



TARBOROUGH: SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1841.

We have been favored with a pamphlet copy of an Address of the Hon. J. A. Bynum to his constituents, announcing his determination to decline presenting himself before them again, as a candidate for Congress.

We have received the 1st No. of "The Extra Standard," issued from the office of the Standard, at Raleigh, semi-monthly, at one dollar per year, to be paid in advance.

Extra Session.—The Senate of the United States is still in session. But little has been done, except to confirm the nomination of the Members of the Cabinet, which is said to have been done unanimously, in each case.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- Daniel Webster, of Massachusetts, to be Secretary of State. Thomas Ewing, of Ohio, to be Secretary of the Treasury. John Bell, of Tennessee, to be Secretary of War.

Mr. Mangum has introduced a Resolution, which has given rise to a long and exciting debate. It is in the following words:

Resolved, that Blair and Rives be dismissed as Printers to the Senate for the Twenty-seventh Congress.

This resolution, after an exciting debate, was finally passed by a vote of 26 to 18.

The late Vice President of the United States vacated his seat as presiding officer of the United States Senate on the 2d, to give that body an opportunity to select a presiding officer, for the convenience of organization on the 4th.

Resolved, unanimously, That the thanks of the Senate are due and are hereby tendered to Richard M. Johnson, the President of the Senate, for the dignity and impartiality with which he has presided over its deliberations.

The resolution was then unanimously agreed to.

The Hon. Mr. King, of Ala., was elected to preside over the Senate, after the withdrawal of Col. Johnson, for the residue of his term.

From the Globe.

The Inaugural.—This paper is Websterian throughout. Full of profession of solicitude for the maintenance of popular institutions, it directs the eyes of all the enemies of the Democracy to the only practicable mode of destroying it.

At every step in this Inaugural, it will be found that the Constitution is itself assailed, and on that very point where the popular will is most potently concentrated—in the first officer of the Republic.

All these features are condemned by Mr. Webster in the Inaugural; and why? Have not the American people found in their chief officer, as at present constituted—owing all to them in the first instance, and expecting all from their favor, in settling finally his character in future elections—their truest and best representative? Were not Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Jackson—the two term Presidents—honest guardians of our popular institutions? And was the veto power, as exerted by any one of them, ever employed but as a barrier to encroachment of popular authority? Gen. Jackson's vetoes were put forth to protect the people's rights from the invasion of a Bank aristocracy—the distribution of the public domain among them—the creation of a national debt to establish a system of internal improvement for their benefit.

Very few of the mass of private bills, chiefly for the payment of just claims upon the Government, have passed. Within the last three days, about a dozen only, instead of some hundreds, which might have been, were disposed of.

The National Intelligencer gives an example of the epidemic appetite for spoils, evincing that it is ready to run into sacrilege. Says the Intelligencer: "More Robberies.—The advertising columns of the National Intelligencer, yesterday, indicate that, since the Fourth of March, many persons, strangers and others, have been robbed within the limits of this city.

Extra Session.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce states that an extra session of Congress in May next was decided upon, in a formal manner, by the new Cabinet on Friday last.

New York Custom House.—A letter from New York says:—There is said to exist some difficulty between the Secretary of the Treasury and the Collector of this port in the settlement of the accounts of the latter.

Frontier Fortifications.—The people living on the Niagara frontier have resolved to demand legislative action for the better protection of their lives and property.

Suicide.—A young man, by the name of Swartz, a Journeyman Taylor, left this City a few days ago, in the Fayetteville Stage.

A Press broken down.—We regret to perceive a notice in the "Washington Whig," that that Paper, which did such good service in the late crisis, is to be discontinued, temporarily at least, in consequence of the "failure of many who take it, to comply with the terms of subscription."

Raleigh Standard.

The end of the Session.—The Twenty-sixth Congress of the United States expired, by the limitation of the Constitution, last night; and the two Houses have adjourned sine die.

We shall in our next give our readers as full an account as the duties and occupations of this day will allow us to do, of the Acts which have passed during the Session; from which alone can our readers ascertain, with any certainty, the business perfected before the adjournment.

In general terms, it may be stated that all the annual Appropriation bills were passed. So that the car of Government will continue in motion along its accustomed course. And this comprises nearly all the legislation of Congress at the present session for the common defence and general welfare.

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Florida.—A letter from Florida under date of 27th ult. says: A gentleman direct from Tampa says, that Gen. Armistead has 389 of the enemy ready for emigration, and their embarkation will not be delayed beyond the first proximo.

Major Belknap, 31 infantry, has been ordered to the duty of escorting them to their new homes, west of the Mississippi.

Nashville Railroad.—The Senate of Louisiana has passed a resolution authorizing the seizure and sale of the effects of this road, to satisfy a debt due to the State.

Warning to the Faculty.—Died, recently, at Barre, Centre, Dr. Charles Raymond, aged twenty-seven years.

Emigrants.—A report made to Congress by the State Department, shows, from returns not entirely complete, that one hundred and fifteen thousand two hundred and six persons came into the United States by sea during the year 1840.

A Family.—The New York Courier and Enquirer thus speaks of a family now residing in Groton, New London County, Connecticut:

Daniel Whipple, a young man of 42 years of age, had a family of 16 children, and Noah Whipple, 40 years of age, had a family of 14 children.

