SECRETARY SHAW ENERGETIC.

New Head of Treasury Department Sets a Hot Pace.

Secretary Shaw is the most industrious member of the President's cabinet, says the Washington correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle. Shortly after he succeeded Lyman J. Gage, Mr. Shaw startled the treasury watchman by appearing at the department one morning promptly at 8 o'clock. The doors were unlocked by the wondering attendant, who thought that the secretary's home clock had slipped a cog or two.

The next day Secretary Shaw turned up at the same hour, and he has kept up the practice ever since. Few treasury officials are able to maintain the pace set by their chief. The latter's private secretary, Robert B. Armstrong, comes nearer doing this than any of the others, and he manages to get at his desk somewhere near 8 o'clock each morning. Only once he reported ahead of the secretary, however. The latter gets an early start. He rises at 6 o'clock every day, eats his breakfast at 7, and by the time the hands of the clock point to 8 he is at the department.

It is safe to say that this is something that no other cabinet officer has done for more than a few days at a time.

Ostrich Eggs as Food.

Ostrich eggs are only a twelfth the cost of hen eggs, that is, so far as South Africa is concerned. Hen eggs cost 75 cents a dozen, but ostrich eggs, each of which is equivalent to 20 or 24 hen eggs, cost 10 cents. When required for use the housewife makes a small hole in the top of the egg. The quantity required is shaken out, and the shell containing the remainder is corked up, as though it were a bottle. So treated, the contents of the egg keep quite a long time when care is taken to place the corked shell in a cool place.

The authorities have strictly prohibited the exportation of ostrich eggs, but the birds have been acclimatised to South Africa. An American has also founded an ostrich colony in the south of France, at Nice. The results are that South Africa has dangerous rivals in the field, and that ostrich eggs may soon figure on our breakfast tables.

A girl doesn't believe a fellow is seriously in love unless he acts foolishly.

A Cough

"I have made a most thorough trial of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and am prepared to say that for all diseases of the lungs it never disappoints."
J. Early Finley, Ironton, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral won't cure rheumatism; we never said it would. It won't cure dyspepsia; we never claimed it. But it will cure coughs and colds of all kinds. We first said this sixty years ago; we've been saying it ever since.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Cross?

Poor man! He can't help it. It's his liver. He needs a liver pill. Ayer's Pills.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use
Buckingham's Dye
Sold by druggists. R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

TO WRITE FOR CAT. & SPECIAL RATES.
Situations SECURED
for graduates or tuition refunded. We pay R.R. Fare.
Pays
MASSEY BUSINESS COLLEGES
BIRMINGHAM, ALA. RICHMOND, VA.
HOUSTON, TEX. COLUMBUS, GA.

So. 40.

WANTED
250 Young Men
At once to qualify for good positions which we will guarantee in writing under a $5,000 deposit to promptly procure them.
The Ga.-Ala. Bus. College,
MACON, GEORGIA.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, KY.
Highest award at World's Exposition.
Book-keeping, Business, Shorthand, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. Tuition one-third cheaper than elsewhere. Catalogue free. Address WILBUR R. SMITH, Pres., Lexington, Ky.

HEADACHE, FEVERISH CONDITIONS AND COLDS CURED BY CAPUDINE
Sold by all Druggists.

Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
10c. 25c. 50c. Druggists
Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

500 YOUNG MEN WANTED for Railway Service. Address Johnson's Practical Railway Institute, Indianapolis, Ind.

Dependable men wear dependable shoes. "KING BEE" $3.50. KING BEE SHOE CO.

NEW PENSION LAWS SENT FREE
Apply to NATHAN SICKFORD, 914 F St., Washington, D. C.

FARM MATTERS.

Indicates Lack of Attention.

Lice on cattle indicate lack of attention and poor feed. Grease of any kind will destroy lice on cattle, but grease should not be used if it can be avoided. First wash the animal with kerosene emulsion and follow with clear water. When the skin is dry dust every portion of the body with a mixture of a peck of carbolate of lime and a bushel of clean, dry dirt. If a single animal is infested with lice the others will soon be in the same condition unless remedies are used as preventives.

