

WASHINGTON, March 20, 1845. The Hon. Wm. J. Brown has returned from his mission to Richmond, and it is given out, that he does not yet know whether Mr. Ritchie or his sons will come to Washington to edit the organ, which is to supplant (if it can) the Globe.

Oh, if you could but know of the tricks, manoeuvres and log-rolling that have been going on here to obtain places, you would say great are the ways, windings, twistings and turnings of the "progressive democracy." Men are hired to come on here from New York, if not from other places, to electioneer for their employers, and furnished with large sums of money to give parties, dinners, wine suppers, &c.

By the way, Gansevoort, who is a tall, very tall, genteel, well-enough-looking young man, with a large nose and sandy whiskers, and quite a lady's gallant, absolutely asks—what think you?—a full foreign mission!—And this for the flippant speeches he made in New York, and for going all the way to Tennessee to recite them over several times in that State!

Old Major Davezac is here, still unprovided for. He wants a Charge des Affaires, but will have to content himself with something of less note. He did far more in the campaign than Melville, however. He ought to be immortalized for the inimitable manner in which he repeated Gen. Jackson's argument, in favor of the admission of Texas, from Old Hickory's own mouth, to wit: that God made the Geography and Man made the Constitution of the country, and therefore we ought to support the former in preference to the latter!

A friend of mine paid a social and political visit to the President this morning. He says the President talked as if he felt that he had made two or three appointments rather hastily—expressed his earnest wish to do right—could not help appointing Wetmore to the place he fills, for Marey urged it—wanted time to look over and examine the recommendations and claims of applicants—would do this after the adjournment of the Senate—and above all things would appoint no one whom he should find had been intriguing here and log-rolling. His object would be to do right according to the best lights before him.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Patriot. WASHINGTON, March 21, 1845. I must tell you a little amusing incident about the present of a "horse" to President Polk, and by him politely rejected, which you may have seen alluded to in some of the newspapers.

each applicant as he came in the ante-room that the Secretary was busy, but would be soon disengaged, until the ante-room should be filled, and then let him know the fact, which was accordingly done. Mr. Bancroft thereupon instead of sending for the applicants to come into his room, one by one, repaired himself to the ante-room, and informed the crowd altogether that he could do nothing in the way of making removals and appointments—that it was a very delicate business—that politics constituted an exceedingly unpleasant and unprofitable pursuit—and he would most affectionately beg leave to advise all of his democratic friends there assembly to go to their respective homes, and following their own proper pursuits, callings and professions, thank their stars that they had something better to do than to fill poor clerkships!

It is said that General Parker, the Chief Clerk of the War Department, has made a report of the new Secretary of War, in relation to the number of clerks employed in the War office; their duties respectively, and their capacity and attention, or lack of attention, as the case may be, to those duties. After finishing the report, in which, it is said, several Clerks (who came in under Mr. Secretary Porter's management, and some others) were spoken of in any but the most flattering terms, General Parker caused it to be shown to all the Clerks reported upon, that they might, if they chose, show cause why they should not be so represented. The result is not yet known.

Papers and documents are in circulation, in relation to the management of the Indian Bureau, which, with other things, will be apt to cause the dismissal from that bureau of T. Hartley Crawford. Who'll get his place? The Globe intimates that Sam. Houston will be the next President of the United States. A "democratic" Whig suggests that Frank Thomas should be run for Vice President.

WETSERN ORATORY They have some very tall orators out West, as the following extract from an oration will sufficiently show. It was delivered on the 4th of July, at Lancaster, Wisconsin Territory. The speaker, after stating that Europe was no war; that she was a more obsolete idea in comparison to us, proceeded in this fashion:

If young America, then in the cradle, strangled the British Lion, and afterward bucked John Bull in the briny Gulf of Mexico, with what ease can our country, now in the giant of manhood, plant its flag, on the shores of the Pacific, seize Quebec and Gibraltar, blockade the English Channel, and plant the stars and stripes upon the Tower of London. (Loud cheering.)

