

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

- FOR PRESIDENT: GROVER CLEVELAND, of New York. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois. FOR GOVERNOR: ELIAS CARR, of Edgecombe. FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR: RUFUS A. DOUGHTON, of Alleghany. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE: OCTAVIUS COKE, of Wake. FOR TREASURER: DONALD W. BAIN, of Wake. FOR AUDITOR: ROBERT M. PURMAN, of Blount. FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION: JOHN C. SCALHOURGHL, of Johnston. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL: FRANK I. OSBORNE, of Mecklenburg. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE: C. B. AYCOCK, of Wayne. R. B. GLENN, of Forsyth.

THE ACTION of the present Congress on the tariff question should be clearly understood by people who wish to vote intelligently. Some persons ignorantly and others designedly, declare that Congress has not even attempted to do anything with the tariff laws. This is partially true. That is, it is true so far as the republican Senate is concerned, but it is not true so far as the democratic House is concerned, and the facts are simply these and cannot be denied.

When Congress met, last December, the democrats in the House consulted as to which of two courses they should pursue. Whether they should attempt to repeal the McKinley bill as a whole, or introduce additional bills repealing the most objectionable features of it. The latter plan was decided upon, as being more practicable, for there was no earthly hope of the republican Senate passing or President Harrison signing a bill to repeal the entire McKinley bill. Accordingly the democrats introduced in the House, and passed bill after bill (three in number) repealing the most oppressive taxes levied by the McKinley bill, and the republican Senate refused to pass a single one of them.

These three bills would have repealed the tariff on some of the articles that are used chiefly by the farmer and laborer, and were as follows: 1. The first bill repealed the tariff, or tax, on tin and tinware. If the republican Senate had passed this bill and Harrison had signed it, there would have been a saving of ten or fifteen million dollars a year to a class of people who greatly need such a relief. If this bill had been passed, all kinds of tinware would today be much cheaper than it is. Tin buckets, tin pans, tin cups, tinned fruits and vegetables that are put up in tin cans, all would be cheaper today if the republicans had allowed this just and democratic bill to be passed.

2. The second bill passed by the democratic House was a bill repealing the tax, or tariff, on woolen goods, that are worn chiefly by farmers and laboring men. This would of course have greatly reduced the price of all woolen goods, clothing, &c., and would have afforded considerable relief.

3. The third bill passed by the democratic House for the relief of the people was one repealing the tax, or tariff, on cotton ties and binding twine. This bill would have saved several million dollars to the farmers of the South who use cotton ties, and to the farmers of the North and the West who use twine in binding wheat. But the republican Senate did not even pass this bill, whose sole object was to repeal a tax levied on articles that are used only by farmers!

Now which party is the friend of the farmer and laboring man? The party that advocated and tried to pass those bills? Or the party that opposed and defeated them? And yet some men have the audacity and meanness to assert that there is no difference between the two old parties! And in this connection it should be distinctly remembered that the third party platform declares the tariff issue to be "a sham battle", and does not propose any reduction or reform of the tariff whatsoever! Choose ye between them!

The Third party leaders know that they are carrying sectional prejudices and are bringing about a state of bitterness between the North and the South. Of course this is all rubbish. But even if it was true, even if they should succeed in obliterating sectional prejudices, yet it is an indisputable fact that they are stirring up and arousing all manner of prejudice and bad feelings among men of the same section—between neighbors. All their appeals are to men's prejudices, and not to their judgments. The editorials in their newspapers and addresses of their speakers all appeal to men's passions and prejudices, and not to their reason and judgment. And yet they pretend to be a party whose mission is to purify politics and save the country! If the salvation of our country depends upon such leaders, may the good Lord have mercy on us all!

One of the most despicable and disgraceful appeals to prejudice that are made by these so-called reformers, is the constant and continuous attempt to arraign the country against the towns. No third party speaker ever makes a speech without attempting to excite the prejudices of the men who live in the country against those who live in the towns. Such appeals should be denounced by all good citizens, and no one but a contemptible demagogue would be guilty of making such harangues. Any man who attempts to arraign the country against the towns, or the town against the country, is an enemy to his race and should be denounced by every citizen who wishes to see his country prosper. The country and the town are mutually dependent, each upon the other, and neither can prosper without the other. And every man of sense knows this to be true!

THE REPUBLICAN State Convention will be held at Raleigh on the 7th day of September. This was decided on at a meeting of the executive committee held on last Thursday. Heretofore the third party leaders had been hoping that the republicans would not nominate a State ticket, but would fuse with them and elect the third party State ticket. But that hope now seems groundless, and without republican help there is no earthly chance for the third party candidates to be elected in North Carolina.

