

# TARBORO'S PRESS.



Whole No. 789.

Tarborough, (Edgecombe County, N. C.) Saturday, April 10, 1841

Vol. XVII—No. 15

## The Tarborough Press,

BY GEORGE HOWARD,

Is published weekly at Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per year, if paid in advance—or, Three Dollars at the expiration of the subscription year. For any period less than a year, Twenty-five Cents per month. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time, on giving notice thereof and paying arrears—those residing at a distance must invariably pay in advance, or give a responsible reference in this vicinity.

Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at One Dollar the first insertion, and 25 cents for every continuance. Longer advertisements in like proportion. Court Orders and Judicial advertisements 25 per cent. higher. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise ordered and charged accordingly. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid or they may not be attended to.

## State of North Carolina,

EDGECOMBE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,  
FEBRUARY TERM, 1841.

Peter E. Knight and wife }  
Mary and others } *Petition for*  
vs. } *sale of slaves*  
Willoughby Howard and } *for division.*  
James Howard & wife }  
Charlotte,

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State: it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Tarboro' Press, for six weeks successively, giving notice to appear at the next term of said Court, to be held for said county, on the fourth Monday in May next, at the Court House in Tarborough, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the petition of the plaintiff: otherwise it will be taken *pro confesso* and heard *ex parte*.

Witness, JOHN NORFLEET, Clerk of said Court, at office, the fourth Monday in February, A. D. 1841.

JNO. NORFLEET, Clerk.

## DR. PHELPS' Compound Tomato Pills.

[ENTIRELY VEGETABLE.]

A new and invaluable Medicine for all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, morbid secretions of the liver and stomach, also, a substitute for colomel, as a cathartic in fevers and all bilious diseases.

THESE popular Pills, combining the medicinal properties of the Tomato Plant with other vegetable substances which have been found to modify and diffuse its effects, are believed to be the best Alterative and Cathartic Medicine ever discovered. They have been abundantly and successfully tried, and have received universal approbation for Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Bilious diseases, Jaundice, Gravel, Rheumatism, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Nervous diseases, Acid stomachs, Glandular swellings of all kinds, Costiveness, Colic, Headache, &c.

An Antidote to Contagious and Epidemic Diseases, to prevent the formation of Bilious and Liver affections, Fever and Ague, &c. in those who reside in hot climates, and low and marshy countries, and the best Cathartic that can be used for those localities. Sailors will find them an infallible remedy for the Scourgy; and travellers the best Medicine that they can use to counteract the dangers of exposure in unhealthy climates. For ordinary Family Physic, they are universally approved, as the best ever offered.

As a Dietetic or Dinner Pill, one taken half an hour after dinner, will sufficiently stimulate the digestive powers of the stomach to a healthy and invigorated action, and are found extremely serviceable to counteract the congestive effects of long dinners, or late suppers, or the excessive use of desserts or fruit.

These Pills are not of doubtful utility. They have passed away from those daily launched upon the tide of experiment, and recommendations from Physicians and others in every variety of climate in the United States, Texas, and the Canada, bear witness to the peculiar and potent effects of this Medicine; in fact they are prescribed by physicians generally, in preference to any other Cathartic and Alterative Medicine—and having acquired an unprejudiced celebrity as an Antidyspeptic and Antibilious Remedy; and this reputation being fully sustained by the high character of its testimonials, and the increasing demand for the Medicine—it is only necessary for the Proprietor to continue the Caution, that the public may not mistake other medicines which are introduced as Tomato preparations for the true Compound Tomato Pills.

For a full account of this Medicine, and for numerous certificates from Physicians and others, see the pamphlets recently published, in the hands of all the Agents.

None are genuine without the signature of G. R. Phelps, M. D., Proprietor, Hartford, Conn.

GEO. HOWARD, Agent.



(BY AUTHORITY.)

## LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION OF THE TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

[PUBLIC—No. 11.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the Government for the year eighteen hundred and forty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, viz:

For pay and mileage of the members of Congress and delegates, one hundred and eleven thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

For pay of the officers and clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives, nineteen thousand nine hundred dollars.

