

has proposed to sell the... pounds of bacon and 40,000 bushels of corn, at any price it is disposed to pay him; and if it could pay nothing, then to give it. He also agreed to let the Interior Court of Sumner county have 10,000 pounds of bacon at 25 cents a pound, and 40,000 bushels of corn at 50 cents a bushel, for soldiers' families.

Franklin Church.—We have been requested by the elders to give notice that the Rev. J. D. HALL will preach at this church, providence permitting, on next Sunday, Feb. 28th.

TELEGRAPHIC.

CONFEDERATE CONGRESS.

RICHMOND, Feb. 16.—Both Houses have passed the Tax, Currency, and Military Bill, and they now await the President's signature.

The negotiation of secrecy having been renewed, we find that the Currency Bill provides that holders of non-interest bearing notes over five dollars, are allowed till the 1st of April, of the next Mississippi, and July, in the west, to fund in 20 year bonds of four percent. All notes not funded or paid to the Government in taxes or dues, within the time, are taxed thirty-three and a third percent, and are fundable the first of January next, after which they are taxed one hundred percent. Hundred dollar notes not presented within the time allowed, are no longer receivable for public dues, and are taxed 50 percent per month, in addition to the thirty-three and a third. The present issue of notes to continue till after the 1st of April, after which a new issue is authorized, to be kept within reasonable limits. Six percent bonds to the amount of five hundred millions, may be issued and sold, to raise money to meet the expenses of the Government. All duties, imports are to be paid in specie, sterling exchange, or coupons of these bonds. All import and export duties are specially pledged to pay the interest on these bonds. The Tax Bill levies a tax of five percent on most of the real, personal and mixed property, stock, bank bills, advent credits, and twenty-five percent on incomes, profits, &c.

The Military Bill declares that all between the ages of seventeen and fifty shall be in the service during the war, all between eighteen and forty-five now in the service, are to be retained under existing organization and officers, and all between seventeen and eighteen, and forty-five and fifty are to be enrolled for state defense. Provost, hospital and conscript guard duty are to be performed by men between eighteen and forty-five, unfit for field service. The exemptions are, all unfit for the field; members and officers of Congress and States Legislatures, and other Congress and State officers; presidents regularly employed; one editor to each newspaper now published, and such employees as are indispensable; one apothecary to each drug store doing business since the 10th of October, 1862; physicians over thirty-five years of age, and who has been seven years in their practice; president and teachers of colleges and schools that have been regularly in existence for two years, and having no less than twenty students; one person on a farm working fifteen field hands, to give security to deliver to the Government one hundred pounds of bacon and beef to every family and to sell all surplus at schedule rates; officers of railroads as heretofore reported.

The President and Secretary of War are authorized to grant exemptions as heretofore reported.

FROM DALTON.

DALTON, Feb. 17.—This morning between two and two o'clock the army commissary store was burnt. Stores all saved except a few barrels of flour. The Confederate printing office over the store was consumed, nothing being saved but the bundles of paper. Loss eight thousand dollars. Several soldiers and others were burnt out. Act of incendiary.

SUSPENSION OF THE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

RICHMOND, Feb. 18.—President Davis has approved and the injunction of secrecy has been removed from the bill to suspend the writ of habeas corpus. Preamble to the bill reads, he power to suspend the writ is vested solely in Congress, and Congress, being the exclusive judge of the necessity of exercising the power, declares that it is the opinion of Congress that the public safety now requires it, and the President has asked it. Congress therefore suspended the writ till ninety days after the meeting of next Congress, in cases of arrests by order of the President, Secretary of War, or General Commandant of the Trans-Mississippi Department— to apply only in cases of treason, conspiracy, combining to assist the enemy in his attempts at service, insurrection, desertion, encouraging and harboring deserters, spies, unlawful intercourse or trading with the enemy, adhering to the enemy or inciting others to abandon the Confederate cause, burning bridges or destroying telegraph lines, destroying or attempting to destroy government vessels, arms and munitions of war, arsenals, foundries or workshops. During the suspension the President shall cause every arrest to be properly investigated, and if improperly detained to be discharged, unless he can be speedily tried by the process of law. The President has signed the bill to authorize improvements of meat for the use of the army.

