758 271 175 maj. Beaufort, Washington, Tyrrell. Craven, Hyde and Carteret, yet to be heard from.

The second second second second	NTH DISTI	March Could at established
THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COL		Biggs (L. F.
Northampton	464	485
Pasquotank	479	264
Perquimons	363	320
Camden	428	83
Bertie	31 maj.	Standard Town
Hertford .	277	239
Gates		100 maj.
Chowan		17 maj.

THE ELECTIONS.

In Kentucky, the polls being kept open for three days, did not close until Wednesday night. The Lexington Reporter of that morning, speaking of the progress of the election, says: "The Whigs have ample cause for rejoicing, thus far, for the gallant manner in which they have susfrom our own district to predict with entire confidence the re-election of our able and faithful representative Garret Davis." T. F. Marshall, an independent candidate, was the opponent of Mr. Davis.

The Louisville Journal of the 6th says that the returns then received were highly favorable, and expresses a belief that Mr. Thomasson, (Whig) would be re-elected from that district.

In the Covington district it is confidently asserted that Mr. Gaines (Whig) has succeeded over Mr. Tibbats, the late member.

An extra from the Bardstown Sentinel gives the state of the polls at the close of the first day, in all the counties of the district, and has no doubt that Mr. Young, the Whig candidate, is

The Richmond Chronicle furnishes the first day's vote in several of the counties of the sixth district, which look favorable to the election of Mr. McKee, (Whig.) In this district there are two Whig candidates running against one De-

The return from Mr. French's district indicate that he is re-elected.

In Indiana, in Wayne county, the whole Whig ticket is triumphantly elected. Caleb B. Smith is undoubtedly re-elected to Congress from the Wayne district. The entire Whig ticket is also elected in Fayette county, including two members of the Legislature. In Union one Whig and one Democrat are elected to the Legislature. There is no change in these counties, except that Union elected one member only last year, and he was a Whig.

In addition to the above, which we obtain from the Ohio State Journal, we learn from the Louisville Journal that Mr. Henly is no doubt re-elected. Besides this, there are very favorable rumors from Owen's district, and some positive good news. Harrison county has given Mr. Wilson (Whig) a majority of 140 over Owen, (Dem.) and elected the entire Whig ticket. Crawford gave Wilson a majority of 99, and the Whig Representative a majority of 38 .-Mr. Owen ran behind in both of those counties.

AMERICAN MINISTERS ABROAD.

The following extract from one of Mr. WILus's entertaining Letters from England, now in the course of publication in the New York Evening Mirror, is of interest for all classes of readers, but especially deserves heedful attention from those in whose hands the appointment of Foreign Ministers is placed:

"It is more a matter of rejoicing to Americans abroad than Congress supposes when Foreign Ministers are the kind of manners and menal culture to do credit to the country. Mr. Mc-LANE's appointment as Minister to England is a worthy succession to that of Mr. EVERETTtwo more admirable representatives little likely appear at the English Court for any nation. was dining a day or two since with a former member of the Queen's Cabinet, and in the London papers of that morning Mr. McLane's appointment had been announced. Our host spoke of Mr. McLANE, and afterwards of Mr. EVERETT, with a whole-hearted tribute to their qualities as men and diplomatists that would have gratified the friends of these gentlemen not thille; and, indeed, wherever I go, Mr. EVER-Erris lauded without measure. He has been a London a trying time for a representative,-Our national credit—lumped without distinction d States in one sweeping dishonor-has been hea visible cloud about him wherever he has ared; and he has been waited on, of course, committees on questions he could not answer without pain and mortification; and through all his he has steadily risen in the respect of those around him, and now stands personally higher (so I was assured by one who spoke with authority) than any diplomatic representative now at the English Court. At another party I heard a very fine description given of the effect of his singular eloquence upon one of these committees. They had felt, in delivering what they had to say, that they had placed him, as the respondent, in a position of overwhelming embarrassment H: ment. His reply was waited for with a sympathy for him as a man. From every one of these generstated,) and the left his house enchanted with man, it not more content with what he had to effer on the part of his country. Surely the difnce between such a representative and othen who are capable of being sent abroad is orth the country's looking at and influencing."

