

Carboro Southerner.

Published every Thursday.

FRANK POWELL, PROPRIETOR

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The office seekers are not so numerous in Washington as they were last week. There has been a slight thinning out also in the office holders—not so much as there ought to be, perhaps, but still enough for a starter.

The storm on Mount Washington Saturday night was terrific beyond description. A northwest wind prevailed, which had a velocity of from 100 to 140 miles an hour. The spirit thermometer fell to 48 below zero Sunday morning.

The work of reformation continues. Mr. GARLAND has called for the resignation of three useless examiners in the Department of Justice and Secretary VILAS has notified several worthless Post-Office Inspectors that their services will not be needed hereafter.

Tears fall, we have noted, the largest being reported during the winter among the slain were from the following counties, and weighed as given: Union, 622 pounds; McDowell, 650; Harriet, 688; Cabarrus, 686; and Edgecombe 732. So the East beat—Wilmington Star.

Edgecombe can always lead if her people will try. This only shows what we might do if we were to make an effort to have the State Industrial School located here.

It was believed that Ex-Congressman Vance would be appointed commissioner of Patents on account of his thorough knowledge of the workings of the bureau and laws concerning the same. He was for years a member—part of the time, chairman of the House committee on patents.

We are sorry that he was unsuccessful. The appointment went west, Montgomery of Michigan got it.

Tarboro Should Get It.
The act providing for the establishment of an industrial school directs the board of agriculture to seek proposals of donations for such a school, and when any town offers an amount to justify its acceptance, it should be the duty of the board to locate the school there. We suppose bids will be regularly made. The board is then to apply \$5,000 a year out of the agricultural funds to maintain the school. If such a school is established the management is to be vested in the board of agriculture and three directors appointed by the town making the donation. The instruction shall be in wood-work, mining, metallurgy, practical agriculture and such other branches of practical education as may be deemed expedient.

The general advantages to the people of the State from such an institution require no enumeration, but the special advantages to the town and county where this school may be located are so considerable that every town should make an effort to get it. The \$5,000 which the Department of Agriculture will annually expend is but a tithe of what the students would leave behind them. But pecuniary advantages are not the only ones that would be to the community where this school is located; the education is to be practical, especially farming, and it would only require a few years for the section within a considerable radius to show the effect of intelligent farming.

Why should not Tarboro have this school? In some respects she has superior claims to any other town, one especially—our superior advancement in Agriculture. While this is a reason why the school should be located here, and while we might claim a favorable consideration for our locality because we have never had anything from the State, we must not fold our hands and think we will get it any way.

In our opinion there will be some sharp bidding for various places.

her citizens by holding back each waiting for the other to take the lead permit the opportunity to go by default.

State Guard Encampment.
The Legislature very properly appropriated \$3000 annually to the expenses of an annual encampment of the State Guard, the selection of the place will we suppose be left to the adjutant General. Instead of ordering the entire Guard into camp at once and in the same place we think that it would be better in every way to call out the Guard by regiments and allow the commanding officers to select the place for the Encampments.

This plan would certainly be much more convenient.

In a letter to Col. Cotton adjutant General Jones says Asheville has been suggested. Asheville is well enough for the western companies but it is very inconvenient for those in the East. Nags Head, Beaufort or Smithville are much more convenient to at least 10 of the companies.

If we are to have a state camp why select Asheville? It is true it is a popular summer resort, but it offers no superior advantages. At Smith-

vile as there are regular barracks. Nags Head and Beaufort are fine camping grounds. These could be selected if the Encampment is to be by regiments.

But if the 20 companies are all to go into camp together then some central place should be selected, say Raleigh.

The Colonels and Captains should without delay communicate their opinions to General Jones. We have little doubt that he will readily do as the majority think best.