Americans! remember that your country was born in blood, baptized in gore, cradled in the war-hoop, and bred to the rifle and bowie knife. We have fought our way up. First came the war of the revolution. The Colonies cut their way out of it, through blood and carnage and thunder. They tore their blanket wide open. Oost or twist it looked like a mighty slim chance; but they cut and scared and tore and slathered away like blazes. (Cheering.) They grappled John Bull like a pack of bull terriers. They tucked him by the haunches; they grappled the wine-pipe; and at last they made him bellow like bloody thunder. Washington sheathed the sword. The gentle olive branch of peace waved her green and luxuriant foliage in majesty over the shores of Columbia; and foreigners flocked in and built their nests with us among its sheltered boughs. But a few more years had rolled away down the railroad track of time, when John Bull again came bellowing up the Mississippi, pawing up on his back the rich and luxuriant side of Louisiana, and horning the bank of *sayed* river and lashing his tail like fury. But just below New Orleans he found the great Jackson, and he could shake him no more than an oxen, he couldn't shure. (Great applause.)—Jackson stood that like a taurierrier, and met him as he advanced every time. At last he hit a lick, right back under between the horns, that knocked the breath out of him, and sent him off reeling and blating and bellowing like he felt disagreeable at the stumik.

Soldiers of the Winnebago war, and invincibles of Sank furse! (Here thirteen men arose.) Heroes of bad axe! Veterans of Stillman's fight! Very nimble men! You have come down to us from reform of generation. Heaven has bountifully prolonged out your lives that you might see the fruit of your valor.—You behold around no longer the torch of the savage, and the gleamings of the tomahawk and sculping knife. You no longer watch the Indian trail or the ambush, or hear the savage yell and the terrific war-hoop. All is now peace and quiet. Those houses that you see around you are the abodes of civilized and refined white folks. This spacious edifice that surrounds you is not a wigwam, but the temple of justice. How changed are all things! Under the spur of the schoolmaster, the very tail of civilization has advanced beyond what the front cars then was. Let me die in contemplation of thy sublime destiny with dying breath, "Bear the stars and stripes aloft—and onward—onward."

The Deputy Sheriff of Delaware county, New York, with a posse of eighty mounted men, entered Roxbury, the most turbulent part of the anti-rent district, on the 14th instant, and captured, after a slight skirmish with one hundred and thirty armed men disguised as Indians, twelve of their number. These desperadoes were lodged in the jail at Delhi, and a strong guard placed over them. The insurgents were mustering on the mountains opposite the village of Delhi for the purpose of releasing the prisoners.

The London Punch seems to be inexhaustible in the variety of its wit and humor. It has taken to giving some first lessons for politicians. Here is one for the Premier:

Lesson in Words of One Syllable. There was once a very bad boy, and his name was Peel. He would go and slide on the scale, though he had been told it was a bad thing to do, but he would not mind what was said to him. Some big boys tried to trip him up, and I am sure that he will fall some day if he will be a bad boy and still slide on the scale. He has been told that if he does not mind he will be sure to fall in, but he says he does not care, for he knows some Whig boys who will be glad to help to get him out. Peel is a rude boy. You ought not to do the same as he does.

Lesson in Words of One and Two Syllables. Mas-ter Har-ry Brough-am was ve-ry fond of throw-ing stones and let-ting off squibs, and would not mind his Punch. He would of-ten be ve-ry cru-el to o-ther boys, and he did run af-ter Mas-ter Campbell for the pur-pose of beat-ing him. He would ask Mas-ter Lynd-hurst to help him to wor-ry poor Mas-ter Camp-bell. But Har-ry Brough-am was a cle-ver boy, though he was al-ways in dis-grace for his tricks. He would try ve-ry hard to take the place of o-ther boys, but he was so gid-dy he could not keep what he got. He had a quar-rel with Mas-ter Mel-bourne, in which he came off the worst, and he was made to stand up like a dunce on a form, though he said, ve-ry ru-de-ly, if it had been a bench he would have been quite con-tent, for to get up-on the bench was all he wan-ted. Was not Har-ry Brough-am a ve-ry nau-gh-ty boy?

Lit-tle James Gra-ham was a sly fel-low. He would pre-tend to mind his let-ters, but he would be all the while look-ing o-ver the let-ters that did not be-long to him. One day he was caught out and was well whi-ped. This serv-ed him right, and if he does the same thing a-gain we will help to whip him as he de-serves.

A Singular Scene.—A few Sundays since, at the 9th st. church, in Cincinnati, the minister not having arrived early in the desk, a huge dog ran up the aisle, ascended the pulpit and put his paws on the Bible. The expressions of his countenance and the movement of his tail were so ludicrous, that most of the congregation were obliged to leave the church. The minister shortly after arrived, and discovering the marks of a dog's paws upon the bible betrayed so much astonishment, that the congregation again laughed. After a while the service went on as usual.

