UNANSWERBLE.

The following "plain remarks," as the editor modestly calls them, are from the *Vicksburg Whig*. They *are* exceedingly plain to us, and must be so to our readers, who will conclude, no doubt, after perusing them, if they were not already satisfied on the question, that the more secession is discussed before the people the less they will like it.

"It seems strange that at this late day we should be called on to discuss the question whether we have a Constitution and Government or not. We are told that we have a league or compact between sovereign States, and have been living under that for over seventy years, flattering ourselves all the time that we had a Constitution, and most people obeying it, a few protesting that it did not exist, and urging resistance to try the question.

"A few plain remarks to the people may not be out of place at this time.

"1. The nature of an instrument must be determined by looking at the paper itself. Every man knows that this is a good law. The Constitution of the United States determines its own character—it calls itself a Constitution. The language is plain and clear: 'We, the people of the United States, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

"2. The Constitution says that 'this Constitution and the laws of the United States made 'in pursuance of it, and all treaties made or which 'shall be made under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land, 'and the judges in every State shall be bound 'thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws 'of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.' The idea that an instrument containing this provision partakes of the nature of a league or compact is simply a contradiction in terms.

"3. Congress, under the Constitution, provides a uniform naturalization law. Foreigners take the oath of fealty or allegiance to the Government of the United States. Let any foreigner look at his papers, and he will find he does not swear to support the constitution of a State, but of the United States. Foreigners in this respect are on the same footing with native born citizens.

"4. The Government of the United States under the Constitution, has the power to make war and peace, to coin money, to lay imposts, and in fact to do all the important acts of sovereignty. The States have not. Both derive their authority from the people, both are agents, and one has no right to say to the other you shall not exercise this or that power. 'Who made you a judge of another's servants? To their own masters they stand or fall.' The Supreme Court is established to decide, and questions of doubt must be referred to that tribunal. This was done by the citizens of Massachusetts in the case of the embargo law, which ruined thousands in that State. The case was argued by Samuel Dexter, and, after the decision that the law was constitutional, the merchants paid over two million of dollars, though they as firmly believed the law to be a gross violation of the Constitution as could be imagined.

"5. The State of Mississippi has more than once settled this question, and declared the doctrine of secession, nullification, or whatever the name is given to it, to be a heresy.

"6. The right of one State to withdraw from the Union and to break up the Government is utterly at war with all the principles of the Constitution. The Constitution provides for amendments, which may be proposed by two-thirds of both Houses of Congress, and may be adopted as parts of the Constitution when ratified by three-fourths of the States, &c. (See article 5.) It is plain that the amendment may be adopted against the vote of one State. Would such amendment be binding and valid or not? Clearly it would. Now, according to the theory that a State is absolutely sovereign, and that the right to judge and decide by the State as a sovereignty that the Constitution is a compact or league between sovereignties, it would seem to follow that an amendment of the Constitution would not be binding on a State which did not ratify it. That State is not a party to the modified compact or league. The amendment has made a new 'compact.' The fallacy of the advocates of State sovereignty and secession is in considering the Constitution a compact. It is the *result* of a compact. The Constitution was brought into existence by the action of the people of States, but when ordained and established by this act and ratification it became and ever has been and is now a form of government, not liable to be overthrown or to be resisted at the will and pleasure of one State or any other number.

"7. Very extraordinary results would flow from the exercise of the right to secede by the State of Louisiana, for example. That Territory was purchased by the United States; money was paid for it; it was ceded to the 'United States.' Part of it was afterwards admitted under the express provision of the Constitution as the State of Louisiana. That State was not a party to any 'compact.' It was first purchased and then admitted into the Union as a State. By the purchase and the admission into the Union all the citizens of the U. S. became interested and entitled to certain privileges in the navigation of the Mississippi river, the great outlet for the valley. Now, if Louisiana should secede, what becomes of these privileges? Will Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., submit to the exercise of the right of sovereignty by that State and to have the outlet for their productions stopped up or taxed or interfered with by Louisiana? No, they would not; and they would call upon the General Government to enforce their demand. But if Louisiana has not the right to secede no State has.

"Any fair reasoning or logical argument will lead to the same conclusion, that secession is no peaceful remedy. The law of no State can justify resistance to the Laws and Constitution of the United States. The State law in such cases would be adjudged null and void."

