



TARBOROUGH

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1842.

Democratic Republican Nomination.

FOR GOVERNOR,

LOUIS D. HENRY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Election on Thursday, 4th Aug.

"FREE TRADE—NO TAXES FOR PROTECTION—NO MONOPOLIES, OR EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES—BANK REFORM"

L. D. Henry's letter to Comtee

We are authorized to announce WM. D. PETWAY as a candidate for Sheriff of this county.

We are authorized to announce Gen. LOUIS D. WILSON as a candidate to represent this county in the Senate of our next General Assembly.

We are authorized to announce Col. JOSHUA BARNES as a candidate to represent this county in the House of Commons of our next General Assembly.

We are authorized to announce RALPH E. MACNAIR as a candidate to represent this county in the House of Commons of our next General Assembly.

The Examination of the Students in the Female Academy in this town, took place on Tuesday last. A large concourse of Ladies and Gentlemen attended. The students acquitted themselves much to their credit, to the gratification of the visitors, and to the ability and application of the accomplished instructress, Miss J. M. Ragsdale. On Wednesday evening, a Concert was given at the Academy, which was also numerously attended, and which exhibited in a lively and entertaining mode, the proficiency of the students in vocal and instrumental music. On Thursday evening, a Party was given to the students, which terminated the Exercises, in an amusing and satisfactory manner.

Congress.—In the Senate, on the 31st ult. the Hon. Willie P. Mangum, Senator from this State, was elected President of the Senate, on the second ballot.—Mr. Southard having resigned in consequence of ill health.

The Army bill, is the principal subject under consideration in the House.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

We lay before our readers this morning the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention which assembled at Salisbury on the 20th May, 1842.

Friday, May 20

Agreeably to adjournment from Raleigh, the Delegates of the Democratic State Convention met in Salisbury this day. The President and other officers of the Raleigh Convention not being in attendance, the Convention was called to order by the Hon. Charles Fisher of Salisbury; whereupon the following officers were nominated and appointed:—Hon. Henry W. Conner of Lincoln, President; Dr. Stephen Fox of Mecklenburg, Col. George Howler of Ashe, Walter F. Leake, Esq. of Richmond, and Gabriel Holmes, Esq. of New Hanover, Vice Presidents; and Duncan K. McRae of Cumberland, and Charles F. Fisher of Rowan, Secretaries.

On taking the Chair, the President addressed the Convention in a brief, but pertinent and forcible manner.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, it was Resolved, That a Committee of five be appointed to take into consideration the proceedings of the Raleigh Convention and what business will properly come before the Convention, and make their report on to-morrow.

Whereupon the President appointed the following gentlemen to constitute this Committee: Mr. C. Fisher of Rowan, Mr. Leake of Richmond, Dr. Holt of Davidson, Mr. Hoke of Lincoln, and Mr. Marshall of Anson.

The Convention was then addressed in an able and happy manner, by the Hon. Robt. Strange of Cumberland, and Col. M. Hoke of Lincoln, after which a recess was taken until 3 o'clock, P. M.

Friday, 3 o'clock, P. M.

The Convention again assembled and was ably and eloquently addressed by the Hon. Bedford Brown.

Mr. Henry, the Democratic Candidate for Governor, who had been prevented by indisposition from attending in the morning, appeared to greet the Convention and apologise for his inability to address the body at length in consequence of debility from recent severe illness. His reception was most enthusiastic.

On motion, the Convention then adjourned to meet at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Friday evening, 7 o'clock.

The Convention met pursuant to adjournment.

Messrs. Reid, of Cumberland, Craige, of Rowan, and McRae, of Cumberland, successively addressed the body in happy and appropriate efforts.

On motion, then Convention the adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock to-morrow.

Saturday morning, 9 o'clock.

The Convention met according to adjournment. Chas. F. Fisher from the Committee of Invitation appointed by the Raleigh Convention, made a report by leave, and laid before this body a number of letters received from distinguished gentlemen of the Democratic party.

On motion it was ordered that the letters be read to the convention, which was accordingly done.

After the reading of the letters, Mr. C. Fisher from the Committee of Five to whom had been referred the proceedings of the Convention held at Raleigh, submitted a report, and by instruction of the Committee offered for the consideration of this Convention the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Convention do affirm all the proceedings of the Democratic Republican State Convention, held at Raleigh on the 8th of January last; and in a more especial manner declares its entire approbation of the nomination of our able and distinguished fellow citizen Louis D. Henry of Fayetteville, as the Democratic Candidate for Governor of North Carolina.

This Resolution was received with great applause, and unanimously adopted.

