GRACEFUL AS ANTELOPES

Are the Women of the Lower Classes of Central America.

The women of the Pueblo in Honduras and Nicaragua were better looking than the women of the lower classes of any country I have ever visited, writes Richard Harding Davis. They were individually more beautiful, and the proportion of beautiful women was greater. A woman there is accustomed from her childhood to carry heavy burdens on her head, and this gives to all of them an erect carriage and a fearless uplifting of the head when they walk or stand. They have never known a tight dress or a tight shoe, and they move as easily and as gracefully as an antelope. Their hair is very rich and heavy, and they oil it and comb it and braid it from morning to night, and wear it parted in the middle, and drawn tightly back over the ears, and drawn around the head in heavy braids. Their complexion is a light brown, and their eyes have the sad look which one sees in the eyes of a deer or a dog, and which is not so much the sign of any sorrow as of the lack of intelligence. The women of the upper classes are like most Spanish-American women, badly and over dressed in a gown fashioned after some forgotten Parisian mode, with powder over their faces, and with their hair frizzled and curled in ridiculous profusion. They are a very sorry contrast to a woman of the people, such as you see standing in the doorways of the mud huts, or advancing towards you along the trail with an earthen jar on her shoulder, straight of limb, and with a firm, fine lower jaw, a low, broad forehead, and shy, sad eyes.

The Sin-Eater.

Among curious customs and superstitions noticed in a recent article in Blackwood on the "Legends and Folk-Lore of North Wales," there is one the singularity of which is [illegible] by the statement that it still survives in North and South Wales and the Border. At a funeral [illegible] who lives by such service has handed over to him a loaf of bread, a maple bowl full of beer or milk, and a sixpence, in consideration of which he takes upon him all the sins of the defunct, and frees him or her from walking after death." The scapegoat is currently called a "sin eater."

"I hear a good deal about double taxation," said the stranger. "May I ask what it is?" "Certainly," replied the promoter. "We call it double taxation when we had to pay both the city and the aldermen for a franchise."—Chicago Post.

Time and Tide.

"Time and tide wait for no man," [illegible] [illegible] things of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

We need to cultivate every [illegible] which tends to [illegible] in the [illegible] of the beautiful and true.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. [illegible] Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

The man who [illegible] trouble [illegible] to be married to it.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. [illegible] Laboratory, Binghamton, N. Y.

[illegible] getting—[illegible]

A Good Dog is Worth Looking After.

If you own a dog and think anything of him you should be able to treat him intelligently when ill and understand him sufficiently to detect symptoms of illness. The dog doctor book written by H. Clay Glover, D. V. S., specialist in canine diseases to the principal kennel clubs, will furnish this information. It is a cloth bound, handsomely illustrated book, and will be sent postpaid by the Book Publishing House, 134 Leonard St., N. Y. City, on receipt of 40 cts. in postage stamps.

[illegible] not practice what they preach.

FITS stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The man who [illegible] used to do [illegible]

Pain is Not Conducive of Pleasure,
especially when [illegible] Hindercorns will [illegible]

The first Duchess of Marlborough was a servant girl in the Duke's family when he married her.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Montana has a petroleum belt in the new county of Carbon.

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. Blunt, Sprague, Wash., March 8, 1894.

In civilized countries the average age at which women marry is 23½ years.

Take Parker's Ginger Tonic Home With you. It will exceed your expectations in abating colds, and many ills. [illegible]

Lieutenant Peary says the Eskimo women never scold.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat requires immediate attention. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" will invariably give relief.

Russia has about 550 female physicians.

Rich Red Blood

Is the foundation of health. The way to have Rich, Red, Healthy Blood is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

It costs four times as much to govern American cities as is spent for the same purpose in European cities.

It may often be the means of saving life to remember the dictum, that "a man struck by electricity should be treated as if drowned."

Most women college graduates teach or marry, in either of which case, the Atlanta Constitution thinks they are using to good advantage what they have learned.

Oscar S. Strauss, who was United States Minister to Turkey during Mr. Cleveland's first administration, thinks that there is not the slightest danger of the partition of Turkey by the powers for a long while to come.

President Harper, of the University of Chicago, pointed out as the radical defect of the public schools of the country that they deal with children en masse, and try to make each conform to cast iron curriculum, instead of dealing with each individual according to his capacities and weaknesses.

The New York Sun avers that professors are plentiful almost as people in Kansas and some other western parts, but it is perhaps seldom that the assumed compliment of the designation is so artistically rounded out as in the announcement in an Emporia paper that an accomplished professor of the tonsorial art "has accepted a chair" in "the finest shaving parlor in the city."

