is suffered to decay; and decay it will in its views, selfish in its object. It looks all the Republics with whose existence their willings have made us acquainted. wame causes will ever produce the same of and as long as the love of power is a dopassion of the human bushm, and as long and understandings of then can be warped and offictions changed by operations upon their sugs and prejudices, so long will the liberty people depend on their own constant atten-The danger to all wellwished free governments arises from the uningness of the People to believe in its exist of from the influence of designing men.

ming their attention from the quarter whence sproaches, to a source from which it can necome. This is the old trick of those who ald asurp the government of their country. the name of Democracy they speak, warning People against the influence of wealth and danger of aristocracy. History, ancient and is full of such examples. Casar bethe master of the Roman people and the wate under the pretence of supporting the deeratic claims of the former against the arisethy; and the antegonist principle to liberty pere is the spirit of faction -a spirit which asmes the character, and, in times of great exmement, imposes itself upon the People as the tenuine spirit of freedom, and like the false christs whose coming was forefold by the Savof seeks to, and were it possible would, im-People to be most watchful of those to whom set have intrusted power. And although there sat times much difficulty in distinguishing the alse from the true spirit, a calm and dispassion se investigation will detect the counterfeit as rell by the character of its operations, as the usults that are produced. The true spirit of berly, although devoted, persevering, bold, and principle, that secured, is mild and tolerant and scrupulous as to the means employs; whilst the spirit of party, assuming abe that of liberty, is harsh, vindictive, and intolerant, and idially reckless as to the characof the allies which it brings to the aid of his guse. When the genuine spirit of liberty anisales the body of a people to a thorough examhation of their affairs, it leads to the excision of erery excresence which may have fastened itelf upon any of the Departments of the Gov. coment, and restores the system to its pristine health and beauty. But the reign of an intolerint spirit of party amongst a free people, seldom hils to result in a dangerons accession to the Executive power introduced and established amidst unusual professions of devotion to democ-

iver to matters connected with our domestic concerns. It may be proper, however, that I should give some indications to my fellow-citimanagement of our foreign relations. I assure hem, therefore, that it is my intention to use very means in my power to preserve the friendintercourse which now so happily subsists with every forlegn nation; and that, although decurse, not well informed as to the state of my pending negotiations with any of them, I see the personal characters of the Sovereingns, as well as in the mutual interest of our own and of the Governments with which our relations are nest intimate, a pleasing guaranty that the har many so important to the interests of their subicls, as well as our citizens, will not be internuted by the advancement of any claim, or preension upon their part to which our honor would not premit us to yield. Long the defendof my country's rights in the field, I trust hat my fellow citizens will not see in my earn est desire to preserve peace with foreign Powers any indication that their rights will ever be swiffced, or the honor of the nation tarnished, y any admission on the part of their Chief Angistrate on worthy of their former glory. lu our intercourse, with our Aboriginal neigh-

The foregoing remarks relate almost exclu-

bots, the same liberality and justice, which marked the course prescribed to melby two of my illustrious predecessors, when acting under their direction in the discharge of the duties of Supeintendent and Commissioner, shall be srictly observed. I can conceive of no more sublime spectacle-none more liklye to propitiate an impartial and common Creator, than a rigid adher ence to the principples of justice on the part of a powerful nation in its transactions with a weaker and uncivilzed people, whom circumstances have placed at its disposal

Belore concluding, fellow-citizens, I must say

something to you on the subject of the parties at this time existing in our country. To me it appears perfectly clear, that the interest of that country requires that the violence of the spirit by which those parties are at this time governed, most be greatly mitigated, if not entirely extingoished, or consequences will ensue which are appalling to be thought of. If parties in a Republic are necessary to secure a degree of vigithe sufficient to keep the public functionaries within the bounds of law and duty, at that point their usefulness ends. Beyond that, they betome destructive of public virtue, the parents of a spirit antagonist to that of liberty, and, evenexamples of Republics, where the love of centry and of liberty, at one time, were the dominant passions of the whole mass of citizens .-And yet, with the continuance of the name and forms of free Government, not a vestige of these maluies remaining in the bosom of any one of Is citizens. It was the beautiful remark of a distinguished English writer that " in the Rohan Senate, Octavius had a party, and Anthony 1 party, but the Commonwealth had none." Yet he Senate continued to meet in the Temple of Liberty, to talk of the sacredness and beauty of

