



The Tarborough Press,

BY GEORGE HOWARD.

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Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at One Dollar the first insertion...

Doctor Wm. EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP

For children teething,

PREPARED BY HIMSELF.

To Mothers and Nurses.

THE passage of the teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during this process.

This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of Children, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover.

In the Agent of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup: Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant by your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, must convince every feeling parent how essential an early application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture.

When children begin to be in pain with their teeth, shooting in their gums, put a little of the Syrup in a tea-spoon, and with the finger let the child's gums be rubbed for two or three minutes, three times a day.

Beware of Counterfeits.

Caution—Be particular in purchasing to obtain it at 100 Chatham St., New York, or from the

REGULAR AGENTS.

J. M. REDMOND, } Tarboro'. GEO. HOWARD, } M. RUSSEL, Elizabeth City. January, 1844.

VARIETY.



FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

"COON" HUNTING FOR OFFICE—Office distribution—the Coon used up, skin, tail and all—"Old Granny" in a pet throws h-l upon the affair, and declares she has done all she can do.

Oh, "coon" hunters, ye've "cotch'd" the "coon," Ye tread him in the logs; His flesh and "skin" will both be soon Divided amongst ye, d—gs. The "coon" must first be skin'd alive, "Old Granny" then will carve, And feed her pack and then ye'll thrive While de-mon-rats will starve.

THE BANKS.

The resumption.—All eyes are now directed to the 15th of January, 1844, and the British Bank of the United States in Philadelphia; and it is remarkable to observe with what entire unanimity the public mind looks to that institution as the sole obstacle to resumption.

"We learn that the Bank Committee returned from New York yesterday, having left that city at five o'clock on Saturday afternoon. Their negotiation was successful and we may therefore re-affirm our belief that the long talked-of resumption will take place on the 15th.

"Our banks have agreed to loan the Philadelphia banks one million of dollars on nine and eighteen months. A committee of three from Philadelphia, in conjunction with a Boston committee, have been here for several days, and yesterday morning completed the arrangements for the loan.

Specie Payments in Pennsylvania.—The arrangements for the resumption of specie payments, on the part of the Philadelphia banks is completed. The whole

amount agreed to be advanced on loan for this purpose, was \$2,500,000. Of this sum the banks of New York, for some reason best known to themselves, have advanced only \$800,000—the remaining \$1,700,000 being advanced by the banks of New England, principally of Boston.

Resumption.—The Philadelphia Banks having succeeded in negotiating a loan with the New York and Boston Banks, it is generally conceded that specie payments will be resumed by the 15th of January, 1844.

Kentucky Bank.—The last Louisville Journal says:—The banks of this State have issued a circular to most or all of the banks of the Mississippi valley, proposing a convention, in Louisville, on the 25th of January, to confer in relation to the resumption of specie payments.

The Georgia House of Representatives has passed the bill requiring the Banks of that State to resume specie payments, on or before the first day of February next, under the penalty of a loss of their charters.

Van Buren's Popularity.—Nothing was so much harped upon before and during the late election, as Mr. Van Buren's want of popularity, and constant changes that were taking place against him.

Maryland, 1836, 22167—1840, 28754; increase 6587—yet he is defeated. Pennsylvania, 1836, 91475—1840, 143705; increase 52230—yet he is defeated.

Ohio, 1836, 96948—1840, 124782; increase 27834—yet he is defeated. Indiana, 1836, 32480,—1840, 53581; increase 21101—yet he is defeated.

Such is the result throughout the Union. His increased vote is apparently overwhelming in every State, county and town, yet, strange to say he is overwhelmed—defeated; while roguery has triumphed. We bide our time.—N. Y. New Era

Disgraceful Occurrence.—A Coroner's Inquest, held in the City of Richmond, on Sunday last, on the body of Benjamin Sheppard, a prisoner in the Richmond Jail, returned a verdict that the death of S. was caused by the want of sufficient heat in his cell, and sufficient bed and bedding to keep him warm during the recent inclement weather.

New York.—The population of the Empire State is, 2,429,476.

Important Arrest.—For some time past, the loss of slaves in this city has been increasing in frequency, and many valuable ones have been conveyed away by some unknown agency. Zell and Ridgely, most active and vigilant officers, becoming cognizant of this, determined to ascertain the mode of escape, and terminate the evil.

saw a black whom he knew to be a slave, and Robinson hastily assisted him in the car. He continued on the car till it reached Canton, when he arrested the slave, who belonged to a Mrs. Hanna, but Robinson was not to be found, and the cars went off without him.

Disappearance of Fixed Stars.—During the last two or three centuries, upwards of thirteen fixed stars have disappeared. One of them, situated in the North hemisphere, presented a peculiar brilliancy, and was so bright as to be seen by the naked eye at mid day.

Cast iron Railroad.—From experiments fully tested among the mountains of Pennsylvania, it has been ascertained that cast iron railways answer admirably. These now in use are only six feet long, and furnishing at such a rate that a mile of road will not cost over \$8000.

