



TARBOROUGH!

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1839.

Republican Candidate.

FOR PRESIDENT, MARTIN VAN BUREN.

We have inserted on our first page, a Circular, addressed to the Governor of this State, as well as to the Governors of the other States in the Union, by the "American Lyceum," relative to "elementary education in the United States." We insert it, not because we approve of that institution, of the object contemplated, or of the plan proposed; but merely, as requested, to give our "patrons the opportunity of reading the Circular." It will be seen, that this is in accordance with most of the other projects set on foot in the present day; every thing must be done on the "high pressure" principle—combinations co-extensive with a State, or with the United States, must be formed to give an impetus to all projects, whether of a moral or physical nature. It appears that nothing of moment can now be done, unless the "aristocracy of wealth" directs or controls the mode or manner in which it is to be effected; whether relating to the public or private, political, civil, or religious movements of the citizens. Can any person fail to see how rapidly and effectually these extensive combinations are circumscribing the liberties of the people, and sapping and undermining our free institutions?

Early Frost.—We had a severe frost on the nights of Monday and Tuesday last—we fear the pea crop is entirely cut off.

Garden Vegetables.—We are constrained to tender our acknowledgments again to our old friend Isaac Norfleet, Esq. for his truly valuable present, consisting of turnips, carrots and parsnips. They are the finest we have seen this season—and we must be permitted to express the opinion, that in raising vegetables, and in acts of a friendly or social nature, we believe him to be "hard to beat."

We learn from the Raleigh Star, that Thomas J. Lemay, Esq. has associated with himself Hugh McQueen, Esq. in the editorial department of that paper. Mr. Lemay purposes enlarging and improving the Star, should sufficient encouragement be given. Did we not differ so widely in our views respecting Republican men and measures, we should heartily wish friend Lemay every possible success in the management of his paper; but as it is, we are reluctantly compelled to refrain from so doing, notwithstanding we entertain so high an opinion of his civil and social worth.

We learn that Mr. Board, the Post-Master at Edenton, who was recently stabbed by W. Benbury, is recovering from the effects of his wound, and will be able to resume his duties in a short time. Raleigh Standard.

The Raleigh Register.—We observe, in the last Register, a notice of the dissolution of the firm of Joseph Gales & Son, and that the business will hereafter be conducted by Weston R. Gales, esq. Joseph Gales, esq. will retire from the political arena, with the respect and esteem of all parties, to which a long, a useful and an honorable life so justly entitle him. Mr. Weston R. Gales proposes to publish the Register twice a week, in a short time.—ib.

Norfolk Races.—First Day.—Thomas Williams' Friendship beat E. J. Wilson's Eliza, a match Race for \$200. Second Day.—E. J. Wilson's Tom Walker beat O. P. Hare's Fanny Wyatt for the Proprietor's Purse of \$200. Third Day.—E. J. Wilson's Omega, Col Johnson's Mary Blunt and O. P. Hare's Job contended for the Jockey Club Purse of \$1000, with an inside stake of \$1,000 each. Omega won the race easily. Mary Blunt broke down in the fourth mile of the first heat. Raleigh Reg.

Petersburg Races.—1st day, Proprietor's Purse \$100, mile heats, won by O. P. Hare's Andrewetta, beating Morris's Crab, and Dr. Goodwyn's s c c by Goliath; 2 heats.—2nd day, Proprietor's Purse, \$300, 2 mile heats, W. R. Johnson's Wonder beat Morris's Jubal, and Goodwyn's ch f by Luzborough—2 heats.—3rd day, Jockey Club Purse \$1,000; inside stake \$2,000, P. P. four mile heats, 3 subscribers

W. R. Johnson's ch Boston beat O. P. Hare's Queen, and C. Hatcher's g in Omega—2 heats.—Time, 1st heat, 5m. 2s.—2d heat, 7m. 51s.—4th day, Citizen's Plate, value \$400, 3 mile heats; Puckett's Bailie Peyton beat Hare's Chiffney, and Morris's c m by Charles—2 heats.—Rich. Eng.