Seduction and its Consequences.—A few days ago, a good looking, well dressed woman, was brought before the Police Magistrate to answer to a charge of petty larceny. During the investigation it was discovered that she was the wife of a shoe merchant in Kensington, Canada, and had eloped with one of her husband's workmen, carrying with her £75 of his money. The fugitives came to this place, where they have resided most of the winter. So long as the stolen money lasted, they got along well enough. But when the funds were exhausted the brutal seducer compelled his victim to prostitute herself for gain, and failed not to beat her, in the most shameful manner, when she refused or when she did not receive what he deemed an adequate reward for her iniquity. During a fit of intoxication, she stole a pair of shoes, and was committed. The Magistrate committed the seducer also, but there is no law to punish him as he deserves.

A Valuable Book.—We understand, says the Journal of Commerce, that a wealthy gentleman called upon Bishop Onderdonk on Friday, and on taking leave, made him the present of a book. On taking off the wrapper, and opening the title page, there was a hundred dollar bank note; on turning over a leaf there was another; a third leaf and there was a third bill; over the fourth leaf and a fourth bill, and over the fifth leaf a fifth bill, until it seemed as though the book was a volume of hundred dollar bills.

Large Hog.—Capt. Enoch Merrill of Andover, on the 17th inst., slaughtered a hog, hardly twenty-two months old, weighing, after it was dressed, 866 lbs. The largest hog, to our knowledge, ever slaughtered in New Hampshire.—Concord, (N. H.) Courier.

Conduct of a Senator.—The New York Express has the following paragraph respecting a Senator in Congress from New York, who was elected early in the session of the New York Legislature to fill an unexpired term, ending the 4th inst., and who was at a later period elected for the six years term, beginning on the 4th:

"Mr. D. S. Dickinson is claiming double mileage, as he has been at Washington under two appointments, the last being made while he was sitting under the first! Mr. Mangum declined to certify, and the Committee of the Judiciary have given a unanimous opinion that the charge was illegal, and could not be allowed under the rules of the Senate. Then Dickinson proposed to leave the affair to Daniel Webster. Mr. Mangum agreed, and the "great exponent" gave our craving Senator an exposition not at all to his liking. All this is very pretty business for a Senator of New York! As Cass I thou art Brutus, As Age I thou art shamed! Rome! thou hast lost Thy breed of noble bloods!"

THE MORN. Mellow Horn. I love the morn, the summer morn, That breaks o'er flowers in bloom, When on the southern gale is borne The breath of sweet perfume. O, then, the dew is diamond clear, And hangs in gems of light, Like sunbeams dancing on a year, And all the world is bright. The mazy mist at dawn arise, And mingle with the blue, A gorgeous gathering in the skies, With sun-light breaking through. And music such as nature loves, And music such as hill and dale, White throats with answering notes approve The echo's melting thrill. Tho' sighing love may choose the hour, When night is on the wing, And own the twilight's softening power— The morn's the hour for me. I love the morn, the summer morn, That breaks o'er flowers in bloom, When on the gentle gale is borne The breath of sweet perfume.

THE WASTED FLOWERS. We have rarely met with anything so beautiful as the following from the Lowell Offering. We commend it to the notice of the youthful and beautiful beings, for whose especial perusal it is more particularly designed. It will afford food for profound reflection.— THE WASTED FLOWERS.—On the velvet bank of a rivulet sat a rosy child. Her lap was filled with flowers and a garland of rose buds was twined around her neck— Her face was radiant as the sun-shine that fell upon it; and her voice was clear as the bird which warbled at her side. The little stream went singing on, and with every gush of its music the child lifted an emerald hand, and with a merry laugh threw it upon its surface. In her glee she forgot that her treasures were growing less, and with the swift motion of childhood, she flung them to the sparkling tide, until every bud and blossom had disappeared. Then seeing her loss she sprang to her feet, and bursting into tears, called aloud to the stream— "Bring back my flowers!" but the stream danced a long, regardless of her tears; and as it bore the blooming buds away, her words came back in a taunting echo, along its reedy margin. And, long after, amid the waiving of the breezes and the fitful raves of childish grief, was heard the fruitless cry—"Bring back my flowers!" Merry maiden! who art idly wasting the precious moments so bountifully bestowed upon thee,—see in the thoughtless, impatient child, an emblem of each mortal moment is a perfumed flower. Let its fragrance be dispensed in blessings on all around thee, and ascend as sweet incense to its beneficent Giver. Else, when thou hast carelessly flung them from thee, see them receding on the swift waters of time, thou wilt cry, with the weeping child—"Bring me back my flowers!" And the only answer will be an echo from the past—"Bring me back my flowers!"