Mr. Fisher further offered, by instruction of the Committee, a series of strong resolutions declaratory of the principles of the Democratic party of North Carolina; and also an address prepared by the Committee appointed on the 8th of January, drawn in conformity with the principles set forth in the Resolutions were read, received with warm approbation and unanimously adopted.

On motion it was then Resolved, That a Committee of Three be appointed by the President to superintend the publication of the address and proceedings of this Convention, with power of correction and revision, and that they make arrangements to supply all the Counties of the State with as many copies of the same as they may call for.

In conformity with this resolution the President appointed Messrs. Hoke, Fisher, and Wheeler, to constitute the Committee.

The Address and Resolutions were then handed over to the Committee to be published as soon as possible.

In answer to loud calls, the Convention was now addressed in an able and animated strains by Messrs. Leake of Richmond, Wheeler of Lincoln, Biggs of Martin, and McCallum of Montgomery.

Mr. Wheeler then mentioned to the Convention that he saw present Dr. Crooke of South Carolina, a gentleman of the Democratic Republican party of reputation, and hoped that he would be called on to address this body.

The President requested that Dr. Crooke would address the Convention.

In accordance with this request and repeated calls, Dr. Crooke rose and in a brief but able manner complied.

On motion of the Hon. Bedford Brown it was

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be tendered to the President, Vice Presidents, and Secretaries, for the able and satisfactory manner in which they have discharged the duties of their respective offices.

The President then delivered a closing address to the Convention.

On motion of Mr. Craige, it was

Agreed, That, having finished the deliberations for which it assembled, this Convention do now adjourn sine die.

Mail Robbery.—The Fayetteville Observer states that the mail was robbed a few nights ago near Gaston. The bags were found in the River, cut open.

Cool and Deliberate.—We learn from undoubted authority that a poor white woman named Fanny Garrett wife of Stephen Garrett living near Jamestown, Martin Co. N. C. went, on Wednesday last, to the orchard of a man by the name of William Watson, who lived in her neighborhood, and was in the act of gathering a few plums, when she was discovered by Watson who very deliberately left his work, went to the house and got his gun, walked towards her until he was near enough, took deliberate aim, and shot her dead on the spot. It is said that Watson is about 65 years of age, and the only reason alleged by him for this rash act was that she had conjured him. He has been arrested and confined in Martin Co. jail.

Edenton Sentinel.

Episcopal Convention.—The Oxford Mercury of the 26th ultimo, says: "Last week was an exciting one for our village: the Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church was in session, and the town was flooded with people. A number of strangers from a distance were here, and all was bustle and excitement. The deliberations of the convention were conducted with the utmost harmony, and a truly Christian spirit pervaded the assembly."

Conviction & punishment for Bigamy.—Edward Callahan, charged with the

crime of Bigamy, was tried before the Superior Court of Person County, (Judge Dick presiding,) on Wednesday of last week. We learn that he acknowledged his guilt in the premises and threw himself on the mercy of the Court, which was extended to him, in the shape of branding on the cheek with the letter B., two years imprisonment in the County Jail and three several whippings on his bare back of 39 stripes each.—Danville Rep.

The Norfolk Herald of last Monday week says:—"A hostile meeting with pistols took place in the grove in the rear of the Naval Hospital at this place, on Friday last, between midshipmen James J. Waddell and Archibald H. Waring, both attached to the receiving ship Pennsylvania, when at the first fire Mr. Waddell received his adversary's ball in the right thigh, by which the bone was shockingly fractured—his own pistol missing. The wound, it is feared, will prove mortal. Waddell is from North Carolina and Waring from South Carolina. Both are under 20, and neither has been more than eight months in the Navy. The quarrel, it is only necessary to say, originated from a trifling cause."

The Norfolk Beacon, of Tuesday, says the wound received by Midshipman Waddell, in the duel above mentioned, is not likely, (as was feared at one time,) to prove mortal, and that he was better on Monday.

Extensive Fire in Norfolk.—The Herald of the 3rd instant says, a fire broke out this morning at 3 1/2 o'clock, in a wooden tenement on Little water street, next to the corner of Woodside's Lane, which spread with great rapidity to the adjoining buildings, and was not subdued until it had spent through the Wide Water street, carrying, in its destructive career, every building in the space between Holt's lane (east) and Warren's Row, in the rear of the Exchange, (West,) including Laeoste's Block in which was the U. S. Rendezvous; the row of buildings belonging to the estate of James Woodward, Esq., and the large brick house on W. W. street, of the late Mrs. Leppin. Kimball's house was the only one destroyed on the north side of Little W. street.