Rumored Loss of the U. S. Steam Gunboat Seminole.—This forenoon the most painful excitement prevailed in the naval circles of this city owing to the fact that a newspaper letter from Brazil, confirmed by two private communications, announced the melancholy intelligence that a burning propeller, supposed to be the U. S. steam gunboat Seminole was seen off Pernambuco, Brazil. The Seminole left Norfolk to join our Brazil squadron, on the 14th of July last, or thereabouts, and was consequently two months out on the 25th of Sept., at which date she had not reached Rio. The probability that the rumor of her loss is a cruel hoax, has been altogether overruled in view of the recent letters from the ship, which declared her to be a complete failure.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

A Pickpocket Arrested.—A fellow calling himself Ogle, was arrested here on Saturday evening on a charge of having abstracted a pocket book containing twenty-five or thirty dollars, and some valuable papers from the pocket of Col. McRae, of Wilmington, while in the act of entering the cars on his way homeward. The gentleman was fully identified by Mr. McRae, who caught him in the act, and after a patient investigation before a special examining Court, he was committed, in default of $1000 bail, to await his trial.—*Goldsboro' Independent.*

THE TEXAS "PLOTT" NO PLOT AT ALL.

In confirmation of the denials of the abolitionist conspiracy in Texas, which have reached us from other quarters, we have now the following emphatic testimony from a resident of Texas, who writes to the Louisville *Democrat*:

"LAMAR COUNTY, TEXAS, September, 1860.

"Messrs. Harney, Hughes & Co.: Seeing that the many rumors and reports which were circulated through our State a few months since, as to abolition emissaries insurrections, &c., are being published and accredited by many of the papers in the older States, I desire, through the columns of your paper, to say to my friends in Kentucky and to the public generally, that all such rumors are altogether unfounded. It is true that during the exceedingly hot weather of the past summer, there were many destructive fires in the State of Texas—the town of Henderson was nearly destroyed—that of Dallas greatly damaged, and some houses burned in other towns in different parts of the State. But the origin of these fires, as far as yet ascertained, was either from the ignition of matches or some other accidental cause. I have not been able to learn of a single instance in which there was the slightest evidence that it was the work of an abolition emissary—in fact, I don't believe there is one in the State, though there are some characters nearly as bad.

"As to the reports that poison had been found in the possession of negroes, in various and sundry parts of the country, and in wells, &c., they are false as far as I have been able to learn. I have not met with a single man who knows of an authenticated instance. Yet these reports were published by all the papers in the State, and accredited by many, and the people in many parts were excited almost to desperation. Who originated these reports, and for what purpose, are the questions that have perplexed the good citizens of our State for some time past.—Such reports are certainly calculated to injure the State, and keep away such emigrants as desire to come. Why, then, should the people of Texas circulate and give credit to them?

"It is the opinion of many of our best citizens, after mature deliberation and thorough investigation of the subject, that these reports had their origin in the minds of scheming politicians, and are a part of that great plan concocted and being put in execution to "nerve the Southern arm and excite the Southern mind, preparatory to precipitating the Cotton States into a revolution." "Yours, &c.,

P. B. D."

Lincoln and Southern Statesmen.

The Boston Courier makes the following remarkable statements:

"Letters have, to our certain knowledge, been quite lately addressed, by persons in full possession of Mr. Lincoln's confidence, to leading statesmen of the South. We are able to name the writers of some of these letters, and the individuals to whom they have been addressed. In some instances these letters have been confined to an emphatic assertion of the conservative character of Mr. Lincoln's administration, in general terms. He will not recommend a repeal of the fugitive slave law, nor the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, nor a prohibition of the slave trade between the States; and his opposition to the admission of new slave States will not extend to those carved out of territory south of the 36½ degree of latitude. To some persons, who, it has been thought, might be approached confidentially, indirect overtures have been made to the effect that Mr. Lincoln would by no means confine himself, so far as the South is concerned, to his own party, but would be willing to place distinguished Southern statesmen of the Union party in his Cabinet. We have heard the names of five distinguished statesmen—four of them members of Messrs. Tyler and Fillmore—that have been approached in this way. These letters, of course, have not been written by Mr. Lincoln himself. "Honest Old Abe" is too shrewd to be caught in that trap; *but they have been written, with his knowledge and approval!*"

