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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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## TELEGRAPHIC.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 3.**—Gen'l Beauregard has been assigned to command of the Department heretofore commanded respectively by Hood and Taylor.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 3.**—Forrest reports from near Pulaski, Tenn., Sept. 27th, that he succeeded the day before, in capturing four trains, three block houses, and Fort at Elkridge with about 50 prisoners, without the loss of a man; and had entirely destroyed the railroad from Decatur to Pulaski, with five large railroad bridges; and that it will require sixty days to repair it.

On the same afternoon the enemy, after fighting him all day, went into fortifications at Pulaski where Rousseau was with heavy force and well fortified. His loss on the 27th was one hundred wounded. Enemy's much heavier.

Enemy concentrating heavily against him.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 3.**—The Washington Chronicle of the 28th says a Nashville telegram says that Elk river Post has been evacuated by the garrison on the 26th. Forrest took possession.

A telegram from St. Louis says the advance of Price's army reached Farmington on the 25th; the main force at Fredricktown. Price's plans undeveloped; he seems to be massing troops in Arcadia Valley. Gen. Morson still moving north in Price's rear.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 3.**—The Petersburg Express to-day says information received yesterday that a train of yankee artillery was crossing on a pontoon bridge from the north to the south side of James river. It is not believed that any infantry troops have succeeded. The Express also says our loss during last three days fighting will not exceed five hundred from all causes. Yankee loss including prisoners estimated at five thousand.

**PETERSBURG, Oct. 3.**—No fighting to-day, and no change in the situation. The Yankees were busy routing trains along their lines all last night as if reinforcing. The enemy also cleared a good deal last night. The impression was that the enemy intends a new move on our right, and also an attack upon our lines. Our troops are in good spirits, and ready for the enemy. Rain falling this evening.

## FROM RICHMOND.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 4.**—An official dispatch from Gen. Rickett, at Saltville, yesterday, states that we whipped the enemy yesterday. He has retired in confusion, leaving his dead and wounded in our hands. Among them a Brigadier General killed, and many officers. There were two or three regiments of negro troops which were badly cut up. The rebels and detailed men acted splendidly. The enemy's force six thousand. We are in hot pursuit.

## INVASION OF MISSOURI.

**MOBILE, Oct. 3.**—A special dispatch to the Enquirer, dated Senotobia 3d, gives reports for Memphis, from St. Louis papers of the 1st. Great excitement in St. Louis. Price reported to be within 12 miles of the city, his force is estimated at thirty-five thousand. Cape Girardeau reported captured. Large Federal force surrendered at Pilot Knob last Monday. Heavy fighting, Tuesday evening, result unknown.

Bill Anderson captured a train on the North Missouri railroad. Twenty yankees captured and shot.

Rosencranz issued orders calling out the militia. Twelve thousand under arms at St. Louis.

A. J. Smith is fifty miles South of St. Louis, watching Price's movements. A large number of refugees from Southern Missouri had reached the city.

Twelve boat loads of troops left Memphis, bound up the river. Hatch and Grison with three thousand men gone after Forrest.

Winslow's cavalry crossed into Arkansas in pursuit of Price.

Nashville dates of the 26th, says, Forrest is destroying all bridges and rail roads. Telegraph communication stopped on both roads.

There was a heavy fight at Pulaski on the 27th. Rousseau reports that Forrest retired during the night with a loss of two hundred.

Passengers arrived from Memphis on Saturday evening report that Forrest captured Pulaski, and that it will take several weeks to repair the railroad.

Nashville dates to the 27th report Rousseau slowly retiring on Nashville. Forrest is destroying bridges, trestles, &c.

Fighting is going on near Pulaski and Cerro Gordo.

Williams is trying to join Forrest. Confederates had captured two trains near Big Shanty.

Guerrillas are busy firing into boats on White river.

A portion of the 16th army corps left Brownsville, Arkansas, in pursuit of Shelby.

All quiet at Mobile.

The President of the Press Association has called the next meeting of the Directors at Columbus, Ga., on Wednesday the 12th of October.

## LATER FROM EARLY.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 4.**—Another official dispatch from Saltville, says:

The enemy received a bloody repulse. They retired during the night in confusion, apparently in the direction of Sidney river.

