



TARBOROUGH!

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1841.

We are authorised to announce Mr. John Norfleet, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of this county.

Our County Court was held this week. Nothing occurred worthy of special notice, so far as we have heard.

On Monday last, two shares of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road, were sold in this place at public sale for cash, at \$36 per share.

The following is the official statement of the polls in the several counties composing this Congressional district, as submitted by the Sheriffs on comparing the votes at Washington, on Thursday, the 20th inst. Edward Stanly (Whig) is re-elected; there was no organized opposition, but the Republican votes that were cast, were generally for Henry I. Toole, Esq. as follows:—

Table with 3 columns: Name, Toole, Stanly. Lists names like Edgecombe, Pitt, Beaufort, Hyde, Washington, Tyrrell with their respective vote counts.

Stanly's majority, 1320

The Congressional votes in 1839, were divided as follows between Dr. T. H. Hall and Mr. Stanly:—

Table with 3 columns: Name, Hall, Stanly. Lists names like Edgecombe, Pitt, Beaufort, Hyde, Washington, Tyrrell with their respective vote counts.

Stanly's majority, 500

The extra session of Congress will commence on Monday next. The Raleigh Standard gives the following as the result of the recent elections in this State:—

The Result.—We have not full returns from all the Districts in this State, sufficient has come to hand to know that the "whigs" have reversed the delegation from what it was in the last Congress, it then stood 8 Dem. to 5 "Whigs," it now is 8 "Whigs" to 5 Dem. The following Members compose the Delegation.

- 1st District, Kenneth Rayner,
2nd " J. R. J. Daniel,
3rd " Edward Stanly,
4th " Wm. H. Washington,
5th " James J. McKay,
6th " Archibald Arrington,
7th " Edmund Deberry,
8th " Romulus M. Saunders,
9th " Augustine H. Shepperd,
10th " Abraham Rencher,
11th " Green W. Caldwell,
12th " Lewis Williams,
13th " James Graham.

*Those marked thus are new members. The italicised names are Democrats.

Final from Virginia.—The Richmond Enquirer cuts down the joint majority of the Legislature to 4, which ballot. Last year they had a majority of 10 in the House of Delegates, and now it is but 2, yet whig papers claim a gain. They probably joke.—Fay Jour.

Hurra for old Edgecombe! She gave Henry I. Toole 840 votes, Edward Stanly, eighty! If ever any body was spoiled by going to Congress, it is Mr. Stanly. We wonder his constituents can't see it.—ib.

Unrepresented.—Two States, Mississippi and Illinois will not be represented in the Extra Session of Congress. The terms of members from both expired on the 4th of March last, and as there is no law in either State authorizing the Government to order a special election, none can be held until the regular time;—in Mississippi, next fall, and in Illinois, next summer, and of consequence there will be no representation from either State to attend the approaching Extra Session. This will be a loss to the Democratic party, as Illinois would no doubt send three, and Mississippi probably two Democrats.

Western Carolinian.

Mr. Webster and the Bank of the U. S.!!!—Since we announced to the world that "Daniel—the godlike," owed to this institution the sum of one hundred and ten

thousand dollars, he has paid—not his debt, but a visit to Philadelphia, and made a compromise with the Bank, through its President, Col. Drayton, by handing over to it certain patents for lands in the Territory of Iowa! worth perhaps ten thousand dollars! We have no interest in this Bank, or any other, but we expected better things from Col. Drayton than an acceptance of this offer, unless, indeed, he found the offering of the Prime Minister so desperate, that he was glad to get even these lands; for we have information to be relied upon, that Daniel occupies a house in Washington city, taken in the name and upon the credit of a Mr. Perkins of Boston! Citizens of America! are you not disgraced and dishonored by such conduct? Ought not our statesmen, placed in high stations, to be examples of integrity, virtue and patriotism?—are we so lost to every sense of shame, as not to cry out fie! fie! upon an administration and cabinet, regardless of moral rectitude, and a just performance of our duty to our fellow men? Are we willing to encourage the spendthrift, the gambler and the rouse?—Spirit of the Times.

The Philadelphia Banks.—The Philadelphia Ledger says:—"We understand that the Banks held a meeting yesterday afternoon, at which it was resolved not to accept the provisions of the late act of the legislature, granting them permission to issue small notes, reduce the value of their own credits, and suspend forever."

How it works.—The Legislature of Maryland at their last session appropriated \$2,000,000 to finish the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to Cumberland. In carrying on the previous operations of the company, a considerable amount of scrip or promissory notes had been issued by the corporation, and thrown upon the community as a circulating medium. The Legislature refused to provide for the payment of these notes out of the two millions appropriated. The consequence is, that they remain on the hands of the holders, or are sold at an enormous discount.

