Miscellaneous.

THE AMERICAN BOY.

Look up, my young American!
Stand firmly on the earth
Where noble deeds, and mental power,
Give titles more than birth.

A hallowed land thou claim'st, my boy,
By early struggles bought,
Heaped up with noble memories—
And wide- aye, wide as thought!

On the high Alleghany's range,
Awake thy joyous song;
Then o'er our green savannahs stray,
And gently prolong.

Awake it mid the rushing peal
Of dark Niagara's voice,
Or by thine ocean rivers stand,
And in their joy rejoice.

What though we boast no ancient towers
Where "ivied" streamers twine!
The *Laurel* lives upon our soil,
The Laurel, boy, is thine.

What tho' no "minister lifts the cross,"
Tinged by the sunset fire:
Freely religion's voices float
'Round every village spire.

And who shall gaze on you "blue sea"
If thou must turn away,
When free Columbia's stripes and stars
Are floating in the day?

Who thunders louder, when the strife
Of gathering war is stirred?
Who ranges farther, when the call
Of commerce' voice is heard?

And tho' on "Cressey's distant field"
The gaze may not be cast,
While through long centuries of blood,
Rise spectres of the *past*.

The *future* wakes thy dreamings high,
And thou a note may'st claim,
Aspiring, which in after times
Shall swell the trump of fame.

Yet scenes *are* here for tender thought—
Here sleep the good and brave!
Here kneel, my boy, and raise thy vow
Above the patriot's grave.

On Moultrie's isle, on Bunker's height,
On Monmouth's heated line,
On Eutaw's field, on Yorktown's bank,
Erect thy loyal shrine;

And when thou'rt told of knighthood's shields,
And English battles won,
Look up, my boy, and breathe *one* word—
The name of *Washington!* C. G.

OLD EPITAPH.

Whose him bethought,
Inwardly and oft,
How sore it were to flit
From life into the pit,
From pit into pain,
Which ne'er shall cease again,
He would not do one sin,
All the world to win.

☞At this time of the year, when it is allowable to indulge with more freedom that at another period would be considered justifiable, we have just slipped our scissors around the following paragraph, for the purpose of giving it for the benefit of those who "love their Christmas and bless the new year."

"To sober a man when tipsy, without producing any other effect on him, give him any mild vegetable acid, such as lemon juice diluted with an equal quantity of water, and keep him, if possible, from talking."—*The Doctor.*

Influenza.—As this disease is now raging in town and country, the following cure may be of service to those afflicted. One ounce extract liquorice; 1 ounce paragoric, and 1 ounce antimonial wine Place the liquorice in a pint of water, simmer it down to half a pint, and when cold, add the others—taking a swallow when the cough is troublesome.

Balt. Republican.

☞The Influenza, which has, for some weeks past, been raging in the Northern States, has reached this section of country, and there are but few individuals in our community who have escaped a violent attack from it.

Raleigh Star.

☞The following was the state of the poll for the election of Senator in Tyrrell county, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Ephraim Mann: For Gen. Daniel N. Bateman 113, H. Alexander 13.—*ib.*

☞We gather the following particulars relative to the mode of procuring vaccine matter, and its effects, from an article published in the Baltimore Medical and Surgical Journal: Smallpock matter becomes changed into vaccine by passing through the cow. This is done by inserting in the udders of young fresh milch cows variolous matter, taken from Pustules at maturity. The vaccine to be gathered on glass when matured. The matter thus procured by innoculating the cow with small-pox is more certain in its preventive qualities than now in ordinary use. When perfect, it is a safeguard from attacks of small-pox from the earliest infancy to the remotest age. Vaccination looses in part, its qualities by passing through bodies already affected with some cutaneous eruption. Hence, only scabs from healthy persons should be used, for perpetuating good matter.—*ib.*

Congress.—The following resolutions, introduced by the Hon. Mr Speight, have been referred to the appropriate committees:

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of making an appropriation for the erection of a Custom House in the town of Newbern, North Carolina.

Resolved, That the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing a post route from Beaufort by Portsmouth, to Ocracoke Island, in the State of North Carolina.

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of making an appropriation for the building of a Light Boat, to be stationed at or near Harbor Island Bar, in the State of North Carolina.

