



The Tarborough Press,

BY GEORGE HOWARD.

Is published weekly at *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* per year, if paid in advance—or, *Three Dollars* at the expiration of the subscription year. For any period less than a year, *Twenty-five Cents* per month. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time, on giving notice thereof and paying arrears—those residing at a distance must invariably pay in advance, or give a responsible reference in this vicinity.

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Doctor Wm. EVANS'

SOOTHING SYRUP

For Children Teething,

PREPARED BY HIMSELF.

To Mothers and Nurses.

THE passage of the Teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during this process. The gums swell, the secretion of saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden fits of crying, watchings, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts, the child shrieks with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into its mouth. If these precursory symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally supervene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infant. If mothers who have their little babes afflicted with these distressing symptoms, would apply Dr. William Evans's Celebrated Soothing Syrup, which has preserved hundreds of infants when thought past recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions.

This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of Children, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. This preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, though there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of the Syrup should be used on the gums, to open the pores. Parents should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with pain in the gums, the Syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pores and healing the gums; thereby preventing Convulsions, Fevers, &c.

To the Agent of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup: Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant by your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, must convince every feeling parent how essential an early application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture. My infant, while teething, experienced such acute sufferings, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and family supposed that death would soon release the babe from anguish till we procured a bottle of your Syrup; which as soon as applied to the gums a wonderful change was produced, and after a few applications the child displayed obvious relief, and by continuing in its use. I am glad to inform you, the child has completely recovered, and no recurrence of that awful complaint has since occurred; the teeth are emanating daily and the child enjoys perfect health. I give you my cheerful permission to make this acknowledgment public, and will gladly give any information on this circumstance.

When children begin to be in pain with their teeth, shooting in their gums, put a little of the Syrup in a tea-spoon, and with the finger let the child's gums be rubbed for two or three minutes, three times a day. It must not be put to the breast immediately, for the milk would take the syrup off too soon. When the teeth are just coming through their gums, mothers should immediately apply the syrup; it will prevent the children having a fever, and undergoing that painful operation of lancing the gums, which always makes the tooth much harder to come through, and sometimes causes death.

Beware of Counterfeits.

Caution.—Be particular in purchasing to obtain it at 100 Chatham st., New York, or from the

REGULAR AGENTS.

J. M. REDMOND, } Tarboro'.
Geo. Howard, }
M. RUSSEL, Elizabeth City.
January, 1840.



[BY AUTHORITY.]

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION OF THE TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

[PUBLIC—No. 29.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the army for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army during the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, viz:

For the pay of the army, one million one hundred and seventy-two thousand and twenty-eight dollars;

For subsistence of officers, five hundred and fourteen thousand four hundred and eighty-nine dollars;

For forage of officers' horses, one hundred and fourteen thousand five hundred and seventy-one dollars;

For payments in lieu of clothing not drawn in kind eighty thousand and thirty dollars;

For subsistence, exclusive of that of officers, five hundred and fifteen thousand four hundred and ninety-two dollars;

For clothing of the army, camp and garrison equipage, cooking utensils and hospital furniture, four hundred and twenty-five thousand, six hundred and thirty-five dollars and sixty-seven cents;

For the medical and hospital department, thirty-eight thousand dollars;

For the regular supplies furnished by the Quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage, straw, stationery, and printing, two hundred and seventy-one thousand dollars;

For barracks, quarters, and storehouses, embracing the repairs and enlargement of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals at the several posts; the erection of temporary cantonments and gun-houses for the protection of the cannon at the forts on the sea-board; for the purchase of necessary tools and materials, and of the authorized furniture for the barrack rooms; rent of quarters for officers; of barracks for troops where there are no public buildings for their accommodation; of storehouses for the safe-keeping of subsistence, clothing, and other military supplies, and of grounds for summer cantonments, encampments, and military practice, one hundred and seventy-three thousand dollars;

For transportation of officers' baggage when travelling on duty without troops, sixty-five thousand dollars;

For transportation of troops and supplies, viz: transportation of the Army, including the baggage of troops; freight and ferrages; purchase or hire of horses, mules, oxen, carts, wagons, and boats for the purpose of transportation or for garrison use; drayage and cartage at the several posts, hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay department; expense of transport vessels, and of procuring water at such posts as from their situation require it; transportation of clothing from the depot at Philadelphia to the stations of the troops, of subsistence from the places of purchase and delivery under contracts to such points as the circumstances of the service may require; of ordnance, ordnance stores and arms, from foundries and arsenals to the fortifications and frontier posts, and of lead from the mines to the several arsenals, two hundred and eighty-seven thousand dollars;

For the incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's Department, consisting of postage on public letters and packets, expenses of courts martial and courts of inquiry, including the compensation of judges-advocate, members and witnesses; extra pay to soldiers under act of March second, eighteen hundred and nineteen, expenses of express from the frontier posts; of the necessary articles for the internment of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; hire of laborers, compensation of clerks in the offices of quartermasters and assistant quartermasters at posts where their duties cannot be performed without such aid, and to temporary agents in charge of dismantled works, and in the performance of other duties; expenditures necessary to keep the two regiments of dragoons complete, including the purchase of horses, to supply the place of those which may be lost and become unfit for service, and the erection of the necessary stables, one hundred and twenty one thousand dollars;