oria that a cargo of American ice arrived at Glasgow. The event atand arrived at Glasgow. The event atwith us, "the pursuit of knowledge under difficulties." However, let us live and expect the
best.—Alexandria Gazette. an entertainment on board the brig

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

Numerous applications having been made to the Post Office Department for the official interpretation of the clauses in franking privileges of Senators and Representatives in Congress, the Editor of the government paper has obtained a copy of the following letter from the Second Assistant Postmaster General, which elucidates the whole subject:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, APPOINTMENT OFFICE, JULY 22, 1845.

Sin: Yours of the 17th instant, to the for a burnt offering?" Gen. xx, 7. Postmaster General, has been referred to this office with directions to answer the several inquiries therein made.

The law recognises no distinction between a Senator and a Representative in Congress, in relation to the franking privilege. The meeting of the Senate on the 4th of March last is not construed to mean a session of Congress, and confers no right except to fix the Senatorial term, during which any one "may transmit, free of postage, any documents printed by order of either House of Congress, as per regulation 539." Yourself and the other Senators standing over are authorized to "frank written letters from yourselves," without intermission, until sixty days after the expiration of your respective terms of office, as per regulation 540. This pritained their cause. We have heard enough vilege does not enure to the Senators who first took their seats at the extra session of Congress; they standing in this respect on the same footing with a Representative elect.

Senators and Representatives " may receive letters not exceeding two ounces in weight, free of postage, during the recess of Congress." Of course this confers no privilege at the present time-a recess being construed to mean that period which intervenes between the sessions of the same Congress, and not embracing that between two Congresses.

All other privileges-which you will perceive are specifically enumerated in have no encouragement to become candidates as they are the last clause of regulation 539 of the printed instructions-are confined to the actual session of Congress, including thir- for the friends of good order and morality and for every ty days before and thirty days thereafter. Patriot without distinction of Party to come out and put I have the honor to be, very respectful-

Hon. JOHN FAIRFIELD. Note.-The following are the regulations referred to as being contained in the printed instructions of the Postmaster General, and now in the hands of the several postmasters:

WM. MEDILL.

" 539. The Vice President of the United States, the members of Congress, the delegates from Territories, the Secretary of the Senate, and Clerk of the House of Representatives, may transmit free of postage any documents printed by order of either House of Congress. This is without restriction as to the session; but the privilege expires with the official term.-They may send or receive, free of postage, any letter, newspaper, or packet, not exceeding two ounces in weight, during the session of Congress, and for a period of thirty days before the commencement and thirty days after the termination of each

" 540. The Vice President, the members of Congress, and delegates of Territories, may frank written letters from themthorized by act of March 2, 1843, viz: from thirty days before the commencement of the session of Congress to the meeting of the next Congress."

THE PUBLIC LANDS IN TEXAS.

The New York Morning News, a Locofoco paper hot in favor of Texas, is very properly of opinion that the new State will be very apt to make the United States Government pay a very high price for her public lands. In reference to this subject the Morning News says :

" Texas will no doubt drive a hard bargain with us for her lands. To allow them to lay outside of our general land system, underselling all the rest of the West, will never do. They must be ours, and to make them so we shall per-

