



**The Tarborough Press,**

BY GEORGE HOWARD,

Is published weekly at Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per year, if paid in advance—or, Three Dollars at the expiration of the subscription year. For any period less than a year, Twenty-five Cents per month. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time, on giving notice thereof and paying arrears—those residing at a distance must invariably pay in advance, or give a responsible reference in this vicinity. Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at One Dollar the first insertion, and 25 cents for every continuance. Longer advertisements in like proportion. Court Orders and Judicial advertisements 25 per cent. higher. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise ordered and charged accordingly. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid or they may not be attended to.

**State of North Carolina,**  
EDGECOMBE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,  
FEBRUARY TERM, 1841.

Peter E. Knight and wife }  
Mary and others } *Petition for*  
vs. } *sale of slaves*  
Willoughby Howard and } *for division.*  
James Howard & wife }  
Charlotte.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State: it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Tarborough Press, for six weeks successively, giving them notice to appear at the next term of said Court, to be held for said county, on the fourth Monday in May next, at the Court House in Tarborough, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the petition of the plaintiff; otherwise it will be taken *pro confesso* and heard *ex parte*.

Witness, JOHN NORFLEET, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the fourth Monday in February, A. D. 1841.

JNO NORFLEET, CLK.

**DR. PHELPS'**  
**Compound Tomato Pills.**

[ENTIRELY VEGETABLE.]

A new and invaluable Medicine for all diseases arising from impurities of the blood, morbid secretions of the liver and stomach, also, a substitute for cologne, as a cathartic in fevers and all bilious diseases.

THESE popular Pills, combining the medicinal properties of the Tomato Plant with other vegetable substances which have been found to modify and diffuse its effects, are believed to be the best Alternative and Cathartic Medicine ever discovered. They have been abundantly and successfully tried, and have received universal approbation for Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Bilious diseases, Jaundice, Gravel, Rheumatism, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Nervous diseases, Acid stomachs, Glandular swellings of all kinds, Costiveness, Colic, Headache, &c.

An Antidote to Contagious and Epidemic Diseases, to prevent the formation of Bilious and Liver affections, Fever and Ague, &c. in those who reside in hot climates, and low and marshy countries, and the best Cathartic that can be used for those localities. Seamen will find them an infallible remedy for the Scurvy; and travellers the best Medicine that they can use to counteract the dangers of exposure in unhealthy climates. For ordinary Family Physic, they are universally approved, as the best ever offered.

As a Dietetic or Dinner Pill, one taken half an hour after dinner, will sufficiently stimulate the digestive powers of the stomach to a healthy and invigorated action, and are found extremely serviceable to counteract the congestive effects of long dinners, or late suppers, or the excessive use of desserts or fruit.

These Pills are not of doubtful utility. They have passed away from those daily launched upon the tide of experiment, and recommendations from Physicians and others in every variety of climate in the United States, Texas, and the Canadas, bear witness to the peculiar and potent effects of this Medicine; in fact they are prescribed by physicians generally, in preference to any other Cathartic and Alternative Medicine—and having acquired an unprecedented celebrity as an Anti-dyspeptic and Anti-bilious Remedy; and this reputation being fully sustained by the high character of its testimonials, and the increasing demand for the Medicine—it is only necessary for the Proprietor to continue the Caution, that the public may not mistake other medicines which are introduced as Tomato preparations for the true Compound Tomato Pills.

For a full account of this Medicine, and for numerous certificates from physicians and others, see the pamphlets recently published, in the hands of all the Agents.

None are genuine without the signature of G. R. Phelps, M. D., Proprietor, Hartford, Conn.

GEO. HOWARD, Agent.



(BY AUTHORITY.)

**LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES**  
PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION OF THE  
TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

[PUBLIC—No. 12.]