FROM FORT GAINES.

MOBILE, Feb. 16.—Official news from Fort Gaines says that the enemy opened on Fort Powell, from Grant's Pass, at nine o'clock this morning. Five vessels are now engaged. So far all the shots are falling short.— Col. Smith is at Fort Powell. **MOBILE, Feb. 17.**—Last official information dated Fort Gaines, Feb. 16, says that seven mortar boats and four gunboats fired one hundred and sixty-five shots at Fort Powell. Seven or eight struck but there

others quarters are nearly all demolished.— There was a demonstration of an attempt at landing on Dolphin's Island, but it has been reconsidered. It is officially reported that the enemy occupied Enterprise yesterday evening.

CAPTURE OF JACKSON.

The mails bring news of the occupation of Jackson, Miss., by the Yankees forces.— This took place on the 5th inst. The bridge over Pearl River had been broken down, and the enemy had not penetrated beyond Jackson. S. D. Lee's cavalry is still west of Jackson, or was at the latest advices.

Adverses in Mississippi seem, as usual, to be involved in mystery. Whether the lack of definite information from that quarter be chargeable to neglect on the part of the telegraph and telegraph agencies, or the result of military prohibition of the sending of news, is more than we can now decide.

W. Journal.

FROM THE PENINSULA.

The Yankees who came up to Barboursville Friday, fell back Saturday. They were only a small squad, and probably advanced to render assistance to any of the fugitives from the Libby who might chance to reach the vicinity.

Two gunboats ascended York River Saturday, near to West Point, and it is reported, were dragging the river for Confederate torpedoes.— *Rich. Examiner, 15th.*

Served them Right.—We have heard of cases in which so called "peace men" in this State have argued that they might hope for exemption from insult and the confiscation of their property, should the Yankees get possession of it, because they were against the war and in favor of reconstruction. They forget the well established principle, that while the treason may be forgiven by bad men, the traitor is always despised by good men. The following statement of the Richmond Dispatch is a case in point:—*(Fug. Ob.)* "Some of the Union people who fell into the hands of their Yankee friends on the occasion of Averill's raid in Western Virginia, were effectively cured of their treacherable propensities by the treatment they met with. One Union man, Wolf, in the Alleghany, whose property was not respected by the freed-slaves under Lincoln's banner, is ready to bushwhack his former champions. One defenceless widow, who professed her unwavering Unionism, and alleged in corroboration that her sons were deserters from the Confederate army, on pleading with the vandals to leave her one horse to ride to mill, was met with the reply, "Ride your damned cowardly sons to mill!"

Arrangement by the Superior Court Judges for the Spring Circuits:

1st Circuit	Judge Shipp—Edenton.
2d "	" Sanders—Newbern.
3d "	" French—Raleigh.
4th "	" Gilham—Hillsboro.
5th "	" Heath—Wilmington.
6th "	" Osborne—Salisbury.
7th "	" Rade—Morganton.
8th "	" Howard—Buncombe.

Catawba County Election.—The election in Catawba for a Commissioner, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. Roberts, resulted in the choice of Mr. BARRINGER, over Dr. ELLIS, (a Holstonite), by a majority of 160 votes. Mr. BARRINGER has never sold wheat for more than \$2 per bushel, \$3 and \$4 per 100 lbs, since the commencement of the war, and often lower.

CAMP NEAR PETERSBURG, Va., Feb. 11th 1864.

At a meeting of the members of Co. K, 8th Regiment N. C. Troops, held at Camp near Petersburg, Va., on the 11th day of February, 1864, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted in regard to the death of our friend and brother in arms, private DAVID M. BARRINGER, who was killed by a shell from the enemy's guns, near Newbern, N. C., on the 2nd of February, 1864, while nobly discharging his duties as a soldier.