Natural Philosophy of Cream.

Cream rises almost entirely in the falling temperature. Milk may be from ninety degrees to 100 degrees when set for the cream to rise, and then gradually cooled down to fifty degrees, by which time the cream will be to the surface. If the milk cools before being strained into the setting pans it is doubtful if all the cream will come to the surface. But by warming up the milk again to ninety degrees, and then cooling, the cream will rise as the milk cools. Hence, when the weather is warm, and the milk not cool, the yield of cream is very light, while if the milk is cooled down to fifty degrees the quantity of cream may probably be doubled.

The Potato Disease.

Potato disease, which is caused by a fungus, first attacks the tops of the plants, and is conveyed to the tubers by means of spores washed into the soil by rain. To prevent the infection of the tubers a grower recommends raising a plow between the rows so as to turn a furrow on the top of the hills, and then heeling the plants over the furrow. This causes the water which washes the tops to run away from the hills. The turnwing should be done at the first appearance of the disease, and as a further precaution the crop should not be dug for at least two or three weeks after the tops are entirely killed. A trial of this method has given very good results.

Asparagus From Seed.

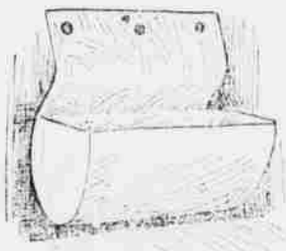
In planting asparagus from seed the following directions will secure a satisfactory result: Seeds are sown for nursery four feet in rapid water, and sow early in the spring in rows a foot apart, and keep clean by frequently weeding and hoeing. At one or two years old transplant to permanent beds. The ground should be well dug, plenty of manure dressed heavy, free from mold, weeds, lumps, etc., which can be had and mixing them thoroughly with the soil. Lay on the beds four and one-half feet wide and draw three drills four inches apart and six inches deep lengthwise of each bed, place the roots in them a foot apart, in their natural position, and cover four inches deep. A fine sandy loam is suitable.

Value of Green Foods on the Farm.

Crimson clover and rye, when turned under as green manurial crops, are sold to the farm and should be credited on the farm books at a certain value, for they represent materials stored away in the soil for future use. Every ounce of grain or fodder fed to stock has a value, and a really all on the animals, but they are expected to pay for the food consumed in meat, milk, butter, eggs, etc. The growing of two crops in one year does not imply that the crops must mature. If the farmer can sell a crop of green fodder corn to his cows before it has had time to produce ears he can afford that much, and if he can afford to sell rye during the winter it is a gain in time and crops in hand. The home market for farm products sometimes better than the market because it enables the farmer to use his raw materials to good advantage. The main source of loss is in allowing land to lie idle, and in this progressive age such a condition should never exist if it can be avoided.

Feeding Trough For Young Chicks.

Young chickens should always have their food fresh and clean and where they can eat it at will. To accomplish this end is a problem. The chicks are determined, when trying to get into the feed dish with their feet, scratch out the contents and otherwise make it unfit for further use. If on opening a can of fish or other canned stuff you will cut out one half of the top in order to empty out the contents, you can easily make a good trough for this purpose. Remove the



half of the top and the corresponding half of the bottom of the can. Cut down the side from the edge of one open end to meet at the other. Then bend the flap up toward back. Take the short end of the flap to the side of the coops, yet where the chicks can easily reach over into it for the feed which is put into it. Where there is a large number of chicks, several troughs will be needed. These also make fine drinking dishes for older fowls, especially those that are kept in close confinement.—The Epitomist.

Drainage and Warmth.