Washington, Dec. 17.—It will be seen by our Congressional proceedings, that Mr. Polk, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, has introduced some very important bills. One, regulating the deposites of the public money in the State Banks. Another, providing for the sale of the Government stock in the Bank of the United States. A third, to repeal so much of an act as requires the Bank of the United States to perform the duties of Commissioners of Loans for the several States.—*Globe.*

Public Lands.—Mr. Clay has renewed his bill to divide the proceeds of the public lands—with what view, let plain facts declare.

The Secretary of the Treasury estimates the revenue for the year 1835 at 20 millions of dollars, and the expenditures at 19,683,000. Here is a difference of only $317,000: so that if proceeds of the lands are deducted, which are counted at 3 and a half millions in the above estimate of 20 millions, there will then be a deficit of $3,200,000 How is that to be made up? Undoubtedly by custom-house duties: so that this land bill, for abducting 3½ millions, may be considered as the first step towards breaking the compromise bill, and renewing again all the distraction of the tariff question.—*ib.*

A Mystery Explained.—A family in this city had for some time been thrown into great confusion by the constant ringing of the bells of the house, by some unknown hand. Servants left the dwelling in dismay; the cause of the unnatural noises could not be discovered. Fear had taken possession of the heads of the family; at nightfall the faces of the inmates of the house bore a sombre and melancholy aspect; the children refused to go to their beds as usual; all was dire dismay; continual walking and starting, agitated and disturbed the rest of all. For some time this state of things continued—ever and anon a tremendous peal of the bells struck terror into their hearts. During one of these fearful moments, a servant happening to pass that part of the house where all the bells connected, she observed, a favorite tabby of her mistress busily engaged in pulling the bell-rope, giving it every now and then a severe jerk, thus creating an alarm in the family, which threatened destruction to their peace for her catship's amusement. This little incident now furnishes many an hour of laughter to the gay, but for a time bewildered family.—*N. Y. Star.*

Daring Robbery.—The Baltimore Republican, of Saturday, says—On Thursday night last, between 9 and 10 o'clock, a gentleman, by the name of T. Locknare, from Petersburg, Va., while passing into Lombard from Light street, was knocked down by four ruffians, and robbed of $3,500. Before assistance could be had, the robbers had rifled his pockets and made off with their booty. Mr. L. had just arrived in this city, and it is probable that it was known to the robbers that he had money about him. A reward of five hundred dollars is offered..*ib.*

Convent Rioters.—We cannot but regret to hear that the persons accused of burning the Ursuline Convent at Charlestown, have been acquitted. If the result of conviction would have been punished by death, we should have been better satisfied with the acquittal; but surely some one was guilty of the base, the unmanly act, of destroying the convent, and depriving poor helpless women, associated for charitable objects, of their home and property. Surely some person or persons, instigated by the worst of all possible motives, have violated the laws of society, of the land, of good order, and that protection which is due to persons and property, by getting up a mob and burning the Convent; if so, how is it that no one is to be punished—that no one is convicted? Has public opinion shielded them? Have religious prejudices sustained them? We hope not.—*ib.*

☞Norfolk, following the example of Charleston, is about applying to the legislature for a large extension of banking capital, so that she may compete with New York as a seaport.—*ib.*

☞A horse, bitten by a rabid dog at Alleghany lately, died with every mark of hydrophobia. The following extraordinary fact is related: "The annals of medical science do not furnish a more extraordinary and interesting example of muscular power than was witnessed in this case, the animal having, while laboring under a violent spasm, actually fractured one of his legs above the gambril joint solely by the violent action of the muscles;—this would appear incredible if there were not several persons present at the time it occurred."

West Indies.—Accounts from Jamaica to the 14th ult. are unfavorable. The apprentices in many instances had refused to work—and although the prospect for the next crop was good, it was feared that two thirds would be lost, on account of the refusal of the laborers to work. From Demarara and St. Lucia, the accounts are not more favorable.

The Ursulines.—Our readers will be gratified to learn that the ladies of the Ursuline Community, after the great inconveniences and vexations they have experienced since the destruction of the Convent at Charlestown, have found a delightful retreat and resting place; where God grant, they may not be again molested. They left the city on Saturday for Brinly Place, in Roxbury, formerly the seat of General Dearborn, where they hope once more to realize the domestic quiet and religious peace of their once happy home at St. Benedict. They will not be able to recommence their school until next December —and we earnestly hope that the good people of Roxbury will not vex them with idle and impertinent visits as fruitless as they are offensive.

Boston paper.

