



TARBORO JOURNAL

SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1837.

Republican Nomination.

Election on Thursday, 27th July.

FOR CONGRESS.

THOMAS H. HALL.

We have the gratification to announce that Dr. Hall has accepted the nomination tendered to him by the citizens of this county, and that he may be now regarded as the Democratic candidate for Congress, in this district.

The Washington Whig of Tuesday last, contains the letter of the committee appointed by the Whig Convention which recently assembled at that place, and the reply of Mr. Collins; in which he declines the nomination as a candidate for Congress, "from considerations of a purely private and personal nature."

The Raleigh Register contains an official announcement from the Executive Department, that "Agreeably to the provisions of an Act of the last General Assembly, the Governor hereby gives public notice, that a subscription has been made by the Board of Internal Improvements, on behalf of the State, to the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, of 6,000 shares; and, that 25 per cent. has been paid thereon."

Gen. James Owen, President of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road, returned a day or two since, (says the Wilmington Advertiser,) from a visit along the outposts, and to Raleigh, connected with the business of the Company. He has been successful, we understand, in effecting arrangements highly productive to the interests of the Company, and promising a speedy benefit to the travelling public.

We have been favored by a friend (says the Portsmouth Times) with the following extract of a letter from Mr. Gwynn. The information it contains is encouraging. It remains for the friends of the great route to make one more hearty pull and it will be beyond the shoals and dangers. Now is the time for a blow to tell well. The iron is heated and ready. Delay would be inexcusable and absolutely ridiculous.

"I am progressing very well in the arrangement for the establishment of the line of stages and steamboats to Charleston, one boat has been purchased, and another will be contracted for tomorrow. Agents are engaged in the purchase of horses, and the stages will be forwarded soon."

The boat has arrived, and Mr. Gwynn returned. Every thing moves on well. One of the boats will be here forthwith, and a large posse of horses will in little time be kicking up the dust on the Wilmington road. We must have more steam on the Chesapeake, and that right early.

Virginia.—The Virginia Legislature, by way of an offset for five millions increase of bank capital, have appropriated four and a half million of dollars for various objects of internal improvement, among which are \$50,000 for the Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road.

Moneyed affairs appear to be rapidly growing worse. The

failures in New Orleans alone are said to exceed one hundred millions of dollars. The True American of the 19th inst. says:

The failure of Yeatman, Wood & Co. will carry more immediate distress into the West than any one of the suspensions that has yet taken place. Their house occupied a very high ground in the confidence of millions of people. The result will be ruinous in Tennessee and Kentucky to the poor. Their notes make up almost one-third of the circulation in Tennessee.

A constant drain of specie is going on in Mississippi. Negroes have fallen to \$150 to \$300, that formerly cost \$1,200. Every species of property is a mere drug among the people of that State.

No sales of Cotton to-day, except a few bales taken in the way of trade, at nominal prices. If the upper country people will continue to force Cotton into this market, it will have to be sold on the Levee for freight and charges. There is no demand whatever for the article, at any price. Flour, in quantities, saleable, at \$5 75 to \$6.

Petersburg Market, April 24.—Cotton—6 to 10 cents.—Int.

Washington Market, April 25.—Turpentine, new dip, \$1 75;—Old \$1 60.

Tar, \$1 25.—Whig.

A few days since President Van Buren presented to Col. Croghan, a gold medal, voted him by Congress, for his gallant conduct in defending Fort Stephenson, during the last war.

Relations between the Mexicans and the United States broken off.—The National Intelligencer now states positively that the Mexican Charge d'Affaires has received orders to suspend immediately, all intercourse with the Cabinet at Washington. Taking this in connection with the blockade of Texas and the indignation expressed in the Mexican capital, at the receipt of Gen. Jackson's message, recommending, contingently, letters of reprisals, we should imagine we were on the eve of a war with Mexico. Unfortunately, however, this miserable, distracted, priest-ridden country, impoverished with all her gold mines, is the prey of eternal civil wars, and at this moment in a revolution. Gen. Santa Anna if restored, and faithful to his pledges, may yet save Mexico, and be the liberator instead of conqueror, as he wished to be of Texas.

Murder and another warning to drunkards.—On Saturday last, in the lower part of this county, Henry Massey was stabbed in the abdomen by Morris Sehorn, which resulted immediately in his death. Sehorn is now confined in the jail of this place, to await his trial at the next Superior Court. There was no just cause for the committing of this deed, and the prisoner himself says there was none—but attributes it to his being intoxicated. This is another melancholy result from the excessive use of ardent spirits.—Charlotte Jour.