Lands that contain more water than is needed by the crops growing upon them require drainage. If one intends to raise corn or wheat the land will need more drainage than if needed for grass. Even grass lands need not be very wet, as if too wet the growth of aquatic plants and grasses takes the place of the cultivated grasses and ruins the hay and pastures. Level, porous soils, underlaid by sand or gravel, are drained by nature, but all land that is underlaid by clay, rock or other imperious material, needs draining. The gain by underdrainage is that the surface of the water in the soil is lowered. The roots of cereals and grasses may penetrate as far as to the surface of the water, but never into it. It is necessary to draw the water off to such a depth as will give the roots of growing crops plenty of room to reach downward for the nourishment that is necessary to their growth. Only aquatic plants grow well with their roots in the water. The lowering of the water below the surface prevents a large amount of evaporation, and its effect in cooling the soil. The water being removed, air and warmth are admitted to the soil. Drained lands are for this reason ready for planting at least one week earlier in the spring. The growth of crops is quickened through the summer by the increased temperature of the soil, which amounts to several degrees, and the injurious effects of early frost are prevented in the same manner. Crops are, therefore, given an increased period in which to make their growth or at least two weeks, which is a very important gain. Drainage is the remedy for wet soils. If the soil contains an excess of moisture the land remains cold until the extra quantity is gone. The drainage carries away the water from below and allows the warm air to enter. When the soil becomes warm the plant food is more readily dissolved and the roots of plants become more active. A wet soil is always cold, even in summer.

Egg Eating Hens.

It will sometimes happen that the return in eggs from a yard of poultry is much less than it should be, and wonder is expressed that the hens don't lay well. Then is the time to keep a sharp watch for the egg eating hen. One hen will demoralize a whole flock, and frequently the eggs will be eaten so clean that no tell-tale shell will be left to show the cause of their disappearance, and it may be a long time before the owner discovers the true reason for the small number of eggs. The habit is said to be caused by improper feeding or too close confinement. Fowls that have free range and get a variety of food in consequence rarely eat their own eggs. Let a hen once begin to eat eggs, however, and it is almost impossible to cure her, and the very best remedy is the axe before the rest of the flock become contaminated. Care should be taken to prevent conditions giving rise to this habit. If the fowls are closely confined they should be given meat scraps, ground green bone, etc., to make up for the loss of bugs and insects they would get in free range, and their grain diet should also be varied.

It is well to be careful about leaving any egg shells where the fowls can get them. If any are fed they should be chopped fine in the morning mash, otherwise from this one cause the egg eating habit may develop.

A close watch should also be kept for a time on all new stock purchased, to see that this habit or any disease is not introduced into the flock.

Care and attention as regards poultry will be found to pay for the labor expended many times over, for while a flock left to themselves on free range seldom eat eggs, they will be found to waste them through eating their nests, and laying the eggs destroyed by prowling vermin, or being of young chicks so late in the season it is hard for them to survive. The hens also deteriorate in plumage and become tough and thin in body.

Fowls properly yarded, with plenty of room and receiving the right care and food, seldom develop disease of any kind, and egg eating is unknown to them.—H. E. Haydock, in the New York Tribune.

The Cow For the Family.

The management of a single cow differs from that given the herd on the farm as she usually comes under the care of the whole family and possesses a monopoly of attention and privileges that cannot be afforded under the wholesale system. She is the dependence of the poor farmer, and her place cannot be filled by any other animal. But it requires a business to so manage the family cow that she may be of the greatest service, and how to furnish her with green food is commonly an important question. Where pasture can be had at a small cost advantage is usually taken of the opportunity, but there are times and places in which no such privilege occurs. If the family possesses a small piece of ground there can be grown a large variety of green feed, for early in the season a crop of peas can be grown for the family, the vines given to the cow, and the whole taken off in time for some other crop. Small places are made rich in such instances when all the manure is applied on them, and for that reason the seeding down of one crop before the first is removed is but the practice of a high system of farming to which the small farm and family cow have contributed more than anything else, for it has compelled the adoption of the best methods in order to attain success. Green corn can be cut several times, if only fodder is wanted, and Hungarian grass will come up as fast as it is cut down. A few cabbages put away in the fall will last the cow along in the winter, and a few rows of carrots, turnips and beets, enough for one cow, can be grown on a fourth of an acre, to say nothing of a crop of millet that may be sown and stored away late in the season. A Jersey or Guernsey cow, as a grade, is small and better adapted for a family cow than one of some other breed, if butter is the object, but the Holstein or Ayrshire is better for milk, and it is cheaper to keep a good cow than a poor one. One should be willing to pay a fair price for a good cow. The outlay, though large at first, will bring in a quicker and surer return than a small investment in a scrub. As the family cow receives kindness as a general thing from all, the lesson to dairymen is that by carefully managing the herd and treating each cow with the best care there is no reason why the profit may not be as permanently as great. The soil of a farm is the family pet on a wholesale basis.