Melancholy Suicide.—We understand that Richard Childs, esq one of our most esteemed citizens, committed suicide this morning. His untimely death has cast a gloom over a wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

Divorce Extraordinary.—The Monticello (Vt) Watchman gives an account of the manner in which a Justice of the Peace lately dissolved the hymeneal union of an unhappy pair, whom he had united but a short time before his death should part them.

A Tough Story.—The New York Sun tells the following tough story. It is almost strong enough "to bear an egg." A Mrs. C., residing in the upper part of that city, on Wednesday morning purchased a fine fat turkey, at Centre market, and while dressing it for dinner, according to the usual custom, divided the gizzard preparatory to cooking it.

Atrocious murder.—Mr. Suydam, the President of the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, New Brunswick, N. J. whose mysterious disappearance, has attracted much attention, has been found by the city authorities, murdered and buried under the cellar floor of a house belonging to a Peter Robinson, who was indebted to him, and it is believed is his murderer.

Robinson, says the Albany Evening Journal, the murder of Ellen Jewett, whose trial and acquittal left an indelible stain upon the tribunal before which he was arraigned, went to Texas, where he has since lost his right arm—that arm with which he planted a hatchet into the forehead of a frail, but to him an unoffending girl, and with which he then applied an incendiary torch to the bed where she lay, weltering in blood, thus attempting to conceal

the murder by committing arson—that right arm we say has been cleft from his shoulder, in a fight with the Mexicans!

The Boston Atlas says that the mysterious knocking in a house in Roxbury, has been satisfactorily explained. It was produced by a clock, the weights of which at a certain hour, by striking the bottom caused the sound, which has created so much excitement.

Scandal.—One of our exchanges informs us, that a Mr. Fitzpatrick recovered \$10 damages, at Boston last week, of a Mrs. McClean, for having said that "such a likely man as Mr. Fitzpatrick ought to be ashamed of himself for marrying Mrs. Fitzpatrick, when he knew she had been too familiar with John Dorsey."

Good! that's excellent. People that will say what they have no business to, ought to pay well for it.—Fay. Car.

A Mr. Goodhue, of Salem, Mass., has been tried for illicit connection with his own daughter—found guilty of incest, and sentenced to 3 days solitary confinement, and 20 years hard labor in the States' prison.

Shipwreck and loss of lives.—From two seamen, who arrived in town on Tuesday night from Curriuck beach, we learn the following particulars: They state that they belonged to the sloop William J. Watson, of an I for Philadelphia, from St. John's River, (E. F.) laden with pitch and pine lumber, which vessel was cast away on Boddy's Island on the night of the 15th ult. The second mate and one of the crew were lost.

They also state that a sloop of about 40 tons burthen, fouled off New Inlet, and all on board perished. They discovered their cries for help, but having lost their boat, could render them none.

They also report that a full rigged brig, understood to be bound to Boston, went ashore about the 5th ult., to the south ward of Boddy's Island, and had all hands except two drowned.

A Cotton Stalk, 14 feet high, with 38 branches, is exhibiting at New Orleans. It was raised in La.

Sugar.—Late accounts from Louisiana say that the sugar crop will be several thousand bhd. short.

We learn from the Boston Daily Advertiser that the ship Calumet, Captain Shreve which arrived at that port on Sunday from Canton, left St Helena Oct. 21. On the 18th, the ceremony of exhumation of the remains of Napoleon took place with great parade. The body, which on his death was embalmed by French chemists was found in a state of complete preservation, the features being preserved. It will be remembered that Napoleon died May 5, 1821. The body was conveyed on board the Belle Peule, which with the Favorite, sailed for France on the 19th.

From Texas. By an arrival on Saturday, dates to the 3d instant are received from Galveston.

The news respecting the defeat of the Federalists in Northern Mexico is confirmed. Many of the American volunteers had come in, having escaped from the pursuit of the Centralists. One detachment of them retreated from Victoria to the eastern side of the Rio Grande, a distance of three hundred miles, pursued the whole way by the Centralists, and travelling on one occasion almost ninety miles in 24 hours. Accounts had reached Houston, stating the arrival of the detachment under Colonel Jourdan at Laredo. The attempt of Lopez, a Colonel of the Federalist army, to betray the Americans into the hands of the Centralists is confirmed. The circumstances as related do not differ from the accounts previously published.

The treachery of Mexicans on the late occasion may prove a useful lesson to the Texans. The perfidy of the race has been shown in more than one instance towards the Americans. Indeed they betray each other whenever a strong temptation offers, and it is not to be supposed that they would suffer many scruples of conscience in betraying those whom they have ever been taught to regard as heretics and adversaries.

The emigration to Texas seems to be rather on the increase than otherwise. During the last twelve months it is estimated that ten thousand slaves were introduced. The indications of prosperity are of the most encouraging kind; and every thing betokens the continued growth and rapid advancement of the young Republic.

Ingenuity.—"The best specimen of ingenuity that I know of is that of making money," said an old miser, "and the ingenuity consists in its being made round, because it is constantly going in a revolution."