

Proceedings of our STATE LEGISLATURE.

FRIDAY, Nov. 24. SENATE.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment, and after voting once for Speaker, with the same result as on former days, adjourned until Saturday morning at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

After reading the Journal, Mr. Dobbin moved that the House proceed to elect the Standing Committees.

The Chair announced to the House, that the Rules required that these Committees should be chosen by the members composing each Electoral District.

On motion of Mr. Satterthwaite, the House, for the purpose of electing the Standing Committees, took a recess of one hour.

At the expiration of which time, the Speaker called the House to order, and the following were announced as

THE STANDING COMMITTEES. Committee on Claims.—Messrs. Ballard, Nichols, Martin, Allen, D. F. Caldwell, Brogden, Russell, Walser, Shuford, Miller, Wilkins.

Propositions and Grievances.—Messrs. T. J. Person, Satterthwaite, Newsom, J. E. McMullen, Williamson, Palmer, Koonce, Courts, J. H. White, Ellis, Hayes.

On Education.—Messrs. Cherry, Blow, R. H. Smith, C. H. K. Taylor, Wadsworth, Headen, Blackburn, Davis, R. J. McDowell, T. R. McDowell, Atkin.

On Agriculture.—Messrs. Skinner, McCleese, Canaday, Fay, Stockard, Wooten, Pegram, Oglesby, Scott, Mast, Logan.

Internal Improvements.—Messrs. Rayner, Dancy, Long, Nixon, Doak, M. Clannahan, Kelly, J. M. Leach, Barringer, McIntosh, Farmer, Pringles and Elections.—Messrs. Ferebee, Stanly, Thornton, T. H. Williams, Mebane, Person, Clement, Trull, T. R. Caldwell, Farmer, Severson.

On motion of Mr. Dobbin, the communication relative to the contested election, in Perquimans, was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

And then the House adjourned till to-morrow morning 11 o'clock.

SATURDAY, Nov. 25, 1848. SENATE.

The Senate met according to adjournment. On motion of Mr. Lillington, the Senate proceeded to vote for Speaker, which resulted in no choice.

Colonel Joyner receiving 23, Mr. Graves 24, and Mr. Shepard 1.

Mr. Thomas, of Davidson, moved that the Senate proceed to vote again, which resulted in no election.

Mr. Joyner received 24, and Mr. Graves 24.

The Senate then proceeded to vote again, when Mr. Joyner received 24, and Mr. Graves 23—Mr. Graves voted for Mr. Ashe and Mr. Joyner for Mr. Shepard.

There being no election, Mr. Bower moved that the Senate adjourn until this afternoon 3 o'clock, which was decided in the negative—Yeas 19, Nays 27.

On motion of Mr. Allright, of Chatham, the Senate proceeded to vote again for Speaker; whereupon Mr. Joyner received 24, and Mr. Graves 24.

There still being no election, on motion of Mr. Reich, of Stokes, the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock, this afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

3 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Mr. Patterson, of Burke, Caldwell and McDowell, presented for the consideration of the Senate, the following Preamble and Resolutions, prefaced by the following remarks:

SENATORS: It would be useless to attempt to disguise the fact, which is apparent to all of us, that we are placed in an awkward and most painful dilemma.

Six days have now nearly elapsed, since we first met and attempted to organize this body, and as yet ineffectual steps have been taken to produce that result.

It is true that propositions for a compromise of our difficulties have been made by each of the political parties in the Senate to the other, and by each respectfully declined.

It is also true that a self-constituted Committee, consisting of three members of each party, of which I was one, have been most assiduously engaged for the greater part of the last two days, in endeavoring to arrange some plan of compromise which they hoped would be satisfactory to their respective friends, and thus settle the difficulty.

Various propositions were submitted and discussed in that Committee, without arriving at any definite conclusions.

I have therefore given up that mode of arranging our differences, in despair. Something, however, must be done.

The character of the Old North State, always distinguished for its adherence to law and order, is at stake—the public interests are suffering—necessary and important legislation is delayed.

As an individual member of this body, I have been anxious from the first, to adopt some compromise which would enable us to proceed with the public business, and am now willing to go as far as duty and propriety will allow me, to accomplish so desirable an object.

Why then, I would ask, cannot something be done? Where all are actuated by an honest and sincere desire to arrive at a particular result, as I trust we are, it seems to me there ought not to be, and cannot be any great difficulty in attaining it.