haps have to pay pretty roundly." Of course the Government will purchase them, and of course Texas will drive a hard bargain for them. That is all necessary to satisfy the "original friends of annexation," as the holders of Texas scrip love to call themselves. The arrangement is very creditable to the "original" annexationists who put the ball in motion. They were actuated by the patriotic motive of making a rich speculation for themselves. They bought Texas scrip at any price they saw fit to offer for it, and having no faith in the ability of that Government ever to pay it, commenced the agitation of the question of annexation, and succeeded in humbugging the Locofocoism of this country. In accordance with the flames. their peculiar interests, the public lands in Texs were not to be surrendered up to the United States, but were left to enable Texas to pay off her debt. Now that annexation is perfected, the United States must become the purchaser of those lands at any price which the new State may choose to demand, and the price which the Government shall pay for them will go towards the redemption of Texas scrip; and the consequence will be that the "original friends of annexation" will be very munificently rewarded for all their patriotic labors. Is not the whole scheme most beautiful? And have not the "original friends of annexation" contrived a most original plan by which they will be able to fill their pockets at Uncle Sam's expense? Louisville Journal.

17 The Baltimore American thinks that "we shall get to understand the true uses of Government, some day or another, when it will be found of Mr. McLane to represent the Governthat political power has other ends than to turn ment of the U. States in this country. It one set of officers out of their places and put in would have been much better to allow American Ice.—We learn by the sent prevailing ideas on the subject." We I suppose he is In regard to political or hope so. But we travel slowly. It is literally,

and beats his wife at home.

For the Watchman. MESSES. EDITORS: A few evenings since, as I was surrounded by a merry group of my young friends, including several of my nephews and nieces, one of them in-sisted that " Aunt Mary should tell them a story." To the new post office law bearing upon the please them, I laid aside my book and spectacles, took up my knitting, and enlisted the attention of my partial, and not my critical auditors, for an hour or two. With the intention of still amusing them, and perhaps to indulge the garrulity of old age, I believe I will occasionor, send as I have now done, a scrap from

Aunt Mary's Port Folio. " And Isaac spake unto Abraham his father, and said my Father; and he said, Here am I, my son. And I said, behold the fire and the wood, but where is the Lamb

"Father," the strippling meekly said, Behold the wood and fire, All things are now in order laid, "Where is the Lamb," my sire? " My son," the hoary Patriarch said, " Jehovat will provide !"

And onward son and Father moved Up the steep mountain's side, The youth was bound, the knife was raised at The blow was almost given, When lo! to Faith's submissive ear A call arrests, from Heaven !

On, in the faith of duty press. Nor ever turn aside Seek Abraham's faith, and leave the rest, With Him, who will provide.

It may be, He will mark for thee. A weary, thorny road. Beset with pains, and cares, and woes; Faint not, but look to God!

AUGUST SESSIONS, 1845.

WE, the Grand Jurors of Rowan, Present, That the most of the business brought before us during this Term, has been in consequence of Drunkenness, and that a great deal of it has been occasioned by and through the public treating of candidates for public offices at different times and places; consequently we cannot help but view the practice as an evil, and a growing evil, for it is manifest to every one that it is annually becoming worse and worse, and we cannot help but feel alarmed for the good order and morality of the community at large, if not for Liberty itself, for it has almost come to pass that those who treat the most are certain to be elected, consequently those who are unable or unwilling to treat, almost invariably defeated no matter what their qualifications are ; and we cannot help but think it is high time the frown of condemnation upon the practice, and hereafter use their influence in endeavoring to prevail upon all candidates to abandon the practice and trust to their own merits rather than to the merits of the Whiskey

> JNO. McCULLOCH, Foreman. RICHARD HARRIS. JOHN ROGERS, BENJAMIN FRALEY RICHARD GRAHAW GEORGE WILHELM JACOB SETZER HENRY SLOOP, MICHAEL BOSTIAN BENJAMIN SECHLER. CALEB YOST. HENRY DEAL, HENRY WILHELM, ASA RIBLIN, JOHN SHUMAN, Sen. DAVID SHULIBARGER

FIRE AT NEWPORT, (R. I.)