1. Resolved, That in the death of private David M. BARRINGER, we acknowledge the loss of a loved and generous friend and companion in arms, and that we bow with sadness to the chastening hand of divine Providence, well knowing that he died all things well.
2. That we tender to his family and friends our affectionate sympathy in this affliction which so suddenly has befallen us all.
3. That the Confederacy, and his company have lost by his death a noble and brave soldier, one who promised usefulness and honor in his service.
4. That by his death our cause is endeared to us, and that we will use every effort in our power to secure its success.
5. That these resolutions be sent to the Salisbury Watchman, with a request that they be published in that paper, and that a copy be sent to the parents of the deceased.

The undersigned, the undersigned, undersigned:
Serg't. S. A. SHUMAN, Chm.
Serg't. M. J. BARRON, Sec.

CAMP NEAR PETERSBURG, Va., February 13th, 1864.

To the Editor of the Watchman:
Sir: You will please notice in your columns the casualties in Co. K, 8th Regiment N. C. T., before Newbern, N. C., on the 1st Feb. 1864. DAVID M. BARRINGER, son of P. L. BARRINGER, of Rowan county, N. C., was mortally wounded and died in six hours afterwards. His death is lamented by all who knew him in service—his dying words were, "fight them boys, it is a good cause." He was a true and faithful soldier; was always at his post. Although his remains are laid in the cold ground, still he lives in the bosoms of both his officers and fellow soldiers.
Yours Respectfully,
P. A. KENNERLY, Capt.
Commanding Company.

new and deeply interesting book by Rev. H. Wiley, for sale at this office.

A procession of sixty carriages and other vehicles followed the remains of an old negro to the grave in Montgomery, Ala., last week.

MARRIED.

At the County Court Clerk's Office, in this Town, on the 12th instant, by Chas. N. Price, Esq., Mr. NATHAN ALLMAN and Miss MARY L. ROGERS.

DIED.

At the residence of her husband, in Lafayette Co., Mississippi, Jan. 2d, 1864, Mrs. MARGARET A. STEWART.

The deceased was the offspring of believing parents and enjoyed the privilege of Christian example and training from her earliest years; about the age of 17 she became a member of the Presbyterian church at Back Creek, Rowan county, N. C. In 1852 she emigrated with her husband to Miss., where she became a member of Hopewell church, which she adorned till the day of her death. Mrs. Stewart possessed a remarkably gentle, meek and quiet spirit. In her a temper naturally amiable was refined and purified by Divine grace. Her life was a beautiful exemplification of sincere, earnest and unostentatious piety. Her death is lamented by all who knew her, but most tenderly deplored by those who knew her best. But why weep for those who have gone to enjoy the rest and the bliss of heaven? For such "to die is gain." For "blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."
P. P.

N. C. Presbyterian please copy.
In this county, at Mr. P. Holland's, on the 12th instant, of small pox, Capt. SYLVESTER TAYLOR, of Newbern, Capt. S. volunteered as a private. His good conduct and worthiness as a soldier secured his subsequent promotion. He was one of the first to respond to the call of Gov. Ellis, in April, 1861. On the 15th January, from a mortal wound received in a skirmish fight, twelve miles from Morrisstown, East Tennessee, M. H. SIF-FERD, private in Hampton's Legion, in the 31st year of his age.

TAX IN KIND ON SLAUGHTERED HOGS.

FOR the purpose of taking returns of all the hogs slaughtered in the county of Rowan, from the 24th of April, 1863, to the 1st of March 1864, the Assessors will meet the farmers, planters and graziers of Rowan as follows:
At Salisbury, March 5th
At Mrs. Brown's, March 7th
At Gheen's Bridge, " 8th
At Campbell's, " 9th
At Mount Ulla, " 10th
At Ajwell's, " 11th
At McCaughey's, " 12th
At Latak's, " 7th
At Hartman's, " 8th
At Harkey's, " 9th
At Millers, " 10th
At Gold Hill, " 11th
At Morgan's, " 12th
At Hester Shop, " 14th
All persons are notified to attend punctually and make their returns, and avoid the penalty of the law. The Collector will also be present as above to collect any outstanding taxes.
W. R. FRALEY, Collector.
February 16, 1864. 2:39

