



TARBOROUGH:

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1841.

The work of proscription has commenced at Washington City, and list after list of appointments appears in the Whig official. But strange to tell, a novel method is adopted, not to mention the why and the wherefore: which leaves the reader at a loss to know if the former incumbents have been deranged, or removed by the present Administration; or whether they have resigned, are dead, or gone to Texas. This however, may be looked upon as indicating the course of the "anti-spoils party," with regard to their other professions before the election, about re-trenchment, reform, &c.

We learn that President Harrison was taken very ill on Saturday after dinner. His physician remained with him during the whole night, and yesterday he was extensively cupped. He is now considerably better.—Globe, March 29.

Rush for the Spoils.—The New York Sun, a neutral paper, gives the subjoined account of a "rush for the spoils," which took place at the custom house of that city, on Monday last—rather a curious proceeding for the no spoils party, and certainly a novel incident altogether in our political history, whatever it might be in "Scythia and Scandinavia."

Ultimore Republican.

"Several of the papers yesterday morning announced that Mr. Curtis, the newly appointed collector of this port, would enter upon the duties of his office during the day—by which it appears to have been very extensively understood, that he would make a grand sweep among the thousand and one deputies, sub-deputies, tide-masters, &c. etc. which live upon the customs department in this city. The consequence was, that before business hours had fairly arrived, applicants for situations in the department began to flock to the custom house to welcome their new chief, and hold out their hands for the expected crumbs for which their mouths were watering. Early in the forenoon they had arrived in such numbers as not only to throng the house, but fairly encompass it with such a crowd that it was wholly impracticable to transact the business of the department. The crowd of hungry expectants stood, and stood, as immovable as did the old lady's visitor who "sat, and sat, and sat," for hours. Some of the less patient, however, in course of time began to get tired of their unprogressive seizure of the spoils, and an inquiry was set on foot to discover the whereabouts of the non-forthcoming dispenser of the expected favors; when, lo! it resulted in the discovery that he was not only nowhere to be found, but had not even returned to the city! The poor fellows dropped their hungry nether jaws, and then dispersed to get more substantial fare at their respective dinner tables—that is, such as were provided with that "real blessing to mothers' and fathers' too, and children."

From the Washington Republican.

Mr. Price:—Allow me, if you please, through your paper, to inform those gentlemen who have subscribed to the "Southern Times," that the number of subscribers is not sufficient to justify the undertaking. The enterprise is consequently abandoned.

Yours respectfully, HENRY I. TOOLE. 25th of March, 1841.

Mr. Charles Shepherd.—We regret to learn that this gentleman has declined to be a candidate for Congress in the 4th District, which he has represented with much credit to himself and to the satisfaction of his constituents. We hope our friends in that section will take immediate steps to unite on a successor to Mr. Shepherd. There are plenty of good materials in the District, and we trust some one of the gentlemen spoken of will make the necessary personal sacrifices for the good of the cause.—Ral. Stand.

The Mecklenburg Jeffersonian, is the title of a new paper, published at Charlotte, in this State, by Col. Hampton. From the sample before us, we judge the Editor able to make a valuable and interesting paper.—Fay. Jour.

The "Fayetteville Observer" mentions a heart-rending circumstance. A few days ago, a little girl about 10 years of age, the daughter of a Mr. Wallace, went to the woods to drive the Cow home. Night coming on, and the child not returning, the alarm was immediately given. Several turned out and hunted nearly all

night (which was very rainy,) without success. In the morning, a goodly number of persons assembled, searched all day, but to no effect; the second, third and fourth days, from fifty to seventy persons searched diligently. Late in the evening of the fourth, she was found about a mile and a half from home, (had been overlooked,) a lifeless corpse! The scene was indescribable.

New York Banks.—The Red backs, or notes of banks created under the General Banking Law, are in bad odor in New York city. The brokers refuse to receive them, and a general smash among them may be looked for in the spring, as occurred under that system in Michigan. The Georgia Lumber Company, and the Western Bank of New York, at Rochester, have failed; and reports are rife about James Bank at Jamestown, the Erie County Bank at Buffalo, &c.—Ohio Rep.

