



TARBOROUGH

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1838.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The Election for Governor, members of Assembly, and Sheriff, was held in this county on Thursday last, and the Polls will be compared in this place to-day. We have not seen complete returns, but no doubt exists of the election of the following candidates:

Senate.—L. D. Wilson, no opposition. Commons.—Robt. Bryan and Wm. S. Baker. (Mr. Bryan first publicly declared himself a candidate on Saturday last.) Sheriff.—Wm. D. Petway, re-elected without opposition.

The official statement of the Polls in the different districts in the county, will appear in our next. The aggregate vote for the Commons as reported is: For Bryan 611, Baker 582, James George 344, For Governor, in 13 out of the 17 districts, Branch 449, Dudley 101.

We learn from Pitt, that Alfred Moye (Whig) is re-elected to the Senate without opposition—and that John L. Foreman and John C. Gorham (Whigs) are elected to the Commons, by a small majority over their Republican competitors.

The Elections in Louisiana have terminated in favor of the Whigs. They have carried their Representatives to Congress, Governor and Legislature by large majorities.

Address to the people of the U. States.—The Globe contains an Address, adopted at a meeting of the Republican members of the Senate and House of Representatives, held at the Capitol, July 6, 1838, the Hon. JOHN M. NILES, of Connecticut, and the Hon. CHARLES E. HAYNES of Georgia, being Chairmen, and the Hon. George M. Keim, of Pennsylvania, and the Hon. H. L. Turney, of Tennessee, acting as Secretaries. We shall embrace an early opportunity to lay this Address before our readers, embodying as it does, "a full and frank avowal of the political opinions and principles" of the Democratic Republican party.

Shocco Springs.—We are truly gratified to learn, that the visitors at this delightful summer retreat are rapidly accumulating. There is now not only a large, but, company of the most refined and agreeable order; amongst them Gov. Dudley and family, and many others of distinction. It has been a subject of remark, and often a source of regret, that those who purpose visiting Shocco, defer it until a late period in the season; and the consequences are, that they go there sick, or are apt to be so after they arrive. The inducements held out by this attractive Watering Place, for those who are in pursuit of health or recreation, to quit the low country this warm weather, we conceive to be almost irresistible.

We learn that on Saturday last, at Sparta in this county, Elisha Pippen, in assisting to prepare a barbecue at a muster, was so far overcome by heat and liquor, as to cause his death in a few hours.

Resumption of Specie Payments.—We are authorized to state that the Bank of the State of North Carolina, and its Branches, will resume specie payments on the 1st of next month, August. The Bank of Cape-Fear, and its Branches, and the Merchants' Bank of Newbern, will, of course, resume at the same time. No Banks in the Union are better able to fulfil their obligations than the Banks of North Carolina.—Raleigh Standard.

The Elections.—The elections for Governor and members of the General Assembly, will take place throughout this State in the following order:

On Thursday, July 26th, in Edgecombe, Pitt, Beaufort, Washington, and Hyde.

On Friday, July 27th, in Johnston, Nash, Warren, Franklin, and Granville.

In all the other counties, on the general Election day, viz: Thursday August 9. ib

From the N Carolina Journal—Extra.

NAILED TO THE COUNTER!!!

Governor Branch and the Federal Editors in North Carolina.—The Federal Editors without exception (we believe)

in our State, have charged Gov. Branch with being a citizen of Florida, with the view of injuring his election as a candidate for Governor; this we were all along convinced was a mistake, or a wilful fabrication. We accordingly addressed a letter to this gentleman, and put the question directly to him. We subjoin his reply, which nails this false statement to the counter. Those who have honestly labored under a mistake in this matter, will now have an opportunity of doing Governor Branch an act of justice, by making as public a recantation of the statement as they have made the statement itself. This we doubt not every lover of truth will readily comply with.

Enfield, July 22d, 1838.