the Commonwealth, and gaze at the statues of

the elder Brutus and of the Curtil and Decil

And the people assembled in the forum, not as

The days of Camillus and the Scipios; to cast

their free votes for annual Magistrates or pass

"pun the acts of the Senate, but to receive from

he hands of the leaders of the respective parties

their share of the spoils, and to shout for one, or the other, as those collected in Gaul, or Egypt, and he Lesser Asia, would furnish the larger dividend. The spirit of liberty had fled, and, avoiding the abodes of civilized man, had sought protection in he wilds of Seythia or Scandinavia; and so, unbut to the world, must be deprecated by every likely to produce it immediately checked.— Such tendency, has existed—does exist. Aldatierer, it becomes my date to say to them

hom this high place to which their partiality

has existed me, that there exists in the land

pitt hostile to their best interests—hostile

constant nurture. To the neglect of this to the aggrandisement of a few, even to the the hest historians agree in attributing the destruction of the interest of the whole. The entire remedy is with the People. Something, hewever, may be effected by the means which they have placed in my hands. It is union that we want, not of a party for the sake of that party, but a union of the whole country for the sale of the whole country-for the defence of its in terests and its bonor against foreign aggression for the defence of those principles for which of ancestors so gloriously contended. As far as depends upon me, it shall be accomplished .-All the influence that I pussess, shall be exert to prevent the formation at least of an Exec tive party in the halls of the Legislative body I wish for the support of no member of that body to any measure of mine that does not satisfy his jud gment and his sense of duty to those from whom he helds his appointment; nor any confidence in advance from the People, but that ask ed for by Mr. Jefferson," to give firmness and effect to the legal administration of their affairs."

I deem the present occasion sufficiently im-portant and solemn to justify me in expressing to my fellow-citizens a profound reverence for the Christian Religion, and a thorough convicgracy of the latter; Cromwell, in the charac- tion that sound morals, religious liberty, and protector of the liberties of the People, be just sense of religious responsibility, are essen the dictator of England: and Bolivar tially connected with all true and lasting hapassessed himself of unlimited power, with the piness; and to that good Being who has blessed le of his country's Liberator. There is, on us by the gifts of civil and religious freedom, the contrary, no single instance on record of an who watched over and prospered the labors of grensive and well-established republic being our l'athers, who has hitherto preserved to us into an arictocracy. The tendencies of institutions far exceeding in excellence those of such Governments in their decline is to mon- any other people, let us unite in fervently com mending every interest of our beloved country in all future time.

Fellow-citizens: Being fully invested with that high office to which the partiality of my countrymen has called me, I now take an affectionate leave of you. You will bear with you to your homes the remembrance of the pledge I se upon the true and most faithful disciples of bave this day given to discharge all the high griy. It is in periods like that it behooves the duries of my exalted station, according to the best of my ability; and I shall enter upon their performanc with entire confidence in the support of a just and generous People.

WATCHMAN

SALISBURY:

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1841.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION. The readers attention will be attracted by the Inaugural Address of Gen. Harrison, which we give in this paper, at the exclusion of almost every thing else. It needs no eulogy at our hands, nor need we solicit for it what every Whig and & Democrat in the Country will so auxiquely perform, viz : a careful perusal. It is a correct chart of Republican Whig principles, and ought o be fixed in the mind of every American.

We regret we cannot at the same time present our readers with the Inauguration ceremonies. They reached us too late for this paper, but shall appear next week, when we shall have more time and be better prepared to notice the

We have seen a circular from the Hon. Lewis Williams, in the closing paragraph of which he announces himself a candidate for re election to Congress. Mr. Williams has represented the 13th District for twenty six of twenty eight years successively; and has grown old in the service. There is a clear Whig majority in Mr. Williams District of 3,200, and we suppose he will certain be elected, oppose him who may, of the Locofoco Party.