Doubtful Banks.—The following New York notes are considered of doubtful value, New York brokers do not take them, viz:—Farmers' Bank of Canton; German do., Wooster; Lebanon Banking Co., Manhattan Bank; Miami Exporting Company; West Union; Granville; Erie and Kalamazoo.

Phila. Spirit of the Times.

More Bad Banks—look out.—Yesterday the following N. York banks were cut off by their redemption agent. Farmers' Bank of Orleans, at Gaines. Exchange Bank of Genesee.—Id.

Banks of Georgia Suspended.—We learn from Savannah that it was reported there that the banks at Columbus and at Augusta, had all suspended.

Resignation of the Governor.—We have been somewhat surprised to learn that the Hon. T. W. Gilmer has resigned his office as Governor of Virginia. The reasons, which we glean from public rumor, are as follows:

It appears that one Robert F. Curry, who stands charged with having committed forgery in the State of New York, fled from justice to Wheeling in this State, where he is confined in jail. The Governor of New York demands him of Gov. Gilmer as a fugitive from justice; Gov. Gilmer acts upon retaliatory principles, and refuses to comply until Gov. Seward has given up the fugitives from justice claimed of him by Gov. Gilmer. The Legislature disapproving of this course, Gov. Gilmer resigned his office.—Old Dom.

Probable Settlement of the McLeod Case.—Mr. Crittenden, the Attorney General of the United States, arrived in town on Thursday evening, from Albany, and leaves to day, on his return to Washington. Mr. Crittenden in conjunction with the Attorney-General of this State, has examined all the testimony and other facts in the case, and has arrived at the conclusion that there is no evidence to convict McLeod of a participation in the destruction of the Caroline. He will be able, it is supposed, to establish an alibi, and thus put an end to the whole matter.

Meantime, McLeod will remain in custody until the trial comes on, and the case will go through the forms of law, without interruption from any quarter. A perfect understanding subsists between the General and State Governments in relation to it. Under this state of facts, Mr. Webster will reply to Mr. Fox, presenting all the grounds in his accustomed clear, comprehensive, and forcible style, and it is believed that this will be satisfactory to the British Government, until the liberation of McLeod by due process of law in October next.—N. Y. Herald, Mar. 27.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS

Scenes at this "Deep hole."

Mr. Editor: There are a class of folks who occasionally visit this Depot, and others, and I suppose merely for the purpose of seeing and to be seen; nevertheless I am not unfrequently highly diverted at their queer and uncouth deportment, when they seem to stalk with so much self approbation and seeming indifference, to what others more fastidious, might say of them. They certainly present collectively some of the most unearthly and miscreant forms imaginable!—and one might without a solicism say of them;

So wither'd and so wild in their attire; That look not like the inhabitants o' the earth, And yet are call'd. Live you? or are you aught? That man may question? You seem to understand me. By each at once her choppy finger laying, Upon her skinny lips:—You should be women. And yet your beards forbid me to interpret That you are so."

It seems that these unearthly visitants have not even the most vague idea of the extent of man's ingenuity, and of the improvements daily going on in their own country; which fact is fully corroborated by expressions of surprise and wonder vociferated by themselves, on seeing the cars heave in sight. On the arrival of this long wished for pageant, they seem to be completely metamorphos'd—all is anxiety and confusion. To give a more elucidative idea of this regiment of the illiterate, perhaps some of their interrogations may be requisite. It appears from what one can learn from them, that so great has been the ex-

tent of exaggerated tales poured forth to them by agents, contractors, &c. before they themselves had an opportunity of gratifying their curiosity, that after they have seen, what they say "looks comical" (the cars,) they then doubt their eyes and become solicitous to know when the coaches are coming!—thereby showing you their idea about the matter is, that coaches, mail train, freight train, &c. are altogether different sort of "comical fixins" to the cars. With this inflexible notion about the matter, they loiter about for a while, then square their rusty fabrics on a log or stump, where they remain in painful anxiety for the arrival of the cars; which they contend have not yet passed. I can't write down half their "comical doings." I wish some of you would "jist" come up and take a bit of setin' with me, when you have nothing else to do, and I am sure you'd say, O! you ugly crab-apple complected devils! "where did you come from?" Folks, its a caution to gentility!! ZEEKY.

