The Chatham Record

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1886.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

THE ELECTION.

The smoke of the battle has cleared off, and we can now see its results. During the past week the democrats of North Carolina have been more scared than hurt, and they richly deserved the days of anxious suspense suffered by them. As now ascertained all the democratic judges are elected by about 15,000 majority: the Senate stands, 27 democrats, 20 republicans and 3 independents: the House is still in doubt, with the chances of the independents holding the balance of power: every district elects a democratic Congressman, except the 4th and 5th: and five judicial districts elect republican Solicitors, and seven elect democratic Solicitors. On the whole then we can truly say that, "it was not much of a shower" after all. The defeat of the democratic candidate in this district, Jacob A. Long, Esq., is much to be regretted.

There were some close majorities, which show the importance of every vote. In Forsythe county the vote stood 2080 for the democratic candidate for treasurer, and 2089 for the republican candidate. In Surry county the democratic candidate for the House was elected by only one majority, and in the 35th Senatorial district the republican candidate for Senator was elected by six majority. In some other States the election was very close, for instance in Indiana the democrats have carried the Legislature by only two majority.

The people of North Carolina are certainly to be congratulated upon the democrats not having lost the Legislature. While they may not control the House, yet they have a good working majority in the Senate, and can prevent any vicious legislation or the repeal of any existing laws. The importance of this fact cannot be overestimated. Another great cause for congratulation is the election of all the democratic judicial candidates. The election of the republican judicial candidates would have been a most serious calamity to our State. Many of them were not only ignorant of law, but were men of bad characters. Dr. Mott, the chairman of the republican State executive committee, published a card in which he said that, "They are no more fit for the places than mountebanks are for soothsayers." The nomination of such candidates was disgraceful to the republican party, and an insult to the virtue and intelligence of our people. One of the best of them, Mr. Bullock of Franklin county, publicly declared that he was not fit to be a judge, and ran as the republican candidate for register of deeds and was elected!

The election of Mr. Simmons in the 2nd Congressional district was a great democratic victory. In that district the negroes have a majority of several thousand, but there were two negro candidates—Abbott and O'Hara—and Simmons was elected by a plurality of 1853. The defeat of Graham and Reid is much to be regretted. They were decidedly the ablest of all our Congressional candidates, and would have been of great benefit to our State in Congress. Their successful competitors—Nichols and Brower—will have no influence in Congress, and be mere figureheads. The majorities in this district are as follows: for Graham, Alamance 31, Chatham 138, Johnston 308, and Orange 238, a total of 715: and for Nichols, Durham 270, Franklin 90, Nash 200, and Wake 1696, a total of 2,256, which makes a majority of 1,541 for Nichols in the district.

The democrats still retain control of the lower branch of Congress, their majority being between 15 and 20. This is also a cause for congratulation, and indicates the election of a democratic President in 1888. There were some remarkable changes. Speaker Carlisle, whose usual majority has been over 5,000, was re-elected this time by only 738 majority, and Mr. Morrison, the leader of the House, was actually defeated. In the strongly republican States of Massachusetts and Minnesota the democrats unexpectedly gained several Congressmen, while in democratic Virginia they lost three or four. By electing democratic Legislatures in New Jersey, Indiana and California the democrats will gain three United States Senators. The national outlook is bright for democratic success in 1888. If Presidential electors had been voted for at this election, enough States went democratic to have elected a democratic President. The State of New York went democratic by an increased majority, and the city of New York did itself honor in the election of Hon. Abram S. Hewitt as its mayor.

Our Washington Letter.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5, 1886.

These features of Tuesday's election which were unexpected and even unexplicable are still the chief subject of discussion here. Indeed the elections were full of small sized miracles. When President Cleveland first formulated his policy of civil service reform you heard a good deal said about the opposition it would meet with in the North and the disposition of the Southern people to approve of it. Yet North Carolina's Representative Cox be defeated in convention, and develops a sudden fancy for anti-democratic proclivities in her delegation. Kentucky cuts Speaker Carlisle's vote down to a mere shadow of its former self, and Virginia throws away her democratic seats in Congress with recklessness. On the other hand, Minnesota, the old Republican stronghold, polls so close a vote as to leave the issue in doubt for a time. Massachusetts pushes Andrew almost to the front, and New Hampshire almost breaks her straight Republican record in the House.