Dear Sir: On my return home last night I found among my other letters one from you dated the 18th instant, containing the following interrogatory. "Are you or are you not a citizen of North Carolina, and do you consider this State your home?" This I will lose no time in answering; and in the language of the Editor of the Star, will say that if any thing could have surprised me, in this day of degeneracy and mendacity, it would have been the bold and unqualified assertion of a falsehood by gentlemen in whose veracity I had been wont to repose confidence. What their motives are, is but too apparent, they are tired of hearing myself and others called the firm friends of the good old faith of 1798-99. It is a standing reproach to their degeneracy and recreant principle, and hence they would adopt the Athenian mode, and ostracise me. They shall be disappointed! I have never done any thing to disfranchise or expatriate myself. I am a native born North Carolinian, descended from a long line of native born ancestors, residing on my paternal estate at this place, and owning (two miles from here) the plantation on which I was born. It is true that I have a plantation in Florida, on which I occasionally reside in the winter and spring, surrounded by several of my children, and many friends, endeared to me by the tenderest recollections. It is also true that my name has been announced in the Tallahassee papers as a candidate for the Convention to form a State Constitution, under the following circumstances: I was applied to by many of the citizens of Leon county to assist them in forming their State Constitution. This I objected to on the ground that I did not mean to interfere with the politics of Florida. They remarked that I at all events had a deep interest in the future growth, and prosperity of the Territory, and that she was entitled to such aid as I could conveniently give her during my sojourn among them. All of which I could not but acknowledge, and upon the strength of it, the Editor of the Watchman first announced my name. All who are in the habit of associating with me, know, I proudly boast that North Carolina is and ever will be my home, that I am too old to bear transplanting even to a richer soil. But sir, what is a Territory? A plantation belonging to the States. Her organization and laws entirely under the supervision and control of the General Government; and of course entitled in her infant struggles to every aid from the parent States. I thank you for the just views which prompted you to make the enquiry and properly appreciate them.

With much respect I am yours &c. JOHN BRANCH.

Hon. Levi Woodbury, Secretary of the Treasury, has published his letter of June 9, in which he formally declined the appointment of Chief Justice of New Hampshire.

Internal Improvement.—We copy the following, from the Washington Whig of the 3d inst. for matter of present reflection and future reference:—

We had intended before this, to insert the following joint resolution for the "survey of the lakes," (which we copy from the National Intelligencer,) but the circulars of our county candidates, lately published in the Whig, compelled us to defer this and several other articles we had on file.

"The joint resolution"—[for the survey of the lakes, in which "the waters of Pamlico, Albemarle, and Core Sounds" are included]—was read a third time and passed in the following form:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to cause such parts of Lake Ontario, Erie, St. Clair, Huron, Michigan, and Champlain, and the bays contiguous, and the rivers and straits connected with said lakes, and the waters of the Chesapeake Bay, and the rivers, straits, and creeks, adjacent thereto, and also the waters of Pamlico, Albemarle, and Core Sounds, as are within the United States, to be surveyed, when he may deem the same to be necessary to add security and safety to the navigation or commerce on those waters, or for any naval or military operations that may be required on the same for the protection and defence of the Northern frontier, and accurate maps of such surveys to be made; and for that purpose he is hereby authorized to employ any public vessel or craft within those waters, and to detail for such service such persons as are employed on board of such vessel or craft and others in public employ, when the same can be done without injury to other branches

of the public service; and that he cause the shoals, rocks, or other obstructions, and the channels into bays, mouths of rivers, and through the straits where said channels are intricate, to be designated by buoys, or in such other suitable manner as he may direct.

The Hon. Edward Stanly introduced a resolution in the early part of the session, for the purpose of procuring some such survey, but its success was exceedingly doubtful. The waters of "Pamlico, Albemarle, and Core Sounds" were inserted in the above resolution on Mr. S's motion. He had this done, because the northern representatives were forced to vote for it. It is not to be inferred from this, however, that Mr. Stanly is an advocate for a general and expensive system of internal improvements. We know him too well to believe this; but, like many of the Virginia States right men, and others, he deems it proper and just, that our northern members should vote for our appropriations, at the same time they vote money for their own parts of the country. It is in this way, alone, we shall ever be able to get any works of internal improvements carried on in North Carolina. Most of us are opposed to internal improvements by the general government; and there are many and strong objections to it: it increases patronage, and encourages extravagance. The money from the lands ought, we think, to be divided among the States, and then we should be able to carry on our own improvements. We believe the system has been carried too far; but we hold it perfectly right, that when measures of this sort are proposed by our northern men, we ought to make them vote for our works also.

From the Washington Whig of July 24.

Congress through our efficient representative, Mr. Stanly, has appropriated \$5000 for removing the obstruction at the shoal near this town.

The Issue.—Henry Clay and a National Bank, or Martin Van Buren and no National Bank. No one can read the Whig toasts which have been every where drunk in Virginia on the 4th July, without seeing that this is the issue. Gen. Harrison has been dropped by the very champions who pressed him forward in 1836, and Henry Clay is to be the candidate of the Whigs. This is clear from the efforts which have been pompously and assiduously made to trumpet him forth on the recent anniversary. We beg the reader to con over the Whig toasts in Nansmond, which we have been requested to publish. Was there ever a jumble of toasts more fulsome in their flattery of the Whig candidate—more coarse and illiberal in their veneration of the friends of Mr. Van Buren?