Moreover, in my view of the subject, it is a solemn duty which we owe to our State at large, to our own respective constituents, and to ourselves, forthwith to put an end to the existing state of things.

I had hoped that some gentleman, better qualified for the task than myself, would have offered some plan or proposition, to relieve us from the painful attitude, in which we are placed; but no one having done so, I have with some pains, prepared a plan of compromise, which I offer on my own responsibility, to my Democratic friends, and also to my brethren of the Whig party, for their consideration, not knowing that either will accept it, but hoping that it may at least win the approbation of a sufficient number on both sides, to secure its adoption.

The propositions contained in this plan, I conceive to be not merely fair, but liberal to the Democratic side of the Senate, and I offer them in good faith, as the olive branch of peace, not seeking or desiring any advantage, but solely for the purpose, and with the hope, that they may accomplish the object for which they are intended, by putting an end at once to our present disorganization, and thereby save the character of the State and of ourselves from disgrace.

WHEREAS, the interests of the State require that the Senate should organize without further delay, and whereas this important object is not likely to be effected without conciliation and concession: Therefore,

Resolved, First: That the Speaker be given to the Democratic party,

Second: That the present Clerk of the Senate be retained.

Third: That the Standing Committees be appointed according to the Rules of last Session—the Whig party to have at least three out of the seven on each Committee.

Fourth: If the Whigs at any time during the Session desire to increase the number on the Committee on Privileges and Elections, they shall be at liberty, on motion, to add one of their party to that Committee.

Fifth: That in all cases of a tie in the Committee on Privileges and Elections, each shall be at liberty to proceed and report the facts, with the testimony to the Senate, for its action.

Mr. Ashe moved that Mr. Patterson be requested to act as Presiding Officer of the Senate, during the consideration of the said Preamble and Resolutions; which was agreed to, and Mr. Patterson took the Chair.

Mr. Ashe, of New Hanover, moved a "division" of the question, in order that the several propositions contained in the Resolutions of Mr. Patterson, might be voted upon separately.

After some remarks from Messrs. Gilmer and Woodfin, in opposition to this motion,

Mr. Washington, of Craven, said he hoped the Senator from New Hanover, (Mr. Ashe,) would withdraw his call for a division of the question, on the proposition submitted by the Senator from Caldwell, (Mr. Patterson.)

He (Mr. W.) had taken no part in the preparation of the proposition submitted. He had been unavoidably prevented from attending the meeting, at which it was agreed upon.

Some of its features were not entirely acceptable to him—for instance, he could see no good reason why the Whig party, with a majority of 8,000 in the popular vote, should not have the Speaker of the Senate, who in the event of the death of the Governor, would ex officio become the Governor of the State.

But he had been assured that the very estimable gentleman (Mr. Graves,) who had been nominated by our Democratic friends for that respectable office, would, if elected, resign his office at the close of the Session, which had to his mind entirely removed the objection suggested.

Mr. W. said he might name other objections to separate features of the proposition, but he supposed there was not a Senator present, Whig or Democrat, who was not heartily tired of the present state of things, and sincerely desirous to organize the Senate, and proceed to business.

The public interest, as well as public opinion, required this at the hands of Senators. No one was more deeply impressed with that important truth than was Mr. W., and in a spirit of concession and conciliation, he was willing to take the proposition as a compromise of all existing difficulties.

As a compromise, however, it was to be taken as a whole; and he should regard a division of the question as a rejection of the proposition.

The Senator from New Hanover (Mr. Ashe) had seen fit to say, that he and his friends had a right (after appropriating to themselves the Speaker of the Senate) to divide the Clerks and Doorkeepers. On that subject Mr. W. would simply remark, that while it was true that Mr. Miller, the Principal Clerk, and Mr. Husted, the Assistant, were both Whigs, yet it was equally true that they were competent and faithful officers, and had discharged the duties of their respective stations with credit to themselves, and to the satisfaction of all concerned.

He should therefore regret exceedingly to see them proscribed.

The present Door-keepers too, one a Whig, and the other a Democrat, were also excellent officers of whom no fault could reasonably be found, and Mr. W. should therefore, regardless of party feeling, vote to retain them both.

He (Mr. W.) considered the Speakership a full equivalent to the two Clerks, and if our Democratic friends did not think so, then let the proposition be reversed. Let our friends of the other side of the Senate give us what we offer them; and take to themselves what we propose to retain.