Early reports the enemy north of the river, his cavalry occupying the north bank of that stream; his infantry near Harrisonburg. After a slight skirmish the enemy's cavalry fell back from Mount Crawford.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 4.**—Official dispatches report that a small force of the enemy's cavalry and some infantry were in Calpepper county, they are rebuilding the bridge at Rappahannock station. All quiet below Richmond to-day.

**PETERSBURG, Oct. 4, 7 P. M.**—The enemy has been fortifying a new position near Fort McRae, and have shown no disposition to advance to-day, or assault our works. All very quiet along the lines to-day. Persons from Grant's rear say he has moved everything and every man up to the breastworks and the country behind his lines uncovered by his last move.

Grant has gained one mile more in the direction of the Southside road, but is still six miles from it. The enemy's losses in the fights of Thursday, Friday, and Saturday is estimated at four thousand. Our loss one fifth of these figures.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 4th.**—The Washington Chronicle of the 1st dispatches Grant that Chaffin's 29th Ord. corps advanced this morning and carried very strong fortifications, and a line of entrenchments below Chaffin's farm with some fifteen pieces of artillery and three hundred prisoners.

Barny advanced at the same times from Deep Bottom and New Market road entrenchments and now marching towards Richmond.

St. Louis telegraphs of the 30th, says, the enemy closely pursued by the rebels to Harrison's Station. Railroad cut north of that place.

Escaped prisoners report Pilot Knob still held by the rebels.

Nashville telegram of the 30th, report Forrest at Fayetteville on the night of the 28th. No communication South of Memphis.

**GAFFIN, Oct. 4.**—All accounts agree that Gen. Hood's army is well in rear of Atlanta, and it is reported positively that we hold the Railroad between Vining and Marietta.

A brigade of yankee cavalry came to Fairburn, on the West Point road yesterday and attacked the command of Gen. Iverson, who fell back after losing one or two killed and wounded. They are reported in Fayetteville this a. m., but this is doubtful.

A prisoner taken in that fight says that no train has arrived at Atlanta for six days. Military men here believe that Sherman will be forced to abandon Atlanta and cut his way out in a very few days.

**PETERSBURG, Oct. 3.**—Today unusually quiet. The enemy shows no purpose to attack our lines near Fort Mellen for any other point of the line. Gen. Beauregard's headquarters will be removed from here to-morrow.

## FROM RICHMOND.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 5.**—The flag of truce boat New York arrived at Varina yesterday with several hundred returned Confederate prisoners. No particulars of news received.

## FROM RICHMOND.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 6th.**—Flag of truce boat at Varina brings 600 wounded Confederates. The same number of wounded Yankees will be sent in return.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 6.**—An official dispatch received at the War Department last night, states that Lt. Col. Witcher had returned from an expedition in Western Virginia. He passed through Baultown, Jacksonville, Westover, Walkerville and Weston. He destroyed one million dollars worth of stores; captured three hundred prisoners, horses and equipments; brought out five hundred horses and two hundred cattle. He sustained no loss.

## FROM MOBILE.

**MOBILE, Oct. 6.**—5 miles from Clinton, La. 6th.—Yesterday the enemy advanced in heavy force from Bayou Sara, on the Clinton and Woodville roads. Col. Scott with one regiment only, fought and drove them back on the Jackson railroad, to within two miles of Bayou Sara, but being flanked and the enemy being reinforced, Col. Scott fell back on the Liberty road. The enemy occupied Woodville yesterday at five o'clock, p. m., and Clinton early this morning.

## FROM FORREST.

**MOBILE, Oct. 6.**—Five vessels off the bar. All quiet this morning. Four foreigners and one negro captured near the obstructions, trying to escape to the Yankees.

The Advertiser has authentic advices from Forrest's army via Cherokee the 6th, of the capture of three thousand prisoners, four guns, seven hundred horses, twenty-five hundred stand of small arms, one thousand negroes, men and children, and completely destroyed the Alabama and Tennessee Railroad from Franklin to Decatur. It is considered as one of Forrest's most successful raids.