The news of Speaker Carlisle's possible defeat caused profound surprise here. That of Mr. Morrison did not, as it had been regarded among the initiated as one of his possibilities. He has always had a more or less close contest, and his district is really Republican although he has repeatedly carried it by his personal popularity.

The question of who is likely to succeed Mr. Morrison as Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means is one about which little definite data can be formed at present. Mr. S. S. Cox will require to be placated, and there is an impression that somehow he may be Mr. Morrison's successor. He has a longer Congressional record than any other Democrat in the House, and he has been very prominent on the party

Hardly anybody alludes to Mr. Morrison's not speaking of this conspicuous fact. When Morrison presented in 1884 was spoken of as a possible candidate for the Presidency, Gen. Ely, Democrat of Virginia, then a member of the House, was said to have struck the mark when he expressed the opinion that if Morrison were made President there would be more honesty and less manners in the White House than at any time since General Jackson lived there.

The President did not go home to vote last Tuesday but he was in the room adjoining the little telegraph office of the White House that evening, and read the news direct from all parts of the country as fast as it came. Of all the many reasons given why the President did not go home to vote probably the shrewdest explanation was that he did not wish to cast a certain Democratic ballot for Congress in the Buffalo district, that gentleman having made a speech some time ago, in which it is alleged he expressed lack of sympathy with the Administration. The whole thing about which so much ado was made amounts to nothing, but I will state one good reason why he was not there. He removed from the district some time ago, and although he is entitled to registration in Buffalo is at present disfranchised like many other residents of Washington.

I have from good authority that Mr. Blaine believes that President Cleveland will be renominated in 1888, and that he will be re-elected. That is why he says he does not expect to be nominated himself at that time, and why he says he does not want to be. He has said to many with great emphasis that he would never accept a nomination for the Presidency unless he felt certain of election. He will work for some good Blaine man, though in the Republican convention of 1888 as he has done in the past, and it is feared now that he will be elected in spite of all that the officers can do to prevent.

A Wonderful Jump.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 7.—Lawrence Dawson, of New York, who some time ago jumped from London bridge into the East river, jumped from the new suspension bridge here at the same time to-day and escaped unhurt.

He went straight down a distance of 150 feet, and came up out of the water somewhat dazed, but still able to strike out for his boat. He was taken in and stimulants were given him, and after one of the police-boats had picked up his hat he was landed at the foot of Pike street. The jump was witnessed by many thousand persons.

Attempted Assassination.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—A special from Kingsville, Texas, says that a lynching party was made up to assassinate Judge Carl Runnels, of Dallas county, Wednesday. Carl and his son were attacking each other in a fight, and in order to separate the two Judge Runnels drew his weapon, when they were surprised by a party of citizens from the fort near by. Each of the three received a portion of the loads of buckshot, and it is thought that all will die. Carl Runnels is a prominent young politician, and was formerly Tom Ochiltree's assistant private secretary when Ochiltree was in Congress. Carl has been arrested and made a prisoner. He was badly hurt in the fight, and it is feared now that he will be lynched in spite of all that the officers can do to prevent.

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The Randolph Insurrection.

Special to the News and Observer.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 5, 1886.

The report of an insurrection among the negroes of this county amounts to nothing. A tramp negro made a speech in Tabernacle township a few weeks ago and told his audience that two armies were ready in Washington City to march upon the South. One was uniformed in red, the other in blue. The former would come and kill and destroy the whites, the latter follow and give each negro $1,000 in cash, forty acres of land and a mule. That in order to secure this distribution each one of his audience must pay a given sum, when he would report their names, but they would have no fighting to do. He was promptly arrested and says he was after getting the contribution from the negroes only, when he intended to depart to be heard of no more.

A few nights ago a party of negroes—about five or six—working at Hoover Hill gold mine went to Thomasville and returning to the mine were noisy and disorderly, and happening upon the top of the recent speech and arrest of the tramp negro, a few people became alarmed, and spreading the report after them that the negroes had arisen made a panic in the neighborhood, which has given rise to the reports that have gone out. The negroes of this county are as law abiding, sober and industrious as those of any community in the State, and were imposed upon by the tramp, who was simply arranging to rob them and the report of a threatened insurrection is the result of excitement without any real cause behind it.