The large hotel in Newport, R. I., called the Ocean House, was consumed Sunday night last by fire, which was communicated from the cooking-house at the eastern end of the building. There were a great many strangers in Newport at the time, and the hotel was full. The rapidselves during the whole year, as now au- ity with which the flames progressed, threw the whole of the inmates into consternation. There was great rush of ladies and gentlemen for the open air, while the more calm and resolute attempted to save the baggage of the boarders. The scene is represented to have been frightful. Fire companies were present, but the want of water rendered their attempts to save the buildings fruitless. A letter to New York Tribune says:

"The saddest portion of this calamity is the death of Samuel Fowler Gardiner, Esq., one of the oldest, wealthiest, and most estimable citizens of Newport. He owned a large amount of property here, and was the agent and part proprietor of the extensive Newport Cotton Mills, the Coddington, Perry, and Newport Steam Mills, and another of which he was exclusive owner. He leaves a wife and ten children. The body of Mr. Gardiner was found in the ruins, more than half consumed-a key and pencil lying on the chest.

"We fear that Thomas B. Hazzard, Esq., residing in the beautiful country scat of Vaucleuse, has perished.

"It is said there was a gentleman in the 2d story of the east wing who was lost; but of this nothing is certainly known. Rumor also gives three or four victims to

"P. S .- 9 o'clock-The steamer Massa- Flour, chusetts has just arrived, and will furnish Feathers, about 500 houseless sufferers with lodging Flaxseed, \$1 a \$1 10 Tobacco, l'í, 2 a 23 for the night, and also food."

The Ocean House was valued at \$36,-000, and insured for \$18,000. The furniture was estimated at \$25,000-two-thirds of it saved, and \$9,000 insured.

A Leg over the Traces.—The editor of the Evening Post, who is in England attending Free Trade meetings, raps Presi- Flour. dent Polk over the knuckles for appoint. Feathers, ing Mr. McLane Minister to England:-

"I cannot close this letter without expressing my regret that Mr. Polk should have made such an appointment as that of Mr. McLane to represent the Government of the II States in this country. It next to Buis' confectionary. [Aug. 16, 1845—37:1y] I suppose he is. In regard to political opinions, there is not much to choose between Mr. Everett and Mr. McLane: or the entertainment on board the brig best.—Alexandria Gazette.

best.—Alexandria Gazette.

best.—Alexandria Gazette.

best.—Alexandria Gazette.

Everett, inasmuch as his opinions are frankly declared. In point of character and happy understanding with the bow and a smile for every one abroad, and beats his wife at home.

Charming Man.—A fellow who has a best opinions are frankly declared. In point of character and capacity, Mr. Everett is much before bow and a smile for every one abroad, and beats his wife at home.

Committee to the Jail of Rowan County, Everett, inasmuch as his opinions are frankly declared. In point of character and capacity, Mr. Everett is much before bow and a smile for every one abroad, the man selected as his successor. The files of the Evening Post for the summer. rather, the advantage is on the side of Mr. files of the Evening Post for the summer

of 1834, contain the record of an act of double dealing, of which Mr. McLane was guilty, in relation to some misconduct of Swartwout, the Collector of N. York."

Some of the Ohio papers are tickling on the first Monday of November, and close on the last day of February, under the following arrangement: for the Presidency, and he enters into the project with great satisfaction. He thinks, as Mr. Polk is to be out of the way, and the old horses ally send you a story from "Aunt Mary's arm chair;" of 1844 will be broken down, it would be quite well that "a young and vigorous horse," like himself, should be put upon the turf.

Mike Walsh, the Chief of the Subterraneans thinks it more than probable that he will be in the Presidential chair! Now there's some sense in this. Mike is a bold spirit, and "speaks right out;" and as to the little matter of the Constitution requiring a man to be a native, why that's no sort of consequence. The Constitution is only a bit of paper, and, since its late stretching to admit a foreign State, is considered pretty much like the conscience of a modern Democrat-clastic enough for any thing. -Richmond Whig.

NAVAL .- The United States steamer Miss. issippi made an experimental trip from Boston on Thursday, with a view to test the working of Steven's "cut off," which have lately been fitted to her engines. The trip was, on the whole, considered satisfactory, the "cuts-off" working admirably, and making a saving of about one-fifth in the consumption of coal. She was to take her powder on board on Friday, and would soon proceed on her voyage.

