

Gov. Fowle's Death.
Knowing that the readers of the Record will be anxious to learn all the particulars of the sad and sudden death of Gov. Fowle, we copy the following from the Raleigh News and Observer of the 8th inst.:
Governor Daniel G. Fowle died suddenly last night at the Governor's mansion at 11:30 o'clock.
The announcement of his death will be a profound shock to the public, as he has been in unusually good health up till yesterday when he complained of indigestion and did not come down to the executive office as usual.
His trouble was considered as only temporary, however, and he complained only of indigestion. During the day a question of law came up and was discussed by the council of State and it was decided to await Gov. Fowle's opinion upon it. On inquiry a message was received from him that he was feeling improved and would be down at the Executive office this morning. Gov. Fowle remained in his apartments all day yesterday at the mansion and most of the day was in bed but yesterday evening he felt so much better that he arose and was up till about 10:30 o'clock when he retired for the night.
Before the Governor retired his family were around him in his chamber and he was engaged for some time in hearing the lessons of his two younger children Mary and Dan. At that time he manifested very indication of feeling well and natural and seemed to take an interest in the pastime of hearing the children's lessons.
About half past ten o'clock the young people all retired for the night little dreaming that the angel of death was hovering near. There was then no reason to suspect that the Governor was at all unwell, he having manifested such signs of returning activity and would brighten and interest in all around him.
Within about three quarters of an hour, about 11:15 o'clock, the Governor rang the electric button in his chamber, which communicated that in which were the young people.
His daughter Mary answered, the bell and when she came he remarked that he had rung two or three times and said he was feeling badly and would have to ask her to sit up with him for a while.
His daughter Miss Helen came in a few minutes and soon after her entrance the Governor said "I feel faint". She turned and got a towel which she saturated with cold water and returned to his bed side, but as she did so it was at once noticeable that a sudden change for the worse had quickly set in. His head fell back and he expired in a few minutes.
There were in the house at the time Miss Helen, Miss Satterthwaite her cousin who is visiting her and Miss Mary and Master Dan.
Death was probably caused by neuralgia of the heart or a sudden apoplectic attack, although a physician who knew the Governor well stated last night shortly after his death that he had never complained of any organic heart trouble.

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Harrison Insults White Men.

The President of the Radical party drove out the negro servants he found in the White House when he entered, but he appoints a negro a collector of customs in this city. He is constantly trying to keep the South "solid" by his injudicious and offensive appointments (as in the case of Daney and the one recently made in Mississippi) and he is most successful in his efforts.

The Radical President knew that the people of Wilmington and this section did not desire a negro to be put in charge of the custom house. Wilmington is the chief city and commercial entrepot of North Carolina. The transactions at the custom house are of great importance, and our business men must have frequent relations with the officials. Harrison knows that the Southern whites, like himself, prefer to have business dealings of a public character with their own race. Harrison has shown how it is with himself. He will have no negro in his Cabinet, and no negro attendants in his home. He ought to respect the wishes and prejudices of his own race. There were white men in his party he might have selected. Daney does not belong here. If he could not find in Wilmington a man of his race and party to appoint, why did he not import one as he has done in Daney's case?

Daney is probably as good a selection as the negroes of the State could afford. But that is not the point. The men of Wilmington who have business transactions with the custom house are whites, and the President was arbitrary and foolish when he resolved to force upon them a man of the negro race. It was a dirty political trick and born of malice and selfishness.

Two Women on the Bench.

ATKINSON, Kan., April 9.—Two Kansas judges have elected women police-judges. Mrs. Mary T. Burton, formerly editor of the *Kansasian*, and at present postmistress, was elected police judge at Jamestown, Cloud county, and Mrs. Jessie McCormick of Burr Oak, Jewell county. Both are strong prohibitionists. Mrs. Burton is the widow of a prominent politician who died from the effects of strong drink. She is especially bitter against traffic in liquors.

Baron Fava, the Italian Minister at Washington, sailed from New York for Europe last Saturday.

Mr. J. C. Caddell, the travelling correspondent and agent of the News and Observer, has resigned his position and taken a position as correspondent of the *Birmingham Record*.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, April 10, 1891.