LOST. between Salisbury and Mills Gheen's, Tuesday the 16th inst., a hog skin quilted saddle—quilted all over—with a piece torn out of the fore part of the right skirt, and now patched. Also, a striped waxen blanket, pinned in the middle.
A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of these articles if left at the Watchman Office.
Feb. 18, 1864. 1:39

CONSCRIPT OFFICE,

Raleigh, N. C., February 11, 1864.
THE following "Notice," from Bureau of Conscription, is published for the guidance of all concerned. Compliance with its directions will save applicants for exemption or detail much unnecessary delay in the investigation of their claims.
By order of the Commandant.
E. J. HARDIN, Adj't.

NOTICE.

Confederate States of America.
WAR DEPARTMENT OF CONSCRIPTION, RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 26, 1864.
Paragraph X of General Order No. 82, Adjutant and Inspector General's Office of 1862, requires that applications for exemption must in all cases be made to the Enrolling Officer.
If the local Enrolling Officer has not the power to act, or is in doubt, he will after investigation under Circular No. 8, Current Series, refer such applications, through the proper official channels to this Bureau. All such applications addressed to this Bureau will be necessarily and invariably be returned for local investigation, and the applicants will thus have uselessly lost time and perhaps be suspended.
Appeals from adverse decisions of the local officers, and the Commandant of Conscripts for the States, will be forwarded by them for hearing when any plausible ground of appeal is set forth.
2. Commandants of Conscripts will give this notice extensive circulation in the local press of their respective States.

By order of
COL. PRESTON, Supt.
C. B. DUFFIELD.
Feb. 15, '64—1m33

LOST.—In Salisbury on the 19th of January last, a deep black and white spotted DOG, common size, for which I will pay a reward of FIVE DOLLARS to any one returning the dog to me or for information as to his whereabouts. Address me at Mill Hill, Cabarrus County, N. C.
JAS. W. READ.
4w39pd

HEADQUARTERS,

120th Reg't N. C. Militia.
ALL Conscripts must come prepared on the day of enrollment to go on to Camp of Instruction, as no furloughs will be given.
By order
M. A. LOCKE, Col.
C. H. McKESSON, Adj't.
Feb. 20, 1864—2w39

WILL pay the above stated to any one who will deliver and bring to justice those persons, or any one of them, who have on two occasions broken my smoke-house and stolen a considerable quantity of my meat; who have broken my dairy twice, and taken my butter, milk, cracks and in case; who have broken up my work-house and stolen many of my carpenter's tools, such as planes, augurs, hand-saw, hand-saw, chisels, &c.; who stole my hogs during the past Fall, eight or ten in number, and one out of the pen; and who stole a considerable quantity of corn out of my corn field during the past Fall.
D. E. CALDWELL.
February 17, 1864. 2:39

GRINDING.—I wish to hire an honest and working man, to attend the McCoy Mills on mile from Salisbury.
JOHN A. BOLT.
3w39

ADPT AND INSPR GEN'S OFFICE,
Richmond, February 4, 1864.
General Order No. 11.

THE following order is published for the information of all concerned:
C. S. AMERICA, WAR DEPARTMENT, Richmond, February 1, 1864.
EXCHANGE NOTION NO. VIII
1. All prisoners heretofore held by the United States authorities, whether officers, soldiers or civilians, received at City Point, before the 1st of January, 1864, are hereby declared exchanged.
2. All officers and men of the Vicksburg capture, who reported for duty at Enterprise, Mississippi, at any time prior to the 14th of November, 1863, and whose names were forwarded to me by Major Gen. John H. Forney, are hereby declared exchanged.
3. All officers and men of the Vicksburg capture, belonging to the first Tennessee heavy artillery, who reported for duty at Marietta, Georgia, and whose names were forwarded to me by Col. A. Jackson, are declared exchanged.
RO OULD, Agent of Exchange.
By order: [Signed] S. COOPER, Adj't and Insp'r General. 6:38

Quartermaster's Department,
Raleigh, February 6, 1864.