Over $11,000,000 will be at the disposal of the Institute of France, whose centenary was celebrated, when the Duc d'Aumale dies. The income of the five academies that constitute the institute is now $140,000 a year, and the government besides makes a yearly grant of another $140,000. The Duc d'Aumale's gift of the domain of Chantilly gives it nearly $8,000,000 of landed property.

It has been calculated that if the world keeps on developing as at present, horses, cattle and sheep will become extinct and man will be differentiated into two distinct animals, a super world of feeble prettiness and a more [illegible] subterranean race reduced to mere mechanical industry. In the course of a few millions of years the motion of the earth on its axis, which is supposed to be growing slower every year on account of the friction of the tides, will have ceased entirely, and the earth will present a constant face to the sun.

There is no keeping up with the "lightning change Emperor," as the Kaiser is facetiously termed in England. As soldier, orator, painter, stage manager, ranter and wearer of 190 uniforms, he is familiar to all [illegible]. Still His Majesty has "another forthcoming attraction," in the language of the profession which he affects. The Kaiser's "very latest is in the character of esthetic dress [illegible]. He is very anxious, it seems, to have his court as picturesque-looking as possible, and to this end he has given orders that a certain number of court officials and state functionaries in certain [illegible] shall be facsimiles of those worn by Venetian Senators in the Middle Ages. The Emperor's talent for stage management is asserting itself in private life, and if he does not tire of the latest whim the Prussian court promises to be the most picturesque in Europe.

A case involving a novel law point, and said to be without a parallel and without any analogous precedent, has recently been decided by the Supreme Court of Connecticut. In 1891, relates the New York Post, S. P. Williams of Waterbury leased for ten years the greater part of a block owned by George L. Lilley, agreeing, among other things, to pay the insurance. The lease gave Williams an option to purchase the entire property during the term of the lease. In 1893 the building was partly destroyed by fire. Lilley collected the insurance, $24,451.51, and reconstructed the building at a total expense of $15,531.60, leaving $8,780.91 of the insurance money unexpended. Subsequently Williams decided to purchase the property, and claimed that he should be credited with the unexpended balance of the insurance money on the purchase. In this claim he is sustained by the court, which treats the money as a substitute for the property, and holds that if Williams had elected to take the property before the reconstruction he should have received the insurance money, and the fact that the building was put up for less than the insurance did not change the plaintiff's equity.

To Build a Novel Craft.

Some of the masculine residents of Vinal Haven, Me., have a new plan for keeping themselves occupied and amused during the coming winter. Each pledges himself to design and build a novel craft to be controlled by mechanical power only—the methods and materials employed in construction to be kept secret from each other until the exhibition and trial race, which has been appointed for some day in June, 1896.—New York Post.

FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

MANURING THE ORCHARD.

The proper time to manure the orchard is the late fall and early winter. If the work is delayed until the spring or summer, the ground will be injured by driving over it, if it is done at all. But this is extremely unlikely, as the press of other work during the busy season will not permit the hauling of manure. At this time other work is light, so that there is no excuse for neglect. Besides the snows and rains, the alternate freezing and thawing to which the manure will be subjected during the winter tends to decompose and to put it in such a condition that its elements become available as a plant food as soon as vegetation starts in the spring.

CABBAGES FOR COWS.

Cabbage is the same as turnips, are not fit food for cows that are milking. It is true that if either of these is fed immediately before feeding the milk will not acquire the taste or odor of them, but there will be some objection to the milk if it is used for condensing, as in this process any bad quality that may be in the milk is increased many times as the quantity of the milk is decreased. Thus any odor that may not be distinguished in the fresh milk will be apparent when it is condensed. The rules of the condensing factories are strictly opposed to the use of cabbages, turnips, or ensilage in feeding the cows. —New York Times.

CONTRACT WITH VETERINARY ADVISER.

A good idea was suggested at a recent meeting of Scotch farmers. It was for stockowners to contract with their veterinary adviser for his services at so much per annum. If this were done, the veterinary adviser would make periodical visits to the stock, and, with the view of keeping them in the best of health, he would make every suggestion that his skill could devise as to how to improve the hygienic conditions under which the stock was kept. He would advise as to the sanitary conditions of the buildings, the system of feeding to be followed, and any other matters on which his skill could suggest any improvements on the system previously followed. It would then be for his interest to have as few cases of sickness as possible in the stock, and in that way veterinary science would be used as much for the prevention as for the cure of animal maladies.—American Farmer.

CLEARING LAND BY GRUBBING.