Henry Johnston,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

TAKES this opportunity of informing the public, that he has just received from New York, a general

Assortment of Goods,

In his line of business, consisting in part of Superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, of the most fashionable colors,
Fancy velvet and silk Vestings,
A handsome assortment of fancy Stocks, Bosoms, Collars, Gloves, Suspenders, Umbrellas, &c.

He particularly invites all those who want the above Goods to call and examine for themselves, as he is confident he can please such, both in quality and price. Gentlemen furnishing their own cloths, can have them made and trimmed in the most fashionable manner and at the shortest notice. All orders from a distance will be punctually attended to.

Tarboro', Oct. 9th, 1834.

Coffield King,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and customers, that he has just returned from New York, where he purchased his

Supply of Fall Goods,

In his line of business, viz:
Superfine blue and black Cloths—Mulberry and mixt do.
Clarence brown, sage and lavender Cassimeres—Drab, black, and Orleans do.
Drab Petersham—Goats hair Camblet,
Striped and figured velvet Vestings—Plain black do.
Plain black and figured silk Vestings,
Figured Marseilles and Valencia do.
Linen Bosoms and Collars,
Black satin Stocks—Gentlemen's buck Gloves—Umbrellas, &c.

All of which he will sell low for cash or on a short credit to punctual customers. Those wishing to purchase will please to call and examine for themselves. Gentlemen's clothing made and trimmed in the most fashionable style and at the shortest notice. All orders from a distance will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Tarboro', Oct. 23, 1834.

To the Citizens of Edgecombe and the adjacent Counties.

Andrew Anderson,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

HAS just returned from New York with a splendid assortment of Goods, in his line of business, consisting of

Cloths,
Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

Superfine black and blue Cloths,
Second quality do. do.
Superfine green do. do.
Second quality do. do.
Superfine Adelade—do. Brown,
do. Claret—drab and mixt,
Petersham and goats hair Camblet, for over coats,
A handsome assortment of Cassimeres, such as—Ribbed, of different colors—Diagnal—Buckskin—Corded—black—White and Drab,
The handsomest assortment of Vestings that has ever been brought to this place, consisting of figured Velvets, Cashmere, Merino, black Satin, Florentine, white Marseilles and black silk Velvet—and many other articles for Gentlemen's wear, such as Collars, Stocks, Bosoms, and Gloves, which he promises to dispose of on very reasonable terms, for cash or on a short credit.

I flatter myself that I have as good an assortment as was ever brought to this place—all that is necessary to be convinced, is to give me a call and they will not fail to please

N. B. Grateful for the past favors and encouragement that I have received from my friends and the community at large, I hope to merit a continuance of public patronage. I promise to use my best endeavors to please.

Tarboro', Dec 11 1834

Tallow, Tallow.

600 POUNDS prime Tallow, for sale by

J. W. COTTEN.

20th Nov. 1834

Boots and Shoes.

THE largest and cheapest stock of Boots & Shoes ever exhibited in Tarborough, say—400 pair ladies black and color'd prunella Shoes, from 50 cents,
500 pair women's morocco do. from 45 cts.
350 ,, seal and kid Shoes, cheap.
800 ,, women's leather Shoes, from 30 cts.
650 ,, women's morocco and leather boots, from 75 cents,
700 ,, men's lined and bound high quartered Shoes, from 87½ cts to $1 25, dirt cheap,
150 ,, men's Boots, from $1 50.
1000 ,, negroes' coarse high and low quartered Shoes, from 40 cts to $1.
Boys, girls, and children's Boots and Shoes of every description, cheap.

The above were bought at auction at little more than oneshalf their value, and shall be sold on a moderate profit by the Subscriber

At the Cheap Cash Store.

J. WEDDELL.

21st Nov. 1834.

PAMPHLETS,

Published and for Sale at this Office.

A PATRIOTIC DISCOURSE—the North Carolina Whig's Apology for the Kehukee Association—and, A Basket of Fragments, by the Rev. Joshua Lawrence. Also, A Review of Clark's defence and justification to the Kehukee Association, written by a lay member of the Association—and, Occurrences in the Life of Elder Joseph Biggs, wrote by himself.

Tarborough, Aug. 9.

Printing Press for Sale.

A SUPER ROYAL Printing Press, on the old mode of construction, can be procured on reasonable terms.

Apply at this Office.

January, 1834.

Great Bargains,

IN WOOLLENS,

At the Cheap Cash Store.