From such a spirit what are his political friends to expect but relentless persecution and crucifixion from the successful Whigs? And will they submit to such a defeat? or will they not cease their discords, heal their divisions, and again unite to put down the Whig? They must do it—they will do it—and then again re-action, victory, triumphs, are theirs.—Richmond Enq.

An old imposture.—Newly vamped up! The Maysville Whig has trumped up a forged letter, said to have been written by Mr. Jefferson in 1823, in compliment to Mr. Clay. It speaks of Mr. Clay as "one of the most talented and brilliant men and statesmen that the country has ever produced, and should I live many years longer, I hope to see him hold the place of Chief Executive of the American Republic." His career, thus far in life, has been a career of glory, and he has achieved that for his country, whilst engaged in her cause, which would ornament the brightest place in the escutcheon of the most favored statesman in any age or nation."

The Lynchburg Virginian republishes the extract from the Maysville Whig, to whom it expresses its obligation "for exhibiting the subjoined letter of the venerable Sage of Monticello, and giving it to the public—though we fear that Thomas J. Randolph, esq might have searched Herculeanum for months without discovering it. Such testimony from the author of the Declaration of Independence, and the father of the true Democratic party, will not be slightly regarded."

No, indeed, Mr. Randolph might have hunted the archives forever, without discovering such a MS. It is plain forgery. It gave us some trouble several years ago to detect it—but we at last succeeded in the attempt. Mr. S. Southworth pledged himself to produce the original MS. in the hand writing of Mr. Jefferson—we defied him to produce it, and pledged ourselves to prove it a counterfeit—we took some pains to send on an autograph to Providence, Rhode Island, for the purpose of comparison—but Mr. S. violated his engagement, and to this day, it has not been forthcoming. It was one of the grossest pieces of forgery which has ever been attempted—and lo! it is again "exhumed," for the purpose of bolstering up the pretensions of Mr. Clay.—ib.

Among the appropriations made by Congress in the Harbour bill, are, \$20,000 for the Cape Fear River below Wilmington; \$5,000 for Tar River, below

Washington; and \$25,000 for opening a passage of 50 yards wide and 7 feet deep between the town of Beaufort and Pamlico Sound, and for improving New River. Fay. Obs.

Land Valuation.—The new regulation under the act of the last session of the Legislature, providing for the more uniform and just valuation of lands, is likely to result in a very handsome increase of the revenue. The returns from 8 counties received at the Comptroller's Office, show an increase in the assessed value of real estate in those counties of \$1,229,400. The last year's valuation under the old system, was \$3,830,020—valuation under the new, \$5,065,410.—Ral. Star.

Capt. Jesse Cooper is a candidate for the Senate, and Raleigh Roebuck for the Commons, without opposition. Simon Smithwick and Thomas H. Phillips are candidates for Sheriff, in Martin county. ib.

At a celebration in Mecklenburg co., on the 4th, the cannon burst, and killed instantly Wm. L. Patton, Esq and wounded Mr. Josiah Rogers severely, and Mr. Hugh Peoples slightly.—ib.

EDITORIAL SCRAPS.

Hot, hotter, hottest.—For a week or two past the weather has been oppressively hot. Last week, in the coldest place in the town—said to be—the Thermometer ranged from 93 to 98! We have heard the remark from several old citizens of the Town, that Friday last was the hottest day they ever before experienced here. At the North it is said the Mercury reached 102 in the shade. Many persons there have died from drinking cold water. We are happy to say that Washington, at this time, is very healthy.

Watson, aged 4 years, son of Mr. H. Small, of this county, was drowned on Friday last by falling in a well.

Negro Wallace was executed near this Town on Friday last.—Washington Whig

Charleston and Cincinnati Rail Road Bank.—Gen. Hayne, President of the Rail Road Company, has given notice, that the "South Western Rail Road Bank," will go into operation at Charleston in November next, and the Branches in North Carolina and Tennessee as soon thereafter as possible.

Absconding Banks.—We have heard much said of absconding Sub-Treasurers. These runaways are the terms of Whiggery; but as every defaulting or flying officer leaves his securities to make good his delinquencies, we seldom find that excesses of this sort are attempted. But when the owners and managers of banks choose to elope with their contents, they leave no paymaster behind. Take the following instance.—Globe.

Banking in Florida.—The St. Joseph (Florida) Times expresses a belief that the responsibilities of the Commercial Bank at Apalachicola, will not fall short of \$400,000, and that its recoverable assets will not pay more than ten cents in the hundred. This is the bank which, in the person of Hugh Stevenson, who had bought up the stock, attempted lately to get off to Texas, leaving the bill-holders to pay themselves as they could. Stevenson was also president of the West Florida Bank, and owner of the old Magnolia Bank, (all broken institutions); when arrested he had in his possession \$125,000 in bills of the West Florida Bank, which it is said he designed for circulation in Texas.