From Africa we learn that the United States sloop-of-war Yorktown touched at Monrovia on the 21st May, and sailed on the 27th for the windward. The Jamestown sailed on the 27th April for the windward, having arrived from leeward on the 20th April.

The Pensacola Gazette of the 25th ultimo says : "The U. S. ship Falmouth, Capt. SANDS, sailed yesterday morning on a cruize in the Gulf. We learn that the whole squadron are under sailing orders, and will sail in a day or two. The U. S. sloop-of-war St. Mary's left here on Monday last for the Balize. She has been ordered to convey twelve hundred troops from there to Corpus Christi, in Texas.

The Second Regiment of the U. States Dragoons, which has ere now taken up the line of march for Corpus Christi, in Texas, numbers upwards of five hundred men, besides some sixty public wagons, Miners would do well to come and examine as there is for the transportation of supplies. The following are the names of the officers

Field and Staff-Col. J. E. Twiggs, Major T. T. Fauntleroy, Adjutant H. H. Sibley ; Captain O. Cross, Quarter-master; Brevet Capt. R. A. Arnold, Commissary of Subsistence; W. L. Wharton, Surgeon; George Buist, Assistant Surgeon; A. Geo. Stevens, Topograph-

Captains-W. M. Fulton, C. Ker, Seth Thornton, C. A. May, N. W. Hunter, L. P. Graham, W. J. Hardee. First Lieutenants-O. P. Ransom, A. Lowry, W. H. Saunders, Fowler Hamilton, O. F. Winship.

Second Lieutenants—R. P. Cambell, Wm. Steele, Lewis Neill, R. H. Anderson, George T. Mason. Brevet Second Lieutenants-L. H. Whittlesey, Augustus Cook.

OF MOVEMENT OF TROOPS .- The Baltimore Patriot of Saturday states that orders had been received by Maj. Ringgold to hold his regiment of Mounted Artillery ready to proceed, at a moment's warning, to the South-supposed to be Texas.

LAWLESS PROCEEDINGS.

The Alexandria (Louisiana) Democrat of the 23d ultimo contains the particulars of a strange affair which recently occurred in that neighborhood. It seems that in November last a man by the name of James Spurlock and his overseer (William Norton) run off about seventy negroes to Gaspar county, in Texas, on which property liens were held by persons in New Orleans and elsewhere. Rewards were offered for their recovery, and a young man volunteered to fetch them back. He succeeded in securing five, and re-crossed the Sabine, when he was overtaken and the negroes captured. The young man raised fifteen armed men and again reached Spurlock's residence, fifty miles in the interior of Texas, when he captured Spurlock's overseers (Norton and Kirkland) and fifty-six negroes. When about forty-five miles from Alexandria, the party, overpowered by fatigue, stopped, and sunk into slumber, from which they were awakened by the whistling of bullets through their tents. All but the leader and two of his men took to their heels and fled for life. The assailants numbered about forty men. The two who stood by their leader were shot dead. The principals in the enterprise and another young man who came up afterwards succeeded in killing two of their opponents, and wounding another, and then made good their retreat. The slaves were retaken and carried back to Texas. The affray took place on the United States side of the boundary.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET, Aug. 6. Brandy, pe'ch, 60 a 75 Lard, 7 a 7 } Do. apple, 45 a 50 Molasses, 33 a 40 71 a 8 Oats. 30 a 35 27 a 28 Oil, Linseed, 75 a 80 Beeswax, Nails, cut, Butter, 12 a 15 51 a6 Bale Rope, 6 a 9 Rags, per. lb. 7 a a 10 Sugar, brown, 7 a 10 6 a 61 do. Lump. Cot. Baging, 16 a 20 do. Loaf, 14 a 16 60 # 65 Salt, (bush.) 45 a 50 \$5a \$51 do. Sack. \$0.0 a \$2 25 a 30 Tallow, Hides, green, 4 a 5 Wheat. 75 a 80 do. dry, 8 a 10 Whiskey. 40 a 41 Iron, 4 a 5 Wool, 12 a 15