Scorbutic diseases are the parent stock from which arises a large proportion of fatal maladies that afflict mankind. They are as it were a species of potato rot in the human constitution, which undermines and corrupts all the sources of its vitality and hastens its decay. They are the germ from which springs, Consumption, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Liver Complaints, and Eruptive Diseases which will be recognized as among those most fatal and destructive to the races of men. So dreadful are its consequences to human life, that is hardly possible to over estimate the importance of an actual, reliable remedy, that can sweep out this Scrofulous contamination. We know then we shall proclaim welcome news to our readers, of one from such a quarter as will leave little doubt of its efficacy—and still more welcome, when we tell them that it surely does accomplish the end desired. We mean AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and it is certainly worthy the attention of those who are afflicted with *Scrofula* or Scrofulous complaints.—*Register, Albany, N. York.*

☞ ANY PAPER TO GIVE AWAY, TO PAY!—*Any surplus paper you his spar?*"—In these and fifty other forms of interrogatory the printers of the Telegraph, several times every week day in the year, are importuned to give away papers! The Printers do not stand on the trifle in each case, but during the year, the tax for the dissemination of knowledge collected of them in this way, amounts to more than their State and county taxes for the protection of persons and property. We put in this paragraph for the benefit of those who make such demands, and to remind them, that the papers cost a great deal of money, and cannot be given away without a positive loss. Why not go into the stores of some of our neighbors and ask them if they have any surplus calico, domestics, butter, cheese or grindstones, to give away?—*Macon Telegraph.*

From all indications there will not be a difference of 10,000 votes in Virginia between Breckinridge and Douglas.—*Pet. Intelligencer.*

"EVEN THOSE who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to stimulus on occasions of disease. We are never too well armored against the assaults of "the ills that flesh are heir to." Death on Intemperance they may find in Hostetter's Bitters—a medicine that cannot be taken regularly without giving vitality and elasticity to the system. At this season particularly, the consequent rains is not proof against the malarias, in certain sections of the country. In all cases of Fever and Ague, the Bitters is more potent than any amount of quinine, while the most dangerous cases of bilious fever yield to its wonderful properties. Those who have tried the medicine will never use another, for fear of the ultimate which the Hostetter's Bitters produces to subdue. To those who have not made the experiment, we cordially recommend an early application to the Bitters, whenever they are stricken by diseases of the digestive organs.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

☞ See advertisement in another column.

Nov 13, 1860. 1m26

DIED:

In Asheville, N. C., on the 17th inst., Mr. JOEL SULLIVAN, aged about 40 years. The deceased was highly respected by his acquaintances. He was interred with Masonic honors.

In this county, on the 6th inst., Miss ANNA GRAHAM, daughter of James Graham aged about 45 years.

BAKER & CO'S MEDICINAL TRANSPARENT COD LIVER OIL.

THE TRUE AND GENUINE UNSURPASSED IN QUALITY AND EFFECTS.

SOLD THE CHEAPEST AND BEST PREPARED

JOHN C. BAKER & CO., PHILADELPHIA.

Its use, if fairly tried, will soon restore the tone of the digestive organs, invigorate the blood, give general rotundity to the figure, and add energy to the mind and nervous system. Its value has been remarkably evidenced by its wonderful restorative powers, when ordinary tonics had been vainly exhausted. It affords nourishment to the body when no other can be borne, and furnishes the frame with fat in a truly remarkable manner.

For CONSUMPTION and BRONCHITIS,

For SCROFULA in all its developments,

For WEAKNESS, WASTING, and every form of DEBILITY, its curative properties are unrivaled.

It may be taken without disrelish by the most delicate patient, and retained without effort in the most sensitive stomach. Its superiority in this and other important characteristics of genuineness, has guaranteed for it the commendation of the most eminent Physicians throughout the States; the written testimony of the faculty of the best medical schools; the Professors of the

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, JEFFERSON COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA, PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE of MEDICINE, and others.

Invalids should be careful to purchase all of undoubted reputation if they desire the most active and immediate advantages of the remedy. That which we prepare has decided evidences of superiority over other brands. Manufactured only by

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
Drugs, Chemicals, &c.

Nov. 13, 1860. 6m26

JOHN C. BAKER & CO., PHILADELPHIA.

154 N. THIRD STREET.

Printer's Notice.

All persons due the "Watchman" Office for Advertising, Printing, &c., are requested to pay the same without delay, as the proprietor desires to pay off all having claims against him.

J. J. BRUNER,
Nov. 13th, 1860. 3t26

Administrator's Notice.