We have not time to ascertain number of houses destroyed, but believe it does not fall short of 20. They were all brick except two, but with old shingle roofs, very dry and combustible, and mostly tenanted by very poor people, (whose condition is truly deplorable) & a few sailor boarding houses. With few exceptions they were on leased ground; and we believe mostly insured.

Great riot in New Orleans.—From the New Orleans papers of the 21st ult., we learn that on the previous day, the people of that city were in a state of great excitement, owing to the vast depreciation of the notes of the Municipalities, which took place immediately upon the resumption of specie payments by the banks. The Peayune says:

About eight o'clock a crowd of some thousand persons collected on the public square. They were men who do business in a small way about the lower markets—Frenchmen, Spaniards, Italians, &c. After some brief but agrarian addresses from some of those among them, they proceeded to the building in which are the Mayor's office and the Treasury of the first Municipality. Here they became extremely clamorous, and gave indication of their determination to outrage both law and order. They were met by the Mayor, who assured them that all excitement and apprehension about Municipality notes were groundless—that the Municipalities would provide for the payment of them at par value, and he therefore requested them to disperse and go home. This did not seem to satisfy them; every man was loud in urging his own complaint. The Mayor said it was impossible for him to reply to them all, but suggested that if a committee of three from among them would come up to his office, he was prepared to hear any thing they had to say, and to give them such advice as he thought most conducive to their interest. A committee was appointed, who, with the Mayor, retired to his office, and it was in their absence that some one in the crowd cried out in French, "down with the brokers! down with the brokers!" which seemed to be the signal for a general rush up Chartres street. On reaching the corner of Camp and Canal streets, they simultaneously broke in and commenced plundering four of the Exchange brokers' offices located there. Some appropriating to themselves the spoils, some breaking the counters and windows and dashing the specie about—all appearing inclined to carry on and consummate the work of destruction. With the love of law and order characteristic of our citizens, they ran to the rescue, drove off and dispersed the mob and secured some eight of those most prominent in the work of robbery and demolition.

The whole city now became a scene of general excitement. It was rumored that an attack would be made on the Second Municipality jail, and an attempt made to release the prisoners caught in the act of plunder. The citizens of this Municipality, to the amount of some hundreds, armed and placed themselves under the command of the veteran Col. White—the Washington Battalion and the Legion turned out—the "great guns" were put in order, and every thing bore the appearance of a city under martial law.

Nothing, however, occurred through the day, after the sacking of the brokers' offices.

The councils of the different Municipalities were immediately called together and made arrangements for the immediate redemption of their issues, and it was supposed, all trouble would therewith end.

We gain the following interesting information from the last Intelligencer, in relation to the Cotton Factories of Petersburg:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Value. Capital invested in Cotton Factories \$1,200,000; Number of Spindles 25,000; Looms 724; Yards of Cloth made per day 20,959; Number of white operatives employed 1,440; Number of persons deriving support from the Factories 2,550.

Foreign.

By the arrival of the Columbia steam ship at Boston, Liverpool and London papers to the 16th of May, have been received.

We have advices relative to the Liverpool Cotton Market to the 18th. Only a very moderate business was done on that day; there was, however, no change in prices; and the transactions altogether amounted to 2,000 bales—1500 American 4d; 80 Marnham 5 1/2 a 6 l.

Money is abundant in England. Good bills can be discounted at three per cent.; and many of the first merchants, instead of employing their capital in the ordinary way of business, are seeking for its investment on loan—fortunate if they can obtain 4 1/2 per cent.

A great disaster has befallen the city of Hamburg, in Germany. A conflagration, unprecedented since the great fire of London, has laid a large portion of the city in ruins, after lasting 4 days, before any mastery was gained over the progress of the flames. It is said that 60 streets, courts, and alleys, and 15 public buildings, in all about 1,500 houses have fallen a sacrifice. The number of lives lost is said to be between 250 and 300.

A frightful accident occurred on the Rail Road between Versailles and Paris, by which 50 persons were killed and 150 wounded.

Another conspiracy had been detected to assassinate the King of the French, and a number of persons had been arrested.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

A HORRID PICTURE—A DREAM. A drunkard, a tobacco chewer, a smoker and a snuffer all in one.

He looked so gruff, With snout clog'd with snuff, His lips with tobacco juice smear'd, His eyes all afloat, His soul all afloat In liquor—I viewed him and fear'd

And what was my fear? He gave me a scare, For in him I saw but myself; From that very hour I've strove 'gainst power, To lay the bowl up on the shelf.

Yes, I saw with pain, In that picture plain, A part of myself, if not all; I both drink and smoke, And believe it's no joke, They're the cause o' many a downfall.