Great Britain and Ireland import about 200,000,000 pounds of cheese each year. Canada supplies about sixty per cent. of the whole.

GOOD ROADS.

Highway Improvement Important.

THE North Carolina Good Roads Association, through its Secretary, Professor J. A. Holmes, has issued the following circular upon the above named important subject:

The infinite number of interests affected by the good or bad condition of our public roads makes the question of their improvement one of universal concern. Indeed, so varied are the objects to which public road improvement extends that no man has yet been bold enough to declare that any harm has ever come to a person or community by reason of having a better public road. Private interests and public interests are best subserved by a good road; pleasure and business are enhanced in the instances where a man can drive every mile in the year over a firm, smooth road which does not punish his stock or injure his vehicle. To contrast in idea some of good roads with the discomforts of bad roads would bring into account the experience of every man who is compelled to travel over them to carry on his business, or who rides for the pleasure to be gained from this sort of profitable recreation.

To enumerate the phases of life that would receive benefits from better highways would be to include the entire list of human avocations. Any attempt to confine the benefits of good roads to a particular class or community must fail, because if a man does not use the public road in the ordinary ways of travel he does reap the advantages accruing from them in the increased prosperity which has never failed to come to a section that has constructed permanent good roads. No other public improvement is so generally conceded to bring good to every inhabitant, and yet no other great public work seems so thoroughly neglected or so poorly understood by a great mass of our intelligent citizens.

Practically every State in the Union has recently awakened to the fact that the prosperity of our growing country is to be along lines of productive and commercial enterprise. A number of these States are looking toward North Carolina for lessons in economic and practical road building. It is an acknowledged fact that some of our counties have as good roads as can be found probably in the world, while on the other hand, it is also a fact that a very large majority of our counties have roads that are frequently impassable and as unsatisfactory as can be found anywhere. Our hope of salvation from this latter condition is that the public-spirited citizens are going to take up this roads matter in a methodical way and overcome the prejudice in the minds of some citizens who think that a tax for building permanent roads is a costly experiment. Experience and statistics prove the reverse to be true; it is the most profitable and satisfactory investment any community can make. The old labor system of working the public roads is not in keeping with advanced methods in all other departments of modern life. A number of the counties in our State have adopted the plan of levying a small tax for road improvement purposes, to supplement the old labor requirement, and the results from this combination are of a highly satisfactory nature. Every county in the State should at least try this plan and see if it won't to some extent improve the condition of the public roads.

In the South, the producer is especially hampered because he cannot profitably get his stuff to the great centres of trade and consumption. A striking illustration of this disadvantage to our North Carolina farmers is seen in the recent statement from an authentic source to the effect that a great many necessaries of life can be brought from California into our own State on the railroads and sold to our city population at less cost than the same articles which must be hauled into the cities from points in the same county fifteen or twenty miles away. This is because of the fact that the railroads can haul produce a thousand miles on their GOOD ROADS cheaper than our farmers can haul it twenty miles over our BAD ROADS. And yet it is rather interesting to know that the railroad companies are the most earnest advocates of improved public highways. Ordinarily we would think of them as opposed to a line of communication which would seem to compete with them. But they have realized the important fact that a greater territory will be opened to them; farmers can profitably haul their farm products from a much greater distance to the main line of the railroad and thus increase its traffic, while the general prosperity of the inhabitants of the section will add to the value of property, promote educational facilities and create a tendency toward wider usefulness for every citizen where this material advancement is going on.