We often see recommendations for clearing land encumbered by trees or rocks by grubbing and digging them out. But there are very important limitations to this policy. It will do very well where there are comparatively few trees or rocks on an acre whose removal leaves it suitable for tillage. But where either trees or rocks cover a large part of the surface to dig them out becomes much too costly to be practicable, except near cities, where land is very valuable and there is a market for stone for building purposes. Each tree will require to be dug around for the distance of three feet on each side, its removal cannot be effected for much less than a dollar. That would reclaim one square yard of land, and at $200 per acre it would only be worth three cents. From these figures it would seem that the rocky land covered by trees and rocks that can never be used for anything but woodland, cutting out the superfluous trees so as to give what are left a better chance to grow, and encouraging new growth by keeping stock away as much as possible.—Boston Cultivator.

CARE OF THE ORCHARD.

The fall is one of the most important seasons to the fruit grower. After the crop has been harvested there is much to be done. The trees should be gone over and pruned carefully. The labels which plainly mark each variety should be carefully looked to, for it is easy to forget names when the labels are gone. The trees which are not to be planted until next spring should be properly heeled in with enough covering to keep the roots from injury. The spot selected must be one where the water will not lie long, and the earth must be packed closely about the roots. The fences must be looked to so the stock may do considerable damage in the orchard during the winter. It will pay you to set them in order and also to look to your drainage. Trees cannot stand wet feet, and water from heavy rains and melting snow must not be allowed to collect around their trunks. Hollows should be filled up and drains opened to carry off surplus water.

In hauling manure do not leave it in heaps about the orchard, but spread it evenly over the whole surface. Only a very young tree is benefited by having the manure placed close to the trunk.

The feeding roots of bearing trees extend to a considerable distance, nearly to the middle of the rows in which they are planted, and it is there the fertilizers most needed. It is plain that the work of the successful fruit-grower does not cease with the harvesting of his crop. There is much more to be done before he can take his well-earned winter's rest with the knowledge that he has done his utmost to secure a bountiful crop next season.—New York World.

WINTER EGG PRODUCTION.

In order to have eggs in winter, the ordinary grain feed must be supplemented with animal and vegetable matter. Hens of any breed will consume a great deal of food before they commence to lay; then they will not need so much. When laying, the desire for grain is largely replaced by a craving for animal and vegetable feeds and eggshell material, such as old plaster, oyster shells, etc. Do not conclude that the more feed the more eggs. Too much forcing is not advisable. It is difficult to feed highly for eggs without making the hens too fat. The number of eggs a hen will lay before she begins to set depends upon her condition when laying.

A laying fowl requires animal food, either cooked or raw, to supply the albumen in the egg. A pound a day is sufficient for a dozen hens. Any kind of meat will do—rabbits, squirrels, etc., are excellent. Feed regularly. A soft, warm mess must be given in the morning. Feed whole grain at noon and in the evening. A very little grain scattered in some clean litter, to keep the hen busy scratching, will suffice at noon, but a full meal should be given at night. Fowls go on to the roost early in the evening and remain until daylight, and this long fast demands a good substantial meal. Wheat is an excellent egg-producing grain, and is a good noon-day diet. Oats are good if the hens have plenty of sharp grit within reach. As the weather grows colder, more corn may be given. Always feed oil-cake if it is obtainable. New [illegible] is apt to cause a looseness of the bowels. Sweet milk is a complete ration for egg production, and should be given daily. Buckwheat once a week is good for laying hens. If they refuse to eat it alone, mix with other grain.

Eggs are flavored by the food on which the hens feed. Those fed on putrid meats, decayed vegetables, and from a dirty surface, will make eggs not fit to eat. Very often eggs called stale are not so old as we think. The musty, unpleasant odor and flavor come from inferior food. To produce well-flavored eggs, the hens must have clean food. The feed trough and litter in which grain is scattered must be clean. The drinking vessel should be scalded twice a week with boiling water. Pure water must be kept before the hens all the time. It is surprising how much a flock will drink in a day. Being one of the principal substances in an egg, laying hens crave it.

The henhouse should be warm and dry. Heat from the sun's rays is sufficient. The hens have a heavier coating of feathers in winter, and are thus prepared by nature for changes. If the house is free from dampness and is built reasonably warm, the hens will not suffer. The early molting hens and the early hatched pullets will be the winter layers. To recapitulate, a warm, dry, house, exercise, clean food, pure water, sharp grit, and cleanliness will increase the egg production and give healthy fowls the year round.—New England Homestead.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Don't feed corn exclusively to growing animals.