THIS Department has on hand a small lot of Cotton Cards for distribution among the families of soldiers. The special courts of each county are requested to appoint an agent in each county to receive and distribute them. The price will be five dollars, (\$5) and occasions wives and mothers of soldiers will have the preference. More are expected daily and will be sent out as fast as received.
H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M., N. C. A.
Feb 8, 1864. 3:38

WANTED.
A GOOD CABINET-MAKER—a good hand will receive good wages. Apply to T. L. SCHUBORG, at his Cabinet Shop, corner of Main and Water Sts., Salisbury, N. C.
February 15, 1864. 3w38

WANTED.—Sum 1 and 1 inch Poplar Plank, for which the highest market price will be paid—Also Walnut Plank and 3 inch Walnut Scantling. Apply to
T. L. SCHUBORG, Salisbury, N. C.
February 15, 1864. 3w38

EXPRESS NOTICE.

BY ORDER of the Superintendent of the Southern Express Company no packages except money packages, will be forwarded without pre-payment. All money packages must be sealed with sealing wax.
J. O. WHITE, Agent.
Salisbury, Feb. 15, 1864. 9w38

Davis County Court, December Term, 1863.
A. M. BAUER, Adm'r of John F. Seagraves, dec. against
Watt Seagraves & James Seagraves & others.

PETITION TO SELL LAND.
IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Watt Seagraves and James Seagraves, are non-residents of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman for six weeks, notifying the said Watt Seagraves and James Seagraves to be and appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Davis county, on the 2nd Monday in March, 1864, to plead, answer or demur to the petition, or it will be heard ex parte as to them.
Witness, Eph. Gaither, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 2nd Monday in December, A. D. 1863.
E. M. GAITHER, C. C. C.
Price adv \$17 50. 6w38

SALT! SALT!
JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT and for sale, 180 Sacks Virginia Salt.
MICHAEL BROWN, Salisbury, Feb. 15, 1864. 3w38

CALICOES! CALICOES!
JUST RECEIVED and for sale 100 pieces English Calicoes.
MICHAEL BROWN, Salisbury, Feb. 15, 1864. 3w38

Runaway—\$50 Reward.
Runaway from the subscriber, Saturday night the 15th inst., CHARLES, a hired negro servant, from the Eastern part of the State. He is black, about 54 feet high, pleasant countenance, thin addressed, but rather slow looking. He took two suits of clothes with him, belongs to Wm. Row, or Row. I will give the above reward for his recovery with evidence to certify any one of harboring him. Or \$25 for the confinement of the boy so that I get him. Letters addressed to me at Salisbury, will be attended to promptly.
DANIEL HOFFMAN, Feb. 15, 1864—4:38

TO THE PUBLIC.
I TAKE this mode of stating to the community, that after the 1st January, I shall not hold myself bound by any former agreement of the Doctor of this Town, in relation to professional charges.
A. M. NESBITT.
Dec. 30, 1863. 4:39

In the month of February and the County generally, who have in previous years been liable to the Conscription, and who have not yet paid their taxes, either in full or in part, we would say, that we will accept of the Court-Order in Salisbury, on the 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th days of February, for the purpose of taking your returns and collecting your taxes; after which, longer indulgence will not be given.
F. E. HALL, Collector.
P. E. HALL, Assessors.
Feb. 10, 54, 55 }
J. A. HAWKINS, Assessors.

CONSCRIPT OFFICE,
Raleigh, Jan. 27th, 1864. }
THE following circular from Bureau of Conscription is published for the information of all concerned.
By order
COL. MALLETT, Comd't Genl. for N. C.

BUREAU OF CONSCRIPTION,
Richmond, Jan. 25th, 1864. }
CIRCULAR No. 4. }

Two Commandants of Conscripts.—The attention of Commandants is especially directed to General Orders No. 7, A. & I. G. O. current series, herein set forth for their information.