We have \$10 in these notes, and have been told that they are at thirty per cent. discount. We must, therefore, lose three dollars out of ten. Suppose a million of dollars in these notes to be in the hands of the people, which were originally paid out at par for provisions, materials and labor. Sold at the present rate of discount, they would yield to the holders \$700,000, being a loss of \$300,000.

What right have the stockholders of this company, be they States or individuals, to deal thus with their fellow men? Kendall's Expositor.

A Business Legislature.—The General Assembly of Rhode Island adjourned last Friday week, after a session of two and a half days, the first of which was occupied in counting the votes and declaring the election of general officers, leaving only one and a half working days, in which they despatched about as much business as the Legislature of the great State of Pennsylvania has in their session of four months, or probably would have done in four years.

The next session of the General Assembly will be held on the 1st of June, when they will have five working days before them, and if any of those unwieldy States which cannot pass their necessary laws without four months' quarrelling, nor then to suit themselves, would entrust their legislation to our General Assembly, they shall have better laws than they ever dreamed of.—Providence Journal.

Bloody Scenes.—The last St. Augustine Herald, after noticing the cold blooded assassination of General Reed, in Tallahassee, states that great excitement existed, and that there appeared some disposition to wrest the murderer, Willis Alston, from the hands of justice. In a postscript, it adds:—"We learn that the sheriff of Leon county was compelled to shoot a man, who is not expected to recover, and that Harris, the city marshal, in another affair, was nearly cut to pieces by a man named Rogers."

One day last week the horse attached to the Mail cart took fright whilst standing at the Rail Road Depot, and after running a short distance jumped over the outer railing of the bridge near the Depot and fell below, a distance of nearly forty feet, killing him instantly. He was blind, but a very valuable animal.

Winning on Chronicle.

A Large Vine.—We measured a grapevine a day or two ago, now growing within a few miles from this place, and found it to be forty-three inches in circumference at the ground. It has not probably its fellow in size in the United States.

Ibid.

The Supreme Court of Ohio, sitting at Lebanon, Warren county, Judges Lane and Hitchcock, on the bench, Judge Lane delivered the opinion of the court: That if the owner of a slave voluntarily bring him into this State, or permit him to come, although it should be for the pur-

pose of visiting or travelling through from one State to another, the slave in such case becomes a free man the moment he touches the soil of Ohio.

A young man lately committed to the jail of Rockingham county. (Va.) charged with the murder of his father, has been tried by an examining court in Harrisonburg and acquitted. The Register says: "This horrible affair, the killing of a father by his son, was the result of a drunken frolic, in which father, mother, and son were all engaged! The father, it appears, made an attack upon the son, who repelled the assault by striking a blow with a hoe which stove in his parent's skull and laid him dead at his feet! The young man has been acquitted by the laws of his country; but remorse and anguish must and will torture his spirit while life, and being last."

Beets.—Take beets of middle size and roast them in the fire as potatoes are roasted. When done, they are peeled and served up in the usual manner. One who has tried them says they are much sweeter and richer than when boiled. Albany Cultivator.

St. Domingo.—The following picture of the present condition of the once beautiful and flourishing island of St. Domingo, is furnished in a letter from a French naval officer: "We embarked on board the frigate Neréide, on the 24th December. On the 28th we were at Fort Royal, to receive orders from the admiral who despatched us on the 29th to St. Domingo, where we were to take on board the five millions of francs which the Consul General had informed us were ready. We have been three days at anchor in this famous republic, and all that I can say to you of the misery of the people, will scarce suffice to give you any idea of it."

I have been every where, and every where have seen nothing but degradation & corruption. Men in rags compose the army and exhibit a most ludicrous military masquerade. Cavalry on foot, manoeuvre like horses at the word of command, trot, gallop, &c. Both officers and soldiers are without shoes; one has spurs tied by a cord to his naked feet, another has made himself spurs with a piece of iron drove into a wooden sole tied to his foot, and one whole company which I inspected minutely, had not a single musket which would go off.—The officers in rags ask charity.

Slothfulness, poverty in its most hideous form—and in the negro it is most hideous, alone meet your eye at the town of Port au Prince. The fields are overrun by brambles, logwood trees, and the rapacious lichens which obstruct the roads and destroy the old plantations. With the exceptions of a few gardens which are here and there cultivated by the negroes—gardens far inferior to those of our worst slaves—there is no cultivation whatever.

The only product of the island is coffee, and that every year diminishes so materially that the time is not far distant when it will produce none at all. No more is planted, and the old coffee plantations are not even taken care of. The owners gather the crops from their own fields, in the midst of briars and woods—no labourers being to be had, the one not being willing to work for the other."