We have, within the last few days, met with gentlemen from Lincoln County, whose opportunities to know, and judgment in such matters, are entitled to the highest respect; and who express their belief that that County will give Col. Barringer a much better support than is commonly expected. Is Green Caldwell the man for Lincoln?-or is he even the favorite of Mecklenburg? Let the Whige of the District be awake; and particularly let Cabarrus "keep her eye skinned !" and they may ere long, have the satisfaction of hearing the expiring groans of Destructionism in the Congressional eleventh.

"MECKLENBURG JEFFERSONIAN."

After much delay, it seems the Journal thus entitled, has made its appearance. The Editor, Mr. J. W. Hampton, says it commences with "fair wind"-barely sufficient however, to keep it sailing, and calls upon its friends to rally to its support. We wish the Editor personally, as much success and happiness, as falls to the lot of man to enjoy; and regret to see him leaning on a broken reed, which is to let him fall, and pierce him through with many sorrows

In casting our eyes over the "Jeffersonian," we notice, besides several Editorials standering Gen. Harrison's Cabinet, quotations from the most vile Lecofoco papers-such as the Richally, its inevitable conqueror. We have mond Enquirer and Western Carolinian, which taken place between Mr Fox and Mr. For- | Any person wishing to contract for the same, fact, in our humble opinion, augurs badly of the syth, or any correspondence, the character promised support of "Jeffersonian Republican of which would justify a call for its publica principles," made by its Editor.

> The Hon. Philip P. Barbour, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of the U. States, retired to his chamber in his usual health, on the night of the 24th ult., and was found dead in his bed on the morning of Thursday. His sudden decease is ascribed to an affection of the heart. The last rites were paid his remains at the Capitol in the chamber of the Supreme Court, on the 26th. The President, Vice President, Senators, Representatives, and Judges attended the ceremony. Judge Barboor was a very distinguished a vir-

tuous man, and his death is a public calamity. If any of the Locofoco Journals should get ou of their indispensable-" wind "-and have to make a raise to save appearances, we suggest to them to call on Mr Pickens, of South Carolina, the operation of the same cause and influwho, it seems, has a monstrous "bag pipe," in as we are not in the counsels of the monorwhich he can, in two or three hours, accumulate able Senator from Pennsylvania or of the
a calamity so awful, not only to our country a vast deal of that article, and of whom they

National Intelligencer. mry probably draw supplies-unless be should again have to " define his position !"

> Collector of New York. - John J. Morgan Esq , has been appointed Collector for the Dis trict and City of New York, vice Mr. Hoyt re signed. It was whispered in Wall Street that Hoyt is a defaulter in some degree.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

The New York sun of March 3, speaking in reference to the news by the Steam Ship President, just arrived, says :

The receipt of New York papers in London by packet ship Cambridge, with the correspondence between Mr. Fox and Mr. Forsyth, with regard to the arrest of Me-Leod, caused much talk and considerable of Judge Barbour .- Pet. Int. excilement.

The Times predicts the most serious national consequences from this affair, which was brought before Parliament on the 8th instant, by Lord Stanley and the Earl of Mountcashell.

The former asked Lord Palmerston whether the government had taken any, and if so what steps, for the protection and liberation of Mr. McLeod.

Lord Palmerston replied that the Government had sent certain instructions, but till the conclusion of the correspondence was received it would be impossible to send final instructions, and that he was not prepared at that time to state tormally what those instructions were.

The Earl of Mountchasell asked similar questions of Lord Melbourne in the House of Lords to which similar answers were given, stating also that Her Majesty's Ministers would take those measures which in their estimation would be best calculated to secure the safety of Her Majesty's subjects, and to vindicate the honor of the Brit-

Sir Astley Cooper the eminent surgeon, lies dangerously ill, and little hope is entertained of his recovery.