Mr. Harrison's new claim and most potential adviser is ex-representative McKinley, who bids fair to become a monomaniac on the tariff bill enacted by the Billiard dollar Congress, and which bears his name. Mr. McKinley, who knows the tariff by even of the limited kind proposed by Mr. Blaine, would eventually result in the death of the doctrine of a high protective tariff, by causing its absurdities to shine even more conspicuously than they do at the present time, has been working on Mr. Harrison for quite a while to convince him that he must stop Mr. Blaine, even if it was necessary to force him out of the cabinet. Nothing would have suited Mr. Harrison better, but he was afraid of Blaine, and having obtained his promise to stand off and let him get renominated, if he could, he did not care to anger him, but the indications now are that McKinley has fully succeeded, for no cabinet officer ever got a more direct snubbing from the President than Mr. Blaine did when Mr. Harrison positively forbade him receiving any propositions informal or otherwise from the Canadian Commissioners who had been invited here by Mr. Blaine.

It would not have injured Mr. Harrison in the slightest or have helped Canadian reciprocity for Mr. Blaine to have kept his engagement with the Canadians and heard their informal propositions, but Mr. Harrison was determined to snub the Canadians as well as Mr. Blaine, and in spite of the diplomatic snub with which the Canadians received Mr. Blaine's little fib, manufactured for the occasion, about the President wishing to be present when their proposition was submitted, they knew that reciprocity with us was as dead as a door nail as long as Mr. Harrison is President, and that they would never be sent for to submit their propositions to him.

He who thinks that Mr. Blaine will tamely submit to being insulted does not know the man. One of his close personal friends said to me, "Owing to the incomplete condition of a number of the most important diplomatic negotiations Mr. Blaine's hands are for the present tied, but when he gets things in such shape that he can leave them without endangering his own reputation, we he unto Benjamin Harrison, if he shall not before then have made his peace, and if Bill McKinley is not careful he will discover that Mr. Blaine would considerable influence in Ohio."

In resigning from the Senate Mr. Edmunds did not forget his lifelong habits. He makes it take effect next November, which gives him an opportunity to continue drawing the salary during the recess, without doing any work. There is no doubt here that the whole thing is cut and dried and that the governor of Vermont will just before Congress meets, appoint Secretary Frester to fill Mr. Edmunds' unexpired term in the Senate.

Secretary Foster has selected ex-representative Cronin, of Nebraska, to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and he is now wrestling with the friends of several candidates to determine who shall be Supervising Architect of the Treasury in place of Mr. Windrip, who resigned to accept a better place in Philadelphia. Added to this task is the arduous duty of compelling the republican party in New York through the House of Representatives to accept a nomination.

Inventors, big and little, rich and poor, have been our honored guests for three days while the one hundredth anniversary of the United States Patent system is being celebrated. There have been meetings addressed by eminent gentlemen, banquets have been eaten. Mount Vernon has been visited and after a military review this afternoon our visitors will return to their usual avocations.

Col. L. I. Polk, president of the National Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union, made a speech here last night at a public meeting held by the local Citizens Alliance that is said to have been one of the strongest presentations of Alliance principles ever made here.

There is nothing to be said about Secretary Risk, who has coolly appropriated to himself all the credit for getting the German embargo on American meat removed, or rather the promise that it will soon be removed.

The trial of C. A. Kincaid for the murder of ex-representative Tullie has resulted in a verdict of "not guilty."

Whiskey's Fatal Work.

MESQUITE, Tex., April 11.—A special from Newport, Ark., reports a tragedy in a stove camp near the junction of Black and Current rivers. Eight men drank too much whiskey and then quarrelled over what remained in the jug. Manager Anderson ran amuck with a knife, badly cutting five men and killing one named H. J. Moore. Steve Ross, foreman of the camp, fired upon Anderson with his Winchester. Ross was one of Anderson's victims, but was not fatally hurt, but two others probably are. A ball from Ross rifle went through Anderson's heart, but he afterwards continued his attack upon Ross until he fell dead.

C. A. Starr, of Catawba College, one of the students who was badly injured in the recent wreck on the Chester and Lenoir railroad just below Newton, has effected a compromise with the railroad company by which he receives \$1,500 damages.

Riot at Charlotte.

Special to the News and Observer.
CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 12.—The most brutal murder ever committed in this city occurred last night in a store on Trade street, one of the principal streets of the city. John Moccia, an Italian, was brutally murdered by Henry Bradham, a colored gambler, bailing from Charleston, S. C. Bradham had been hanging about Moccia's store all day and evening for the purpose, as events proved, of robbery. After the murder the cash drawer was found open, and the contents, amounting to \$25, gone.