CHERAW MARKET, Aug. 12. Bacon. 8 a 81 | Leather, sole, 20 a 25 Beeswax, 22 a 24 | Lard, 9 a 10 7 a 9 | Molasses, 35 a 40 44 a 6 Nails, cut, 6 a 64 62 a 75 Rice. 4 a 8 \$51 a \$71 Sugar, br. 8 a 10 25 a 32 do. Loaf, 15 a 17 5 a 64 Salt, sack, \$160 a \$13

DR. J. J. SUMMERELL,

DR. W. DUKE MURPHY, AVING permanently located himself in Salisbury, offers his Professional services to the public and surrounding country. He may be found at the Drug Store of J. H. Enniss, or at Mr. Shaver's Hotel, at all times, when not professionally engaged. July 25, 1845: tf 13

Salisbury, Aug. 16, 1845.

TRANSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

BENJAMIN W. DUDLEY, M. D., Professor of the

Principles and Practice of Surgery.

WM. H. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

THO'S D. MITCHELL, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

ROBERT PETER, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and

Pharmacy. LOTAN G. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Theory

AMES M. BUSH, M. D., Professor of Special and Surgical Anatomy LEONIDAS M. LAWSON, M. D., Professor of Gen-

eral and Pathological Anatomy and Physiology. ETHELBERT L. DUDLEY, M. D., Demonstrator of The introductories will be given on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday; and the didactic course will open on Thursday, November 6th. Professors' fees amount to \$105, payable in all cases in advance, in the best mo-

ney current where the pupils reside. Matriculation fee \$5. Hospital Ticket with Clinical Lectures, \$5.—Graduation Fee, \$25. Dissecting Ticket, \$10. The needful expenses of living range between two and three dollars per week. Gratuitous lectures, as usual, in the month of October. Further information may be had, by addressing letters, post paid, to THOMAS D. MITCHELL,

Lexington, Ky., aug. 1845-16:3t

STATESVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY

HE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, Aug. 25th. TERMS, as heretofore, \$4-5-or 6, per quarter, according to the advancement of the Pupil. Music on the Piano \$12 per quarter; Guitar \$10; Waxwork \$5; Painting and French \$7 each. No deduction made for absence, except in case of severe sickness.—Excellent board can be obtained in town at the low rate of \$6 per month.

EMMA J. BAKER. Aug 13th, 1845-16-3t

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber desirous of removing Westward offers for sale his valuable Plantation lying in Rowan county on the waters of Grants creek, about 10 miles South-west of Salisbury, on the road leading to Beatie's ford. The Plantation is in a good state of cultivation, containing 435 acres, about 25 of which is excellent Meadow and a good deal of bottom land well adapted to the growth of Corn and other grain. There is on the premises a large and comfortable dwelling house with convenient out-buildings. Also a corn Mill, cotton Gin and Threshing-Machine, all run by water power. Persons wishing to purchase will do well to call on the subthe very best specimens of gold on

JOHN McCULLOCH. August 16th, 1845-16-3t

\$25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, two years last July, a negro boy named BOB of a dark copper colour, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and between 28 and 30 years of age. Any person taking up said boy, and bringing him to me, or placing him in any safe jail so that I may get him, shall receive the above Reward. N. B. The boy was raised by George Vogler, of Salis bury, and sold to a trader. JOHN R. McELWEE Aug 4th, 1945-16-5t

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold on Wednesday the 27th day of Aug. inst., at the late residence of James A. Gillespie dec'd., the following property, viz : Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Farming Tools, Blacksmith Tools, and other articles. TERMS of sale made known on the day of sale. S. MARLIN, admr. Aug. 7th, 1845-16:2t

CASH PRICES FOR BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE subscriber, in consideration _ of the hardness of the times, and also hoping to extend his busi-ness, has revised his prices for Boots and Shoes,

and finds it in his power to fall a little, provided he sells for cash. He has therefore subjoined a list of his prices for work, on the cash system. Those who purchase on credit, must expect to pay the customary prices.