Monroe Enquirer-Express:

Wilson Lacey, a young man about 25 years of age who has lived with Mr. Bud Moore, of Chesterfield county, for several years, met with a sad death on last Saturday night. He went to Mr. Joe Griffith's, from whom he procured a quart of whiskey and drank it. He next went to a wagon which was returning home from Monroe, and this wagon had a jug of liquor procured it is supposed in our prosperous town. He was given a drink of liquor, and afterwards got possession of the jug and drank, it is thought, about a quart. He died immediately. The deceased had the reputation of being a clever, good hearted fellow, but too fond of liquor—alas! the fall of too many of our young men.—We learn that Miss Rena Dorsett, daughter of Mr. E. Dry, of Stanly county, committed suicide on last Thursday afternoon by hanging herself. It appears to have been the belief of the young lady, as her duties as housekeeper, to prepare supper for her father and brother and then to go out visiting among her neighbors. On last Thursday afternoon the father and brother returned from the field, found supper ready as usual, and the daughter and sister gone visiting as they supposed. But she did not return by morning. It was supposed she had only gone the night somewhere. After hunting the suspicions father and brother went to the field to work. As morning advanced the former, anxious to know if she had returned to the house to see if she had done so. It was reported she had not. A note was found on her sewing machine in her handwriting in serious, and quiet phrase going to show a premeditated state of mind, it not bearing a natural equilibrium. A search for her was begun at once. She was quickly found in a mill pond, not far from the dwelling, hanging dead, with a rope around her neck. She had made of up to a post and had entered of the rope around it and the other end around her neck and jumped down and. There were signs that she tried to climb back after jumping.

Nichols' Election.

Mr. Nichols has been elected to Congress from this district. What will he be able to do when he gets there? What will he be able to do for the people who have elected him? what for any people? Absolutely nothing! He will find in Congress the other successful Democratic candidates and the two will be able to divide equally in carriage, but their power will stop at that. They will be able to fraternize with many of the great parties and so will be able to shake hands in their seats. And occasionally will be called upon to vote in accordance with the views of the majority of the party to which they belong. They will draw their salaries, ride free, with legerity, but will be compelling any legislation of public moment they will be minutes. The people of this district have simply consented to present Mr. Nichols with the luxury of a congressional trip for a term of two years. They called possibly get any return for the outlay they make.

Prohibition's Growth in Arks.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Nov. 7.—Official returns have been received from about seventy of the county Democratic committees of the State, showing the Prohibition vote in each to be 31,614. The total vote was 76,000. The vote for governor in 1884 was 106,000. The Democratic majority will probably be about 15,000. The Prohibitionists claim they will poll 40,000 votes. In 1882 the Democratic majority was 27,000, and in 1884 it was 20,000. Democratic majority will probably exceed that of 1884 by over 21,000 votes in only two years.

The North Carolina Conference of the M. E. Church, South, will meet at Reidsville December 2d and will be presided over by Bishop Granberry.

A remarkable illustration of the enduring quality of human hair has been seen in the British Museum, where has been placed by Sir Henry Layard an Egyptian relic, which is supposed to date from 3,000 to 4,000 years ago.

John Ferrell, who was recently elected by the State Senate from Wisconsin by the Republicans, is said to have remarked that he did not yet know in which branch of the Legislature he would "take a seat"—that he had not yet decided upon the matter.

The citizens of Harnett County in a mass meeting assembled at Lindsay's last week agreed unanimously to subscribe $75,000 to the Lumberton, Durham and Fayetteville railroad.

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia in the various parts of system, headache, backache, sciatica, soreness of the chest, coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis use Salvation Oil, the great pain cure of the age. Price 25 cents a bottle.

The great superiority of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to all other cough remedies is due to the fact that it is prepared by the most skilful physicians, and contains the best curative properties of all remedies for that old-established household remedy.

What is more disagreeable to a lady than to know that her hair is not what it used to be, but is falling out badly? Yet such was the case with the writer until I used Parker's Hair Balsam. My hair is now thick and perfectly restored to its original glossy.—Mrs. E. Sweeny, Chicago.

LAND SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF an order of sale will sell at public sale at the Court House door in Pittsboro, on Monday the 15th day of November, 1886, the following described tract of land, to-wit: [illegible] and the proceeds will be applied to the payment of the debts of the estate of Wesley Bynum, deceased. This the 14th day of October, 1886.