To avoid soft-shell eggs give plenty of gravel, oyster shells and crushed bones.

Much care should be observed in selecting layers for breeding purposes every year, and in a short time the entire flock will consist of nothing but layers.

Don't crowd your fowls. If you have only room to accommodate a dozen fowls comfortably, don't try to squeeze in 24. Better eat up eight of the poorest, and the remaining dozen will more than make it up before spring.

Don't feed your grain in a dish, but scatter it about so the fowls will have to work to get it. When fed in bulk, they stuff themselves full in five minutes and then loaf around waiting for the next feeding time and thus grow fat and lazy.

A good layer usually lays eggs that will hatch well; the very fact that she is a good layer shows that she is in a healthy condition, the consequence being that the greater number of eggs will be fertile and the chicks strong and vigorous.

You can breed hens for their laying qualities the same as you can cows for milking. Select the best layers and set only their eggs. If you want avoirdupois then you have simply to reverse the order and breed only from the heavy weights.

Discard all hens that show a tendency to lay on fat, and retain those that under proper feeding will convert the food into eggs instead of fat. If part of the flock convert the food into fat instead of eggs, the profit the layers might give is eaten up by the drones. No fowl should be retained that does not in some manner add to the profit of the flock.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Antiquarians say that glass was in use 2,000 years B. C.

One Maine hunter has shot more than 70 coons already this season.

The region in the immediate vicinity of the Dead Sea is the hottest on earth.

The jasper vase which the Czar of Russia has presented to Paris weighs four tons.

A rattlesnake with thirty-two rattles was killed near Phoenix, Arizona, a few days ago.

In Japan, paper coats, oiled, and thus made waterproof, have been in use at least ten centuries.

Marcus Antonius possessed a dwarf, Sisyphus, not quite two feet tall, and yet the possessor of a remarkable wit.

American gold pens have the reputation in our own and foreign markets, of being the best pens in the world.

Green Lake, Col., is 10,250 feet above sea level, and is said to be the most elevated body of water in the world.

William Cullen Bryant wrote poetry when nine years. At eighteen his masterpiece "Thanatopsis" was published.

Taking the whole land surface of the globe into consideration there are 22 1-2 acres for each inhabitant on this planet.

A Pennsylvania man began hunting pheasants eleven days before the season opened. He killed 82 during the 11 days, and they have cost him $10 apiece.

Canton, Me., got up a competitive skunk hunt the other day, and the place will smell sweeter for some time to come. The game brought in was 130 skunks.

In Paris, at the foot of all steep inclines, are found members of the "Wheelpushers' Guild," who for a small consideration push the rider's machine to the summit.

Tramps in Holland are put in a cistern which has a pump in the bottom. Water is turned on in sufficient volume to keep from drowning. One dose is generally sufficient.

James M. Munn, an official of Evanston, Ill., was relieved the other day by a surgical operation of a piece of bombshell, which he has been carrying in his nose for the past 32 years.

Mrs. Mary Rochester, colored, died in the New Castle, Delaware county almshouse a few days ago at the reputed age of 104 years. She had lived in that vicinity during most of her life.

Sandwich is one of the few English towns in which the curfew is not rung. The custom was very nearly ended recently, as the people objected to the ringer's ringing the bell at 5 o'clock in the morning, too.

Peculiar Chinese Parents.

It is a disagreeable fact that Chinese parents are in the habit in certain circumstances of abandoning female infants to death by starvation, and it is one that an apologist for China would like to pass over in silence. On the other hand, nothing is gained by exaggeration, and as far as my most limited experience allows me to speak, it is an enormous exaggeration to talk as if Chinese mothers exposed their daughters habitually and without a second thought. At any rate, the people of Fair Reply would repudiate the charge with amazement. "He hai kai, iso mak kai [illegible]?" If she is a good one why throw away?" they would ask.

Why, indeed, when a girl of ten in good health and fairly bonny will always fetch $100; while each of the next five or six years will add $10 to her market value? So remembering that from the age of five she will be useful to gather bamboo husks for fuel, mind the baby, feed the buffalo and a year or two later cut fern, dig up pistachio nuts and carry water, it will be seen that a healthy female child will be by no means an unprofitable investment. But if the child be sickly, then it is different. The [illegible] little thing looks red and helpless and repulsive. If it dies within doors its fractious spirit will remain there, and add another torment to the teeming world of devils that surround us. Better for all parties to deport the tiny spirit to some lonely spot, turn away quickly and think of something else. Charity might possibly accept some such revulsion of the maternal instinct in explanation, and the anthropologist will remember," that "holy things," and the case of the rabbits once so aptly cited in this connection.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Petroleum For Snake Bite.