List of Cash Prices. Fine stitched Boots do fudged do do do shoetees do do fudged shoes 1 871 do do 2 25 do Ladies shoes 1 50 1 371 Also a quantity of children and negro shoes of the ve-

ry best quality on hand for sale lower than any where else

P. S. Orders from a distance punctually attended to, and all kinds of country produce taken at market prices n exchange for work. My shop is opposite the store of J. & W. Murphy.

All those indebted to me are requested to come forward and settle the same either by cash or note, otherwise they may have to pay cost, MOSES L. BROWN. July 26, 1845—t25Dee By JACOB LEFLER.

SPRING & SUMMER FASHIONS FOR 1845-JUST RECEIVED.

TAILORING ESTABLIHMENT

ALSOBROOK AND MILLER, Tailors, (late of the City of Raleigh.)

AVING located ourselves in the Town of Salisbury, (permanently,) we intend carrying on our business in a style not to be surpassed in the State or out of it. Our establishment is in the room on the corner of the Mansion Hotel, formerly occupied as the Post-Office. We have employed the best of Northern Workmen. No expense or pains will be spared to render this a Fashionable Establishment in all respects. Gen men, therefore, may rely on having their clothes made up in the most fashionable and durable manner. We have been engaged regularly in cutting for the last five years, and part of the time in some of the most celebrated establishments in the Southern States. We shall not hesitate to guarantee every thing to fit we cut and make. London, Paris and New York

We return thanks for the liberal patronage hereto-fore bestowed on us, and hope by fashionable work and strict attention to business to merit a continuance of A. P. ALSOBROOK. H. S. MILLER.

All persons indebted to the subscribers, are requeste to make settlement, as longer indulgence will not b given. March 1845-26:1y

JUST received 10 boxes Beeswing Chewing To-bacco: J. H. ENNISS. Salisbury, June 14, 1845-7tf PURE WHITE LEAD.

CHEWING TOBACCO.

100 KEGS pure white lead just received and for sale low by J. H. ENNESS. Salisbury, June 14, 1845-7tf

PILLS! PILLS!! GUE and Fever Pills .- Warranted to cur A or no pay. For sale at J. H. ENISS' Drug Store. Salisbury, August 9, 1845-4f 15

FINE Chewing Tobacco.—On hand and for sale, one box of Rose Bud; 5 boxes Bees Wing; one box Honey Dew.

J. H. ENNISS. one box Honey Dew. Salisbury, August 9, 1845-if 15

POSTSCRIPT.

We stop the press to announce the rumour now buzzing about town, that Mr. Chas. Fisher, his friend Mr. Saml. Reeves, and others, having taken it into their heads to contest the election in this District, are overhauling the names of the voters with that intention. "Come on Mc-



PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, RUSHES, Instruments, Glass-Ware, fancy Soaps Perfumery, Lemon Syrup, Wines and Spirits for Medical purposes, Teas, Cegars, Tobacco, Candles, Spices, Patent and Tompsonian Medicines, Raisins, (by the box,) Smyrna Figs, (by the drum,) and Nuts. Also, a large variety of fancy and useful articles for Ladies and Gentlemen. Rowand's Tonie Mixture, Dr. Jaynes Family Medicines, Sands Sarsaparillia, wholesale and retail—all of which will be sold very low for cash.

Having been sixteen years in the Drug business, in this place, and had many other opportunities of acquiring a knowledge of Medicines and their uses, I may hope, at least, to give it out with a cautious hand, as I shall give the business my personal attention. Prescriptions made up with care and dispatch. Shop open at all hours.— Country Merchants wishing to purchase Medicines, &c. will do well to call.