We have recently conversed with a gentleman of discrimination and intelligence, about this famous republic, and his account of it substantially corresponds with that given above. The President is a man of sense and spirit, but he can do nothing with the slothful and degraded natives. The wealthy planters deride his administration and grind their inferiors to the dust. Indeed, the entire island is a theatre of ruin, wretchedness and unpeppable desolation. The blood of the whites, which streamed so profusely in '98, has been remembered in heaven; and St. Domingo has wailing in all her palaces, and darkness on all her hills.

Beauties of British Royalty.—The annual income of the Queen of England is one million six hundred thousand dollars. In addition to this she has Buckingham Palace, St. James's palace, Windsor Castle and Brighton Pavilion. All this, and millions more, are annually extracted from the laboring classes. Royalty misgoverns and swims in luxury—democracy appears to sanction all, content to creep on in poverty and despotism from the cradle to the grave. If the people of England only knew their strength—if the spirits of Hampden and Sydney were in their midst, pleading and striking for freedom, such a flame of independence and revolution would be started as the whole world would not be able to extinguish.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

Well, George, you know what kind of an old oddity I am; but you will always find me the friend of man and my country, either religious or political, according to my view of things—and others may have their views and welcome. Is it so, that the Southern States will be imposed on every year by the Northern States, in buying their Irish potatoes for seed from the North? Good heavens! let the Southern people learn better by my scribbling. The smaller the Irish potato the better, say as big as a bullet, drop them whole; eat all your large ones, keep the

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

small ones for seed; put plenty of manure in your drill, (or bed,) cover them up with a dagon plough on each side on plant ing; then, when up four or six inches high, weed them and then throw a high dagon furrow or two on each side. And if you don't make plenty, and that as large as if you had purchased the largest in market, you say the old man is mistaken. But don't forget the quality nor quantity of manure.—Put enough of any thing but cotton seed not fully killed, or horse manure not fully rotten; the heat becomes so great that it kill the potato in its fermentation. Even those as big as a buck shot, are as good and better than those you cut the eyes out of as big as your fist, and will plant further. I feel ashamed, George, for my birth State, North Carolina, that she should have slept so long on this and many other subjects, of which I may tell you hereafter. Bad, or good, it is not intended to please or offend mankind; but to tell the truth for the benefit of man and my sweet and glorious country. We will suppose, and I think it moderate too, that there are shipped into North Carolina from the Northern States, 250,000 bushels Irish potatoes, ranging in price from seventy-five cents to a dollar and twenty-five cents per bushel; and I have known them sell at one dollar and fifty cents. This I know for forty years has been about the ranging prices. How wrong we must be, when North Carolina with the same pains will bring as good potatoes as any State in the Union. Then there is 250,000 loss to this State every year. Wake up, ye men of sense, and think for yourselves. Put up your Irish potatoes in any tight house, cover them well with cotton or cotton seed, and they will keep the coldest winter. Let not North Carolina slumber, much less Edgecombe, the garden spot and paradise of the world, for hospitality, industry, and plenty of hog meat and bread, and all other things—that man ought to want. JOSHUA LAWRENCE.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS. "Coming events cast their shadows before."

I dreamed last night, that I was one among many passengers on board the British Queen, sailing at the rate of fifteen miles an hour down Tar river. Query: Will Tar river ever become navigable for steam ships of 2000 tons burthen? It is said, there is nothing new or impossible under the sun. Who knows but what "Turpentine Run" will become a navigable stream for small craft before the world ends? Wonders will never cease. Go ahead, TAR and TURPENTINE.

Foreign.

Late from Europe.—The steam ship Caledonia, arrived at Boston, brings English dates to the 4th instant. She brings no news of the President. The British Ministry have been twice defeated by important votes upon the Irish Registration Bill—once by a majority of 21, and again by a majority of 11.

The cotton market was depressed, and had declined one-eighth of a penny on a pound. Flour was dull. The money market had improved.

Washington Market, May 26.—Corn-wholesale, \$1 75 a \$2. Bacon—sides 8 a 9 cents, hams 11 cents. Naval Stores—New dip, \$2 15; Old, \$2 00. Scrap, 70 cents. Tar, \$1 10. Fish, shad, 7 a \$8. Herrings, cut, \$3 50; whole, \$2 50 a \$3 00.—Rep.

COMMUNICATED.

The Rt. Rev'd L. S. Ives has appointed to preach in the Episcopal church in this place on Tuesday evening next, the 1st of June.