Destructive Tornado.—The Greensboro Telescope of the 14th inst. says: We were witnesses on Monday morning last of the effects of a very destructive and altogether unusual storm which occurred on Friday evening last, the 7th inst. There was on that evening a pretty general severe storm of wind and rain throughout this section of country, or at least so far as we have as yet heard, accompanied by thunder and repeated lightnings; about 9 o'clock at night the storm, for a few seconds only, raged with resistless force in the neighboring village of Jamestown, about 11 miles southwest of this place, and greatly injured or entirely prostrated ten buildings, including out houses. It is here too worthy of remark, that amidst the general ruin, not a single individual was in the slightest degree injured, notwithstanding several houses were entirely prostrated

and carried away, in which were at the time entire families. Considerable damage was done to fencing, in many sections heard from.

Pennsylvania.—The Legislature of Pennsylvania recently passed a bill appropriating \$3,092,000 for works of internal improvement in that State. The bill was in due time sent to the Governor for his signature, and on Monday last, he returned it to the House of Representatives with a Message, stating his reasons for refusing to sign it—the principal of which is, that it will increase the State debt to \$50,000,000 in about four years. When the Message was read, an animated debate ensued, after which the vote was taken on the passage of the bill, and it stood as follows: Yeas 48, Nays 47—the Constitution requiring a majority of two-thirds, the bill was lost. Several attempts were made to get up a new bill, embracing the most important works—but they all failed, and the Legislature adjourned in a pet.—Raleigh Reg.

Ohio.—The Legislature of this State adjourned on the 30th ult. after four months session. The bill for the creation of thirty-five new Banks was indefinitely postponed. The Surplus Revenue is to be distributed among the counties in the ratio of their population. The County Commissioners are authorized to loan it out in sums not less than \$100 nor more than \$1000, the interest to go to the school fund. An Improvement bill has passed, which provides that the State shall subscribe as much to any Canal, Rail Road, or Turnpike, as the companies have subscribed.—ib.

Gov. Lynch, of Mississippi, has called an extra session of the Legislature of that State, to be held on the third Monday of the present month, to take some speedy action in relation to the general distress which pervades the whole community.

Rathbun's Trial.—The trial of Rathbun for forgery was closed at Batavia, New York, on Tuesday last. The Jury, after being out for some time, came into Court and announced that they were unable to agree upon a verdict, and were, by consent of the counsel, discharged. It is understood, seven were for convicting him, and five for acquitting him. Rathbun has been committed for a new trial.

It is stated in the Philadelphia papers, that Moncore Robertson, Esq. has effected a sale of the Reading and Catawissa Rail Road Companies, in London, to the amount of a million of dollars; and that he has obtained a loan of another million upon the same stock.

The Grippe (or Influenza) has made its appearance in New Orleans. The same disorder, under the latter name, traversed our continent in 1832. It preceded the Cholera a few months, spreading death in its career. If we recollect the estimates made at the time, it was nearly if not quite as fatal as the Cholera. It is a more insidious and more dangerous foe.—Penn. Sent.

New York Black Book.—A great excitement has been produced in Chicago and the West by the discovery, according to the Chicago American, and other papers, of a villainous publication said to have been got up by some New York merchants, wherein the Western merchants are regularly labelled and classified by an assumed value appended to their names to denote their solvency, pecuniary capabilities, moral character, &c. As we were the first to denounce a similar attempt upon the city of Richmond, Virginia, we deem it our duty to take the same ground on the present occasion.

At least five millions of dollars will not cover the annual purchases in New York by merchants from that quarter. What has

been the consequence of the publication mentioned? Already these merchants declare they will abandon us and go to Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia. We implore them first to ascertain if this is not a malicious trick got up by interested persons to injure the character of New York. We feel confident that when the investigation is carried out it will be found that the merchants of this city will with one voice repudiate the foul imputation. And if we have any among us who are guilty, they will be branded and shunned.

N. Y. Star.

Slave Case—Riot.—The case of the colored man arrested a few days since, on the charge of having run away from his master in Virginia, came up before the Recorder on Tuesday, and after some preliminary steps it was adjourned to yesterday at 11 o'clock. Owing to the immense crowd present, the Recorder adjourned to the Sessions Room, Alms House. The examination of witnesses in behalf of the slave, continued till 3 o'clock, when the proceedings were adjourned.—Nearly all the audience were blacks, and most of them retired. A few, however, lingered behind, and when the prisoner was bro't out of the Alms House door, under Messrs. Lowds and Fountain, deputy sheriffs, they were assaulted by about 500 colored persons in the Park. From the Gazette we learn that this time "Justice Bloodgood, broke through the crowd and when within arms length of the prisoner, a strapping wench jumped on his back and threw her arms around his neck; while in this situation, two negroes came to her assistance and succeeded in bringing him to the ground, when one of them commenced beating him on the back the head and neck. He however soon succeeded in securing him as he was about crawling under the chains of the parterre. Some officers were also fortunate enough to capture the other negro and the wench, and all three were committed."