For contingencies of the army, seven thousand dollars;

For extra pay to re-enlisted soldiers, and

for contingent expenses of the recruiting service, forty seven thousand one hundred and sixty-three dollars and twenty-seven cents;

For the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars;

For the armament of the fortifications, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

For the current expenses of the ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars;

For ordnance, ordnance stores and supplies, one hundred thousand dollars;

For arsenals, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

For repairs and improvements at the Springfield armory, ten thousand five hundred dollars;

For repairs and improvements at the Harpers' Ferry armory, fifty thousand dollars;

For the purchase of saltpetre and brimstone, forty thousand dollars;

For the expense of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery, and for other supplies in the ordnance department, three thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Leavenworth, thirty thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Wayne, twenty thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Smith, fifty thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Plattsburg, twenty thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Jessup, ten thousand dollars;

For repairs of arsenals damaged by storms and fire, the sum of nineteen thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars; For preventing and suppressing hostilities in Florida, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, conformably to the acts of Congress of the nineteenth of March and the second of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and the acts therein referred to, viz: For the forage of the horses of the mounted volunteers and militia, and for the horses, mules, and oxen in the service of the trains; for freight or transportation of military supplies of every description, from the places of purchase to Florida; for the purchase of waggons, harness, boats, and lighters, and other vessels, of horses, mules, and oxen, to keep up the trains, tools, leather, and other materials for repairs, transportation within Florida, including the hire of steamboats and other vessels for service in the rivers and on the coasts, and the expenses of maintaining the several steamboats and transport schooners connected with the operations of the army, hire of mechanics, laborers, mules, drivers, teamsters, and other assistants including their subsistence; for miscellaneous and contingent charges, and for arrearages in eighteen hundred and thirty-five, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, and eighteen hundred and forty, three hundred thousand dollars. For an outfit for a Charge d'Affaires to the Republic of Texas, four thousand five hundred dollars;

For repairing the roof to the public store at the custom-house in the city of Philadelphia, or for new roofing the same with copper, as shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, after causing careful surveys of the condition of the said building to be made, a sum not to exceed three thousand two hundred dollars. For the pay of the commissioner appointed by the Governor of the Territory of Iowa to act on the part of that Territory, in conjunction with the commissioner appointed by the United States, in ascertaining, running and marking, the southern boundary line of the said Territory, in conformity with the act of Congress of the eighteenth of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, the sum of one thousand and ninety-six dollars; For the payment of expenses incurred under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, in the erection of shelves and book cases in the committee rooms of the Capitol, for the reception of books and documents to be transferred from the Library to the several committee rooms, a sum not to exceed one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. For the purpose of enabling the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments to place in a state of safe preservation the specimens of natural history which are now deposited in their respective offices, or which may be brought there, resulting from surveys of the unexplored portions of our own country, or from the exploring expedition now in the South Seas, by the authority, and at the expense of the United States, or otherwise, a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the sum of three thousand dollars, appropriated by the act of Congress of the twelfth of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, to ascertain and designate the boundary line between the State of Michigan, and the Territory of Wisconsin be, and the same is hereby, re-appropriated to be expended under the direction of the

Secretary of War for the accomplishment of the same object.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That in case of a deficiency of receipts of revenue from customs or lands, or other sources, or of a failure on the part of the late deposit banks or of the Bank of the United States of Pennsylvania to pay the debts due from them, or to become due in the course of the present year, or if, from any other cause, the means of the Treasury shall not be sufficient to meet all the appropriations made by Congress, the President of the U States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to postpone the expenditures under the following heads of appropriation embraced in this act, viz: "for barracks, quarters, and storehouses;" &c.; "for the national armories;" for armament of fortifications;" "for the current expenses of the ordnance service;" "for ordnance stores and supplies;" "for arsenals;" "for repairs and improvements at the Springfield armory;" "for repairs and improvements at the Harpers' Ferry armory;" "for the purchase of saltpetre and brimstone;" "for continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Leavenworth;" "at Fort Wayne;" "at Fort Smith;" "at Plattsburg;" and "at Fort Jessup;" or such and so many of them, or such proportions of each as in his judgment, after careful examination and inquiry, the condition of the treasury shall demand, and the public interest will best permit; such postponements in each case, to be merely temporary, or until the close of the next session of Congress, as the means of the treasury and the prospect of accruing revenue shall warrant, and as shall be most in accordance with the public interests involved.

R. M. T. HUNTER,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

WILLIAM R. KING,

President of the Senate pro tempore.

APPROVED, July 20th, 1840.

M. VAN BUREN.

[PRIVATE—No. 69.]