Foreign.

Latest from Europe.—The Caledonia, Steamer, arrived at Boston, on the 20th ult. in some hours short of sixteen days from Liverpool. She sailed on the evening of the 4th from Liverpool. She brings news twenty two days later than the President, but the intelligence is none of it very important.

In regard to Cotton, a Liverpool paper of March 31, says: "We have had another brisk day in Cotton. Consumers are very active buyers, and have taken 5000 bales at Saturday's full prices; in many instances at 18 advance on Friday's prices has been paid, 2000 bales are placed to speculators' account; to day the market closes with a firm and healthy feeling.

Money was easy in London. Good commercial paper was discounted at 4 1/2 per cent. The general features of the money market, however, showed pretty much the same state of things to exist there that exists here. A general want of confidence to do business was manifest, and with this a fear or apathy in business matters.

The political news from England is eminently pacific.

The arrival of the Caledonia brings news of the saddest disaster almost ever recorded. An American emigrant Ship has been lost, with one hundred and twenty-two passengers! The unfortunate vessel was the Governor Jenner, which sailed from Liverpool for New York on the 13th of February with a crew of 18 persons and 106 passengers, all of whom, the Captain and Mate excepted, were lost in twelve hours after sailing. On the morning following the departure of the Governor, at 2 o'clock, and 20 miles north of Holyhead, the ship came in contact with the Nottingham steamer from London. So violent was the collision, that in one minute the ill-fated ship sunk beneath the waters, carrying down all of the 124 persons on board except the two we have named. All on board the ship but the watch were asleep when the steamer was struck. Harried thus into eternity, their waking up was in another world!

Washington Market, March 31.—Corn—wholesale, \$1 75 a \$2. Bye in—sides 9 a 10 cents, hams 12 cents. Naval Stores—New dip, \$1 80; Old, \$1 75. Scrap, 70 cents. Tar, \$1 05. Fish—shad, Sa \$9. Herrings, cut, \$4 00; whole, \$2 50 a \$3 00—Pork, \$4 50 a \$5 00.—Rep.

COMMUNICATED.

Elder P. Puckett is expected to preach at Red Banks, on the 31 day of June; 4th, at Greenville; 5th, at Great Swamp; 6th, at Conotoe; 8th, at Tarboro'; 9th, at Town Creek; 10th, at Upper Town Creek; 11th, at Tossnot; 12th, at Contentnea; 13th, at Old Black Creek; 15th, at Memorial; 16th, at Nahunty; 18th, at Pleasant Plains; 19th and 20th, at Sandy Bottom.

Elder Wm. Burns, from Virginia, is expected to preach at Richland Chapel, on the 24th May; 25 h, at South West, m. h.; 26th, at the Bay; 27th, at Youp's m. h.; 30th, at Stump Sound; 31st, at Wardsville; June 1st, at North East; 2d, at White Oak; 3d, at Hadnot's Creek; 4th, at Bell's; 5th, at Newport Chapel; 6th, at Slocumb's Creek; 8th, at Swift Creek; 9th, at Galloway's m. h.; 10th, at Red Banks; 11th, at Greenville; 12th, at Great Swamp; 13th, at Conotoe; 14 h, at Tarboro'; 15th, at Town Creek; 16th, at Upper Town Creek; 17th, at Falls Far River.

MARRIED.