Gilbert Hays, one of the officers, was also knocked down and much bruised; David Waldron, another officer, had his coat torn off by Russell C. Wheeler, a lawyer, who was arrested and bound over in the sum of \$10,000 to answer for the assault.

"During the confusion the prisoner was carried off by the mob, which proceeded up Broadway to Reed street, where they turned down towards the North river. Just after passing Church street the rescued man was stealthily pushed into an alley, and the mob continued down the street, as if they still had their prize in company. Their movements were however watched by Deputy Sheriff Fountain, who remained in front of the alley, and sent to the police office for assistance. He was speedily supplied with the requisite aid, and after a diligent search of the premises, the negro was found in a coal hole, and reconveyed to prison. On searching him, a dagger was found in his pocket, with both edges sharpened, secured round his body.—ib.

Brutal Outrage.—A black man named Frank, who is well known about the neighborhood of Patterson, was on Saturday last tried at Hackensack, N. J. and sentenced to be imprisoned in the State Prison for seven years, for having assaulted a pretty looking young white woman about 22 years of age, named Mary Cole. The monster attacked the woman in a bye spot, about four miles from Patterson, and swore he would take her life, unless she yielded; and in a struggle that ensued three of her fingers were broken. Finding himself toiled, the fiend then tore one of her ear rings out of her ear; and afterwards robbed her of her handkerchief, a pair of gloves, and a small amount of money.—N. Y. Era.

Foreign. Late from England.—Liver-

pool dates to the 24th March have been received at New York.

The Cotton market has fallen—the article has receded 3d.

The money market had improved, in consequence of the announcement by the Bank of England of their intention to aid the American banking houses.

There was a meeting of the Bank Directors held on the 18th of March. The discussion touched upon the existing parliamentary enactments in respect to banking institutions, whereby the Bank of England is obliged in her own defence, to act under false monetary principles, and to give deceptive returns, since the joint stock banks' returns are equally defective.

The prospect that the Church Rate Abolition Bill will be rejected in the Lords, has helped to depress the funds. Consequent upon this were rumors of a change of ministry.

The share market was depressed, made more so by the gloomy accounts of commercial transactions at Liverpool.

The debates in the British Parliament evince a deadly hostility against the independence of Texas, or its annexation to the United States, that was little anticipated.

France.—A panic respecting the Savings' Bank has prevailed in Paris, which has extended itself to the other towns. The sums drawn from the Metropolitan Savings Bank, within twenty days preceding March 16, exceed by a million of francs the deposits made in the same period. At Lisle, a run on the Savings Bank had commenced. Letters from Lyons represent the state of trade as deplorable. Thirty thousand human beings are in a state of extreme destitution. A great manufacturer is stated to have said at the Chamber of Deputies, that within forty years the woollen manufacturers of France had never been in so deplorable a state as at present.

The Revd. J. Singletary will preach at the Old Church in this place, in the forenoon and afternoon, on Sunday next, the 30th inst.—Com.

Elder G. W. Carrowan will preach May 1st at Log Chapel; 2d, at Cross Roads; 3d, at Tarboro; 4th, at Coneto; 5th, at Gum Swamp; 6th, at Great Swamp; 7th, at Greenville; 8th, at Red Banks.—Com.

MARRIED. In this county, on Wednesday evening the 12th inst. by Benjn Sharpe, Esq. Mr. William Kennedy to Miss Gracy Windham.

Prices Current, At Tarboro' and New York

APR. 24.	per	Tarboro'	New York
Bacon,	lb.	10 12	10 11
Beeswax,	lb.	20 25	27 28
Brandy, apple	gall'n	45 50	47 48
Coffee,	lb.	13 16	11 15
Corn,	bush.	75 80	100 105
Cotton,	lb.	8 10	12 14
Cotton bag'g	yard.	20 25	19 23
Flour, supf.	bb.	\$11 \$12	\$8 10
Iron,	lb.	4 5	3 4
Lard,	lb.	12 15	15 16
Molasses,	gall'n	55 60	32 45
Sugar, brown,	lb.	11 13	7 10
Salt, T. I.	bush	70 75	40 45
Turpentine,	bb.	150 175	250 300
Wheat,	bush.	100 125	150 165
Whiskey,	bb.	60 65	44 46



Mrs. A. C. Howard,

Is now opening her Spring Supply of Goods, which having been selected by herself she can recommend without any hesitation as being of superior quality. Her assortment is extensive, and includes a general variety of

Fancy Millinery.