Information on these subjects is being continually collected from every part of the world, and our Federal Government is making a study of the question of good roads from a sensible and a scientific point of view, through the office of Public Road Inquiries at Washington, D. C., so that these facts are not the result of guess or estimate but come from actual investigation and personal observation. This information is being compiled in convenient form for distribution in every part of the country, and can be secured free of cost upon application.

Public Spirited Automobilists.

Intelligent and public spirited owners of automobiles are lending their aid to the good roads movement. By diligent effort in that field they may do much to lessen the unpopularity of the self-motors which has been caused by reckless misdeeds of inconsiderate "scorchers."

Skeeters.

The work of E. W. Theobald on the mosquitoes of the world, prepared to aid medical men in identifying the kinds suspected of spreading disease, describes 300 species, 130 being new. Most of these species are found in and around towns or are pests known to travelers and traders.

B. B. B. SENT FREE.

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cancers, Itching Humors, Bone Pains.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures Pimples, scabby, scaly, Itching Eczema, Ulcers, Facing Sores, Scrofula, Blood Poison, Bone Pains, Swellings, Rheumatism, Cancer. Especially advised for chronic cases that doctors, patent medicines and Hot Springs fail to cure or help. Strengthens weak kidneys. Druggists, $1 per large bottle. To prove it cures B. B. B. sent free by writing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell Street, Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in sealed letter. Medicine sent at once, prepaid. All we ask is that you will speak a good word for B. B. B.

While a cow's hide gives thirty-five pounds of leather, that of a horse yields only about twenty pounds.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Address Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Japan has 33,000 people, of whom there are 1,000 more women than men.

DIAMAN FADELESS DYES are fast to light and washing.

The Mexican hairless is the smallest known variety of dog.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

In baseball the pitcher is the power behind the throne.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

A honeymoon is often a calm before a storm.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Avenue N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Most men feel that they have more brains than money.

Thorough Paced Economy.

A young man living in Cincinnati is a close worker in money matters, that is, he scans close to the shore with his expenditures. He had the good luck to marry a girl whose parents are quite wealthy, and is at present living with his wife in one of his father-in-law's houses.

One day not long since, while discussing affairs with a friend, the latter said:

"Did the old gentleman give you that house?"

"Well, yes, not exactly," was the answer. "He offered it to me, but I couldn't accept it."

"How's that?" asked the friend.

"Well," answered the man who had made the lucky matrimonial venture, "you see, the house really belongs to me. I'm going to live in it, rent free, and I'll get it when the old man dies. If I accept it now I'd have to pay the taxes."

THE SURGEON'S KNIFE

Mrs. Ednis Stevenson of Salt Lake City Tells How Operation For Ovarian Troubles May Be Avoided.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered with inflammation of the ovaries and womb for over six years, enduring aches and pains which none can dream of but those who have had the same experience. Hundreds of dollars went to the doctor and the druggist. I was simply a walking medicine chest and a physical wreck. My sister residing in Ohio wrote me that she had been cured of womb trouble by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and advised me to try it. I then discontinued all other medicines and gave your Vegetable Compound a thorough trial. Within four weeks nearly all pain had left me; I rarely had headaches, and my nerves were in a much better condition, and I was cured in three months, and thus avoided a terrible surgical operation."—MRS. EDNIS STEVENSON, 250 So. State St., Salt Lake City, Utah.—$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

MRS. EDNIS STEVENSON.

Remember every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE
W. L. Douglas shoes are the standard of the world.
W. L. Douglas made and sold more men's $3.00 Hand Sewed Process shoes in the first six months of 1900 than any other manufacturer.
$10,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.
W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOES CANNOT BE EXCELLED.
1900 sold for 6 months, $1,103,820 1902 sold for 6 months, $2,340,000
Best Imported and American Leathers, Regal Patent Calf, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, and Kid, Corona Colt, Vici Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets used.
Caution! The genuine have W. L. DOUGLAS name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes by mail, postage 25c. Catalog free.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL EARACHE
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Rheumacide The Great Blood Purifier
CURES RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION AND KIDNEY TROUBLES.