GOOD ADVICE.—Girls, beware of transient young men—never suffer the addresses of a stranger; recollect one good steady friend is worth a hundred such as these. More than all the floating trash in the world; the allurements of a human dandy-jack with a gold chain about his neck, a walking stick in his paw, some honest tailor's coat on his back, and a brainless though fancy skull; can never make up for the loss of a kind father's home—a good mother's counsel, and the society of brother and sister—their affectionate looks, who that of such a young man is lost at the wane of the honey moon. "Thine."

TO YOUNG MEN.—Be cautious of that young lady who runs from the wash tub to change dress at your approach—you will want a long purse to support her. Also, beware of her, who has a dozen rings on her fingers, and who sits in Church with her glove off, that all she has of any value about her, may be seen to advantage; she will, if you wed her, soon get the ring of poverty in your nose.

A DRUNKARD'S ELOQUENCE.—A drunkard was lately taken before a justice in Baltimore, and committed to the almshouse. As he was about to be lifted from the table to be taken to the carriage to convey him, a bystander remarked that he was in a fit condition to describe the horrors of intemperance. At this, the inebriate started, and with difficulty gaining his feet, looked the gentleman in his face, and said in the most eloquent manner—"To describe the horrors of intemperance, sir, would take a pen of iron dipped in the burning lava of hell."

THE FORCE OF HATE.—A laughable story is told of a miser, who, being at the point of death, resolved to give all his money to a nephew, at whose hands he had experienced some little kindness. "Sam," said he, "for that was his nephew's name—"Sam, I am about to leave the world, and to give you all my money. You will then have \$50,000, only think! Yes, I feel weaker and weaker; I think I shall die in two or three hours. Oh, yes, Sam, I am giving you me two per cent, and you may have the money now."

SHOOTING SINGING BIRDS.—No man with a soul so cruel as a fiaz's gizzard could possibly be so mean, so coarse, so cowardly, as to go round popping at the little birds in the briars and bushes, wing-breaking partridges and quail, and chickadees; and yet there are things in human shape just base enough to do it.

FOR SALE. 7 Hogsheads PRIME MOLASSES, 10 lbs. N. Orleans do, 3 tierces inspected Rice, 150 sacks Salt, 7 hds. prime Porto Rico Sugar, 65 bags prime Coffee, 150 bushels mountain snow ball potatoes 5,000 lbs. Bacon, 50 barrels prime Flour. MICHAEL BROWN. Salisbury, March 4, 1845. if 45

FRESH GARDEN SEED. JUST received a supply of Garden Seed, which are warranted fresh and genuine, of last years growth.—Below will be found the different kinds: Early six week Peas, Marfat do., French Sugar Beet, Blood Beet, White Crookneck Squash, Summer do, Early do, (green striped.) Drumhead Cabbage seed, Early York do, Battersea do, Sugar Loaf do, Savoy do, Red Dutch do, Early Battersea do, Long Green Cucumber, Early Frame do, Small Gherkin do, Short top Radish, Long scarlet do, Cabbage Lettuce, Ice Head do, White solid Lettuce, large Dutch Farnip, Curled Parsley, Onion seed, (silver skin) Vegetable Oyster, Tomato seed, Turnip seed, &c., &c. J. H. ENNIS. 1832

FLOWER SEED. JUST received the following flower SEED. Golden Eternal Flower, Scarlet Caealis, Carnation Pink, Devil in a Bush, White Immortal Flower, Double Easton, Mignonette, Ten week Stock, (Gill), Violet cold Zinnia, Nemophylla Insignis, Durval Convolvulus, Sweet Scented Plant, Yellow Lupinus, Portulaca Splendens, Sweet Abyssum, Purple Candytuft, Phlox Drummondii, Coreopsis Elegans Picta. J. H. ENNIS. 1842