20 PIECES superfine Broad Cloths, from 1 50 to $7, astonishingly cheap,
65 pieces Satinetts, from 40 cents to $1,
40 pair rose Blankets, from 2 to $6,
550 negro Blankets, from 60 cents to $1,
35 pieces white and red Flannels, from 20 cents to the finest made.
20 p's negro clothing, from 20 cts to 37½.

J. WEDBELL.

21st Nov. 1834.

☞Bargains.☜

I HAVE resolved on selling off my present Stock of Goods at very reduced prices in order that I may lay in a more extensive one early the ensuing spring, but rather different in its nature from the present. Therefore all persons wishing to buy

The best and newest of

GOODS,

At the lowest prices, can do so by calling at my well known stand. The cheapness of my Goods are unknown—I have for instance staple and fancy Dry Goods, fur and wool Hats, large size negro Blankets, excellent goods for negro winter clothing—ALSO, the very best Shoes for do.—Turks Island Salt—Sugar, Coffee—and the best Teas, from 75 cents to $1 per lb Hardware, Cutlery, &c. Apple Brandy, Rum and Whiskey—and many other useful articles, any part or all of which can and shall be offered and sold to persons wishing to buy, for Cash or barter, lower than can be bad in this place. Do not view this notice as a mere act of delusion, but call and convince yourselves of the fact. Its but a short walk from one end of the town to the other, and I warrant if you will come down you shall be amply remunerated for your trouble.

N H ROUNTREE.

Tarborough, Dec. 19th, 1834.

Cloths and Cassimeres

THIS day opened, a very handsome assortment of blue, black, steel mix and

Fancy Cloths and Cassimeres,

Satinetts, Vestings, Stocks, Collars and Bosoms, which will be sold very cheap for Cash, or on the usual credit to customers.

J W. COTTEN.

15th Oct. 1834

Just received and for Sale,

18 HHDS. Porto Rico Sugar, very good quality—1 do. St. Croix,
25 bags Laguira Coffee,
6 bbls Loaf Sugar,
2 boxes white Havana,
A large stock of Sole & Upper Leather,
500 lbs Shoe Thread,
12 reams wrapping Paper,
12 do. writing do.
50 boxes Segars,
Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Axes,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope,
Tallow and Sperm Candles,
Cotton Yarns, Coffee Mills, &c

And am constantly supplied with Shoes of best and common quality, made by a faithful workman to this town—I warrant them to be just what I say they are—well made Gentlemen wishing to purchase would do well to examine them.

I am determined to sell my Goods at small profits when the cash is paid. In every instance I shall sell produce for the regular customers to my Grocery free of commission charges.

JOHN D WILLIAMS.

Petersburg, Va. Sept. 6.

Cotton Yarn.

THE Subscribers having purchased of Mr. John Parker, all his interest in the Cotton Factory at the Falls of Tar River the firm of Battle & Parker is therefore dissolved

The Subscribers have now, and expect to keep constantly on hand, a full supply of

The very best Cotton Yarn,

Of all numbers, from 4 to 18 inclusive; and are prepared to supply all demands for the above article on the most liberal terms. They are willing to deliver the Yarn to Merchants in all parts of the State (as far as their means will permit) making the usual charges for conveyance; or deliver it at the Factory, on terms as good as can be obtained elsewhere.

BATTLE & BROTHERS.

Falls of Tar River, Dec. 10. 20

N. B. The Machinery is entirely new, and of the latest and most improved kind.

COTTON GINS.

THE Subscriber, who for several years past has been engaged in the

Gin Making business,

In Kinston, has established himself

IN GREENVILLE,

Where he carries on the above business in all its various branches. All those who wish to supply themselves with Gins of the best quality, are respectfully solicited to apply to the Subscriber personally, or by letter. All orders for Gins will be promptly executed. From the Subscriber's long experience in his business, and from the approbation which his work has hitherto met with, he hesitates not to promise entire satisfaction to all who may see fit to extend to him their patronage. Gins out of order will be expeditiously repaired. The Subscriber takes the liberty of calling the attention of those who wish to procure new Gins, or to have old Gins repaired, to the expediency of applying to him in time. When all wait as is usually the case, until the work is wanted, it causes such a pressure of business, that many are obliged of necessity to submit to a longer delay than they wish.

ALLEN TISON,

In connexion with this establishment, carries on the

Lock & Gunsmith business

He also makes *Saw Mill Boxes*, and *Mill Irons*, and *Gudgeons*, of a composition invented by Daniel Peck, of Raleigh—*Grist Mill Spinples*, with *Steel Collars*, (turned.) These articles equal to any manufactured in the United States.