For stationary, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For stationary, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, fifteen thousand dollars. The two sums last mentioned, to be applied to the payment of the ordinary expenditures of the Senate and House of Representatives severally, and to no other purpose. And the accounting officers of the Treasury Department are hereby directed in the settlement of the accounts of the contingent expenses of the Senate and House of Representatives, to credit the payment made in pursuance of the resolutions of the Senate of the 18th of July, 1840, and the resolution of the House of Representatives of the 21st of July, 1840; and nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize or sanction any contract for stationary or other articles for the use of the next Congress by any officer of the present Congress to an amount exceeding in the whole two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the President and Vice President of the United States, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Postmaster General, sixty thousand dollars.

For salary of the secretary to sign patents for public lands, per act of July fourth 1836, fifteen hundred dollars.

For clerks and messengers in the office of the Secretary of State, twenty thousand three hundred dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the Department of State, including publishing and distributing the laws, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compiling, printing, &c. the Biennial Register, one thousand dollars.

For the superintendent and watchmen of the northeast executive building, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the contingent expenses of said building, including fuel, labour, oil, and repairs, three thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, sixteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the clerks in said office, per act of the 23d June, 1836, entitled, "An act to regulate the deposits of the public money," three thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation to the First Comptroller of the Treasury, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the First Comptroller, nineteen thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Second Comptroller, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Second Comptroller, including the compensation of two clerks transferred from the office of the Fourth Auditor, twelve thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the First Auditor of the Treasury, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the First Auditor, fifteen thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Second Auditor of the Treasury, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Second Auditor, seventeen thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Third Auditor, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Third Auditor, twenty-nine thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to two clerks employed on claims, under the act of the 18th January, 1837, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Fourth Auditor, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Fourth Auditor, sixteen thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the Fifth Auditor, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Fifth Auditor, nine thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to two clerks in the office of the Fifth Auditor, according to the act of the 7th July, 1838, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the Treasurer of the United States, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Treasury of the United States, ten thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the Register of the Treasury, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Register of the Treasury, twenty-four thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, per act of 4th July, 1836, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the recorder, solicitor, draughtsman, and assistant draughtsman, clerks, messengers, and packers, in the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, ninety-five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Solicitor of the Treasury, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury, three thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For translating foreign languages, and transmitting passports and sea-letters, in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, three hundred dollars.

For stationing and printing the public accounts, including a deficiency in former appropriations, eighteen hundred dollars.

For stationary, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Treasury Department, viz:

For the office of the First Comptroller, two thousand dollars.

For the office of the Second Comptroller, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the office of the First Auditor, one thousand dollars.

For the office of the Second Auditor, one thousand dollars.

For the office of the Third Auditor, one thousand dollars.

For the office of the Fourth Auditor, one thousand three hundred and forty-six dollars, and forty-three cents.

For the office of the Fifth Auditor, one thousand dollars.

For the office of the Treasurer of the United States, two thousand dollars.

For the office of the Register of the Treasury, three thousand dollars.

For the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For eighty-three thousand pieces of parchment and printing, books, stationary, advertising, and contingent expenses of the General Land Office; and for books and blanks for the district land offices, twenty-four thousand six hundred and seventy dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent and watchmen of the southeast executive building, two thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the building occupied by the Treasury, including fuel, labor, oil, carrying the department mails, and sealing ships' registers, twelve thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messengers in the office of the Secretary of War, including the messenger in the bounty land bureau, and the clerkship under the act of April 20th, 1818, transferred back from Pension Office on the 1st of March, 1840, thirteen thousand one hundred and eighty-six dollars ten cents.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of War, three thousand dollars.

For books, maps, and plans for the War Department, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of extra clerks when employed in said office, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, sixteen thousand four hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messengers for the office of the Commissioner of Pensions, authorized by the act of ninth of

May, 1836, twelve thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks transferred from the office of the Secretary of War to the office of the Commissioner of Pensions, two thousand seven hundred and ninety-three dollars and forty cents.