I woke, 'twas a dream, And yet it doth seem Reality—not a vision, For since, I have seen, With 'optics' quite 'keen,' The like with perfect precision.

So henceforth I swear, It shall be my care, To imitate not that picture; Neither smoke, nor drink, Or indulge I think In the damning compound mixture.

For life it annoys, The mind it destroys, And renders a man a brute too; A moth in the purse, To mankind a curse, To the body pains acute too.

So down with the bowl, For the sake o' the soul, For the sake o' the mind and body; And drink ye no more, There's an evil sore In smoking, and drinking o' toddy.

JEREMY DIDDLE.



DIED.

At her residence in Edgecombe county, N. C. on the 29th May last, aged 88 years and 13 days, Mrs. Catharine Johnson, the highly respected relic of Amos Johnson, Esq. She was a communicant of long standing, having been an exemplary and pious member of the Baptist church for the last 60 years of her life. She was an affectionate mother, a charitable neighbor, and was kind and forbearing in all of her domestic relations. Her loss will be deeply regretted by

every lover of Christian simplicity and moral rectitude. There was a harmony in her character, a beauty in her life, and a quietness in her intercourse with the human family, which elicited from an extensive acquaintance, an enviable portion of esteem and veneration. Her life was a pattern of every thing desirable in the female character—and the serenity with which she gave up the position she thus occupied, was a noble and dignified commentary on an un-ullied life of purity and human benevolence.

"Thus died a woman, good without pretence, Blest with plain reason and with sober sense; No conquest she, but o'er herself desired, No arts essay'd, but not to be admired. Passion and pride were to her soul unknown, Convinced that virtue only is our own; So unaffected, so composed a mind, So firm, yet soft, so strong, yet so refined." June 5th, A. D. 1842. X.

The Standard, Raleigh Register, and Washington Whig will please copy. Communicated.

Elder George W. Carrawan is expected to preach at Tarboro', on the 15th July; 16th, at Old Town Creek; 17th, at Autrey's Creek; 18th, at Meadow; 19th, at Travel; 20th, at Jones's; 21st, at Beaver Dam; 22nd, at Salem, (or Meadow); 23rd and 24th, at Muddy Creek; 25th, at Richland Chapel; 26th, at South West; 27th, at Stone's Bay; 28th, at Yop m. h.; 29th, at Wardsville; 30th, at North East; 31st, at White Oak; 1st Aug. at Hadnot's; 2nd, at Newport; 3rd, at Slocumb's Creek; 4th, at Travel; 5th, at Swift Creek.

Prices Current.

At Tarborough and New York.

Table with 4 columns: Item, Unit, Price at Tarboro', Price at New York. Includes items like Bacon, Brandy, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, Flour, Iron, Lard, Molasses, Sugar, Salt, Turpentine, wheat, whiskey.

Tarboro' Male Academy.

THE Fall session will commence on Monday, 27th inst. under the continued superintendence of the subscriber. Terms as heretofore. Board in the family of the teacher at five dolls. per month. WM. S. BAKER. May 10th, 1842. 23 2



Masonic Notice.

THE Anniversary of St. John the Baptist will be celebrated by Concord Lodge, No. 58, Tarborough, on Friday, 24th inst. There is expected to be an Oration delivered on the occasion. Members of adjacent Lodges and the Fraternity generally are invited to attend. WILLIAM NORFLEET, Sec'y. June 9th, 1842. 23 2

\$20 Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, at Mr. Phil. Hawkins' hotel, in Louisburg, on the night of May 28th, three bank notes—one of \$50, on the Farmers' Bank of Va., and may be known by having in figures on the back of the note, and about the centre, \$135. Also, by having lost all the left hand number of the note except the letter N of the word No. The note is also some years old and rather pale. The other notes were \$1 notes on the Taunton Bank of Massachusetts;—one payable to A. Wood—the other to some other person. On the back of one were letters made with a pen, but not recollected.

The above reward will be paid, and even more, for the detection of the thief or thieves and recovery of the money, or one half for either. The money probably will not be passed in the immediate neighborhood but at a distance. It was no doubt taken by one of the servants and concealed by another—a league. A. M. ROCWEL. Washington, June 5th, 1842

Notice.

THE subscriber having opened a Public House at

Grove Hill,

Warren County, North Carolina, 11 miles from Warrenton, on the road leading to Halifax, is prepared to accommodate travellers, or persons who may wish board during the sickly season. Her charges will be moderate, and her table shall be furnished with the best she can procure. Her stables will be attended by attentive ostlers. SARAH THRIFT. May 28, 1842. 23 4