In this county, on Thursday last, by B. Sharpe, Esq. Mr. Andrew Jackson Skinner, of Tennessee, to Miss Arcene Fleming, daughter of Mr. Willis L. Fleming.

Notice.

The subscriber intends commencing the Butchering business in Tarboro' early in the coming spring; and will be prepared to furnish the inhabitants twice a week with fresh meats of every description, suitable to the season. Those having beves, shoats, mutton, lamb, &c. or sale on foot, will please apply to S. MUEL S. PYATT. Tarboro', Feb. 10, 1841.

Dr. P. P. Clements, Having located in Tarborough, OFFERS his professional services to his friends and the the public generally. He may at all times be found at his Office, when not professionally engaged. The Office occupied last year by Dr. Cochran; where he will be at all times ready to attend to His professional Duty, When called on, and hopes by diligent attention to his profession, to merit a portion of the public patronage. His charges will be moderate, such as are obliged to meet with public approbation. Tarborough, March 29 h, 1841. 13

List of Letters, Remaining in the Post Office at Tarborough, the 1st of April, 1841, which if not taken out before the 1st of July next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters Adams Henry Knight D & J C Andrews Gray Little T D Archer P W Rev Mercer John Bonnet Mark Rev Manning Uriah Buntin Iby Moore Elijah Braswell Robert R Moore Sarah Braswell Willie 2 Nettie Mourning Miss Bomes George Parker Weeks Bragg Thomas Philips Phereby J Miss Bull Friderick Pender Joshua Col Battle James S Ruffin John Braddy S J Rice Thomas Bradley Willie Ruth Margaret Miss Bryan Joseph Smith Thomas 2 Bullock Joshua K 2 Shephard George M Barlow A K Sharpe Col B Clark H T 2 Station Mary L Miss Cherry Lansford R 2 Shallogon T J Dr Carter John Stokes Nancy Miss Cain Eliza Station L-welling Clerk C Court Ed's Savage William Daniel John H Sikes & Elwar is Elliott Elijah 2 Stewart John P Everitt Kenneth Steadman John Exum Elizabeth Mrs Southland E Miss Ellinor James Thigpen B A 2 Gowen Mc John 2 Wilbur R J T O 2 Garrett Joseph J Weddell James 3 Hines Peter R Williams D Col Hart R D Wilson I D Hammonds Edward Webb Wm Sen Houze Ben J Williams Elijah Howard Wilson Wiggins Lawrence Ives Samuel Wills Wm H Jenkins Reb'a Mrs Wilkinson Josua Knight Jesse C Wilkins Drucilla J. S. M. REDMOND, P. M. 83—\$14 15.

State of North Carolina.

By His Excellency, John M. Morehead, Governor, Captain General and Commander in Chief, in and over the State aforesaid.

WHEREAS, I have been duly informed by the Proclamation of His Excellency, WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, President of the United States, that the last Monday of May next, (being the 31st day thereof,) has been fixed upon by him for the meeting of the first Session of the twenty-seventh Congress of the United States; an event which renders it expedient and necessary that the Elections for the Representatives from this State in the next Congress should be held at an earlier day than the usual time of holding said Elections;

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority to me vested, by an Act of the General Assembly of this State entitled "An Act concerning the mode of choosing Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States," (Revised Statutes of N. C. Chapter 72d,) and to the end that the Freeman of this State may be duly represented in the next Congress at its first session commencing aforesaid, I do issue this my Proclamation, hereby commanding and requiring all Sheriffs and other Returning Officers of the several Counties composing one Congressional District, to cause Polls to be opened and kept, and Elections to be held for Representatives to the next Congress of the United States, on Thursday, the thirteenth day of May next, at the places established by law in their respective Counties, for holding said Elections. And I do further command and require said Sheriffs, and other Returning Officers, to meet for the purpose of comparing the Polls, at the times and places prescribed by law for that purpose. And I do by this, my Proclamation, further require the Freeman of this State, to meet in their respective Counties, at the time aforesaid, and at the places established by law, then and there to give their votes for Representatives, in the next Congress.