In her assortment will be found: A variety of Pattern Bonnets, Tuscan and straw do. of nearly every shape and feature. Plain, figured, and watered Silks and Satins for dresses, Fancy Gauzes, for do. Veils, Shawls, Scarfs, and Handkerchiefs of different qualities and prices. Head ornaments, hair Nets, Pins & Combs. A large quantity of Ribbons, artificial Flowers, &c. &c.

Mrs. H. has patterns of the latest fashions. She invites an inspection of her Goods. Mantua-making done as usual. Tarboro', April 28.

RAIL ROAD OFFICE. Wilmington, April 21st. 1837. THE Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company will be held at Wilmington on the first Monday (the 1st day) of May next.

James Owen, President. Notice. I order that I may be able to settle my own affairs, I particularly request those indebted to me either by account or otherwise to prepare themselves for payment at May Court next, as the subscriber is anxious to close his business in this country. L. B. Brady. April 22, 1837.

PIANOS.

MR. E. P. NASH, of Petersburg, Virginia, being sole Agent for the sale of our Piano Fortes, in the States of Virginia & North Carolina, persons desiring of having Instruments of our manufacture can make application to him, as he has the exclusive right to sell in those States. Stadart, Worcester & Dunham, New York, March 17, 1837.

COMMENCE my spring sales of the above Instruments in the States of Virginia and North Carolina, by declaring that Stadart, Worcester & Dunham, manufacture of

Piano Fortes. Is the very best in the United States—only equal to others, but, literally the best; and as the very best evidence I am borne out in the assertion, am prepared to challenge a fair trial with any make, or makers, far or near.

The Factory of these makers having within a few months been considerably enlarged, I shall now be enabled to meet the demand. The prices of those Pianos are regular and established.

Edward P. Nash, March 27.

Look at this.

THE firm of S. Pender & Son having been dissolved by mutual consent, the business will be continued at the stand by the subscribers under the firm of

Pender & Pope. S. PENDER. W. A. POPE.

All those indebted to S. Pender & Son by note or account, are requested to come forward and settle, as indulgence cannot be given. S. Pender & Son. Tarboro', April 20, 1837.

Roanoke Trade.

GASTON, 5th April, 1837. THE undersigned respectfully informs the Planters and Merchants of North Carolina and Virginia, and the public generally, that the

Greensville and Roanoke RAIL ROAD

is now completed, and in successful operation, and that he has located himself at Gaston, the termination of said Road, for the purpose of transacting

A Commission, receiving and forwarding business;

And is now prepared to give attention to all consignments. The undersigned, commencing business at Gaston, would be the impression that the shippers, Produce, and receivers of Goods, both the country and town of Petersburg, would find it convenient and advantageous to have a regular correspondent and interested agent to attend to their various interests, and especially to the order and condition in which hampden and wagram receive and deliver their cargoes at Gaston, from and to the Rail Road Company, and particularly in procuring hampden wagram, for the immediate dispatch of merchandise, &c. to its place of destination. Under this belief, he offers his services to the public, promising to devote time and services to their best interests and assuring them that he will discharge the trust which may be reposed in him with care and fidelity.

The undersigned, in offering his services to the public, begs leave to inform them that he has, for the last two or three years, devoted his time in an extensive shipping and commission business in the town of Petersburg, and flatters himself that the knowledge there obtained in the branch of business, will enable him to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their business. His charges will be very moderate; merely sufficient to defray for the time these duties will require of his hands.

SAML. W. PUGHE

Rates of charges on some of the most prevalent articles:— Tobacco, merchandise, &c. per cwt. 25 00 Cotton, per bale, 10 00 Merchandise, per peck, 10 00 Flour, per barrel, 10 00 Manufactur'd tobacco, per box & keg, 4 00 Salt, per sack, 5 00

REFERENCES.

Petersburg.—Chas. F. Osborn, President Petersburg Rail Road Company. Messrs. Rowlett, Roper & Noble, L. S. Stinkewick, Son & Co. Pannell & Co. James M. McCulloch & Co. Duany, McWaine & Brownley, Hurt, Patterson & Wills, Holdrby & McPheters. Gaston.—W. W. Wilkins, Esq. Mecklenburg.—Dr. Lignal Jones. Clarksville, Va.—Messrs. A. W. Frazier & Co. J. L. Thomas, Esq. Milton, N. C.—Watkins & Frazier. George W. Johnson & Co. Danville, Va.—Geo. White, T. D. Nelson, Esq.

Constables' Blanks for sale AT THIS OFFICE.