AN ACT to provide for the support of the Military Academy for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, viz:

For pay of officers, cadets, and musicians, sixty thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars;

For the subsistence of officers and cadets, forty thousand and seventy-seven dollars;

For forage of officers' horses, five thousand one hundred and eighty-four dollars;

For clothing of officers' servants, four hundred and twenty dollars;

For defraying the expenses of the Board of Visitors at West Point, two thousand dollars;

For fuel, forage, stationary, printing, transportation, and postage, twelve thousand five hundred and eighty-one dollars forty-five cents;

For repairs, improvements, and expenses of buildings, grounds, roads, wharves, boats and fences, seven thousand seven hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents;

For pay of adjutant's and disbursing officer's clerks, nine hundred and fifty dollars;

For increase and expenses of the library, one thousand dollars;

For progress with binding books injured at the fire in February, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and imported stitched, three thousand dollars;

For miscellaneous items, and incidental expenses, seven hundred and twenty-six dollars and twenty-five cents;

For the department of engineering, three hundred dollars;

For the department of philosophy, eight hundred and eighty-seven dollars thirty-three cents;

For the department of chemistry, five hundred and twenty-five dollars;

For the department of drawing, two hundred and seventy-five dollars;

For the department of mathematics, seventy-five dollars;

For the department of artillery, three hundred and ten dollars;

For completing the reconstruction of the buildings for the library, engineer, chemical, and philosophical departments, commenced under the act of July seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand five hundred and eighty-one dollars thirty-seven cents;

For military and geographical surveys west of the Mississippi river, twenty thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four thousand three hundred and sixty-nine dollars, to pay a balance certified by the Topographical Bureau to be due to Lyon and Howard as the balance upon a contract for building two steam dredging machines upon Lake Michigan.

R. M. T. HUNTER,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

W. R. KING,

President of the Senate pro tempore.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1841.

M. VAN BUREN.

[PUBLIC—No. 13.]

AN ACT making appropriations for certain fortifications of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, for the preservation, repairs, construction, and incidental and contingent expenses of certain fortifications, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-one, viz:

For repairs of Fort Independence and sea-wall of Castle Island, thirty-five thousand dollars;

For Fort Warren, forty-five thousand dollars;

For Fort Adams, thirty-five thousand dollars;

For fortifications at New London harbor, fifteen thousand dollars;

For Fort Schuyler, thirty thousand dollars;

For permanent wharves for Fort Columbus, Castle Williams, and South battery, Governor's island, ten thousand dollars;

For repairs of sea-wall of Castle Williams, and other parts of Governor's island, ten thousand dollars;

For repairs of Fort Gibson, New York harbor, five thousand dollars;

For repairs of Fort Washington, fifteen thousand dollars;

For Fort Monroe, thirty-five thousand dollars;

For Fort Calhoun, ten thousand dollars;

For repairs of Fort Macon, fifteen thousand dollars;

For the preservation of the site of Fort Macon, North Carolina, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For Fort Sumter, sixty thousand dollars;

For repairs of Castle Pinckney, two thousand dollars;

For Fort Pulaski, fifteen thousand dollars;

For Fort Pickens, ten thousand dollars;

For Fort Barancas, thirty thousand dollars;

For Fort Livingston, thirty thousand dollars;

For repairs of Fort Mifflin, five thousand dollars;

For contingencies of fortifications, five thousand dollars;

For incidental expenses attending repairs of fortifications, ten thousand dollars;

For repairs of sea-wall of Deer island, Boston harbor, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For repairs of sea-wall on Rainsford island, Boston harbor, one thousand dollars;

For continuing sea-wall at St. Augustine, fifteen thousand dollars;

For the preservation of the site of Fort Johnson, sixteen thousand dollars.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1841.

[PUBLIC—No. 14.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the army for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one;

For the pay of the army, one million one hundred and seventy-two thousand and twenty-eight dollars;

For subsistence of officers, five hundred and fourteen thousand four hundred and eighty-nine dollars;

For forage of officers' horses, one hundred and fourteen thousand five hundred and seventy-one dollars;

For payments in lieu of clothing not drawn in kind, eighty thousand and thirty dollars;

For subsistence, exclusive of that of officers, six hundred and forty-eight thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine dollars;

For clothing of the army, camp and garrison equipage, cooking utensils, and hospital furniture, five hundred and five thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven dollars;

For the medical and hospital department twenty-eight thousand dollars;

For the regular supplies furnished by the Quartermaster's Department, consisting of fuel, forage, straw, stationary, and printing, two hundred and sixty-two thousand dollars;