C. B. WHEELER, Agt. Salisbury, June 18, 1845-8:4f NORTH CAROLINA-WILKES COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1845,

Petition for

Partition of

E. Hamby and wife Sarah; Joel Gray & wife Elizabeth; James, John, William, Joshua, Jesse, Elizabeth Rebecca, Mary, Rachael, Hannah and Nancy Lewis; Thomas Walker and wife Sarah ; John Ballard and wife Elizabeth, and Hannah

Larkin J. Becknol.

Defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State, It is therefore ordered by the Court that publica-tion for six weeks be made in the Carolina Watchman, that the Defendants appear at our next Court of Pleas Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Wilkes, at the Court-House in Wilkesboro' on the 1st Monday after the 4th Monday of July next, and answer Plantiff's Petition, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them. Witness, W. Mastin, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 1st Monday of May, 1845.

W. MASTIN, CI'k. Printers' fee \$5 50-9:6w

STORE

J. D. BROWN & T. T. MAXWELL

RE now receiving from New York and Philade STOCK OF GOODS at their store known as Dr. Burns' corner, one door

low J. & W. Murphy's, consisting in part of Dry Goods, HARDWARE & CUTLERY, HATS BONNETS, SHOES, CROCKERY,

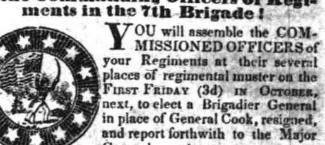
GLASS-WARE AND GROCERIES

Together with a general assortment of GOODS of every description usually found in stores; and which will e sold very low for cash. The subscribers ask the favor of a call by those wishing to buy.

N. B. The Coppersmithing and Tinning business, will also be carried on in all its various branches. Salisbury, May 3, 1845-tf 1 P. S. All kinds of country Produce taken in exchange

Head Quarters, 4th Division, N. C. Militia, Rutherfordion, 4th July, 1845. SPECIAL ORDER, No. 3!

To the Commanding Officers of Regi-



There being no way, under our militia Law, by which the Major General, can learn, officially, the names and address of the Officers commanding Regiments in his Division, he has forwarded written orders to the commandant of each regiment to the Court-House of the county in which the regiment is situated.

By order of Major Gen. John G. Bynum, WM. H. MILLER, Lt. Col. Chief of the Staff. August 2, 1845-3w14

State of North Carolina. IREDELL COUNTY.

Court of Equity,-Spring Term, 1845. Carmi Gillespie, Administrator with the will annexed of Jonas Leib, dec'd., vs. Christina Leib, et, at, Bill asking advice of the Court in constraing the Will.

T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Hen-ry Culp, sen., and wife Catharine, and Henry Culp, jun., and Samuel Hartgrave and wife Milly, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered, adj received monthly. In conclusion, should we be encouraged, no one will be be under the disagreeable necessity and wife Catharine, and Henry Culp, jun., and Samuel Hartgrave and wife Milly, defendants in the above namber of the same of ed suit, to be and appear before the Judge of our next Superior Court of Law and Equity, to be held for the county of Iredell, at the Court House in Statesville, on the 2nd monday after the 4th monday in August next, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint of Carmi Gillespie, Adm'r. with the will annexed of Jonas Leib, dec'd., or Judgment pro confesso will be taken as to them. May 24th, 1845.

THOMAS H. McRORIE, c w g.
By L. Q. SHARPE, D c w g.
Printers fee \$5 50—6w10

PORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HALL & HALL

WOULD inform the merchants of the interior that they have in connection with the general Corporation with the general Corporation with the general Corporation warding; and having large and commodious Warehouses on the bank of the River, are prepared to receive and forward Goods upon such terms as will defy all competition, our charges and expenses being one-third less on the freight bills than any other house in the place.

All Goods shipped to G. W. Davis of Wilmington, for the interior, and not otherwise directed, will be found in our possession.

our possession.
Fayetteville, May 24, 1844