Foreign.

Seven days later from England.—The packet ship Siddons, at New York, brings London papers to the 15th, and Liverpool to the 16th June. From the various New York Journals before us we make up the following summary of news:

Some of the English papers appear to be alarmed about the crops, and prognosticate all the evils to trade and the currency which usually attend shortness.

Business is reviving and money more in demand.

The cotton market does not show so well as by the previous accounts.

The proceedings of Parliament seem to be of no great interest to the American reader. The approaching Coronation employed all pens, and engrossed all other ideas, in every city of importance. Illuminations, bonfires, military displays, and all the most significant demonstrations of joy were in preparation. Many of the most distinguished Ambassadors of the Foreign Powers had reached London, preparing for an amazing display of magnificence, and a gorgeous outlay of expenditure far beyond any thing we Republicans ever dreamed of.

Liverpool Market, June 16.

Our Cotton market has been dull, and the low and middling qualities have further declined 1-3d a 4d per lb. The better qualities are also unsaleable and rather lower, except really fine Cotton which being relatively scarce maintains its value. The dullness and depression here have had an unfavorable influence on business at Manchester, and the whole is attributed

mainly to the recent accounts from the United States, showing that the crop from the late crop will be larger than before generally calculated. It has put a stop to purchases on speculation and the dealer and consumer, having some time past taken a liberal supply, now buying very moderately. The sales for the week ending 8th inst. were 30,000 bales, and this week they amount to 21,180 bales—of the latter 4840 are Orleans at 5 5 8 a 8 1-8—8,339 Orleans at 5 8 1/2 with bales 9 a 9 1/2; 2,390 Alabama Mobile at 6 5 8 a 7 1/2 with 25 bales at 5 and 500 Sea Islands at 15 to 33 per lb.

Petersburg Market, July 24.—Cotton, 9 to 11 cts.—Flour, \$7 50 to 9 00—(wholesale.) 3 75 to 4 00—Bacon, (Round,) 11 to 11 1/2 cts.—Int.

Washington Market, July 24.—Turpentine, new dip, \$2.95; Old \$1.90; Straps, \$1.00. Tar, \$1 80 —H hig.

Norfolk Market, July 17.—Cotton, 10 to 10 1/2 cents; Corn, 73 to 75 cents; Lard, dull, 8 to 9 cents.—Her.

Elder George W. Carrowan by appointment is expected to preach at Corn Roads on Friday, August the 3d; at Tobacco on Saturday the 4th; at Conetoe on Sunday the 5th; at Gum Swamp on Monday the 6th; at Great Swamp on Tuesday the 7th; at Greenville on Wednesday the 8th.—Com.



DIED, In this county, on Tuesday last, Mr. Benjamin Coffield, aged about 74 years. Also, on Wednesday last, at an advanced age, Mrs. Lyon, widow of the late Thomas Lyon.

Prices Current, At Tarborough and New York.

Table with 4 columns: Item, Unit, Price per unit, and Location (Tarboro' or New York). Items include Bacon, Brandy, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, Flour, Iron, Lard, Molasses, Sugar, Salt, Turpentine, Wheat, and Whiskey.

A CARD.

The Northampton Academy. HAVING learned that it is reported in the lower counties, that I design to abandon the charge of the

"Northampton Academy," I take this method of informing my friends, patrons, and the public generally, that the rumor, from whatever source proceeding, is false and unfounded. The Exercises of the Institution were resumed, and may be seen from the handbills of the Trustees.

On Monday, the 16th inst.

Under the management of the same teachers that have heretofore discharged the duties of both departments. As this report may have a tendency to detain some who, otherwise, would have reached the Academy before this time, notice is hereby given, that charge is made only from the period of admission to the termination of the session.

ROBERT A. EZELL, Jackson, N. C. July 20th, 1838.



SHOCCO SPRINGS.

THE Subscriber informs the public and her friends that her Establishment at Shocco Springs, Was opened for the reception and accommodation of visitors,

On the first day of June, inst.

She deems it almost unnecessary to say any thing as regards the healthfulness of the waters of the Springs, as they have been so frequently the means of restoring to health many of the most valuable members of society, and their medical properties have been so frequently tested by gentlemen and Physicians of first rate talents in the country.

The Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road runs within ten miles of the Springs, and the Cars will pass daily by the fourth of July next; and, for the accommodation of visitors, the Subscriber will regularly run a Hack from the Depot at TWITTY'S to the Springs. ANN JOHNSON, Warren co., N. C. June 3, 1838.