For barracks, quarters, and store-houses, embracing the repairs and enlargement of barracks, quarters, store-houses and hospitals; the erection of temporary cantonments, and gun-houses for the protection of cannon; the purchase of tools and materials, and of furniture for the barracks; rent of quarters for officers, of barracks for troops where there are no public buildings for their accommodation, of store-houses for the safekeeping of subsistence, clothing and other military supplies, and of grounds for summer cantonments, and encampments for military practice, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars;

For transportation of officers' baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, sixty-five thousand dollars;

For transportation of troops and supplies, viz: transportation of the army and baggage; freight and ferriages; purchase or hire of horses, mules, oxen, carts, wagons, and boats, for purposes of transportation, or garrison use; drayage and cartage; hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay department; expense of transport vessels, and of procuring water at such posts as from their situation require it; transportation of clothing from the depot at Philadelphia to the stations of the troops; of subsistence from the places of

purchase and delivery under contracts to such points as the circumstances of the service may require; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and arms from the foundries and arsenals to the fortifications and frontier posts, and of lead from the mines to the several arsenals, two hundred and forty-two thousand dollars;

For the incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's Department; consisting of postage on public letters and packets; expenses of courts martial and courts of inquiry, including compensation to judge advocates, members and witnesses; extra pay to soldiers under the act of March second, eighteen hundred and nineteen; expenses of express, and of the internment of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; hire of laborers; compensation of clerks in the offices of the quartermasters and assistant quartermasters, at posts where their duties cannot be performed without such aid, and of temporary agents in charge of dismantled works and in the performance of other duties; expenditures necessary to keep the two regiments of dragoons complete, including the purchase of horses to supply the place of those which may be lost and become unfit for the service, and the erection of stables, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand dollars;

For the contingencies of the army, nine thousand dollars;

For extra pay to re-enlisted soldiers, and for the contingent expenses of the recruiting service, forty-eight thousand seven hundred and forty-nine dollars;

For the current expenses of the ordnance service, eighty five thousand dollars;

For the armament of fortifications, one hundred thousand dollars;

For ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, eighty thousand dollars;

For the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars;

For arsenals, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For the purchase of a site and rebuilding the arsenal at Charleston, South Carolina, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For repairs and improvements and new machinery at the Springfield armory, twenty thousand dollars;

For repairs and improvements and new machinery at the Harper's Ferry armory, thirty-eight thousand dollars;

For the expense of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery, three thousand six hundred dollars;

For the purchase of saltpetre and brimstone, twenty thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Fort Smith, fifty thousand dollars;

For barracks, quarters, &c. at Turkey river, fifteen thousand dollars;

For continuing the military road on the western frontier, five thousand dollars;

For continuing the barracks, quarters, &c. at Sackett's Harbor, one thousand dollars.

For preventing and suppressing hostilities in Florida, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, conformably to the acts of Congress of the nineteenth of March and the second of July eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and the acts therein referred to, viz: For forage; for freight or transportation of military supplies of every description from the place of purchase to Florida; for the purchase of wagons and harness, of boats and lighters, and other vessels, of horses, mules, and oxen to keep up the trains, of tools, leather, and other materials for repairs; for transportation within Florida, including the hire of steamboats and other vessels for service in the rivers, and on the coasts; and the expenses of maintaining the several steamboats and transport schooners, connected with the operations of the army; for hire of mechanics, laborers, mule-drivers, teamsters and other assistants, including their subsistence; for miscellaneous and contingent charges, and for arrears in eighteen hundred and forty, one million, sixty-one thousand eight hundred and sixteen dollars; for removing the raft of Red river under the direction of the Secretary of War seventy-five thousand dollars;

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to cause to be audited the account of the corporate authorities of the city of Mobile, for advances of money and expenses incurred in equipping, mounting, and sending to the place of rendezvous, two full companies of mounted men, under a call from the Governor of Alabama, at the beginning of the hostilities of the Creek Indians, in the summer of eighteen hundred and thirty-six; and the amount or balance found due, is hereby directed to be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, as soon as the Secretary of War shall approve the same.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That for the purpose of designating and marking the boundary line between the State of Michigan and Territory of Wisconsin, agreeably to the true intent and meaning of the second section of the act entitled an act to establish the northern boundary line of the State of Ohio, and to provide for the admission of the State of

Michigan into the Union, upon the conditions therein expressed, there be and is hereby appropriated, the sum of six thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, in the survey and examination of the country situated between the mouths of the Menomonic and Montreal rivers, who is hereby directed to cause to be made a plat or plan of such survey and examination, which shall be returned to Congress with all convenient despatch.