As We Predicted.—We learn of the Charleston Mercury, that the Stockholders of the Louisville, Cincinnati and Charleston rail road Co. determined at their late annual meeting to stop said road at Columbia. Such an evidence of pious faith on the part of South Carolina, has excited feelings of bitterness in the other States interested, towards her. We learn that the debates in convention were tinged with an acrimonious spirit. Wilmington Adv.

Florida War.—Advices from Florida of the 13th inst. give the following accounts: On the 27th of August, the Indians attacked a party of volunteers on Orange Lake, killed and took prisoners the whole party. Seventeen men of Fort Andrews had a fight with forty Indians—loss, whites, two killed, five wounded. A wounded Indian went into Fort Pierce for assistance. He is under the care of the surgeon.—Globe.

Wilmington, Oct. 1. Onward.—Ten more miles of Rail Road will be opened to-day, which will reduce the travel by stage between Wilmington and the Roanoke to 30 miles—the balance of the way, 130 miles, being over one of the best built Rail Roads in the United States. Such has been the progress made during the month past, that the prospect is now fair for the opening of the whole line of the Road before Christmas. Chronicle.

Vessels missing.—Schr. Greenville, Durden, sailed from New York for this port; new schr. C. C. Cambreleng, from New York for this port; also schr. Tangent, Sommers, from Philadelphia for this port,—all out in the late gale. Washington Whig.

Conviction.—Last week in the Superior Court at Iredell, Judge Dick presiding, John Hoover was arraigned, tried & convicted for the murder of a slave of his own. The facts of the case as detailed by the witnesses, exhibited a degree of barbarity, and diabolical cruelty on the part of the prisoner, too shocking for publication. A motion was made for a new trial, but refused—whereupon an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court of the State. Lincolnton Banner.

But a few weeks ago, we announced the death of Charles infant son of Mr. Allen Fitch of this town. We have now the melancholy task of stating that within a week, three other members of the same family have been consigned to the tomb. Laey, in the 31 year of his age, died on the 13th inst., and Stephen, in the 14th year of his age, died on the 14th and on the 19th the remains of their father, Mr. Allen Fitch, were placed by the graves of his departed offspring! Seldom has it been our painful duty to record so afflicting and sudden a dispensation of Providence in one family, but "He who doeth all things well and wisely," accomplishes his great purposes not as erring man would; and though all must sympathize with the bereaved Widow and almost childless mother they must, at the same time, bow in humble submission to the awful power and just decrees of the Almighty God. As a pious, amiable, and good man, Mr. Fitch had no superior. Newbern Spectator.

Daring Outrage.—On the night of the 15th inst., near the Sound in Onslow county, Mr. Loftin Quinn was attacked by a stout negro man, dragged from his horse, beaten, robbed, tied to his cart, and threatened with instant death if he made any noise. The daring scoundrel then took Mr. Quinn's mare from his cart, mounted her, and left his victim bound on the road. Providence, the avenger of wrong and injustice, directed the steps of the robber to Newbern where he turned his stolen mare loose on the street, and attempted to obtain a passage to the north. In the mean time the news of the outrage reached this place, a handbill was posted, describing the fellow and his acts; and ere twenty-four hours had elapsed he was safely lodged in jail where he now is. We learn that he committed a more recent outrage on a citizen of Wilmington and that the authorities of that town have offered \$400 for his apprehension.—He was on board of a vessel when taken.—ib.

From the Wilmington Chronicle. The outrage alluded to above as committed here, by the desperado now in the Newbern jail, was upon Mr. Thos. F. Gause, a citizen of our town, on the morning of the 13th inst. Mr. Gause has charge of one of the Steam Mills at the lower part of the Town, and on the way to his breakfast discovered a strange negro, whom he accosted, and enquired of him who he was. The fellow took to his heels, when Mr. Gause dismounted from his horse and pursued. On being overtaken by Mr. G. who had nearly exhausted himself in run-