REPUBLICAN WHIG TICKET. FOR CONGRESS.

COL. D. M. BARRINGER, of Cabarrus.

We are authorized to announce Col. Barringer's acceptance of the nomination, unanimously tendered him by the Whigs of Lincoln, Cabarrus and Mecklenburg. The known abilities, high standing, and worth us-that has been expressed by the Whig party in their selection. We feel assured that the friends of reform, economy, and constitutional rule, will rally in solid phalank around the man of their choice in Au-

With pleasure we state that his nomination has been received in this district with the most entire satisfaction-all concur in the belief that he is the most suitable person the Whigs could have brought forward .-Long and faithfully has he struggled in his country's cause, and if merit and solid worth be rewarded, he will not be forgotten when the time of trial arrives .- Char. Jou.

The Vice President elect (Gov. Tyler) called on the President of the U. S. (Mr. Van Buren) on the 2nd inst., by whom he was very courteously received, and on the ex-Vice President, who was not at the moment at home.

McLeod is to be removed to A!bany for trial.

Signs of Early Spring. - It is said that the Martin returns to the North this season in March .- Madisonian.

THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN.

We earnestly congratulate our readers on the information, concerning the relations between the United States and Great Britain which they will find exactly stated in the report of vesterday's Senate Proceedings .-Considering the rumors that have been in circulation, nothing could be more interest ing to the whole country at the present moment than these disclosures in the Senate, unless perhaps it be the chart of the principles of the new Administration which may be expected in the Inaugural Address of the President Elect.

We learn from the statement of Mr. Buchanan that, in regard to the Boundary Question, the Governments of Great Britain and the United States have agreed upon the main points of a Convention for the final reason to look with entire confidence to a prompt and satisfactory termination of the long negotiation upon this question.

We learn, further, with great pleasure. that there is no foundation for the rumor that an angry correspondence has recently lior.

The remarks of Mr. Clay, whose wisdom and experience in our Fcreign Relations stamp every thing he says on that subject with a more than common impress, are no less important than acceptable. Happy must it be accounted that upon this very interesting and important matter the leaders of the party coming into power and of that which is about retiring entertain opinions upoe it between which there is hardly a discernible

shade of difference. The statement of the Chairman of the Senate's Committee on Foreign Relations, the reader cannot fail to perceive, has all the effect of a counterblast to the martial appeal made the other day by the distinguished Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations in the other House. The effect, mark ! We do not my the intention as we are not in the counsels of the honor-National Intelligencer.

New Jersey Senator, - Jacob W. Miller, of Moristown, has been elected United isfaction. States Senator from New Jersey, vice Garret D. Wall, permitted to stay at home .-Locofocoism seems completely extirpated in just received by this gallant State.

A rumor is current in ut we sincerely hope without for that Hugh A. Garland, the prime and abettor of the recent outrage e rights of a sovereign State, has b unted District Judge of the U. Stat place made vacant by the appoint Peter V. Dan iel to fitt the office of Asset liate Justice of the Supreme Court, vacated by the decease

Col. Corbin has accepted the nomination of the Whig Convention, for a seat in Congress from the Caroline District.

Mr. Hunter has been in nomination by the

ALTAR OF HYMEN.

*** "Those whom love cements in holy faith, " And equal transport, free as Nature live. wasses .. What is the world to them, Its pomp, its pleasure and its nonsense all, Who in each other clasp whatever fair

High fancy forms, and lavish hearts can wish!

MARRIED.

In this County, on the 4th Inst., by the Rev. S. Rothrock, Mr. George Pealer, to Miss Rach. l Thomas, daughter of Mr. Jacob Thomas.

THE COURT OF DEATH.

All pass this gate in one promiscuous crowd, " The grave, the gay, the humble, and the proud The rich, the poor, the ignorant, the wise-'Tis neutral ground whence all distinction flies

DIED

In Iredell County, after a very protracted ill-Elizabeth Freeland, wife of Mr. . . A. Freeland, and daughter of the late Col. John Brandon of Rowan, in the 23d year of her age. In Ashberough, Randolph county, on the 3rd ostant, Mrs. Rachel Swaim, wife of Benjamin

Swaim, Esq , Editor of the Southern Citizen.