To the mothers and fathers who quail at the idea of supporting a small family of 8 or 10 children, look at this good man's history, and learn a lesson of valor, fortitude, and resignation.

Noah was a stone mason, and daily went to his work with an honest heart and contented mind; and when he returned home at night, 14 children flocked around him at the door to receive a father's store and caresses.

Mother they had none; and their father determined that they should have another to protect them during the day, when he was absent, and administer to their wants at night.

As an evidence of purity of the religion of his people, he did not study alone to make himself happy in the selection he was about to make; he did not think alone of his children, but he thought of Daniel's wife, and became the father of Daniel's children, and their mother the mother of his, making an united family of 32, two elders and thirty younger Whipples.

All you fathers and mothers who are perplexed and dissatisfied in providing for a small family of 10 or 12 children, visit Connecticut, and see a small house filled to overflowing like a bee-hive, with contentment and pleasure impressed on the

Press rests on a firmer basis for support than one of a contrary character; and it has been supposed difficult to break down such a Press. There is a way in which it can be done, however.—And how does the reader think this work can be accomplished? By the telling of all sorts of lies concerning it and its Editors? No. By threats? No. By getting a hireling for the especial purpose of writing it down? No. By the misconduct of unprincipled political Post-masters? No, reader; but this is the secret: Let any considerable number of its Subscribers conclude that the Editor is not in want of the little sums they severally owe; let its friends habitually delay the fulfillment of their promises and contracts with the Editor, and the most prosperous establishment in the world must come down at last.

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countenances of all; and you will return home instructed and contented.

FOR THE TARBOROUGH PRESS. Messrs. RAYNER AND STANLEY, "Old Rip's" drilled orators. "Old Rip's" drilled orators, the Lord of heaven knows, Every word they utter, tells from whence it flows. MULTUM IN PARVO.

Washington Market, March 17... Corn—wholesale, \$1 75 a \$2. Bacon—sides a 10 cents, lams 12 cents. Naval Stores—New dip, \$1 80; Old, \$1 75. Serpents, 70 cents. Tar, \$1 05. Fish—shad, \$2 50; Herrings, cut, \$4 00; whole, \$2 50; \$3 00—Pork, \$4 50 a \$5 00.—Rep.

MARRIED. In this county on Wednesday, 10th inst. by W. C. Leigh Esq. Mr. Allen Mayo, to Miss Eliza Wilkinson, daughter of Mr. Abner C. Wilkinson.

Prices Current, At Tarborough and New York.

Table with columns: MAR. 20, per, Tarboro', New York. Rows include Bacon, Branly apple, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, Cotton bagging, Flour, Iron, Lard, Molasses, Sugar, Sait, Turpentine, wheat, whiskey.

PRIAM.

THIS celebrated imported Racer and Stallion, now in the best possible health and order, will make his next and last season in Virginia at my stables, at \$100 the season and \$10 to the groom, payable within the season, which commences on the 10th February and ends the 1st July. Mares will be let, without stint, at 40 cents a day and every care and attention bestowed by trusty grooms; but I will not be liable for accidents or escapes. I have provided every accommodation for barren and foaling mares, and will board black servants gratis, while white servants can be boarded on moderate terms in the village near.

PRIAM.

Is a beautiful bay, sixteen hands high, of muchness beauty, strength, form, action, and pedigree, and too well known as the grand old champion, for many years, to be forgotten, where he never fails to be superior, and many excellent judges look an equal, to need further description.

As a tried Stallion, the English sportsmen acknowledge he is not only decidedly the best of the age, but the best ever in England. For four years he has had more and better winners than any other horse who has ever won of the same age.

The number and amount of their winnings present almost an unbroken series of brilliant victories. In 1839 they were very large two years' old stake at New Market, often under heavy extra weights, have won the Great Oaks three out of four years, and nearly all the largest stakes in the Kingdom, as the Richmond, Tuesday's, Rold-e-worth, 2000 guineas stake, 1,000 guineas, Columbus, July, Chesterfield, Clearwell, Pendennis, and a host of others too numerous to name.

Crossed, one of his get, has won more than \$50,000, without ever being beaten, and is unquestionably the best mare ever trained. They have won a countless number of stakes, plates, gold cups, handicaps, and King's prizes, at all distances, and in some instances at 3, 4, and 5 heats, under heavy weights.

His colts have won every where they have been tried. Last year he had the best in England, the best in Ireland, and the best in Belgium, and equal to any in France and Germany, and in the United States we have seen Monarch, the Queen, Helen, and Mr. Robertson's filly.

At his present price, he is the cheapest Stallion in America—his price being reduced to suit the hard times; and breeders will do well to avail themselves of this last opportunity.

For more particulars, see handbill. A. T. B. MERRITT, Feb. 1841. Hicks' Ford, Va.

Notice.

THE subscriber in his command of the Butchering business in Tarborough early in the coming spring; and will be prepared to furnish the inhabitants twice a week with fresh meats of every description, suitable to the season. Those having beavers, sheeps, mutton, lamb, &c. for sale on foot, will please apply to SAMUEL S. PYATT, Tarboro', Feb. 10, 1841.