This proposition is certainly fair, and it is made in good faith. And unless it is accepted in the one or other shape, I said Mr. W., am prepared to remain as we are till the first day of January 1849, sooner than yield another inch.

And as he had before said, he should regard a division of the question as a rejection of the proposition, and he hoped therefore, that the Senator from New Hanover (Mr. Ashe) would withdraw his motion.

After sometime spent in discussing the Preamble and Resolutions, the question was taken thereon, and decided in the affirmative—Yeas 24, Nays 21—[only two Democrats voting in favor of the compromise, viz: Messrs. Hawkins of Warren, and Reich, of Stokes.]

Mr. Gilmer then withdrew the name of Andrew Joyner from the nomination for Speaker, and moved that the Senate proceed to vote—Mr. Graves receiving 41 votes, Mr. Shepard 1, and Mr. Joyner 1.

Mr. Graves having received a majority of the votes cast, and being duly elected Speaker of the Senate, was conducted to the chair by Mr. Gilmer and Mr. Ashe, and made his acknowledgements in an appropriate address.

Mr. Washington moved that the Officers of the last Session of the Senate, Principal and Assistant Clerks, and Principal and Assistant Doorkeepers, be re-appointed. Agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Lillington, it was

Ordered, That a Message be sent to the House of Commons, informing that body of the due organizations of the Senate by the election of Calvin Graves, Esq. Speaker, Henry W. Miller, Principal Clerk, Hiram W. Husted, Clerk Assistant, and Green Hill and Patrick McGowan, Doorkeepers; and that it is ready to proceed to public business.

Mr. Patterson moved that a Message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to raise a joint Select Committee to wait on His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the two Houses of the General Assembly are ready to receive any Communication which he may have to make to them.

Before the question was taken, on motion of Mr. Bower, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The House met this morning, at 11 o'clock. The Speaker presented to the House the papers in relation to the contested election in Perquimans County, and asked what disposition should be made of them.

On motion of Mr. Courts of Rockingham they were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

On motion of Mr. Love, of Haywood, the House adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. On motion of Mr. Rayner, of Hertford, the use of the Commons Hall was granted to an Indian Preacher on Monday evening next.

On motion of Mr. Stanly, of Beaufort, the

House adjourned until Monday morning 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, Nov. 27, 1848. SENATE.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment. On motion of Mr. Patterson,

Ordered, that a message be sent to the House of Commons, proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee of two on the part of each House, to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him of the due organization of the two Houses, and of their readiness to receive any Communication he may have to make.

On motion of Mr. Halsey,

Resolved, That the Rules of Order of the last Senate be adopted for the government of the present Senate until otherwise ordered.

A message was received from the House of Commons announcing the due organization of that body, and informing the Senate that they were ready to proceed to the despatch of public business.

On motion of Mr. Bower, a message was sent to the House of Commons proposing to vote forthwith for one Engrossing Clerk.

The following gentlemen were then nominated: By Mr. Bower, Robert K. Bryan; by Mr. Walker, James J. Thomas; by Mr. Daniel, Sanders M. Ingram; by Mr. Thompson, of Wake, Thomas G. Whitaker; by Mr. Gilmer, David Lewis; by Mr. Smith, James F. Simmons; by Mr. Lane, Thomas A. Futrell.

On motion of Mr. Patterson, the Speaker was requested to assign places for Reporters to report the proceedings of the Senate during the present Session.

A message was received from the House of Commons, concurring in the proposition to appoint a Joint Select Committee to wait on His Excellency, the Governor, and stating that Messrs. Spivey and Headen formed the Committee on the part of the House.

Messrs. Patterson and Hawkins were appointed the Committee on the part of the Senate, and the House was informed thereof, by message.

A message was received from the House of Commons, concurring in the proposition to vote for an Engrossing Clerk, and stating that the name of Jas. Ireddell, Jr. was added to the nomination; also, that Messrs. Canady and Gamble formed the branch of the Committee on their part, to superintend the election.

Messrs. Lane and Bower were appointed on the part of the Senate, and the House informed by message, that the Senate would proceed to vote forthwith.

The Senate then proceeded to vote.

On motion of Mr. Halsey, the Communication from the Secretary of State, relative to the Public Printing, was taken up, read, and transmitted to the House of Commons.

On motion of Mr. Walker, it was

Resolved, That a Committee of five be appointed to report Rules for the government of the Senate.