CONCORD

Coffee House.

THE SUBSCRIBER

DESPECTFULLY appounce to the citiof Col. Barringer require not an eulogy from | Le zens of Concord and surrounding country, that he has opened a Grocery Store in the town of Concord, where he will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

Groceries.

Such as -Sugar, Coffee, Bread, Crackers, Cakes, Cheese, Lemons, French Prunes, Raisins, Can dies of all kinds, Lagners of all kinds, domestic and imported, toys, &c., prime chewing and smoking Tebacco, garden Seeds of all kinds, Spanish Segars, of the best quality, Indigoes, Copperas, Madder, Ginger, Spice, Pepper, Almonds, Cloves, Cinnamon, English Walnuts, Hazel Nuts, Macaroni, Vermaselli, Sardines, Herrings, Essences of Cinnamon, Cloves, Peppermint, and a variety of articles too tedious to

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to bu ness to merit a liberal share of public patronage. F. R. ROUECHE.

March 13, 1841.—3 * 33

The Charlotte Journal and Meclenburg Jeffersonian, will puplish the above advertisement three times and forward their accounts to Salisbury for payment.

Salisbury Coffee House.

THE subscriber takes this method of inform ing his friends and customers that he has just returned from Charleston with a large supply of Greceries of every description, and ventures to say the as great an assortment as any of ern cities. which he will sell low for co

punctual dealers. The Subscribers customers he published a notice in the papers of for his costomers who were indebted, to settle, and those who have not done it, may rest assured if it is not done before ogr next Court, may expect to find them in the hands of an offi cer for collection.

F. R. ROUECHE. Salisbury, March 13, 1841.

NEW JAIL To Build.

THE Subscribers will receive sealed propo sals for building a JAIL in the town of Concord, until the 23d day of March next, at which time they will close the contract. The building is to be of Brick on a stone foundation 45 feet long, 35 feet broad, and three stories adjustment of that question; and that, in high. The walls to be put up and the building of April at 9 o'clock, A. M. with your respecthe opinion of the Executive, there is every covered in by the 15th of November next, and the contract completed by the 15th of November 1842. The contractor can receive the proceeds of the Tax for 1840 by the 15th October next, which amounts to about \$1500, and \$2500 anqually until the whole is paid. Bond with approved security will be required of the contrac-

> can see the plan and spirifications of the building by applying to either of the undersigned at

L B. KRIMMINGER.) WM. BARRINGER. Commis'ers. R. W. ALLISON, Concord, Cabarrus County, Jan. 26, 1841.-2w33

PLANTER'S



(Late Davis') HOTEL. HAGUE & GIFFORD,

AVING purchased the Hotel formerly Davis', will continue the Establishment on the same liberal scale as heretofore, and will exert themselves to make it a desirable residence for

Boarders and Travellers.

as their Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords, and their Bar with the best Liquors, and their Stables with attentive Osilers and abundant provender.

The establishment will be under the exclusive management of T. A. Haugue, formerly of the Salisbury Hotel, North Carolina, and hie long experience, will enable him to give general sat-