ning, the negro seized hold of Mr. G's stick, wrenched it from him, and beat him until he no doubt supposed him dead. His skull was broken in two places, with other severe contusions. Mr. Gause is now however thought to be in a fair way of recovery. On the same day it was learned here that this same fellow had stolen a horse near Elizabethtown, Bladen county, and also broken into a House near that town, occupied by black people, and stolen the suit of clothes that he appeared in here.—From Wilmington, after he made the attack on Mr. Gause, he made his way up the Rail Road, on foot, but the greatest vigilance used here to secure him proved unavailing. We hear too, that between the time of his leaving here and the outrage upon Mr. Quinn, he stole a horse near Holly Shelter in this county. Who he is, is not yet known. He has at any rate a long catalogue of offences committed within the space of one week to answer for; that is, one attempt to kill, one highway robbery and assault, three horses stolen, and one burglary.

A daring Scoundrel.—Last week we mentioned the committed to the jail in this place a negro, who had beaten and robbed a white man in Onslow county. On last Saturday, before sunset, he made a bold attempt to escape, which, had he taken a different direction when he got out of prison, would no doubt have been successful. It seems that a negro fellow, who is permitted to wait on the prisoners with food, &c. had gone in to carry away the plates or dishes from which the dinner had been eaten. When he opened the door of the cell in which the prisoner alluded to was confined, the inmate rushed upon him, knocked him down, and ran to the passage door. Finding that locked, he sought some other medium of egress above stairs, but without success. The Sheriff was absent, and his place was supplied by a deputy, who, hearing the cries of the black assistant inside, ran out to look for help, and thoughtlessly left the key in the door! A negro woman who was attracted to the spot by the cries of her fellow servant, at once unlocked the door, and—presto!—the prisoner took to the streets, as naked as an idle knitting needle, and run at the top of his speed till he was knocked down by some gentlemen who were attending the evening market. Had he fled up the river street he would have escaped without doubt. It is also a little doubtful, that had he been armed, those who stopped him would have paid for their temerity with their lives, as he is a desperate and daring fellow.—At the time of the uproar at the jail another prisoner a white man who stands charged with the murder of his late wife also took to the streets, and without making any effort to escape, ran after the negro, giving the alarm in his loudest tones, and what is more strange, returned to prison when the fugitive was captured!—Newbern Spec.

Petersburg and Roanoke Rail Road.—Chs F. Osborne, Esq. the intelligent and efficient President of the Petersburg and Roanoke Rail Road Company, has resigned his office and Henry D. Bird, Esq. has been appointed in this place. Rich. Eng.

A private letter from Mobile states, that the Alabama Banks have passed a resolution not to advance on the coming crop of Cotton.—ib.

The Cotton Circular.—The Southern Patriot of Saturday contains a long letter from Mr. McDuffie, its ablest advocate, in explanation and support of the principles and objects of the Cotton Circular. If the plan was, by any possible means, carried out, the effect would be, as we are persuaded, to produce artificial prices, for the great staple of the South; and that could have no lasting beneficial tendency. Soon or late the structure supporting these prices would melt away, and leave things to find their natural level; and that too, at a time, perhaps, which would be least favorable to the interests of the South and of the Union; and when, by its high workings thus superinduced, the country could least bear the reaction which would be certain to ensue, and carry the staple down for a time below natural prices. But the impracticability of the scheme proposed in the Circular, is well and fairly urged in the Patriot. That paper says: "It would require a larger amount of bank capital than is possessed, or could be commanded, by the Southern institutions to make the advances contemplated in the Circular, provided the usual bank accommodation is extended, and facilities of credit are given to the ordinary branches of trade." This objection alone, we should deem conclusive; for it would never do, if it could be done, to build up one great interest, at the expense of every other, in the community. Balt. Patriot.