Mr. Bower, from the Committee appointed to superintend the election of an Engrossing Clerk, reported that there was no election.

On motion of Mr. Bower, a message was sent to the House of Commons, proposing to vote again forthwith for an Engrossing Clerk.

On motion of Mr. Thomas, of Davidson, the Doorkeepers were ordered to keep the large lamps on the gate-ways of the Capitol enclosure lit up during the present Session.

Mr. Gilmer submitted the following memorial:

To the Honorable, The Senate of North Carolina:

The memorial of Hugh Waddell, of Orange County, respectfully represents to your Honorable body, that, at an election held on the 7th instant, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of the member elect for the 37th Senatorial District of the State, the Sheriff of Orange proclaimed Mr. John Berry duly elected, and delivered to him the usual certificate of election; against this act of the said Sheriff, your memorialist doth protest, insisting that, at said election, your memorialist received a majority of the votes cast by the legally qualified voters.

He doth therefore contest the right of the said Berry to represent the said 37th District in the present Senate; and of such his intention, as also of the ground of his said contest, he hath given said Berry notice.

Your memorialist most respectfully asks of your Honorable body to take such steps as may enable him to establish, by proof, the truth of the allegations contained in this, his memorial, and is, most respectfully, your obedient servant.

HUGH WADDELL. Orange County, Nov. 18, 1848.

The memorial having been read, Mr. Gilmer, presented the following Preamble, and resolution, which, having been amended, were adopted, as follows:

WHEREAS, A memorial has been presented by Hugh Waddell, of the County of Orange, touching the right of the sitting Senator, from the 37th Electoral District, to his seat in the Senate of North Carolina. Therefore,

Resolved, by the Senate, That a commission signed by the Speaker, issue at the instance of either party, to Richardson Nichols and Peyton P. Moore, Justices of the Peace of Orange County, or, in case of their inability to act, to any other two Justices of said County, and authorizing and empowering them, to take the depositions of any person or persons offered in the said contested election, now pending, and return said depositions, sealed up, to the Speaker of the Senate, provided the party offering the witnesses shall give to the adverse party ten days previous notice, in writing, of the time and place of taking such depositions; and that, when such depositions are received by the Speaker of this body, they shall be referred, with the memorial of the person contesting the seat of the sitting member, to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

A message was received from the House of Commons, agreeing to the proposition to vote for an Engrossing Clerk, and stating that Messrs. Atkin and Love formed the Committee on their part, to superintend the election.

Messrs. Walker and Gilmer were appointed on the part of the Senate, and the House of Commons were informed thereof, by message, and that the Senate would proceed to vote on the return of the messenger.

A message was received from the House of Commons, transmitting the message of His Excellency, Gov. Graham, with a proposition to print five copies for each member of the Legislature.

The message was read, and the proposition concurred in.

Mr. Walker, from the Committee appointed to superintend the election for Engrossing Clerk, reported that there was no election.

The following names were then withdrawn from the nomination, viz: Messrs. Simmons, Whitaker, Ingram, and Lewis, and information sent to the House of Commons.

On motion of Mr. Walker, a message was

sent to the House of Commons, proposing to ballot again for Engrossing Clerk.

On motion of Mr. Thompson, of Wake, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow morning, 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The House met this morning, pursuant to adjournment.

A message was received from the Senate, notifying the House of its organization, and readiness to proceed to business.

A message was received from the Senate, proposing to the House to go into the election of an Engrossing Clerk, and announcing the nomination of the following gentlemen, namely: Bryant, Simmons, Whitaker, Ingram, Thomas, Moore, Lewis and Futrell—to which Mr. Rayner, of Hertford, added the name of Mr. Jas. Ireddell, Jr.

Another message from the Senate was read, proposing to appoint a Committee to wait on his Excellency, the Governor.

Mr. Satterthwaite, of Pitt, introduced a resolution, appointing a Joint Select Committee to draw up Rules for the Government of the two Houses.

Mr. Steele, of Richmond, introduced a number of Resolutions in relation to the Territories of the U. S., which on motion of Mr. Rayner, were laid on the table.

The Speaker announced the following gentlemen as the Committee on the part of the House, to wait on the Governor: Messrs. Headen and Spivey.

Mr. Mebane, of Orange, introduced a Resolution, allowing the Door-keepers to occupy rooms in the Capitol, which was forbidden by a former act of the Legislature.