THOSE having claims against the estate of B. JULIAN, dec'd., are hereby notified to present them within six months, or this and previous notices will be plead in bar of recovery.

J. J. BRUNER, Adm'r,
Nov. 13th 1860. 3t26

BOOKS!

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP!

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING UNDER the name of **Burke & Stewart**, is this day dissolved by the mutual consent of the parties.

The business of the House will be continued by Mr. Stewart. All settlements of accounts will also be made by him, and it will greatly promote the interest of the parties to close up the accounts of the late firm as speedily as possible; and they request their friends to call early for that purpose.

J. K. BURKE,
J. J. STEWART.

SALISBURY, Oct. 9, 1860.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING BECOME THE SOLE PROPRIETOR of the

SALISBURY BOOK STORE,

the undersigned would offer his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to the House while conducted by the late firm of BURKE & STEWART, and solicit for it the continued confidence and patronage of its friends. He will constantly replenish the STOCK OF BOOKS, and will make additions as new and valuable works are brought out. He is in almost daily communication with the largest Publishing Houses in New York and Philadelphia, and can readily supply by Express such orders as may be in cannot be otherwise filled. His stock of Stationery, Wall Paper, &c., will also be kept up, with regularity and care.

J. J. STEWART.
Oct. 9, 1860. tf 21

WILLIAM C. LORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SALISBURY, N. C.

WILL Practice and make prompt collections in Rowan, Stanly, Iredell and Catawba Counties. Office in the corner of Cowan's Building opposite the Book Store.

Feb. 14, 1860. tf28

NOTICE.

HAVING TAKING LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the Estate of Joseph D. Cowan, dec'd., I will offer for sale, on Thursday, the 8th day of November next, all the perishable estate of said Cowan, dec'd., on a credit of

SIX MONTHS,

with interest from date, said sale will consist of all the articles usually sold—Stock of every kind—several MULES, very unusual for fine appearance and fine qualities. One lot of very

Fine Old Tobacco,

and one lot of very good New Tobacco.

There will also be hired at the same time and place THREE LIKELY NEGRO MEN AND TWO LIKELY GIRLS. One of the boys is a first rate blacksmith; there will be many other articles too tedious to mention sold on the same day and at the same place.

N. H. BRANDON, Adm'r. de b. n.
D. Cowan, dec'd.

Oct. 30, 1860. 3t25

CLOVER SEED, Just received by W. H. WYATT, Druggist and Apothecary, Nos. 186 and 188 Main st., Salisbury, N. C.

Oct. 23. 4t23

Kerosene Oil. Burning Fluid.

The CHEAPEST and BEST LIGHTS known, for sale by W. H. WYATT, Druggist & Apothecary, Nos. 186 and 188 Main Street, Salisbury, N. C.

Oct. 30, 1860. 4t24

BLUM'S
Farmer's and Planter's Almanacs,
for the year 1861, for sale, wholesale and retail, at J. J. STEWART'S
Oct. 23, 1860. tf23 Book Store.

A CARD.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

THE LARGEST AND MOST

EXTENSIVE STOCK.

OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

AND

GROCERIES,

Are now opening at the Subscriber's ever

Exhibited in Salisbury,

And which will be sold as heretofore at unprecedentedly low prices. This is

NO CANT ADVERTISING PHRASE

Common with many, who enumerate their articles. Because an examination of the stock and prices, will convince the most sceptic, and closest buyers, of the truth of the assertion.

Returning my sincere acknowledgements to the citizens of Rowan and adjacent counties for past favors, I hope by close attention to my business, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ No trouble or pains to show Goods at

S. FRANKFORD'S.

TO COUNTRY

MERCHANTS.

THE SUBSCRIBER would call the attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS, to his large and varied Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Clothing and Groceries.

which he will sell at WHOLESALE as low as can be bought in any city in the Union, the Great Emporium New York, not excepted.

S. FRANKFORD.

WHOLESALE.

HOOP SKIRTS in endless variety at S. FRANKFORD'S.

November 6, 1860. 2t-tf

NEW

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS!

AT

No. 3, Murphy's Granite Building.

WE invite the attention of our friends and customers to our large and select Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, and

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c., &c., which we are now opening for inspection. By an examination of our Stock you may find Bargains not to be had elsewhere, as we will make prices very low to cash and punctual dealers.

J. J. & J. A. McCONNAUGHEY.
Sept. 25. 3m19

Bring Back that Gun.