Distressing Conflagration in New York.—One of the most destructive fires which occurred in that city since the great conflagration in 1836, broke out at New York on Tuesday afternoon last, which destroyed the splendid National Theatre, in which it originated, the French Episcopal Church of Saint Esprit, the Dutch Reformed Church and the Atrican Methodist Church, and seriously injured several other buildings in the neighborhood. We refer the reader to our extracts in another

column for particulars. The editor of the Star gives the following graphic description of the scene presented when he reached the spot: "The confusion and chaos created around the clamor of trumpets and voices, the steady work of the engines, the moving masses, the agonised expressions of terror, the screaming of women, and the helter-skelter of every sort of furniture that can be imagined, borne off in carts, &c., by hand or heaped in the streets; bibles, prayer books, altar ornaments, and the sacred chalice, mingled up with gorgeous theatrical costumes, and tomes of Shakespeare, and Libretos, and scores of Rossini, Bellini, and Auber, and wardrobe and gewgaws of a more ambiguous character, thrown from the houses of ill fame, threatened or partly on fire in the immediate vicinity; the troops of actors, orchestral performers, and the retinue of supernumeraries & scene-shifters running to and fro, mingled up with the cries of the colored population, of French citizens, and our own people looking on with a terrible despair on the combined havoc of all that was so leared to them as the source of their livelihood, or the temples where they worshipped—the whole spectacle, in fact, the blending of things sacred and profane below, heightened by the sea of flames and smoke rolling above, presented a living tableau of a serio-grotesque and sublime character, as impressive as it was novel and terrific." Besides the loss sustained by the several actors, in the destruction of their wardrobes, it is said that upwards of two hundred and ten persons, mechanics, supernumeraries, &c. connected with the theatre, have with their families been thrown out of employment; and that several hundred others more or less dependent on the establishment will suffer by its destruction. Norfolk Her.

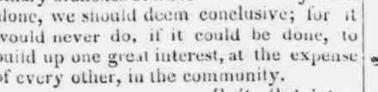
All free persons of color, remaining in the State of Alabama after the 1st of August next, render themselves liable to be enslaved, according to a law passed by the last session of the Legislature.

Silk Culture in Mexico, &c.—A commencement has been made in planting the Morus Multicaulis and the raising of silk in Mexico, and such is the success in that fine climate, that immense orders are being sent to this country for the requisite supply of trees. In Trinidad and Guadeloupe the French planters are turning their attention to this subject by way of resuscitating their fortunes, which have been so completely prostrated by the advantages that the culture of beet sugar possesses over the cane. Even in the Island of Jamaica the great advantages of the culture of the mulberry and silk worm over other branches has attracted their attention, and the Colonial Legislature have passed a law granting a bounty of £50,000 sterling towards the formation of mulberry plantations.

An advertisement in one of the Paris papers gives a striking picture of the state of joint stock companies—the shares of more than forty companies are advertised for sale at discounts varying from twenty-five to ninety-five per cent.

Washington Market, Oct. 1.—Corn—\$3 a \$3 50. Bacon—sides 11 cents, hams 12 cents. Lard—12 1/2 cents. Naval Stores—very little turpentine coming to market. We quote New at \$2 65 a \$2 75; Old, \$2 a \$2 05. Tar, \$1 30 a \$1 40. Fish—shad, \$10—Herrings, cut, \$6 to \$6 50—whole, \$4 50.—Rep.

A perfect cure of Asthma, fifty four years standing, effected by the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans.—This is to certify, that I was attacked with the Asthma in the ninth year of my age, and from that time until the present year, a period of fifty four years, I have been subject to that disease. For the last five years, I had it almost incessantly—not being exempt from it more than twenty four hours at any one time. I had consulted the most skillful physicians, and tried many remedies without any relief. In June last, I commenced using Dr. Wm. Evans' Vegetable Medicine, not with the expectation of effecting a cure, for I believed my case hopeless and my dissolution near, but with the hope of obtaining momentary relief. Before I had used two packages, I was entirely relieved; and I have not been attacked with it since. I can now say that I am permanently cured of the disease, and I can confidently recommend it to all who are afflicted with this distressing complaint. S. R. H. SIMMONS, Prince George, co. Va., Nat. 10. J. M. REDMOND, Agent, Tarboro'.



Cotton Gins. THE Subscriber offers for sale on very moderate and accommodating terms, Two Cotton Gins, One of 37, and the other of 40 saws—they are both in prime order and ready for immediate use. GEO. HOWARD, Tarboro', August 1.