## FROM PETERSBURG.

**PETERSBURG, Oct. 7.**—Unusual quietude has prevailed here to-day—and for the past week. Grant is still busy with the spade on his new position near Fort McRae.

Rumors say that Lt. Gen. R. H. Anderson will be assigned to the command of Beauregard's troops and department.

## LATEST NORTHERN NEWS.

**MOBILE, Oct. 7th, via Senatobia 6th.**—Chicago Times of the 30th, and Memphis papers of the 4th, says, the Confederates made a desperate assault on Pilot Knob and were repulsed, with a loss of 1500, including Gen. Campbell. The Federals evacuated the place on the 28th, spiking the guns and firing the rail road depot.

The Confederates captured three guns. Enemy's train of forty wagons and an escort and burning the iron works, all good buildings, supposed made a complete smash of drafting apparatus and records. Valleys and mountains literally covered with rebels. Later reports say Price overtook the enemy and badly used him up at Harrison's Station. The Yankees evacuated Potassi Mineral Point, Desoto county, below Mentanade bridge entirely evacuated.

A. J. Smith was flanked and fell back to Jefferson barracks, and fortifying. A raiding party went to Charlemagne, four miles from the city.

The Chicago Times thinks strange the enemy should evacuate Pilot Knob after slaughtering so many rebels, and only losing 69 men.

Bill Anderson ambushed and killed one hundred of Johnson's six month men. Anderson says he intends to kill every man he finds wearing Federal uniform, they having killed his father, mother, and sister.

Price conscripts all union sympathisers. A large number of volunteers joined him. Many drafted men escaped from St. Louis and joined Price.

Rosencranz issued orders to shoot every man going in that direction.

Nashville dates report Forrest at Fayetteville on the night of the 28th, with nearly his whole force, moving on the Chattanooga road. A small portion of the road was destroyed.

All the bridges were destroyed between Athens and Pulaski.

Rousseau was at Tumbahoma.

Forrest had twenty ammunition wagons, nine guns, including three ten pounder Parrotts.

Decatur is reported to be captured by Wheeler.

Confederate Loan declined three per cent. in Europe.

The capture of Atlanta is considered the crowning success of the war in the west.

Gold in New York, on the 1st, was 193.

Morgan L. Smith, commands Memphis.

Washburn is absent on leave.

The Memphis Bulletin says, Cabell and Bourbon, on the Pacific road, bears that Price's army moved rapidly and seems ubiquitous.

## SHERIDAN RETREATING DOWN THE VALLEY.

**CHARLOTTESVILLE, Oct. 7.**—An officer just arrived here direct from Harrisonburg states that Sheridan is retreating from that place and moved down the Valley. Our cavalry had entered the town.

## FROM GEN. LEE.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 7.**—Gen. Lee reports to the War Department that a dispatch from Early says Sheridan is retreating from Harrisonburg down the Valley.

## FIGHT ON THE DARLY TOWN ROAD.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 7.**—A fight commenced early this morning on Darlytown road north side James extended along line to Fort Harrison and ceased at two o'clock. We carried, it is reported two lines of breast works, three hundred prisoners and nine pieces artillery and one hundred horses.

Gen. Gregg of Texas killed, Gen. Bratton, Col. Haskell and Maj. Haskell of South Carolina wounded. Our loss slight that of the enemy heavy. Nothing official yet.

## FROM GEORGIA.

**AUGUSTA, Oct. 8.**—Official dispatches confirm the capture of Rome. Three thousand negroes and white officers were taken. The Yankees destroyed all the commissary stores, and burned two squares of the best portion of the town.

Gen. Wheeler dashed into Marietta and burned a block of storehouses, and spiked three guns.

Our army is supposed to be at Etowah. Fortifications have been thrown up on Kentucky.

Dalton has been occupied by our forces. Forrest is in Middle Tennessee. Rousseau is cooped up in Nashville.

## NORTHERN NEWS.

**RICHMOND, Oct. 8.**—Northern dates of the 5th are at hand. In the engagement of the 30th, near Squirrel Level, the Federals acknowledge a loss of 2,000 killed, wounded and missing. More than half were prisoners.