PROMINENT RAILROAD ENGINEER SAYS:
RALEIGH, N. C.
I took 3 or 4 bottles of Rheumacide several years ago for a very severe attack of rheumatism in the muscles of my back, which confined me to my bed for over 3 weeks. RHEUMACIDE HAS MADE A PERMANENT CURE, as I have not felt any symptoms of its return. I now take it occasionally as a general TONIC, and its effects are all one could wish. Yours very truly,
C. B. BECKHAM.

TREASURER ORANGE CO., N. C., TESTIFIES AS FOLLOWS:
HILLSBORO, N. C.
I had rheumatism for a number of years. About four years ago it became quite severe. Was confined to my bed for some time. Used several remedies, but never got any permanent relief until I began to take RHEUMACIDE on the advice of a friend. It cured me at the time, and I feel that it has improved my general health very much. I regard it the best remedy for rheumatism. Respectfully, E. A. DICKSON.

For sale by Druggists, or sent expressage prepaid on receipt of $1.00.
BOBBITT CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
"New Rival" "Leader" "Repeater"
IF you are looking for reliable shotgun ammunition, the kind that shoots where you point your gun, buy Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells: "New Rival," loaded with Black powder; "Leader" and "Repeater," loaded with Smokeless. Insist upon having Winchester Factory Loaded Shells, and accept no others.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

FALLING HAIR

Prevented by shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP, and light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient Skin Cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

Use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women.

CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: 27 Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

Pimples, Blackheads, Chapped and Oily Skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP. Infallible for all skin and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails, and for all purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery, CUTICURA SOAP is the most delicious, refreshing, and invigorating of medicated toilet soaps, and CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, are the purest and sweetest of all the purifiers and humour cures. In pocket vials, 25 doses.

THE ELLIS CHAMPION GRAIN and PEANUT MILLS. Unsurpassed all others for the quantity and quality of its work, and durability of its construction. Three sizes for steam and road power. For free catalogue, prices, terms, &c., address, GEO. C. BURGUSS, General Agent, Burgess, VA.

JUST PATENTED!...
A Machine For THOROUGHLY CURING DYSPEPSIA and INDIGESTION
Works wonders. No dieting. No medicine whatever. Cures three minutes after it will quickly reduce the size of the stomach. Write for circular.
BOLFO MFG. CO., Box 376, TOLEDO, O.

FOR MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER TAKE
ELIXIR BABEK,
known all over America as the surest cure for all malarial diseases and as a preventive against Typhoid. Prepared by KLUCZEWSKI & CO., Washington, D. C.
Write for testimonials.

Free Test Treatment
If you have no faith in my method of treatment, send for a bottle of your complaint, write for advice. I will then send you my new treatment FREE OF ALL COST. You will then be convinced that my treatment cures. Mailing room and bottle for sale free. DR. J. P. SHAFER 524 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

Piles or Hemorrhoids
whether itching, bleeding or protruding, promptly relieved and permanently cured by my method without knife or operative measures. Write me fully regarding your case and I will advise you honestly in the matter. Consultation free. Price of treatment complete, only $2.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Write today.
Dr. H. N. TANNER, East Aurora, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

R·I·P·A·N·S
I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia as long as I can remember. I had no appetite, and the little I ate distressed me terribly. All day long I would feel sleepy and had no ambition to do anything. Since taking Ripans Tabules I feel decidedly better. In the morning I am fresh and sound and my appetite has improved wonderfully.
At druggists.
The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

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WITH TEN DAYS' FREE WEARING TRIAL is now on hand, we furnish the genuine and only HERCULES ALTERNATING CURRENT ELECTRIC BELT to any reader of this paper. As money is advanced in this most positive guarantee. COSTS ALMOST NOTHING compared with most all other treatments. Cures without electric belts, appliances and medicines fail. QUICK CURE in more than 80 diseases. Only sure cure for all nervous debility, weaknesses and disorders. For complete medical illustrated catalogue, cut this ad out and send to us.
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DROPSY
10 DAYS' TREATMENT FREE.
Have made Dropsy and its complications a specialty for twenty years with the most wonderful success. Have cured many thousands.
Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D Atlanta, Ga.