A German, for many years a resident of Brazil, affirms that petroleum is an infallible cure for snake bite. The best plan is to bathe the wound in the liquid, or rags soaked with petroleum may be laid over it. His nephew and his son-in-law were thus saved. He mentions several instances wherein persons were bitten far out in the woods, far away from the remedy. But even then relief was immediate as soon as the petroleum was applied.—New York World.

The Picture of an Island.

On his second voyage, in 1493, Columbus discovered an island on a Sunday, from which circumstance he gave it the name of Dominica, which, being interpreted, means Lord's Day, or Sunday, Island. When the great sailor returned to Spain and told the story of his adventures, Queen Isabella asked him what the island was like. Crumpling up a piece of paper in his hand and throwing it down before her, Columbus said, "That is the nearest picture I can give," whereby he intended to convey the notion that Dominica is largely made up of steep mountains and deep ravines. In 1811 the island became one of the British West Indies, but is now not in too flourishing a condition.

A Buster.

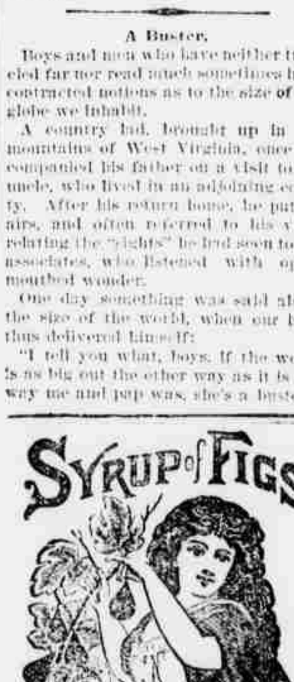
Boys and men who have neither traveled far nor read much sometimes have contracted notions as to the size of the globe we inhabit.

A country lad, brought up in the mountains of West Virginia, once accompanied his father on a visit to his uncle, who lived in an adjoining county. After his return home, he put on airs, and often referred to his visit, relating the "sights" he had seen to his associates, who listened with open-mouthed wonder.

One day something was said about the size of the world, when our hero thus delivered himself:

"I tell you what, boys, if the world is as big out the other way as it is the way me and pap was, she's a buster!"

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Made in a Minute.

A little water and all ready for the griddle.

TO MAKE Light, Dainty Cakes USE

Hecker's Buckwheat.

Remember, the water must be cold and the griddle hot.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS $3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

[illegible] $3.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS,

CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more $3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

[illegible]

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. [illegible]

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

COLE'S
NEW DOMESTIC
COFFEE BERRY.

BETTER THAN A GOLD MINE.

[illegible] C. E. COLE, SEEDSMAN, Buckner, Mo.

[illegible]

RIPANS TABULES

Because he had palpitation of the heart, Mr. A. J. Allen determined to quit smoking. He thought the tobacco habit was the cause of his trouble, but when he ceased smoking the palpitations of the heart were more violent than ever. Mr. Allen is a registered chemist of Lynn, Mass., and at second thought he concluded that, if tobacco wasn't the cause, it must be acute dyspepsia. His knowledge of chemistry naturally prompted him to take Ripans Tabules, well knowing their efficacy in disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Quick relief followed, and now there is no more distress in the region of his heart. But the remarkable part of Mr. Allen's experience follows. He decided to forego smoking anyhow, and discovered that Ripans Tabules not only satisfied the longing for tobacco, while all smokers are familiar with, but at first he actually looked forward with pleasure to the three periods each day when he took the Tabules. Mr. Allen no longer smokes, and he's no doctor, nor does he take the Tabules. He is a well man, and does not need medicine of any kind. Mr. Allen believes Ripans Tabules will prove a powerful aid to any man who desires to abandon the tobacco habit.

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

LINENE REVERSIBLE

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. [illegible] A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address

REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY,
77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. [illegible] It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized after-Completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. [illegible] It also makes [illegible] Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

$3 A DAY SURE. SEND us your address [illegible]

[illegible]

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. [illegible] Druggists

$2.42 CASH WITH ORDER

[illegible]

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

[illegible]

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Distasteful

to every woman—wash-day and house-cleaning time with their grim attendants; "aching back," "low spirits," "tired to death," "worn out," "out of sorts." Why don't you get rid of these things? Use Pearline. There are directions on each package that will show you the latest, safest, quickest, and best ways of washing.

The wonderful success of Pearline (used and talked of by millions of women)—that alone ought to move you to try it. And then a trial means continued use.

Millions NOW USE Pearline