Norfolk Market, Sept. 27.—Cotton, 11 a 13 cents; Corn, 70 to 72 cents; Bacon, (hog round) 11 to 12; Lard, 12 to 13 cents.—Herald.

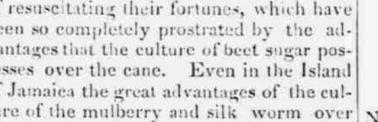
THE RACES Over the Tarborough Course NORTH CAROLINA, WILL COMMENCE on Tuesday, the 19th of November, and continue FOUR DAYS:— First Day. A Sweepstakes, for three years old, mile heats, \$100 entrance, \$50 to be continued open until Monday, 18th November. Persons wishing to enter will make it known by addressing the Proprietor.

Second Day. Part of Jockey Club Purse, two mile heats, \$200—entrance, \$15 for subscribers; \$30 for non-subscribers. Third Day. Balance of Jockey Club Purse, three mile heats, \$300—entrance, \$20 for subscribers; \$10 for non-subscribers. Fourth Day. A Handy Cap, mile heats, best three in five, \$100, and part of entrance money added thereto—entrance, \$10. Purses liable to the full amount. All letters addressed to the Proprietor must be post paid. W. M. FOXHILL, Proprietor. Oct. 2, 1839. 40 7

The Petersburg Intelligencer, Norfolk Herald, and Warrenton Reporter will insert weekly five times, and forward free immediately to this office.

Swift Creek Land FOR SALE.

THE subscribers having qualified as Executors to the last will and testament of EXUM LEWIS, dec'd, request those having claims to present them for payment, and those who owe the estate to make payment. They offer for sale at private contract,



The Tract of Land, Near this place, lying on Swift Creek, 8 or 10 miles from Tarborough, and 10 or 12 from Enfield, containing About 2000 Acres.

This tract has considerable cleared land on it, and several settlements with dwelling houses, and lies suitable to divide into three or four farms, and will be if required by purchasers.

Persons wishing to purchase land, would do well to look at this, as it is good and lively, and susceptible of much and lasting improvement, from the marl beds that are found on and near it. A reasonable credit will be given the purchasers, upon their giving approved security. JOHN W. LEWIS, THOS. C. HUNTER. Mt. Prospect, Edgecombe, N.C. } 4 10 27th Sept. 1839. }

List of Letters, Remaining in the Post Office at Tarborough, the 1st of Oct. 1839, which if not taken out before the 1st of Jan'y next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

- Alsbaugh Rev H Lee Wm Capt
Bryan Robt Morgan Alford
Bunn W B Moore Samuel
Brown Jacob Morgan Sally Miss
Bryan Dempsey Morgan John Capt
Bell Joseph Moore Exum
Bennett Mark 2 Philips E Dr
Cosway Greenbury Pitt James
Cotton John W 3 Postway Miesh
Cotton Randolph Paga Thomas 4
Cobb B of Dr Parkers Theophilus
Coff D & Co T H Parker Mary Mrs 2
Daniel J R J R yaner Samuel 2
Dason James Redolph John S 3
Draughan William R Johns J c h
Daniel & Bell ck Richardson John
Edge James H Scarborough Isaac
Edmondson Joseph 2 Sharpe B J junm
Ellis L W Sessums J Dr
Ellis Cynthia A Miss 2 Sassen Kam
Farmer Asah Shallington E J Dr
Felton Thomas Spicer Moses
Fountain Spencer L Rountree Nathan N
Gauder Martin 2 Tannahill William
Giffin Zachariah Thompson Noah H
Griffith Edward Wilson L D Gen 5
Hodge B G Williams A D Mrs 2
Hopkins Whitmill Weaver Willie J 2
Harrill Jesse Williams Sarah Miss
Hyman Theo West Patience Mrs
Hughes John F Williams David Col
Johnson R uben Watson S E Mrs
Knight Willis Ward J T
Kelly Joseph Williamson J Dr
Knight Jesse C Warren Samuel
Lawrence J Elder 2 Whitehurst Arthur
Lloyd J R Winsted Elijah
JAS. M. REDMOND, P. M. 95—\$18 944.