THE SUBSCRIBER left a double barrel shot gun at Hoech & Rumsey's Store, on the day of the last General Muster, which some person thought fit to remove. The undersigned wants his gun, and advises the person who took it to remember that although it might have been taken through mistake, yet if it be kept, that will be evidence of a design to steal it and he will put the law in force against the person in whose possession it may be found.

Return the Gun to Hoech & Rumsey's Store.

W. H. H. BURKHEAD.
Nov. 6, 1860. 3t-25

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of Mountamona Female Seminary are respectfully solicited to meet in Mount Pleasant on the 3rd Saturday of December next for the transaction of important business.

N. B. In case a majority of the Stockholders do not meet, the present Board of Trustees will consider themselves fully authorized to transact all such business as may present itself.

By order of the Board.

A. FOIL, *Secretary.*

Nov. 6, 1860. 6w25

BEMISTER & CLAYWELL,

House Painters,

GRAINERS, PAPER HANGERS, &c.,

Opposite the Mansion Hotel,

SALISBURY, N. C.

All work personally attended to and warranted to be done in a workmanlike manner.

July 17, 1860. pd6m8

NORTHERN

LIME FOR SALE.

A LARGE quantity of Northern lime (unslacked) in barrels or by the bushel, for sale at Simonton's Tan Yard. It will be sold very cheap, wholesale or retail.

A large quantity of finished Leather, Calf, Upper and Harness always on hand and for sale.

Green and Dry Hides always in demand at cash prices.

H. C. SIMONTON.

Salisbury, July 27th, 1860. tf10

Banks of all kinds for sale at this office.

NEW

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

AT

A. MYERS'

No. 4, Granite Building,

SALISBURY, N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Laces, Embroideries, ready-made CLOTHING, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his old patrons and the public generally that has recently returned from the Great Emporium with a NEW STOCK of

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

of the latest and most fashionable styles. Having personally selected his Goods with especial reference to the wants and tastes of this section, he feels confident that he will be able to meet the views of his old customers and friends, and the public generally.

His Stock embraces an unusually large and attractive assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS, LACES, Embroideries, &c.,

certainly not excelled by any house in the State—He has also a splendid variety of the RICHEST SILKS and SILK ROBES, and all of the

FINEST DRESS GOODS,

of this Fall's Importations, many of which are really elegant.

In all his purchases he has endeavored to select only such Goods as were most desirable in style, most substantial in manufacture, and most reasonable in price, being anxious to sustain the reputation of the old stand.

No. 4, Granite Building.

The subscriber respectfully invites your inspection to his new FALL and WINTER STOCK, confident that he will be able to offer many really substantial inducements to all who may favor him with a call.

ALSO, an unusually large stock of

Negro Clothing,

Boots, Shoes, and Brogans.

☞ Returning my thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I hope for a continuance of the same. All orders shall receive my prompt and personal attention.

A. MYERS.
No. 4, Granite Building.

September, 1860. 19

THE

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS,

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

Caution.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Nervous Headaches, these Pills have never been known to fail; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES,
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 pills, by return mail. Sold in Salisbury, by Henderson & Enniss, W. H. Wyatt, and all respectable Druggists.

PURCELL, LADD & Co., Richmond, Va., Wholesale Agents.

BOOTS! BOOTS!

J. H. ENNISS is now receiving his stock of Gentleman's Winter Water Proof Boots, which for style and work are superior to anything that is made or for sale in this market and at less price.

Call and see the QUILTED BOTTON BOOT, made of the best French Calf Skin and Water-proof throughout, and which will last longer than any other Boot, home-made or otherwise.

ALSO, Fine Calf WATER-PROOF BOOTS, with Double Soles and Upper, a capital Boot for Winter, and warranted.

ALSO, GENTS FINE CORK-SOLE BOOTS. Double Sole and Upper and warranted.

ALSO, MILES & SON'S GENTS FINE CALF BOOT, made stout and strong and of the very best materials, warranted.

ALSO, MILES & SON'S PUMP-SOLE AND GENTS DRESS BOOTS. Miles' Boots for beauty, durability and pleasant wear, are celebrated throughout the Union and require no praise.

Call and get you a pair of Boots for Winter worth having and at prices that defy competition at J. H. ENNISS'

Boot and Shoe Store,
Oct. 2 -(20) SALISBURY, N. C.

1860.

FALL STOCK.