APPROVED, March 3d, 1841.

**Wake Superior Court.**—Judge Settle continues to win golden opinions for his business habits, ability and urbanity upon the Bench.

The only important case as yet tried at the present Term of our Superior Court, came on, on Wednesday—the indictment against *William B. Gully*, for the alleged murder of his Mother-in-law, an old woman of 70 years of age, who was found in a dying condition in her bed, and no one present but said Gully; and who, a short time before, was in her usual good health, and who, after death, had exhibited spots about her neck and shoulder, supposed by her family to be marks of violence, as if choked by the hand.

The account given by the Prisoner of her condition, when her son came in and saw her, was, that she had fallen in a fit, and that he had raised her and laid her on the bed. The evidence was wholly circumstantial, and the case was ably argued by *Saunders*, for the Prisoner, and for the State, by the new Attorney General, *McQueen*. The Jury, after a lucid charge from the Judge, acquitted the Prisoner, not deeming the proof sufficiently strong to establish his guilt. —*Ral. Reg.*

**Sentence of Death.**—*Madison Johnson*, a youth scarcely of age, convicted of Murder at the Fall Term of the Superior Court, was sentenced to death on Saturday evening, by Judge Settle. He is to be executed on Friday, the 30th inst. He listened to the awful judgment of the Court either with great composure or indifference. —*ib.*

**Probable Murder.**—*Aaron Shearin*, of Granville, was committed to the Jail of this City on Sunday, charged with having stabbed *Jeremiah Estes*, of this County, the day preceding, at Fish Dam. Mr. E. was alive, when our informant left, but his life was despaired of. —*ib.*

**Sale of Bank Stock.**—One hundred Shares of the stock of the Bank of the State of North Carolina, were sold at Auction last week, and brought \$106 per share. —*ib.*

A lad named *Robert Wier*, about 13 years of age, was killed instantly at Richmond, Va. on Monday. He went, with some other boys, to a well to get water to drink, and while in the act of lowering the bucket, the boy who controlled the windlass let it go, when the handle came round with great violence and struck young *Wier* on the temple, and killed him almost instantly. He made but a single exclamation. —*ib.*

The Assistant Postmaster at Abingdon, Virginia, *John W. Stevens*, has been detected in plundering the Post Office, at that place. He was arrested, and is now confined in Wythe County Jail. The accused has, hitherto, borne a very high character, and the discovery of his villany created a great sensation. His daughter, it is stated, has gone deranged. —*ib.*

It is stated, whether waggishly or not we cannot say, that a Farmer at the North recently had his Apple Orchard cut down, "lest the Apples might be ground into Cider; the Cider be distilled into spirituous liquor, and the liquor make somebody drunk!" It reminds us of the old story of the girl who, while baking in an Oven, stopped and burst into tears. On being interrogated as to the cause, she answered—"I was thinking that if I should get married, and have a pretty baby, and the baby should get into a chair, and should climb into the Oven, and get burnt to death, what should I do—Oh! Oh!" —*ib.*

**Mutiny.**—We learn from the Wilmington papers, that a mutiny occurred among a portion of the crew of the steamboat *Wilmington*, on the 21st ult., on her passage to Charleston. The mutineers were quelled, however, by the intrepidity of the Captain, *Thomas Marshal*, and the second Engineer, *Mr. Graham*. The offenders have been arrested, and given bail for their appearance at court.

**Elect'on Riots in Canada.**—The New York papers contain many extracts from Canada papers, showing that during the recent elections the utmost confusion & riots, ending in many cases in death, have taken place in the different election precincts.