LIQUORS. IN store and for sale low, 3 pipe best article, French Brandy, 1500 fine old Madeira, 1 do Port Wine, (superior) 1 do Malaga Wine, 1 do Holland Gin, Salisbury, Feb 1, 1840 J. H. ENNIS.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!! THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he will continue to carry on the Furniture Business in Salisbury, on main street, a few doors south of J. & W. Murphy's store, and just opposite the Rowan Hotel. He has on hand a large assortment of furniture, and keeps in his employment the best of workmen, and uses the best materials the country affords. He has on hand at all times an assortment of such work as will suit the wants of the country, such as Bureaus, Sideboards, Secretaries, Cup-boards, Tables, Candle-stands, Wash-stands, Bed-stands, Case Bottom and Windsor Chairs, &c. A neat assortment of Coffins will also be kept on hand, arranged from twenty inches to the largest size. All of the above shall be made in the best style, and the charges shall be as low or lower than at any other shop of the kind in this place, or in the State. All kinds of country produce and lumber will be taken in exchange for work. DAVID WATSON. Salisbury, Jan. 20, 1844 254

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE. HALL & HALL WOULD inform the merchants of the interior that they have in connection with the general forwarding and commission business, added to that of Forwarding; and having large and commodious Warehouses on the bank of the River, are prepared to receive and forward Goods upon such terms as will defy all competition, our charges and expenses being one-third less on the freight bills than any other house in the place. All Goods shipped to G. W. Davis of Wilmington, for the interior, and not otherwise directed, will be found in our possession. Fayetteville, May 24, 1844 166

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS FOR 1844! At the Old Tailoring Establishment. HORACE H. BEARD HAS just received of Mr. F. MAHAN, the London, Paris and Philadelphia Fashions, for the Spring & Summer of 1844, which far surpasses anything of the kind heretofore published. He still carries on the TAILORING BUSINESS in all its various branches, at his old stand, where he is ever ready to meet and accommodate his old and new customers with fashionable cutting and making of garments, not to be surpassed by any in the Southern country. Punctuality, despatch and faithful work as has been, always shall be his aim and object. Thankful for past encouragement, he hopes to merit its continuance. P. S. Reference he deems unnecessary, as his experience and work for the last thirteen years will show. Oct. 5, 1844—128 H. H. BEARD.

New Fashions for the Fall and Winter of 1844-5. THOMAS DICKSON respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he still carries on the TAILORING BUSINESS in all its various branches, two doors above J. & W. Murphy's store, where he is ready to execute all orders of his customers in a style and manner not inferior to any work done in this part of the country. He is also in the regular receipt of the NEW YORK FASHIONS, and prepared to accommodate the tastes of the Fashionable at all times. Oct 12, 1844 193

SPRING & SUMMER FASHIONS FOR 1845—JUST RECEIVED. NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT! ALSOBROOK AND MILLER, Tailors, (late of the City of Raleigh.) HAVING located ourselves in the Town of Salisbury, (permanently,) we intend carrying on our business in a style not to be surpassed by any other establishment in the room on the corner of the Mansion Hotel, formerly occupied as the Post-Office. We have employed the best of Northern Workmen. No expense or pains will be spared to render this a Fashionable Establishment in all respects. Gender men, therefore, may rely on having their clothes made up in the most fashionable and durable manner, and we have been engaged regularly in cutting for the last five years, and part of the time in some of the most celebrated establishments in the Southern States. We shall not hesitate to guarantee every thing to fit we cut and make. London, Paris and New York FASHIONS received monthly. In conclusion, should we be encouraged to send away to procure first-rate made clothing. We return thanks to the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on us, and hope by the most strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. A. P. ALSOBROOK, H. S. MILLER. All persons indebted to the subscribers, are requested to make settlement, as longer indulgence will not be given. March 1845—261y

LAND FOR SALE. THE subscriber being determined to remove to the west, offers for sale his plantation, lying on fourth creek, within two miles of Concord Church, two miles of Liberty Hill, and eight miles Northwest of Statesville, containing 380 ACRES, upon which there is about 100 acres in cultivation; 40 of which is fresh; a good Orchard and a first rate meadow; two DWELLING HOUSES, one barn and other necessary outbuildings; the best kind of a spring; a first rate new SAW MILL AND OIL MILL, now building; and will be finished before possession will be given; a good neighborhood and healthy section of country. Persons fond of machinery and a pleasant situation would do well to call and view the premises, as I will sell lower than any plantation can be bought in this section of country with equal soil and improvements.—Terms accommodating. GILAS P. SHARPE. Liberty Hill, treddell co., May 20, 1844 145