R. & A. MURPHY,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats, Caps and Bonnets; Sugars, Coffee, Salt, Molasses, Syrups, Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes, Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Lining and Binding Skins, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Are now receiving large additions to their Stock to which they invite the attention of the citizens of Salisbury, Rowan and the adjoining Counties.

Prompt attention given to orders.

R. & A. MURPHY.
Sept. 25, 1860. tf19

HATS AND CAPS.

JUST RECEIVED a large supply of Gents and of Boys Hats and Caps, all sizes and qualities and at prices remarkably low.

Call at J. H. ENNISS'
Hat and Cap and Boot and Shoe Store.
Oct. 2. 3t19

Blank Deeds for sale at this Office.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

AT THE GREAT

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

OF

DAVID WEIL.

HAVING RETURNED FROM THE NORTHern Cities with a LARGE and COMPLETE Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

Such as Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps Drawers, Undershirts, Cravats, Neckties, Handkerchiefs, and a fine assortment of Shirts and Collars, &c., &c., to which he invites your immediate attention. They have been purchased for cash, and will be sold cheaper than ever were offered here before. NOW IS YOUR TIME FOR GREAT BARGAINS, as I am determined to sell cheaper than any other house in Salisbury.

Returning my thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I hope for a continuance of the same. Remember the Stand.

NO. 2, MURPHY'S GRANITE ROW,
Salisbury, N. C.

Sept. 25, 1860. tf19

M. BRENNER'S

RED JACKET

CLOTHING HALL!

Main Street Near Water Street, Nearly Opposite the Post Office.

THE undersigned just having arrived in town with a NEW, FRESH AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF

Ready-Made Clothing,

wishes to inform the public of Salisbury and Rowan county, that he has taken the above named establishment with the view of keeping constantly on hand a large and heavy Stock of CLOTHING and

FURNISHING GOODS,

for Men's, Youth's and Boy's wear, of all styles, qualities, and fair prices. Suitable customs for Walking Dress, Farmers, Planters, Miners, Mechanics, or Servants use. Also, a large assortment of

Boots, and Shoes, Hats and Caps.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. SIGN OF THE RED JACKET!

M. BRENNER.

P. S.—Having made proper arrangements with our Baltimore firm, I am at all times prepared to fulfill any orders in the Merchant Tailoring business at shortest notice. M. B.

Oct. 16, 1860. 6m20

OCTOBER, 1860.

W. R. WILSON

HAVING just returned from the Northern Cities with a large assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c., is ready to sell greater bargains than ever was sold in North Carolina.

His personal attention is given to Repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., and with the assistance of the best of Watchmakers will do work promptly and warrant 12 months. Please call and examine his stock one door from McNeely & Young's Store.

Oct. 16. 12tf

Ladies Watches.

JUST opened some of the handsomest Watches for Ladies of the choicest style ever offered with fine Gold Chatlaine, sets of fine Jewelry, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Gold and Silver Thimbles, Gold and Curral Necklaces, Lockets, Charms, Ear Drops, Combs for Misses and Children, and a great many other things too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold as bargains for cash, at the Jewelry Store of W. R. WILSON.

Oct. 16. tf22

SILVER WARE.

JUST opened at W. R. Wilson's Jewelry Store, a fine assortment of Pure Silver Table and Tea Spoons, also, Silver-plated Castors, Cake Baskets, Cups, Goblets, Forks and Knives, Butter Knives, Butter Dishes, Syrup Cups, Mustard and Sugar Spoons, &c., &c. Don't forget and give us a call and we will sell. W. R. WILSON.

WORTH & DANIEL,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 2 GRANITE ROW, FRONT STREET,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Dealers in all kinds of Groceries, Provisions, Fruit, Liquors, Wines, Cigars, and Tobacco.

Solicit consignments of Flour, Dried Fruit, Feathers, Beeswax, Tobacco, and Country Produce generally. Agents for Howe's celebrated Scales.

D. G. WORTH. N. G. DANIEL,

Late of Asheboro', N. C. For the past 7 years with T. C. & B. G. Worth.

Sept. 18, 1860. 1y18

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

CLOTHING!

J. H. Enniss now offers to sell

GENTS PANTS at	$2.00	worth	$3.00
" " "	3.00	"	4.00
" " "	3.00	"	5.00
" " "	7.00	"	9.00
GENTS COATS "	3.00	"	4.50
" " "	5.00	"	7.50
" " "	7.00	"	9.50
" " "	10.00	"	14.00
" " "	13.00	"	18.00
" " "	18.00	"	25.00

Call at J. H. ENNISS'
Clothing, Hat and Shoe Store,
Oct. 2 tf19

American Watches.