All letters and orders must be directed to the Subscriber, at Greenville.

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.

July 12, 1834. 46

State of North Carolina

MARTIN COUNTY.

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW,

Fall Term 1834.

Sarah Swanner, vs. John Swanner. } *Petition for Divorce.*

IN this case satisfactory reasons having been filed according to law, and petitioner to be found, and proclamation having been made for said defendant, and his default recorded: Ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Star, Tarborough Free Press, two public papers of this State, for three months, for said John Swanner to appear at our next Superior Court, to be held at the Court House in Williamston, the last Monday in February next, then and there to answer, plead, or demur to the petition of said Sarah, and cause shew if any he have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted—otherwise the cause will be taken up and examined ex parte and judgment rendered as to John Swanner pro confesso.

W. MARTIN, Clk.

Price adv. $5 25. 63

State of North Carolina,

EDGECOMBE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,

NOVEMBER TERM, 1834.

Exum Lewis & Susan Bandy vs. John Exum and others. } *Attachment in Equity Levied.*

IF appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that Olive Edwards, one of the defendants in the above cause, is a non-resident of this State: Ordered, thereupon, that publication be made for two months in the Tarborough Free Press, that the Will, will be offered for probate at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for said County, at the Court House in Tarborough, on the fourth Monday in February next, then and there to answer herself or attorney, and show cause, &c.

Witness, Michael Hearn, Clerk of said Court, at Tarborough, the fourth Monday of November, 1834.

MICHL. HEARN, C. C.

Price adv $2 75 64-6

State of North Carolina,

EDGECOMBE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,

NOVEMBER TERM, 1834.

George A Sugg, to the use of John C. Gorham vs. John R. Scarborough, } *Original Attachment—James Clark summoned as garnishee.*

IF appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the defendant resides beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Tarborough Free Press, notifying said defendant to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next Court to be held for said County, at the Court House in Tarborough, on the fourth Monday in February next, then and there to replevy, and plead to issue, otherwise judgment final will be rendered against him, and the property levied on and in the hands of the garnishee condemned, subject to the plaintiff's recovery.

Witness, Michael Hearn, Clerk of said Court, at Tarborough, the fourth Monday of November, 1834.

MICHL. HEARN, C. C.

Price adv $2 : 75. 64-6

State of North Carolina.

EDGECOMBE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,

NOVEMBER TERM, 1834.

Burt & Horn vs. Joshua B. Ennis, } *Original Attachment—Levied, &c.*

Willie Brownrigg, William Stewart, William Pratt, Moses Westbrook, Dan. William Barnes and Elias Barnes, summoned as garnishees.

IF appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the defendant resides beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the Tarborough Free Press, that the said defendant appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the Court to be held for said County aforesaid, on the fourth Monday in February next, then and there to replevy and plead to issue, otherwise judgment final will be rendered against him, and the property levied on and in the hands of the garnishees condemned subject to the plaintiff's recovery.

Witness, Michael Hearn, Clerk of the said Court, at Tarborough, the fourth Monday of November, 1834.

MICHL. HEARN, C. C.

Price adv $3 : 50. 64 6

Cash for Corn.

I WISH to purchase 100 barrels Corn for which the Cash will be paid.

J. W. COTTEN.

Tarboro' Nov. 13th, 1834.

Cotton Gins.

THE Subscriber has established himself in the houses formerly occupied by the late Joseph Lackey, dec'd, near the river, and a short distance below Benjamin M. Jackson's store, where he carries on

The making and repairing

Cotton Gins.

All those who wish to supply themselves with Gins of the best quality, are respectfully solicited to apply to the Subscriber personally, or by letter. All orders for Gins will be promptly executed. Gins out of order will be expeditiously repaired.

☞Two second hand Cotton Gins for sale low for Cash.

SAMUEL D. PROCTER.

Tarborough, 30th Sept 1834.

HISTORY OF THE

Kehukee Association.

JUST PUBLISHED, and for sale at the office of the Tarboro' Press, "A concise History of the Kehukee Baptist Association, from its original rise to the present time—by Elder Joseph Biggs—under the supervision of a committee (consisting of Elders Joshua Lawrence, William Hyman, and Luke Ward, and brethren Thomas Biggs, Joseph D. Biggs, and Cushing B. Hassell.) appointed by the Association. Price $1 each, or $10 per dozen.

GEO. HOWARD.

Sept. 18, 1834.