRASH**, AND BELIEVE OUR PEOPLE WILL PATRONIZE THE HOUSE THAT SELLS THE **BEST GOODS** FOR THE **LEAST MONEY**, AND **W. L. LONDON'S IS THAT HOUSE!**

What is the use of WASTING A DOLLAR when you may SAVE IT BY BUYING YOUR GOODS FROM W. L. LONDON who has as COMPLETE A STOCK as can be found anywhere, and will sell FOR CASH AT PRICES THAT WILL DEFY COMPETITION!

We have not space enough to name prices but will ask you to call and see for yourselves. CASH IS WHAT BRINGS THE PRICES DOWN! You will be surprised to see how low you can buy goods.

Remember, those that call first will have first choice. These goods will not last long at the prices that they are being offered at.

Bring the money and I will show the BARGAINS. N. B. Do not forget to show goods at

W. L. LONDON'S.

Pittsboro', N. C., July 29, 1886.

THE CHATHAM HOUSE!

WYATT & TAYLOR,

GROCERS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Call on them or send them your orders, if you wish square dealing.

July 29, 1886. 3m.

SERGEANT MANUFACTURING CO.,

Greensboro, N. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FARRAR TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

COOK AND HEATING STOVES,

Saw Mills, Cane Mills, Horse Powers,

Plows, Straw Cutters, Andirons,

And Castings of Every Description.

Send for Price-List.

TOBACCO FLUES!

I am now prepared to furnish the Farmers with Flues of all kinds at the lowest cash prices. An experience of sixteen years in Flue work, warrants me in saying that I can give you the BEST FLUES for the LEAST MONEY.

HARDWICK & WELLES PATENT HEAT REGULATOR.

I desire to call the attention of the Farmers to the Patent Heat Regulator, which I am manufacturing for CURING TOBACCO YELLOW. It supplies a want long felt by all who have had difficulty in curing Tobacco yellow. With the Regulator, inexperienced curers will have their Tobacco cured uniform in color, and can cure it in from 24 to 36 hours earlier than by the old process. It can be used on any kind of Flue. Works as well on a Rock or Sheet Iron Flue, as on a Pipe.

Descriptions and circulars sent on application.

C. C. TAYLOR, Durham, N. C.

August 5, 1886.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

All persons wanting lumber will do well to apply to me 3 miles southwest of Pittsboro'. I will sell cheap for cash or barter. All orders filled promptly. J. D. WOMBLE.

May 20, 1886.

W. T. BLACKWELL, President. P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

THE BANK OF DURHAM,

DURHAM, N. C.,

Offers its services to the public.

Special attention paid to time deposits and [illegible] given to current Accounts of merchants, planters, and others.

March 18, 1886.

Shiloh Academy.

MALE AND FEMALE.

SECOND SESSION OPENS JUNE 1ST OF ABOVE. This academy is accomplishing a splendid work in one of the most healthy and moral sections of the State.

All branches taught that are necessary for a first-class Business, Classical or English education.

The MUSIC DEPARTMENT is under the auspices of Miss LUCY HAUGH.

A LIBRARY SOCIETY offers its usual attractions.

Tuition in English, $1.00 to $2.00 a month. Classical, $2.50 to $3.50. Music, $2.50.

Board, everything included, $5 to $6.

For further information address the Principal,

H. LEONIDAS COBLE, A. B.,

Moffitt's Mill, N. C.

July 15, 1886. 3m.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILWAY.

Condensed Time Table No. 14.

To take effect Sunday, May 23, 1886.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Train going South.		Train Going North.
No. 1. Mail & Passenger.		No. 2. Mail & Passenger.
Leave, 8.45 a. m.	Bonnettsville,	Arrive, 7.10 p. m.
Arrive, 9.30 a. m.	Shoe Heel,	Leave, 6.30
" 12.00 m.	Fayetteville,	" 4.00
" 2.10 p. m.	Sanford,	" 1.50
Leave, 3.00	Shoe Heel,	Arrive, 12.45 a. m.
" 3.05	Siler,	" 11.50
" 4.45	Liberty,	" 11.15
Arrive, 6.00	Greensboro,	" 10.00

Trains South bound will stop at Sanford for dinner.

Trains North bound will stop at Fayetteville for dinner.

Freight and Passenger Train leaves Bonnettsville Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 2.30 p. m., arriving at Shoe Heel at 4.30 p. m. and Fayetteville at 8 p. m.

Leaves Fayetteville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6.30 a. m., Shoe Heel at 10 a. m., and arrives at Bonnettsville at 12 m.

Freight and Passenger Train North leaves Fayetteville daily at 8 a. m., connecting at Sanford with Freight and Passenger Trains to Raleigh, leaves Sanford at 11.30 a. m., and arrives at Greensboro at 5.40 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro daily at 5 a. m., leaves Sanford at 11 [illegible] a. m., and arrives at Fayetteville at 5.40 p. m.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Supt.

JNO. M. ROSE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

W. T. BLACKWELL, President. P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

THE BANK OF DURHAM,

DURHAM, N. C.,

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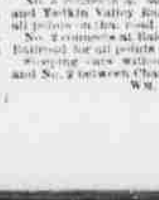
Special attention paid to time deposits and [illegible] given to current Accounts of merchants, planters, and others.

March 18, 1886.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

The popular favorite for dressing the hair. Restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

PARKER'S TONIC

The best Cough Cure you can use.

And the best preventive known for Consumption. No other remedy is so effective in the cure of Scrofula, Consumption, Asthma, Kidney, Urinary and Female Complaints, and all disorders of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Blood and Nerves. It has often saved life and has effected cures in many cases thought by physicians to be incurable. It will pay you to give PARKER'S TONIC a thorough trial. Sold by all Druggists in large bottles at $1.00.

HINDERCORNS

The safest, surest, quickest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, Warts, Moles, Callouses, &c. Hinders their further growth. Stops all pain. Gives no trouble. Makes the feet comfortable. Hindercorns cures when everything else fails. Sold by Druggists at 50c. HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

Raleigh & Augusta A-L. R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Nov'ber 15, 1885.	No. 1, daily except Sunday.	No. 3, daily except Monday.
Leave Raleigh,	7.00 p m	9.00 a m
Cary,	8.00	10.05
Apex,	8.25	10.35
Moncure,	9.15	12.25 p m
Sanford,	10.10	1.48
Carbonton,	10.54	3.05
Manly,	11.32	4.30
Keyser,	12.15 a m	5.90
Arrive Hamlet,	1.45	7.20

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Nov. 17, 1885.	No. 2, daily except Monday	No. 4, daily except Sunday.
Leave Hamlet,	2.45 a m	5.00 a m
Keyser,	3.36	7.02
Manly,	4.18	8.30
Carbonton,	5.16	9.50
Sanford,	6.03	11.15
Moncure,	6.50	12.30 p m
Apex,	7.31	2.05
Cary,	8.20	2.45
Arrive Raleigh,	9.00	3.30

No. 1 connects at Hamlet with Carolina Central Railway for Wilmington, Charlotte and all points south.

No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway for Fayetteville and all points on that road.

No. 3 connects at Raleigh with Raleigh & Gaston Railroad for all points north.

Sleeping cars without change on trains No. 1 and No. 2 between Charlotte and Raleigh.

WM. SMITH, Superintendent.