Camden, S. C., Jan. 16, 1841--1v25

R. Alexander Walker on intermarriage, TURNER & HUGHES.

| Counties | White chil- dren of 5 & | Slaves. | Free persons | Total White Federal | |
|--|---|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| The state of the s | under 20. | An amount of | of color. | population. | ulation. |
| Ashe | 2748 | 500 | 59 | 6823 | 718 |
| Anson | 3754 | 5385 | 421 | 6426 | 1279 |
| Bertie Buncombe | 1849 3571 | 1300 | 305 | 5162 8698 | 956 |
| Bladen | 1513 | 3416 | 292 | 4320 | 666 |
| Brunswick | 1088 | 2107 | 374 | 2765 | 440 |
| Beaufort | 2613 | 4512 | 709 | 7100 | 1051 |
| Burke - | 4945 | 3215 | 264 | 12320 | 1441 |
| Cabarrus | 2675 | 2186 | 103 | 7148 | 850 |
| Columbus Carteret | 1079 1873 | 1087 1358 | 144 | 2803 | 351 604 |
| Currituck | 1680 | 2100 | 149 | 4458 | 580 |
| Chathain 1887 | 4019 | 5293 | 287 | 10582 | 1494 |
| Chowan | 987 | 3665 | 161 | 2464 | 522 |
| Cherokee | 1293 | 199 | 23 | 3195 | 333 |
| Comberland | 3405 1473 | 5374 | 842 158 | 9118 | 1819 |
| Camden Caswell | 2796 | 1559 7041 | 321 | 7293 | 1188 |
| Craven | 2372 | 5804 | 1111 | 6625 | 1114 |
| Doplia | 2301 | 4577 | 261 | 6340 | vi en 934 |
| Davie - | 2133 | 1888 | 92 | 5595 | 689 |
| Davidson | 4618 | 2538 | 131 | 11937 | 1355 |
| Edgecomb | 3141 2112 | 7573 | 367 436 | 8073 5221 | 1298 |
| Franklin Granville | 3453 | 5339 8454 | 804 | 9578 | 154 |
| Gates | 1553 | 3647 | 381 | 4130 | 670 |
| Greene | 1313 | 2963 | 248 | 3384 | 54 |
| Guilford | 6113 | 2683 | 644 | 15901 | 181 |
| Halifax Hertford | 2110 | 9651 3465 | 1816 815 | 5488 3130 | 1309 |
| Haywood | 1235 1937 | 308 | 21 | 4355 | 46 |
| Hyde - | 1537 | 2194 | 252 | 3652 | 55 |
| Henderson | 1845 | 482 | 34 | 4612 | 48 |
| Iredell | 4417 | 3814 | 43 | 11723 | 140 |
| Johnston | 2650 | 3501 | * 123 | 7000 | 92 |
| Jones | 693 | 2818 | 181 | 1968 | 2 10 |
| Lincoln Lenoir | 7767 1441 | 5221 3670 | 184 237 | 3699 | 61 |
| Macon | 1762 | 361 | -02 | _4467 | -47 |
| Martin | 1727 | 2825 | 392 | 4394 | 64 |
| Montgomery | 3235 | 2497 | 72 | 8211 | 97 |
| Mecklenburg | 4643 | 6288 | 101 | 12360 | 162 |
| Moore Nam Hanavar | 2619 | 1474 | 72 565 | 6419 6355 | 107 |
| New Hanover Nash | 2105. 1832 | 6355 5655 | 410 | 4936 | 75 |
| Northampton | 2169 | 6758 | 792 | 5818 | 100 |
| Onslow | 1631 | 2737 | 113 | 4677 | 64 |
| Orange | 6363 | 6954 | 629 | 16766 | 215 |
| Person | 2023 | 4351 | 210 | 5235 | 80 |
| Pasquotank | 1666 | 2800 | 980 307 | 4746 | 76 |
| Perquimmons | 1590 | 3003 5646 | 307 | 4035 6094 | 61 |
| Pitt Rowan | 2392 3252 | 3366 | 98 | 8644 | 107 |
| Randolph | 4368 | 1392 | 362 | 1107 | 12: |
| Rockingham | 3885 | 5305 | 291 | 10425 | 137 |
| Robeson | 2263 | 2885 | 1223 | 6262 | 99 |
| Richmond | 1725 | 3880 | 336 | 4693 | 7 |
| Rutherford | 6396 | \$205 4344 | 126 249 | 16098 7567 | 18 |
| Sampson | 2944 5176 | 1778 | | 13093 | 14 |
| Surry | 5151 | 2687 | 165 | 13380 | 15 |
| Tyrrell | 1198 | 1413 | | 3171 | 4 |
| Washington | 893 | 1726 | | 2686 | 3 |
| Wilkes | 4291 | 1430 | | 10976 | 12 |
| Warren | 1661 | 8199 3673 | | 4391 6752 | The Co. Is |
| Wayne | 2682 4482 | 8104 | | 12071 | 17 |
| Wake Yancy | 2206 | 253 | | 4724 | 10 ES CO 50 |
| 2 4110 | | | | 3 2 3 5 6 6 6 6 | 200 |
| | 186,434 | 147,917 | 22.724 | 487,298 | 657, |
| " " | of White childred Slaves. Free persons | | under 20, | | 487,2 186 4: 246,9 22,7 |
| Federal popul | lation, | | | THE RESIDENCE | 657,9 |