In testimony whereof I have caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand Done at the City of Raleigh, this thirtieth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty one, and of the Independence of the United States the sixty fifth. J. M. MOREHEAD. By the Governor, JAS. T. LITTLEJOHN, P. Sec'y.

PORTS MOUTH, WILL make his first sea-on at Jackson, N. C. commencing the first day of February. Twenty five Dollars the season, and one to the groom. The cash to accompany the mare. The best possible care will be taken of mares and foals; Mares fed with grain at twenty five cents per day. Servants' Board the same. Vol. 2nd, no of Furt Register, see Parrott, Pedigree, Performance, &c. JOHN WHITE, 13 5. Jackson, Jan. 1st, 1841.

Peters' vegetable Pills.

THE wonderful cures effected by this medicine are the all engrossing subject of the day. Go where you will, and you hear of nothing but Mr. Peters' Vegetable Pills. One has been cured by Dr. Peters' Pills, who was at the point of death, but she has been cured by Dr. Peters' Pills; or are you not glad that Miss — has been restored to health by Dr. Peters' wonderful Medicine.

Really this medicine must be very good or it could not cure so many. It is good. For many years it has passed on to the young, silent tenor of its way, curing hundreds of persons who were wringing with death. But now its onward course is impetuous.

It is impossible to stay the demand for this medicine, as to hush the pushing wind.

A life medicine that will protractive death for years, shall it not enter every house? Shall it not be used by every individual? Let no man say I don't want it. You know not what to morrow may bring forth. All should use this remedy, and remember that health is the first blessing from God.

Peters' Pills

Are anti-bilious, anti-dyspeptic, and anti-acrid and may be justly considered Universal Medicine, but they are peculiarly beneficial in the following complaints:—Yellow and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Group, Liver Complaints, Sick Bile, Stomachic, Asthma, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Enlargement of the Spleen, Piles, Cholera, Female Obstructions, Heart Burn, Ferret To go, Nauca, Distension of the Stomach and Bowels, Inertent Dizziness, Flatulency, Habitual Constiveness, Bloated or Sallow Complexion, and in all cases of Torpor of the Bowels where a Cathartic or an Aperient is needed. They are exceedingly mild in their operation, producing neither nausea, griping nor debility.

The immense and increasing popularity of these pills, is another proof of the infallibility of the old adage, that "truth is powerful and will prevail." Other pills are only puff'd, but Dr. Peters' are purchased and praised, and recommended until the demand for them becomes almost universal.

Dr. Peters would impress this fact upon the public, that his pills are not quack medicine; but a scientific compound of simples, which has been the result of many years' intense application to a profession in which he was regularly bred, hence it is as popular with the regular faculty as with the people at large.

One of the many peculiar virtues of the Vegetable Pills, is, that while very powerful in their effects, they are particularly mild and gentle in their action. Unlike the generosity of medicines, their application is never attended with cases of griping.

Peters' Vegetable Pills are now regulated by those who have had an opportunity to decide upon their merits, as an infallible and pure blessing.

Without an exception in any age or country, no medicine has spread with such rapidity and given such universal satisfaction.

The above Pills are for sale at the P. S. & Printing office in Tarborough, N. C., 1841.

State of North Carolina, FREDERICK COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, FEBRUARY TERM, 1841. Lucy Sissett et al vs. George W. Killbrow, Adm'r, &c. and Henry W. Garrett and J. wife Sally. Petition for the Element & distribution. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants, Henry W. Garrett & wife Sally are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Tarboro' Press for six weeks, successively: giving notice to appear, at the next term of said Court, to be held for said County, on the fourth Monday in May next, at the Court House in Tarborough, then and there to plead, answer or demur, to the petition of the plaintiffs; otherwise it will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to them. Witness, JOHN NORFLEET, Clerk of said Court, at office, the fourth Monday in February, A. D. 1841. JNO. NORFLEET, Ck.