W. R. WILSON has the Agency for the GENUINE AMERICAN WATCHES which enables him to sell them for less than they can be bought elsewhere. He has also in addition, the English Patent Lever Hunting Cased Watches, Detached Levers, Hunting Cylinders, &c., which will be sold low down for cash. Don't forget, those who want Genuine American Watches, to call at W. R. Wilson's Jewelry Store, next door to McNeely & Young's Store, Salisbury, N. C.

Oct. 16. tf22

MISS GRASSWITT, having just returned with a splendid supply of the Most Fashionable Millinery, purchased at very low rates, respectfully informs her friends and the ladies generally, that on THURSDAY the 18th instant, inst., her stock will be open for inspection. To see all the Latest Styles, Call Early.

SALISBURY, Oct. 9th, 1860. tf21

APPLICATION will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of North Carolina for an act incorporating the Patterson Manufacturing Company, at Patterson, N. C.

Oct. 23, 1860. 6w23

Scrofula or King's Evil.

Is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak and poor Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out to disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously developed by mercurial disease, bad living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and dirty habits the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by depositing in the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which ferments in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that a sedentary constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumptions which devastate the human family have its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must regenerate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such medicine we supply in

Ayer's

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

The most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expulsion of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections arising from it, such as Eruptive and Skin Diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Rheumatism, Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Debility, and, indeed, all Complaints arising from Vitiated or Impure Blood. The popular belief in "impurity of the blood" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate that vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of Family Physic, are so compounded that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache, arising from Disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Advanced Patients in advanced stages of the Disease.

No one in the field of its usefulness and to numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior compositions have filled and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.

SINGER'S

SEWING-MACHINES.

Prices Reduced to $50, $60, $90, and $100.

Ten plate reasons why Singer's Sewing-Machines have always sold readily at a higher average price than any other, is that they are better, more durable, more reliable, capable of doing a much greater variety of work, and saving more money. Long-continued popularity is proof of sterling merit. To the purchaser of what are called cheap Sewing-Machines, thousands have been deceived and disappointed, but with Singer's Machines there is never any failure or mistake.

Singer's Tensioned Shuttle-Machine,

to be sold at $50 plain, and $60 highly ornamented, is a Machine entirely new in its arrangement; it is very beautiful, is sewn rapidly and very easily, and, for family use and light manufacturing purposes, is the very best and cheapest Machine ever offered to the public. These Machines are being increased in number as rapidly as possible, and yet the demand for them cannot be fully supplied.

Singer's No. 1 Standard Shuttle-Machine, formerly sold at $125, but now reduced to $90, is too well known all over the world to need any description. Every sort of work, coarse or fine, can be done with it.

Singer's No. 2 Standard Shuttle-Machine. This is the favorite manufacturing Machine everywhere. The use of the Machine gives ample space for almost every description of work, which, together with its admirable working qualities, give it a decided advantage. Price, with table complete, $100.

Singer's No. 3 Standard Shuttle-Machine. For Carriage-makers, and heavy leather work. Price, complete, $125.

Since the great reduction in the price of these Standard Machines, on the 1st of October, 1859, the sale of them has increased four fold.

All of Singer's Machines make the interlocked stitch with two threads, which is the best stitch known. Every person desiring to procure full and reliable information about Sewing-Machines, their prices, prices, working capacities, and the best methods of purchasing, can obtain it by sending for a copy of I. M. Singer & Co.'s Gazette, which is a beautiful pictorial paper entirely devoted to the subject. It will be supplied gratis.

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
450 Broadway, New York.

T. J. MERONEY, AGENT,
SALISBURY, N. C.

July 24, 1860. 1y

Book Bindery

IN

SALISBURY.

MR. W. R. DICKS would respectfully inform the citizens of Salisbury, Cyrtheltia, Somerville, Concord, Gold Hill, Mocksville, Greensboro', Lexington, Morganton, Newton, and the surrounding country generally, that he has established a Book Bindery in this place, and will be pleased to receive orders in his line. Music Books, Law Books, and Periodicals bound to pattern, or in any style to suit.

☞ His establishment can be found on the second floor over the Post-Office.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

W. R. DICKS.
Salisbury, Sept. 18, 1860. 6m18