So the contest in this campaign, as heretofore, will be between the two old parties, and either the republicans or democrats will elect their State ticket in North Carolina. Which shall it be? With the experience of the past to guide us, can any good citizen hesitate as to his duty? Every vote for the third party ticket is a vote thrown away, and every man who has become a voter of the democratic ticket and who now votes the third party ticket, simply gives half a vote for the republican ticket. And do you not intend to do this?

Some of the Third party leaders falsely allege that no true allyman will vote the democratic ticket. Such an allegation is as absurd as it is untrue. At the last election nearly every allyman in North Carolina voted the democratic ticket, and the democratic ticket was carried easily now as they did in 1890. If not, why not?

The head of the democratic State ticket is an ex-President of the State Alliance, and his election is advocated by another ex-President and by the present President. How then can it be a secret that no true allyman can vote the democratic ticket?

Whenever democratic speakers and papers expose the duplicity and hypocrisy of the third party, where the latter try to hide behind the Alliance and cry out "You are attacking the Alliance!" This is as absurd as it is cowardly. There is a very wide difference between the Alliance and the third party, and the people are not all fools enough to be so easily deceived by the cowardly cry of demagogues.

Negro Rule. The third party leaders in North Carolina, but all the same there is great danger of it if enough former democrats vote with the third party and thereby turn our State over to the republicans. Yes, we need not shut our eyes to the danger of the republicans obtaining control of our State, and as is well known, the negroes compose the bulk of that party. In order to show the influence now exercised in the republican party of this State by the negroes, we copy the following editorial extract from last week's issue of the Raleigh Standard: "So that the rule of the negro is now and has been for years past, and dominated by Davis and his associates."

city of the country. Nevertheless the election papers are full of the assertion that if the republicans are returned to power in North Carolina that the negro will rule the State. They now advise voters and have undertaken to vote every class and individual of the republican party and draw the color line against the white. The republicans and nearly every white republican in all the Eastern counties, and wherever the colored vote is large, with perhaps one exception, has been driven into silence. And such prominent republicans of learning and character as Col. W. L. Patton and Charles C. McQueen, of Montgomery; Thomas M. Ayres of Raleigh; and other prominent names are so intimidated that they have refused to take any part in the election. The third party is a party of cowards, and it is not surprising that every voting white man who is a member of a genuine political party will sell out to the Democratic party.

The Party and the Farmers. We were lately in a Representative of the State from the Democratic or Agricultural party submitted to the House a bill repealing the McKinley tariff on the ground that the present tariff was upon agricultural products. The bill was passed by a large majority. The bill would have repealed the tariff on all agricultural products, and it is not surprising that every voting white man who is a member of a genuine political party will sell out to the Democratic party. The bill would have repealed the tariff on all agricultural products, and it is not surprising that every voting white man who is a member of a genuine political party will sell out to the Democratic party.

Review of the press of wood says the report shows that the tariff imposed upon it is the highest of any product in the world. The price of wood in this country has been higher than in any other country. Another reason for the high price of wood is the fact that the tariff on it is the highest of any product in the world. The price of wood in this country has been higher than in any other country. Another reason for the high price of wood is the fact that the tariff on it is the highest of any product in the world.

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Washington Letter.

Washington, Aug. 29, 1892. The republican party is now what a mass of confusion. The party is now what a mass of confusion. The party is now what a mass of confusion. The party is now what a mass of confusion.

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Deaths from Heat.

New York, July 27. Fifty deaths from heat were reported in the city today up to 11 o'clock a. m. All this number fifteen occurred during the night. The weather in the city is not quite so warm as yesterday. There is a likelihood of a slight breeze.

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Johnson & Barber.

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Advertisement for Johnson & Barber, Groceries, Wagons, Carriages, Bicycles, and Batts. Furniture a specialty. Includes address: Nos. 108 and 110 Park Avenue, Raleigh, N. C.

Advertisement for Electric House, Aids Nature in Nature's Own Way. Includes address: Atlantic Electric House Co., 1405 New York Ave., Washington, D. C.

Advertisement for Dress Goods Department, featuring various fabrics and styles.

Advertisement for Ayer's Hair Vigor, featuring the product name and benefits for hair care.

Advertisement for Woolcott & Sons, featuring various goods and services.

Advertisement for Fire Insurance Co., featuring details about insurance policies and coverage.