J. A. WOMACK,
Administrator and Commissioner.
October 14, 1886. 4w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Having qualified as the administrator of A. M. Yates, deceased, this is to notify all persons holding claims against said deceased to present the same to me within twelve months from the date hereof, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This 14th day of October, 1886.

J. H. YATES-TOTTEN.
Oct. 14, 1886.

Farm for Sale.

About 300 acres. Lies about 1½ miles south of Pittsboro and about 4 miles north of Haywood. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For further information apply to the undersigned at Pittsboro.

Sept. 9, 1886.

KILLING OUTFIT!

Three run 44-inch Mill Stones, one French Burr, two Rollers, with all Machinery complete, new and improved design, to grind Wheat or Corn. Line Shafting, Pulleys, Elevators, Belting, Cobbs and Chest, Saddlers, &c., &c. For a great bargain apply to

J. P. LEACH.
Littleton, N. C.
or J. Q. A. LEACH, Pittsboro.
Oct. 14, 1886.

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RICHMOND, N. C.,
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SCHMERTZ & CO.'S GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Highest prices paid for all country produce, and goods sold on the most reasonable terms. Come and see us yourself.

Oct. 28, 1886. 2m.

1886. FALL. 1886.

NEW GOODS!
—AT—
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

We take pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that our

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

will be offered at Prices in sympathy with the Low Prices of Farm Products.

We have a more complete line of DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTH,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
GROCERIES, &C.,

than ever before offered.

Ladies' Cloaks and Dry Goods a Specialty.

We solicit an examination of our Goods and Prices. Thanks for past favors.

The Highest Cash Prices paid for Cotton and other Produce.

Yours Respectfully,

E. R. McLEAN & CO.

SILER, N. C., April 22, 1886.

COTTON GINNERS!

INSURE YOUR GINS!

IN THE

N. C. HOME INSURANCE CO.

Encourage Home Institutions

This company has been in successful operation for eighteen years. It is

SAFE,
SOLVENT
and PROMPT

in the payment of its losses.

All Kinds of Buildings insured at reasonable rates.

Be warned in the losses of your neighbors and insure in time.

H. A. LONDON,
Agent.

Sept. 9, 1886.

FOLLOW THE CROWD!

AND YOU WILL FIND YOURSELF IN THE STORE OF

BERWANGER BROTHERS,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
The Leading Clothiers,

Where you will find
THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK
MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
SUITS and OVERCOATS.

People Always Buy Goods Where They Can
Buy The Cheapest.

What is the reason that people come from far and near to our Store?
Because We Sell First-Class Goods at Low Prices.

You will be courteously treated whether you buy or not.

No trouble to show goods. Very Respectfully,

BERWANGER BROTHERS.
Nov. 11, 1886. RALEIGH, N. C.

THE DURHAM FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
DURHAM, N. C.,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
FURNITURE
AND ALL KINDRED ARTICLES.
MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS MADE TO ORDER.
SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE.

The firm is only one year old and has sold more furniture than any other House in the State during that time.

They carried in stock THE BEST FURNITURE at the VERY LOWEST prices. Call and see for yourself.

Nov. 11, 1886. 3mos.

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MARBLE, GRANITE AND BROWN STONE WORKS,
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D. I. ROGERS,
—DEALER IN—
American, Italian and Granite Monuments,
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BROWN STONE FOR CURBING DOOR and WINDOW SILLS and Building Purposes.
ORIGINAL LOW PRICES.
DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

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BUFFALO WAREHOUSE,
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FOR THE SALE OF
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We have just completed and refitted our entire Warehouse, making it one of the most complete and convenient houses of the modern kind.

FULL CORPS OF EXPERIENCED SALESMEN.
PERSONAL CARE TO EVERY PILE OF TOBACCO!
POLITE ATTENTION TO FARMERS.
EXPERIENCED AND COURTEOUS HANDS.
THE HIGHEST PRICE GUARANTEED ON EVERY SALE!
A FULL CORPS OF BUYERS ALWAYS ON HAND!
NOT WHO BUT WHAT DO THEY SELL TO.

W. A. SLOAN & CO.,
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—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
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Greensboro, N. C.
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COOK AND HEATING STOVES,
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Plows, Straw Cutters, Andirons,
And Castings of Every Description.
Send for Price-List.

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