QUARTERS, HEAD Salisbury, N. C.



ATTENTION:

OFFICERS OF THE 64TH REGIMENT.

TOU are commanded to parade at the Court House in the Town of Salisbury on Thursday the 1st of April at 11 o'clock, A. M. armed with side arms for Drill, and on Friday the 2nd tive Companies, armed as the law directs for Review and Inspection By Order of

R. W. LONG, Col. Mand't. J.M. BROWN, Adj't. P. Captains are requested to make their returns on the day of Drill. J. M. BROWN, Adj't

March 6, 1841.-5w32

LATH.

RANDSIRED by the American Eclipse, The champion of America: winner of the Great Match Race, the North against the South

\$20,000 ! Aside.

This noble animal will make his third season at the Subscriber's stable, in Salisbury-Season already commenced, and to end on the 20th June next. For particulars, see bills. R. W. LONG.

March 6, 1841-1132

Notice.

HE FIRM of A. Beneina & M. W. Alexander, has this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against said Company, will present them to A. Beneius who is fully authorized to settle the same. M. W. ALEXANDER,

A. BENCINA. March 2, 1841-1133

A True Bill .- The excesses of our youth are drafts upon our age, payable with interest about ning through Clemmonsville. thirty years after date.

State of North Carolina SURRY COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law-Fall Term, 1841 Petition for Divorce

Alexander D Kelly. I'l appearing to the satisfaction of the C that the defendant Alexander D Kells not an inhabitant of this State: It is the ordered, that publication be made for 6 week the Carolina Watchman & Greensborough

riot, that the said Alexander D Kelly a the next term of our said Superior Court of to be held for the county of Surry, at the C House in the Town of Rockford, on I monday after the Srd monday in February and answer, or said petition will be heard parte and Judgment awarded accordingly. Witness, Winston Somers, Clerk of ou Superior Court at Rockford, the 5th monday

ter the 3rd monday of August A D 1841. WINSTON SOMERS, C Feb 20, 1840-6w80-Printers fee \$5

State of North Carolin SURRY COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law-Fall Term, 18 Nancy Hatcher, Charles F Hatcher) T' appearing to the satisfaction of the C

that the defendant Charles F Hatcher un inhabitant of this State: It is th dered, that publication be made for six the Carolina. Watchman and the Gre Patriot, that the said Charles F He at the next term of our Superior to be held for the county of Surry, at the House in Rockford, on the 5th monday at 3rd monday in February next and a said petition will be heard exparte and . ment awarded accordingly.

Witness, Winston Somers, Clerk ou Superior Court at Rockford, the 5th me ter the 3rd monday of August, A D 1840. WINSTON SOMERS, ou Feb 20, 1841 -6w30-Printers fee 65

NOTICE

THE Subscriber as Attorney of J. I an, Administrator of Joseph Cowan, hereby gives notice that he will receive an lect all claims in favor of said J. Cowan's ring the absence of the Administrator. RICHARD LOCK

Salisbury, March 6, 1841 .- 3w32

Poct. David E. Carter

TAKES this method to inform him and the public in general, that he hu manently located himself in Clem Davidson County, N. Carolina; and happy to receive a continuance of that ve eral patronage which he has beretofore en His office is on the south side of main street

March 6, 1941-13w32