NEW GROCERIES, AND A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF CONFECTIONARIES. Soda Biscuit, and Water Crackers; Raisins, Almonds, Prunes; Segars and Snuff, (Scott's and Mchoboy); A GREAT VARIETY OF CANDIES, AND TOYS. Fish—Sardines, Salmon Herring, and Mulletts; OLIVE OIL, Shoe-Blacking, fiddle Strings, sperm and tallow Candles, NASH BRANDY, AND VARIOUS OTHER LIQUORS & WINES, such as French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica rum; Madeira, Port, Teneiff, Claret, Champagne, Muscat Malaga and domestic wines. Also, some splendid Porter, Scotch Ale and Albany Ale. BESIDES a great variety of other articles in my line of business too tedious to mention; and which I will sell as low as they can be sold for cash, or on credit to punctual dealers. All the above fine articles will be found at the Salisbury Confectionary and Bakery, opposite J. & W. Murphy's store, or at the Salisbury Grocery and Confectionary. P. R. ROUCHE. Salisbury, Dec. 21, 1844 164&26

THE State of Mississippi, LA FAYETTE COUNTY. CIRCUIT COURT—NOVEMBER TERM, 1844 William R. Cunningham, Attachment for \$1,920 00 vs. William Kennedy. THIS day came the Plaintiff by his Attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, William Kennedy, is a non-resident of the State of Mississippi, so that the ordinary process of the Court cannot be served upon him; It is therefore, ordered by the Court, that unless the said William Kennedy appear before the Judge of our next Circuit Court, to be holden for the county of La Fayette, at the Court-House, in the Town of Oxford, on the 3rd Monday of May next, to plead, answer or demur to said suit of Attachment, judgment will be rendered, and the property so attached will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt, damages, and cost. It is further ordered by the Court, that a copy of this order be published in the Carolina Watchman, a newspaper printed in the Town of Salisbury, North Carolina, for six months successively. Attest, a true copy. C. M. PHIPPS, Clerk. 6m36—Printers fee \$20

ENTERTAINMENT. ELI HARRIS, At Richfork, Davidson City, N. C. On the Great Stage Road from North to South, and South-West— Eight miles North of Lexington, and 27 S. W. of Greensboro'. TO THE PUBLIC. THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he will continue to carry on the business of STONE CUTTING, as usual, at his granite Quarry seven miles south of Salisbury, near the old Charleston road, where he is able to supply all orders for Mill Stones, of the best grit, and on the shortest notice. Also, for sale, at the lowest prices, window sills, door sills, door steps, rough building rocks, tomb stones, gold grinders, &c. &c. Salisbury, Nov. 2, 1844—1927 N. B. Orders for any of the above wrought articles, directed to me at Salisbury, will be punctually attended to. J. H. ENNIS. I will sell at cost to close sales. J. H. ENNIS. Feb 1, 1845 140

To the Freight Receiving Community. The time has now arrived when the Spring Goods are purchased, and will be coming on to go up the Cape Fear, as well as large supplies of Salt and other heavy articles. There are two lines of Boats on the River. I have only to state my ability for carrying Freight. Having one of the best Freight Boats (the Wm. B. Meares), that can be started, not alone on the States, driving by River in the three Southern States, but on the Cape Fear, and carrying the crew of 8 or 900 bales of Cotton. Her performance I will say nothing about; that is generally known. She is built after the Richmond, owned by O. B. Hilliard of Charleston, a longer boat, not so wide. She has attached sufficient number of Lighters for low water. My line never stopped last Fall; lightered on 13 inches water, and got up all the Goods, took in—not making expenses, which, after paying, left nothing for tolls,—which, but for the kind indulgence of the Navigation Company, allowed us to get along. Molasses and hides of Sugar were as readily taken as Hat boxes. This appears to be forgotten altogether. Allow me to ask for part of the Freight, I will attend to every part of it, receive and forward, and get it up too. My Boats can go. If any of you have trades to make, please divide it between the two lines. You will then add to the support of each line of Boats. But do not give one line all the Freight. Divide. I am not well enough to go crying to all of you, and preferred giving this public notice. My charges for attending to your business will be 10 per cent., and no other charge. A highly qualified merchant will attend to the business here, and due notice will be given of all arrivals from foreign as well as home ports. I am compelled to seek for business in this manner, have no doubt of my success. I have consulted several, and find that I have an equal chance from the good will of the owners of the Goods, and would not now interfere with the receiving and forwarding of them, if I had any chance at all,—but have been told the Salisbury and other merchants have ordered all their Goods by the other line. Well, I have seen some of you and you say it is not so,—I will give the rest of you soon. I will not store your Goods that come to me, neither will I tie them up in a Steam or Tow Boat at this end of the line,—but send them forth. All Goods consigned to me will have a decided preference, with some few exceptions. Please, in filling up your bills of lading, (those that send their Goods to me,) insert, to be landed on O'Hanlon's Wharf.— That was the new tack of the opposition last Fall, to be landed free of wharfrage. I never have charged it, but did not get an agent in New York to go about and tell it. DOYLE O'HANLON, Proprietor of Wm. B. Meares and Cotton Plant line of Steamers. Wilmington, March 15, 1845—484w