Mr. Blackburn, of Stokes, presented a bill and memorial in relation to the division of Stokes County.

T. R. Caldwell, of Burke, presented three petitions, in relation to the purchase of Cherokee Lands.

On motion of Mr. Rayner, it was agreed to print the Resolutions presented by Mr. Steele, of Richmond.

Mr. Mebane, from the Committee on Rules recommended the adoption of the Rules of last session, with several amendments.

A message was then received from the Senate naming the Committee on the part of that body, to wait on the Governor, viz: Messrs. Patterson and Hawkins; and the Committee to superintend the election of Engrossing Clerks: Messrs. Bower and Lane.

Mr. Spivey, from the Committee to wait on the Governor, reported that the Committee had discharged its duty, and that the Governor, reported that the Committee had discharged its duty, and that the Governor would, in a few minutes, send in his Biennial Message.

The House then proceeded to vote for Clerk. There was no election on the first trial.

The Message of the Governor was then received and read, and five copies for the use of each member ordered to be printed.

A message was received from the Senate, proposing to appoint a joint Select Committee, to draw up Rules for the government of the two Houses.

Another message was received from the Senate, to go into the election of an Engrossing Clerk.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Atkin and Love a Committee to superintend the election.

On motion of Mr. Satterthwaite, the bill and memorial in relation to the division of the County of Stokes, was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The House then proceeded to vote for Clerk. The Chair submitted to the House Resolutions of the Legislatures of other States, which, on motion of Mr. Paine, of Chowan, were ordered to be sent to the Senate, with a proposition to refer them to a joint Select Committee of five from each House.

Mr. Ellis, of Rowan introduced a bill to incorporate the Charlotte and Danville Rail Road Company; and after its passage on its first reading, moved to refer it to a Select Committee of five.

Mr. Stanly of Beaufort, moved an amendment, viz: its reference to the Committee on Internal Improvement—which motion prevailed. The question as amended was then put and carried.

The Rules of the House, as reported by the Committee, were then taken up;—whereupon, Mr. Paine moved that their reading be dispensed with, and that they be printed; which motion, after a short discussion, was withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. Ellis, the Rules were then made.

Mr. T. R. Caldwell moved to strike out the words "taken into Custody," in the 40th Rule. Upon this motion a discussion arose, which was engaged in by Messrs. Stanly, Caldwell, Mebane, Ellis, Stevenson and others. The question was then taken, and the House refused to strike out.

Mr. Stevenson then moved to strike out the 40th Rule altogether, but withdrew his motion, to allow Mr. Rayner to offer an amendment.

Mr. Tod R. Caldwell here moved an adjournment, but the House refused to adjourn.

Mr. Rayner's amendment having been rejected, Mr. Stevenson renewed, and the House did not concur in the motion to strike out.

The question on the adoption of the Rules as reported by the Committee, was then put, and prevailed.

The Committee to superintend the election of Clerk, then reported, that there was no election.

On motion of Mr. Leach, of Davidson, the House adjourned until to-morrow morning 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, 27, Nov. 1848.

Editor of the Register: Since the N. C. Times has furiously assailed me for nominating Perrin Busbee, as Chief Clerk of the House, alleging that by so doing, I have betrayed my constituents, and am no longer reliable, I beg of you to publish in your next paper a list of the names of those who voted as I did—italicizing the Whigs. I have no fears that the people of Richmond County are so blindly partizan in their feelings, as to see no virtue in a political opponent, and so far as any harm can be done to me by the article in question, I can say to the Editor that he has not appreciated the character of the constituency, which I have the honor to represent.

Respectfully, your Obedt Servt. WALTER L. STEELE.

We have received one or two solicitations to the same effect from other quarters, and here, with insert the Ayes and Nays, as requested. We would have published them before, at the time, but our arrangements for reporting had not then been perfected.—ED. REGISTER.