Elder P. Puckett is expected to preach at Red Banks, on the 3d day of June; 4th, at Greenville; 5th, at Great Swamp; 6th, at Conover; 8th, at Tarboro'; 9th, at Town Creek; 10th, at Upper Town Creek; 11th, at Tosnot; 12th, at Contentment; 13th, at Old Black Creek; 15, at Memorial; 16th, at Nahunty; 18th, at Pleasant Plains; 19th and 20th, at Sandy Bottom.

Elder Wm Burns, from Virginia, is expected to preach at Richland Chapel, on the 24th May; 25, at South West, m. h.; 26, at the Bay; 27, at Youp's m. h.; 30th, at Stump Sound; 31st, at Wardsville; June 1st, at North East; 2d, at White Oak; 3d, at Hadnot's Creek; 4th, at Bell's; 5th, at Newport Chapel; 6th, at Slocumb's Creek; 8th, at Swift Creek; 9th, at Galloway's m. h.; 10th, at Red Banks; 11th, at Greenville; 12th, at Great Swamp; 13th, at Conover; 14, at Tarboro'; 15th, at Town Creek; 16th, at Upper Town Creek; 17th, at Falls Tar River.

A Main of Cocks WILL BE FOUGHT in the town of Halifax, commencing on the 23d of June, for one hundred dollars a battle and one thousand dollars the odd, each party showing thirty cocks—to fight four days. Halifax, May 26 h, 1841. 22 4

Table titled 'Prices Current' listing various goods like Bacon, Brandy, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, etc. with their prices per unit.

NEW GOODS, Cheaper than ever at the WELL KNOWN CHEAP CASH STORE. James Weddell & Co. RESPECTFULLY invite their numerous customers and the public, to an early examination of their present assortment of Spring and Summer

GOODS, Comprising the largest, most splendid, and beyond all comparison, Cheapest Stock of neat, tasty, and fashionable Goods, Ever offered in Tarboro', and they only ask of those in want of Goods, to call and examine their stock and learn their prices before purchasing. Tarboro', May 12, 1841.

New and Beautiful SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY, &c.

Mrs. A. C. HOWARD, IS opening her Spring supply of Goods, selected with the greatest care and attention by her self, and comprising a general assortment of the most neat, useful and ornamental articles, in the

Millinery line. Among her Goods will be found—A variety of beautiful pattern bonnets, best and most approved style, Drawn Silk Bonnets, Straw bonnets, in great variety, Plain and figured Net, Plain, fig'd and watered silks and satins, Gro de Algiers, Gro de Nap, &c. Veils, collars, caps, curls, French, velvet and fancy Flowers, An extensive assortment of ribbons, &c. All of which will be sold cheap for cash, or on her usual accommodating terms to punctual customers. Tarboro', May 12, 1841.

Notice.

THE following Tracts of Land will be sold at the Court House door in the town of Williamstn, on the second Monday in June next, for the tax due for the year 1839:—

- One tract belonging to John Taylor's heirs, said to be 100 - 80 acres, valued at 100 - 80 dollars; tax 38 cents. It is being sold by Maroon Manning.
One tract belonging to Hardy Ball's heirs, said to be 50 acres, valued at 100 dollars; tax 20 cents. It lies joining Baldy Branch.
One tract belonging to Crisp Martin's heirs, said to be 50 acres, valued at 100 dollars; tax 20 cents. Joining Drury Lodge.
One tract belonging to Charlotte Lee's heirs, on my list 30 acres, valued at 30 dollars; tax 10 cents. Joining A. H. Coffield.

ARNOLD WHITFIELD, Martin county, 28 April, 1841.

Brandreth's Pills.

This medicine is acknowledged to be one of the most valuable ever discovered as a purifier of the blood and fluids. It is superior to Sarsaparilla, whether as a sordid or alternative. It stands infinitely before all the preparations or combinations of Mercury. Its purgative properties are of an in calculable value—for these Pills may be taken daily for any period, instead of weakening by the cathartic effects they add strength by ridding away the cause of weakness. There is no good Mercury does, which these Pills do not likewise. But they have none of the miserable effects of that deadly specific. The teeth are not injured;—the bones and limbs are not paralyzed;—no—in the stead of these distressing symptoms, new life and consequent animation is evident in every movement of the body. Brandreth's Pills are indeed a universal Remedy; they cure opposite diseases; they cure Inflammation and chronic rheumatism. They cure diabetes and strangury. They cure dysentery and constipation. They will cure all these costiveness. They will cure all these apparently opposite diseases, because they cleanse and purify the blood, provided, however, nature is not beyond all human assistance. GEO HOWARD, Agent. Tarboro', Oct. 1840.