WANTED FROM 10 to 15,000 feet of Walnut or Cherry Plank, for which a liberal cash price will be paid. Jan. 14, 1845. D. WATSON.

STATIONARY. ON hand a superior article of letter paper ruled, and glazed foolscap, account and note paper; also, quills, steel pens, super black ink, red, letter stamper, wafers, sealing wax, &c., &c. J. H. ENNIS.

RUNAWAY NEGROES. TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Rowan county, on the 7th day of January, two negro men, Prince and June. Prince is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, June is about 35 years old, 5 feet high, and say they belong to John D. A. Murphy, of Lexington District, South Carolina. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away. NOAH ROBERTS, Jailor. Jan 11, 1845 if 37

MISS SARAH M. LINSTER, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Mocksville and the surrounding country, that she has commenced the Millinery and Mantua making Business, in this place, at the residence of Wm. B. March, Esq., two doors below the Methodist Church, where she will be glad to receive orders for work in her line. She trusts from her experience to be able to give satisfaction. Charges will be moderate. Hats and bonnets bleached and trimmed to order. Mockville, January, 11, 1845 3m37

JOHN W. JOGLER, Watch and Clockmaker, WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Rowan and the adjoining counties, that he has opened his shop on main street, in the office formerly occupied by Wm. J. Plummer, as saddler, three doors below J. H. Ennis' Apothecary store, where he is prepared to execute all work in his line of business. His work will recommend itself; to the aged he can say that come and you can have good spectacles, also glasses fitted to suit any age. Jewellery made to order, rings, breast pins, &c. Old gold and silver, taken in exchange for work. Jan 11, 1845 1937

The State of Mississippi, LA FAYETTE COUNTY. CIRCUIT COURT—NOVEMBER TERM, 1844 William R. Cunningham, Attachment for \$1,920 00 vs. William Kennedy. THIS day came the Plaintiff by his Attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, William Kennedy, is a non-resident of the State of Mississippi, so that the ordinary process of the Court cannot be served upon him; It is therefore, ordered by the Court, that unless the said William Kennedy appear before the Judge of our next Circuit Court, to be holden for the county of La Fayette, at the Court-House, in the Town of Oxford, on the 3rd Monday of May next, to plead, answer or demur to said suit of Attachment, judgment will be rendered, and the property so attached will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt, damages, and cost. It is further ordered by the Court, that a copy of this order be published in the Carolina Watchman, a newspaper printed in the Town of Salisbury, North Carolina, for six months successively. Attest, a true copy. C. M. PHIPPS, Clerk. 6m36—Printers fee \$20

ENTERTAINMENT. ELI HARRIS, At Richfork, Davidson City, N. C. On the Great Stage Road from North to South, and South-West— Eight miles North of Lexington, and 27 S. W. of Greensboro'. TO THE PUBLIC. THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he will continue to carry on the business of STONE CUTTING, as usual, at his granite Quarry seven miles south of Salisbury, near the old Charleston road, where he is able to supply all orders for Mill Stones, of the best grit, and on the shortest notice. Also, for sale, at the lowest prices, window sills, door sills, door steps, rough building rocks, tomb stones, gold grinders, &c. &c. Salisbury, Nov. 2, 1844—1927 N. B. Orders for any of the above wrought articles, directed to me at Salisbury, will be punctually attended to. J. H. ENNIS. I will sell at cost to close sales. J. H. ENNIS. Feb 1, 1845 140