Farragut arrived at Fortress Monroe on the 4th, and proceeded up James river.

Guerrillas captured two trains on the Nashville road between Richmond and Fountain Head, on the night of the 3d, and burned 19 cars.

Accounts from Missouri state that Price was moving on Rolla in three columns, the right under Shelby and Marmaduke, the centre under his own command, and the left under Cooper; the latter force being composed mainly of half breed Indians.

Five hundred rebels entered Union, the county seat of Franklin county, on the 1st and captured 100 militia.

On the 1st Forrest shelled Athens, Ala. on the 3d, he demanded the surrender of Dalton, Ga.

On the 4th, gold was 190 in N. York.

**PETERSBURG, Oct. 8th.**—Yesterday about noon the enemy moved in force on our right, supposed at first for the purpose of making an attack on our lines, but turned out to be nothing more than an extension by the enemy, then on our right in order to occupy all our last works near Fort McRae. The enemy by this move gained nothing in the direction of the south side road, and only prolonged their lines, driving in our few videttes occupying this ground. Hitherto only part of the works near Fort McRae occupied by the enemy.

All quiet to-day. Weather cloudy and very cold.

Deserters from Atlanta says no trains have arrived for eight days. All accounts from Hood's army encouraging.

**RICHMOND, 9. Oct.**—Official dispatch at the War Department states that the enemy one thousand strong advanced up Manassas Gap road on the 4th with trains of cars loaded with railroad material and occupied Salem and Rectortown. Mosby attacked them at Salem capturing 50 prisoners, all their camp equipments, baggage, stores, &c., he killed and wounded a considerable number. He lost 2 wounded.

From the Petersburg Express, Oct. 7th.

## TO DETAILED MEN.

Gen. S. Cooper, Adjutant and Inspector General; has caused to be issued as "General Orders, No. 76," the following very important notice to detailed men:

I. All details heretofore granted, under authority of the War Department, to persons between the ages of 18 and 45 years, are revoked; and all such detailed men, together with those within the said ages, who hold furloughs, or temporary exemptions by reason of pending applications for details, will be promptly assembled at the camps of instruction, and appropriately assigned among the armies for service; except that men detailed and now actually employed in manufacturing, providing, collecting and forwarding munitions and other indispensable supplies for the army and navy, in work indispensable to military operations, will be continued in their present employment until their details shall be revised.

II. The Heads of Departments and Chiefs of Bureaux will, within the next twenty (20) days, forward to Generals of Reserves, lists of detailed men in their employment, in the several States, specially distinguishing and certifying those who are experts and those absolutely indispensable for the performance of the above mentioned Government work and business; and all detailed employees not so certified within the prescribed period, will, upon the expiration thereof, be forthwith assigned to the army.

III. All persons called out by this Order, who claim exemption on account of physical disability, will be examined by select medical boards, after their arrival at the camps of instruction.

IV. All men found for light duty who are unassigned, will at once report to the camps of instruction, under the penalty of being forthwith assigned to the active forces.

The Enquirer invites attention to this order, and states that these steps have been taken by the Government to fill up the army. It is necessary and proper, and if this order is promptly enforced, the increase of the army will be speedy and rapid. The Enquirer also refers to another means of replenishing our ranks, which should receive the prompt attention of the War Department. The law of Congress for the employment of negroes as teamsters in the army, should be promptly enforced says the Enquirer. The law of Congress on this subject is plain, and though it does not go far enough, yet by promptly enforcing its provisions, many soldiers will be returned to their command, and the army very greatly strengthened.

An officer, who has been connected with the army since '61, informs us that that of Northern Virginia alone, would receive an accession of several thousand, if all the white teamsters were placed in the ranks, and the saddles thus vacated occupied by negroes. The negroes can easily be obtained among our free colored population, and if not among these, slaves can be impressed. The law provides for their support and clothing, and pays the owner soldier's wages. A few farmers and merchants may be slightly, or even seriously inconvenienced, but better this, than our country should be overrun, our property seized, and all the negroes transferred to the ranks of Grant's and Butler's armies. We hope our authorities will lose no time in speedily enforcing the law, and thus filling up our armies.