AN ACT for the relief of Chastelain and Ponvert, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collector of the port of New York is hereby authorized to deduct from the amount of a bond given by Chastelain and Ponvert, for duties on merchandise imported in the schooner General Jackson, Hawes, master, from Neuviatas, in the island of Cuba, such duties as may have been charged on that portion of said merchandise which was not landed in the United States, having been destroyed by fire in the harbor of New York, upon their producing proof, to the collector of New York, of the destruction of said merchandise.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the following sums to pay the balances of accounts for which no appropriations now exist, and which have been passed upon and allowed by the proper accounting officers of Government or are now before them for audit, and for the payment of which, appropriations are recommended by the heads of the proper departments, be and the same are hereby appropriated, viz: For an award made by the proper accounting officers of the treasury in favor of the owners of the steamboats Stases & Dayton, for services rendered under an agreement with Major Charles Thomas, Quartermaster, for the transportation of supplies, laborers and other things, for the use of the works at Fort Smith, Arkansas, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, thirteen thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For payment of a balance due for supplies furnished to the Creek Indians & medical services rendered to those Indians, after the commencement of the disturbances in the Creek country and before and during the removal of the said Indians west of the Mississippi, which accounts were incurred under the direction of the proper officers or agents of the Government, seven thousand seven hundred and forty one dollars and forty-four cents.

For payment of the expenses of a division of the lands of the Brothertown Indians among the members of the tribe, in obedience to the act of Congress of the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine entitled "An act for the relief of the Brothertown Indians in the territory of Wisconsin" the duties having been performed and the accounts presented, one thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars.

For the payment of an account of Henry Lucas and A. P. King of the State of Alabama for the loss and injury sustained by them by the impressment of their teams and wagons into the service of the United States by D. H. Baldwin, Quartermaster General of the Florida militia, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-six, a sum not to exceed six thousand and fifty dollars.

For the payment of an account of Hart and Bosworth, merchants of Irwinton, Alabama and of John Hart, merchant of the same place, for stores, arms and ammuni-

tions, taken for the use of the troops in the service of the United States, by the order of General William Irwin, commandant of the fifth division of the Alabama militia during the Creek campaign of May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, a sum not to exceed two thousand three hundred and eleven dollars and ninety cents.

For the payment of an account of John H. Craddock, of Alabama, for property of his destroyed by the order of Colonel J. T. Lane, an officer in the service of the United States, in the month of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, the sum of one hundred and sixty-four dollars and sixty three cents.

For the payment of a balance due to John Mitchell and Benjamin F. Fox, contractors of erection of the Branch Mint at New Orleans, as admitted by and recommended from the accounting officers of the treasury, a sum not to exceed eight thousand five hundred and eighty-eight dollars and fifty-five cents.

For the payment of balances due for military and geographical surveys west of the Mississippi, and north of the State of Missouri, made under the direction of the War Department, and the accounts for which are now before the proper accounting officers for settlement, a sum not to exceed sixteen thousand dollars. For the payment of Charles Gordon, agreeably to the certificate of the committee on Public Lands, for services rendered by him in making maps, twenty-one hundred dollars.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That there be paid to Auguste Davezac, late charged d'Affaires of the United States at the Hague, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of nine hundred and eighty-nine dollars and eight cents, it being the balance due to him, as acting Charge d'Affaires, between the twenty-fourth day of May and the fifteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirty one, after deducting therefrom the pay of Secretary of Legation during that period, which he has already received.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That the sum of eleven thousand three hundred and sixty dollars and ninety five cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, to William D. Jones, in full for diplomatic services rendered to the United States at the Government of Mexico, from the twenty-eighth of December, eighteen hundred and thirty six, to the seventh of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That there be paid to Nathaniel Niles, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the same outfit, salary, and allowances, as though he had been regularly commissioned as a Charge d'Affaires to Sardinia, from the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, until the eighteenth of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, that being the termination of his special mission to Sardinia, during which period he negotiated the subsisting treaty between the United States and the King of Sardinia, deducting therefrom the amount of the salary and contingent expenses which he has already received during the same period, as special agent to Austria and Sardinia.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted,* That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated in part payment for the expense incurred by Matthew St. Clair Clarke and Peter Force, and for work done by them in publishing the second and third volumes of the Documentary History of the American Revolution, and for collecting materials for publishing said history: *Provided,* That the sum hereby appropriated shall not be considered as giving any sanction whatever, by Congress, to any contract alleged to have been entered into between the said Clarke & Force, & Edward Livingston, the late Secretary of State, under the act of March second, eighteen hundred and thirty three, providing for the publication of said history: *And provided, further,* That the sum hereby appropriated shall not be regarded by Clarke and Force as any encouragement given to them for proceeding either in the collection of further materials, or in any way for continuing said history; but the sum so appropriated is made upon the expectation that Congress will, at its next session, resume the consideration of this subject, with a view to putting an end to any further publication of said history at the expense of the United States, agreeable to a joint resolution which has been adopted by Congress at its present session.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted,* That at the third section of the act of July seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An act to provide for the support of the Military Academy of the United States for the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and for other purposes," be and the same is hereby revived and continued in force for the year eighteen hundred and forty, and until otherwise directed by law.