Adj't and Insp. General's Office,
Richmond, Va., Jan. 25, 1864. }

1. Paragraph IV General Order No. 3 current series is hereby revoked.
II. Enrolling Officers will proceed as rapidly as practicable in the enrollment of all persons made liable to military service. Previous to enrollment as conscripts, all such persons will be allowed to volunteer, provided—
1st. The Company selected was in service on the 16th of April, 1862.

2nd. The Company selected is at the time of volunteering, below the minimum prohibited by regulations.
3rd. No person made liable to service under this order will be permitted to join, or will be assigned to any company which has more than sixty-four privates on the roll, until all the companies in service from the State of which the volunteer or conscript is a resident, shall have the minimum number prescribed by regulations.

4th. Upon the Company being selected, the volunteer will receive from the Enrolling Officer a certificate to the effect that he has so volunteered; and no volunteer will be received in any company except on such certificate.

III. Persons who fail to make selection, according to the provisions of this order, and at the time of enlistment, will be assigned according to existing regulations.

IV. All officers in command of companies authorized under this order to receive conscripts or volunteers will forthwith send to the Commandant of Conscripts of the State, accurate certified rolls of their companies; and without such roll, showing that they do not exceed sixty-four privates, there will not be assigned any conscript or volunteer.

By Command of the Secretary of War.
(Signed) S. COOPER, Adj't and Insp. General.

Early and vigorous action will be enjoined on the Enrolling Officers, each one of whom should be furnished with a copy of the order without delay. To insure the publicity of the order, there should be several insertions in the newspapers of general circulation.

II. Persons presenting applications for special exemption, with any show of merit will not be indolent until action is taken by this Bureau. These cases will be investigated in accordance with Circular No. 3, Current Series, with the least delay practicable.

By order of COL. JNO. S. PRESTON, Supt.
(Signed) C. B. DUFFIELD, A. A. G.

Stolen Horse—\$50 Reward.
STOLEN from the subscriber's encampment, six miles East of Beattie's Ford, Wednesday night the 29th January, a light grey horse, about 15 hands high, heavy built, aged about 9 or 10 years. He is a good steady farm horse, working well to the wagon, plough, &c. and also to a buggy. I will pay the above reward for the recovery of the horse, and a liberal price for the thief. Address me at Salisbury, DAVID BARRINGER.
Feb. 2, 1864. 4tp37

North Carolina Money for Produce.
I AM prepared to pay N. C. Treasury Notes for all kind of Provisions for the use of soldiers families. Bring me anything that will do to eat.
J. S. McCUBBINS, Commissioner.
Salisbury, Feb. 8, 1864. 6w37.

TRUST SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by the late Horace L. Roberts, I will sell at the White Sulphur Springs, in Catawba county, N. C., on the 17th day of February next, a large amount of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of 41 Bedsteads and bedding, Tables, Chairs, Curtains, Mirrors, Carpets, Knives and Forks, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Tumblers and Goblets, Castors, Waiters, Five Bureaus, 1 Piano, 1 Billiard Table, 2 Closets, Two Beds, 1 Gong, all kinds of Farming Utensils, Wagons and Ploughs and 4 Negroes, and a large amount of other property used in an extensive Hotel. Also one tract of Land, known as the Bolch Tract, joining said Springs tract. Terms cash.
M. L. McCORMLE, Trustee.
Jan. 21, 1864.

Also, at the same time and place, will be rented, that well known watering place, the White Sulphur Springs and Plantation, together with all the furniture not included in said trust; or the household and kitchen furniture will be sold, together with several mules and horses, and house servants, if not desired by the renters. Mrs. E. J. ROBARDS.
Jan. 21, 1864. 2:37

GOODS, GOODS.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following articles:
150 sacks salt,
100 boxes fine chewing Tobacco,
360 packs Confederate Soap,
1 case brown shoes,
155 yards Linsey Jeans,
1 case English Prints,
1000 Envelopes,
65 pair cotton socks,
Needles and worsted thread.
MICHAEL BROWN,
Salisbury, Feb. 1st, 1864. 1m36