At 11:30 p. m. Bradham was seen in the store by Moccia's wife and child, who roomed over the store. Two policemen passing the store heard an unusual sound from within, and on stepping in they found Moccia lying on the floor with his skull crushed in. By the dying man was a coupling pin with which the deadly blow had been dealt. Bradham was arrested, and the stolen money found on him. Bradham is closely guarded in a rock cell of the jail. Great excitement has prevailed all day, and a lynching has been hourly expected, as the Italians of this city as well as other citizens are determined the negro shall have speedy justice meted out to him.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 13.—Last night was quite an exciting one in Charlotte. The murder of John B. Moccia, the Italian, was identified in the person of a dark negro from Charleston named Henry Bradham. He was jailed and last night the streets adjacent to the prison were thronged. A mob of negroes faced a mob of whites while the Hornet's Nest Riflemen guarded the jail.

About 11 o'clock the police arrested a negro, but the mob of negroes rescued him. The whites made no resistance until 9 a. m. they were fired upon by negroes who had massed in a colored church near by. The fire was returned and about 200 shots were fired and the church was riddled, but strange to say only one person was injured, and he was a white man.

He was shot in the leg. The negroes quickly abandoned the church when the fusillade began. The military saved the negro from being lynched. Today all has been quiet, but further trouble is feared.

The mayor has detailed an extra force of one hundred policemen, and the saloons are ordered to be closed at 5 o'clock this evening.

In his charge to the grand jury to-day Judge Meares, of the Criminal Court, spoke very plainly of the duty of suppressing lawlessness and maintaining the supremacy of the law.

Moccia was buried this afternoon. His slayer is safe in jail under the protection of a guard that any mob might fear.

The Alliance and Democrats.

A good deal is being said in our North Carolina exchanges just now about the efforts the Alliance is supposed to be making to break up the Democratic party in this State. There is just nothing at all in this talk. The Democratic party of North Carolina has endorsed every essential demand that has been made by the Farmers' Alliance, and so long as that party is willing to stand by its endorsement of our demands, there will be no trouble. The Alliance is not a political organization in a partisan sense at all. It is an organization of the farmers of the country to secure certain definite reforms, by the agitation and discussion of certain great public questions, and by the education of its members. If the Democratic party or any other party is willing to help us get these reforms, such party will be heartily welcomed to the field of our effort. The Democratic party in North Carolina has said in its conventions that it is willing to help us in this work, and as long as it is true to this pledge, the Alliance would be very foolish to try to break it up.

An Owl Story.

Correspondence of the Statesville Landmark.
Last Thursday, last, a little son of Mr. E. F. Morrison, eight years old, set a steel trap on top of a pole about 15 feet high, to catch crows. The pole was placed near the house to be watched. Friday morning the pole was down and the trap gone. About 25 steps distant a number of crows were flying and chirping near a fence. In searching for the trap the little fellow went to the crows. To his great delight a large night owl had possession of the trap. It measured four feet from tip to tip. He has the owl to show for itself. As the owl was flying away with the trap the chain caught on the fence and hung it till it was relieved by its new owner. Respectfully,
A. L. Morrison.
Scott's X-Rays, N. C., April 3, 91.

Verdict for the Locomotive.

GOSHEN, Ind., April 8.—The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the famous De Kalb county cow case, which was tried in this county on a charge of venue. A farmer brought suit against the Lake Shore Railroad to recover the value of a cow killed by a locomotive. The jury decided against him and gave the railroad a verdict for \$5 and costs, it being alleged that the Company's locomotive had been damaged that much by collision with the cow.

A P. M.'s \$400 Well Cooked.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 11.—Several months ago the Post-Office at Seward, Oklahoma, was robbed. There being no safe convenient, the Postmaster after that put his stamps and money in the oven of his cook stove. Yesterday he built a fire in a hurry, and forgot to take the treasure out. When he thought of them the oven was re-hot and stamps and paper money were all gone. His loss was over \$400.

A CARGO GENUINE NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES

just received and imported by
C. C. COVINGTON & CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Correspondence solicited.
Large lot of flour on hand.
March 12, 1891.

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A. G. RHODES & COMPANY, RALEIGH, N. C.

Are making people happy every day by the liberal terms they offer on all kinds of

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Fancy Chairs! Hall Racks! Book Cases! Dressers! Wardrobes! Everything!

Chamber Suits, complete, in great variety. Broken Suits provided if desired.

We will accommodate you and please you if you will let us. We have many things to talk about. Come and see them! It will be like going to a fair.

A. G. RHODES & CO., 11 E. Main and 10 Exchange Place, Raleigh, N. C.

Ang. 26, 1890.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

G. M. GILBERTS, 1113 Mangum Street, DURHAM, N. C.

—DEALER IN—

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, CROCKERY,

CANNED GOODS, Tobacco, (Alliance Tobacco a specialty), Snuff, Fruits, &c.

Large Lot of Shoes.

Feb. 26, 1891.