For compensation of one clerk transferred from the Navy Department, per act of 4th March, 1840, sixteen hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerk and messenger in the office of the Commanding General, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, three hundred dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messenger in the office of the Adjutant General, seven thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster General, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster General, seven thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissary General of Purchase, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissary General of Subsistence, four thousand three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Chief Engineer, five thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to clerk and messenger in the office of the Surgeon General, one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of a clerk, at one thousand dollars, under the act of April 20, 1818, transferred from the office of the Secretary of War to the said office of Surgeon General, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messenger in the Ordnance office, eight thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messenger in the office of Topographical Bureau, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of a clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars, transferred from the office of the Secretary of War to the Pension office, to be transferred from that office on the first of March, 1841, one thousand one hundred and seventy dollars and fifty cents.

For contingent expenses of said office, one thousand seven hundred and thirty-five dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent and watchmen of the northwest executive building, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, including rent of Bounty Land office, for labor, fuel, oil, and repairs, and for the contingencies of the fire engines and apparatus, four thousand seven hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messengers in the office of the Secretary of the Navy, after deducting one clerk transferred to Pension office, per act of March 4, 1840, at sixteen hundred dollars, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioners of the Navy Board, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy Board, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messenger of the Navy Board, eight thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of superintendent and watchmen of the southwest executive building, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, including fuel, labor, oil, repairs of building, engines, and improvements of the grounds, three thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to three Assistant Postmasters General, per act of July three, 1836, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messengers in the General Post Office, forty-eight thousand six hundred dollars.

For salaries of two watchmen, six hundred dollars.

For topographer and additional clerks in said office, per acts March 3, 1839, and May 8, 1840; and a clerk to keep the appropriation account, eleven thousand six hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, including fuel for the Auditor's office, and four thousand dollars for rent of building occupied by the department, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Auditor of the Post Office, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to clerks and messengers in said office, fifty-five thousand five hundred dollars.

For eleven additional clerks in said office, per act of July 7th, 1838, thirteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, including the expense of quarterly books, stationary, printing, and pay of laborers, four thousand seven hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor General, northwest of the Ohio, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to clerks in his office, per act of ninth May, 1836, six thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor General of Illinois and Missouri, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to clerks in his office, per act of ninth May, 1836, three thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation to the Surveyor General of Arkansas two thousand dollars.

For compensation to his clerks, per act of ninth May, 1836, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor General of Louisiana, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to his clerks, per act of ninth May, 1836, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Surveyor General of Mississippi, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to his clerks, per act of ninth May, 1836, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the Surveyor General of Alabama, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to his clerks, per act of ninth May, 1836, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the Surveyor General of Florida, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to his clerks, per act of ninth May, 1836, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor General of Wisconsin and Iowa, per act of June twelve, 1838, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to his clerks, per act June twelve, 1838, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For extra clerks and draughtsmen in the offices of the Surveyors General, in addition to the unexpended balances of former appropriations, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For extra clerks in the offices of the Surveyors General to transcribe field notes of survey, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of Government, in addition to the unexpended balances of former appropriations, viz:

Office of the Surveyor General, northwest of the Ohio, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Office of the Surveyor General of Illinois and Missouri, three thousand dollars.

Office of the Surveyor General of Arkansas, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Office of the Surveyor General of Louisiana, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the Commissioner of Public Buildings in Washington, per act of the 21st July, 1840, three thousand dollars.

For compensation to Commissioner, from the 21st July to the 31st December, 1840, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation to two assistants to the Commissioner, as superintendent of the Potomac bridge, at one dollar and fifty cents per day, including oil for lamps, fuel and repairs, thirty-one thousand three hundred and sixty dollars. So much of this sum as may be applied for repairs, shall be applied under the direction of the Secretary of War.

For compensation to the officers and clerks of the Mint, eighteen thousand nine hundred dollars.

For pay of laborers in the various departments of the Mint, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including the wastage of gold and silver, fuel, materials, stationary, water rent, and taxes, in addition to the unexpended balance of the appropriation of 1840, eight hundred dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins to be reserved at the Mint, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the officers and clerk of the branch Mint at Charlotte, N. C., six thousand dollars.

For pay of laborers in the various department of the same, three thousand five hundred dollars.