For Mr. Busbee:—Messrs. Stanly, Biggs, T. S. McDowell, Barringer, Ferebee, McMullen, R. Jones, Williamson, Stevenson, Dobbin, Pegram, J. M. Leach, Kelly, Dickson, Thigpen, Dancy, Ballard, Edwards, Love, Saunders, A. J. Leach, J. H. White, Reinhardt, Stowe, Shuford, Hicks, Harrison, Davis, J. J. Williams, T. J. Person, C. Jones, McDade, Stockard, Mebane, Preater, Skinner, C. H. K. Taylor, Blue, St.

terthwaite, Steel, Regan, Courts, Keen, Brown, A. M. Gamble, Blackburn, Nicholson, C. W. Williams, Sheek, Oglesby, R. H. Jones, Newsom, Simms, Nichols, Carmichael, J. J. Gambill, Shepard, T. R. Caldwell.—59. For Mr. Waddell:—Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Trull, Mast, Hayman, Cherry, Allen, Atkin, Erwin, Scott, Miller, Pigot, Hackney, McClanahan, Headen, Hayes, Wadsworth, Walser, Greene, D. F. Caldwell, Johnson, Don, Smith, Farmer, Eayner, Farrow, McIntosh, R. J. McDowell, Campbell, Koonce, Russell, Prebles, Skeen, J. White, Bean, Logan, Wilkins, Palmer, McCleese.—59. For Mr. Guick:—Messrs. Coleman, Griggs, Spivey, Martin, Canaday, Wooten, Coffield, S. J. Person, J. M. Taylor, Nixon, T. H. Williams, Foy, McNeil, Ellis, Herring, Thornton, Mosely, Brogden.—18.

CAROLINA WATCHMAN.

Salisbury, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 7, 1848.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

This able document will be found in this paper. It excludes our usual variety of news, but we feel confident that nothing could prove more acceptable to the reader.

The most important subject touched on by his Excellency, especially to us in this region, is that of the proposed Rail Road from Charlotte through Salisbury, to Raleigh, or to some point on the line of Virginia. Of this enterprize Governor Graham has taken a fair and patriotic view; and although there are some few discouraging indications in a part of the East, yet we trust that a spirit of justice and magnanimity may prevail among the members of the Legislature; and that they may grant us, not only a liberal charter, but also money, to the amount suggested by the Governor. It is a work, in which the whole State should feel a lively interest; for it is apparent that it must prove a basis on which may, and doubtless will, be built up a system of invaluable improvements to the State, without which North Carolina's destiny must continue to grow from bad to worse.

"Union! Union!"—Under this head the Camden Journal has an article addressed to the South, not to all the States of the Union—it wants a union of the South—that is, it wants the Southern States to follow South Carolina on the subject of what she considers Southern Rights, &c. We are heartily sick of these Southern alarmists—Southern fanatics, and do verily believe, that our sister State has done more by her imprudence, within a few years past, towards generating and encouraging an evil spirit between the North and South than could have been done by the fanatics at the North in a whole century. It is now pretended that General Taylor is not sound on the subject of Slavery; and that, in all probability, he will give his influence against its extension. Would it have been any better if Cass had been elected. In that event we doubt not Democratic (!) South Carolina, would not have seen so much cause for fear. Mr. Cass' Locofocoism would have been a sufficient guarantee for the Chivalric State, that all would be right!

The difference between North and South Carolina is just this: She (very consistently) takes a "Northern man with Southern principles," and we prefer a Southern man for Southern principles. She is for a union of the South, we for a union of the States.—North Carolina is determined to cleave to our present Union,—to do her best to promote the harmony and the peace of the whole; and would like to see her sister do the same.

Major General, 4th Division.—An Election just held in this Division for Major General, has, we believe, resulted in the election of Col. JOHN H. WHEELER, of Lincoln county. The result of the election in Davie, was for Wheeler, 18, for Gaither 13. In Mecklenburg, Wheeler 9, Gaither 5. In Rowan, Wheeler 28, Gaither 15. There are several other counties to be heard from, but it is most probable that Col. Wheeler is elected. His vote in this county surprises us some, but it is suggested that it is accountable to a speech which the Colonel delivered here before the officers of the Regiment, a short while back, in which he gave a most neat, and yet thrilling, description of a charge which he accidentally made into a squad of insurrectionary negroes, about the time of the Southampton troubles.

As well as remembered, he stated that his horse took fright, and in spite of his best efforts to prevent it, bolted right into the midst of the negroes. That they thought the Colonel had did it on purpose, and had come to deal out death and destruction like a small earthquake. The panic was complete, every "mother's son" of them vanoused like mules in a stampede.

This brilliant charge, no doubt, had the effect of beating our friend, Mr. Gaither.

The Massachusetts Legislature have elected Taylor Presidential Electors. The whole number of votes was 299. The Taylor Ticket obtained 196—the Democratic Ticket 65—Van Buren 37.</