BARGAINS

Received and on Sale This Week

—AT—

Woolcott and Son's, 11 E. Main Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

A LINE OF LADIES' MUSLIN

Underwear—25 and 50c each. LAMPS—25c, worth \$1.50.

300 APRONS—At 25c each. Large sizes—10c apiece.

200 INCH BLACK HENRIETTA—At 25c, good value at 35c per yard.

300 POCKET BOOKS—10c each.

2,000 PR. SEAMLESS HALF HOSE—1,000 perfect goods at 10c pair.

1,000 PAIRS HALF SOLES—10c pair.

1,000 pair.

New Things in Crockery, Glass, Tin and Wooden ware.

500 CEDAR WATER FALLS, brass hoops, at 22 to 25c each.

100 WASH TUBS—Cheap.

All goods marked in plain figures and one price to all.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

THE LATEST ATTACHMENT THE FINEST WORKMANSHIP

FOR SALE BY

B. P. THOMAS, JONESBORO, N. C.

THE LEADING SPRING STOCK OF CHATHAM!

We now have the stock that meets the expectations and gratifies the tastes. Facts and figures convince all comers that we offer the opportunity of the season.

IN STYLES, PRICES, QUALITY AND QUANTITY, OUR STOCK IS LARGE! OUR GOODS NEW! OUR PRICES LOW!!!

EVERY DEPARTMENT FULL OF NEW NOVELTIES! THE BARGAINS YOU SEEK WILL BE FOUND AMONG OUR NEW AND STYLISH DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, MILLINERY, SHOES FOR EVERYBODY, HATS for Men, Ladies and children, READYMADE CLOTHING to fit any one, FURNISHING GOODS, and anything you wish. A big stock to be turned quick on close margins. You people who know what a bargain is, come in, bring the money and we will surprise you.

W. L. LONDON & SON, April 16, 1891.

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NORTH STATE MUSIC CO., Successors to J. L. Squire. C. G. STONE, Manager, RALEIGH, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

H. MAHLER, RALEIGH, N. C.

Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds,

STERLING SILVER AND SILVER PLATED WARE, CLOCKS, BRONZES AND NOVELTIES FOR THE FINE TRADE.

A SPECIALTY—Watches and Jewelry made to order in any design. For obtaining correct size for ring send a patent ring card.

Watches and Jewelry Promptly and Carefully Repaired Dec. 23, 1890.

RALEIGH MARBLE WORKS, RALEIGH, N. C.

Phone, Yellow Lumber Company, FASSETTVILLE, N. C. MARBLE CUTTING AND FINISHING.

MONUMENTS and TOMBSTONES

Marble or Granite.

Also contractors for all kinds of BUILDING WORK, CURBS, POSTS, STEPS, PILLS, &c.

Designs of all descriptions kept on hand and sent to any address upon application.

CHAS. A. GOODWIN, Feb. 26, 1891, Proprietor.

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Designs and estimates furnished on application.

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JAMES B. MASON, Attorney at Law, CHAPEL HILL, N. C.,

Will collect this tax for 5 Cents on the DOLLAR. Send your Receipt to him. If lost, write him the facts. Best references given.

April 9, 1891.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

I, being qualified as administrator of E. F. Foe, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit the same to me or before the clerk of the Superior Court, in and for the County of Wake, N. C., on or before the 1st day of May, 1891.

W. H. EYLE, Clerk of Court Agent J. B. FEE, Clerk of Court.



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

W. L. DOUGLAS, Sole and Other Goods, W. L. DOUGLAS, Sole and Other Goods, W. L. DOUGLAS, Sole and Other Goods.

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PITTSBORO SHUTTLE MILL, WEATHER-BOARDING, CEILING AND FLOORING,

PUMPS AND KIN DRILL, OR RORON, these moved to order at short notice. Good Ceiling and Flooring already done at only \$1.20 per 100 ft.

B. NOOE, JR., Sept. 26, 1889.

PAINTS

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Send sketch, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee is not paid until patent is secured. A. F. SNOW & CO., "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

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Condensed Schedule. In effect March 15, 1891.

LEAVE EVERY SUNDAY.

Train leaving South. No. 2. Mail & Passenger. Leave, 6:30 p. m. Arrive, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 10c. Ticket, 25c. Return, 10c. Fare, 10c. Ticket, 25c. Return, 10c.

Train leaving North. No. 1. Mail & Passenger. Leave, 6:30 a. m. Arrive, 10:30 p. m. Fare, 10c. Ticket, 25c. Return, 10c.

W. H. EYLE, Clerk of Court Agent J. B. FEE, Clerk of Court.