A Mares Nest.
When the President sent to the Senate the name of MILLER for Internal Revenue commissioner, a great hue and cry was made because he was backed by the protection Democrats headed by RANDALL. This the gossips said was necessarily true because MONROE, CARROLL, and other revenue reformers exerted their influence in favor of Gen. THOMPSON of Kentucky. Such assertions may be classed as utter nonsense. The tariff had nothing to do with the appointment. The President recognized the manifest impropriety of appointing a man commissioner who truly or not was said to be a failure.

If you are failing, broken, or otherwise use "Wells' Health Reviver."

The probability is that had it not been for this election THOMPSON would have been appointed.

Nothing yet has transpired to shake our firm conviction that President CLEVELAND is a thorough going tariff reformer. On this he will however be as he has ever been on other questions slow, deliberate but nevertheless positive.

It is significant that these discoveries of the Presidents tariff views are made exclusively by protectionists.

Are We So Bad?
To the Editor of The World:

Is the Louisiana State Lottery Company of New Orleans an honorable institution? And would you advise occasional investment there in? March 20.

[No lottery can be said to be an honorable institution. No sensible or honest person will buy lottery tickets. It is the most foolish form of gambling.—Ed. World.]

While one may not approve of lotteries, but the fact that one buys tickets therein does not make the buyer a dishonest person. The Editor of the World is either a liar or a fool.

We Smile.
The Charlot Observer tells us that L. T. Smith, of Steel Creek, raised sixteen bales of cotton on fourteen acres. Pass him around and bring to the front the other good farmers. They are the men who will regenerate North Carolina.—News and Observer.

We at one time thought that Bro. Ashe had some idea of farming, but his ignorance is perfectly apparent now. Only last week we published the report of cultivating fifty acres on a 700-acre farm. He had a good crop of good farming. A gentleman in No. 6 township on 13 acres ginned and packed 19 bales of cotton. In No. 7 on 250 acres Capt. T. W. Battle raised 251 bales of cotton. Bro. Ashe, come down to Edgecombe and get your farming data, or at least take us for a standard. Of hand we could give the names of at least twenty large farmers who made a bale of cotton or more to the acre.

Gen. Grant.
A correspondent writes us inquiring if we approved of the action of congress in placing GEN. GRANT on the retired list, and suggests that he already has a sufficient income.

We have no love for GEN. GRANT. As President we disliked him. As General he did, however, show a spirit of moderation and consideration towards his conquered adversaries that entitles him to the respect and esteem of every Southerner. In history GEN. GRANT will be regarded, as he is now by the Northern people, the savior of the Union. We, no matter how unwillingly, are a part of this Union. It is not what is GEN. GRANT's private income but it is a national gratitudo. Does our correspondent suppose that had the South succeeded GEN. LEE would not have been given lasting and valuable testimonials of his peoples gratitude and love? GEN. GRANT is to the Union what GEN. LEE would have been to Confederacy.

He ought to have been pensioned.

Appoint Democrats.
CLEVELAND is "downing" the politicians as it is popularly phrase it. Those whom States and delegations have favored President CLEVELAND has ignored. So far his substitutions have been most excellent.

PEARSON, Postmaster of New York, a republican, is we are told by CLEVELAND's organ the World, to be retained. Civil service is a good thing in its way, but PEARSON in no wise comes under the civil service law. We would in no way dictate to Mr. CLEVELAND whom he should appoint, but we would, and every democratic paper likewise, should emphatically say that he has no right to appoint to office republicans.

So far as the editor of the SOUTHERNER and those connected with the paper are concerned, not one request will be made for an appointment and therefore our strictures (if they be such) are to be taken as coming from no interested source. The SOUTHERNER will at all time insist that a democrat should appoint democrats to office. Of course the preference should be given to party workers, but so long as the appointees are democrats, a discreet silence will if possible be preserved.

Maj. Finger's Letter.

I trust that it will not be considered improper for me, through the newspaper press, one of the great educators of the people, to explain the modifications of the public school law, enacted by the recent general assembly. I am moved to do so because of the numerous enquiries relative to the matter, knowing as I do that it will necessarily some weeks before it will be possible for the law to be published and sent out as required by law.

The prominent changes from the old law are indicated by the following provisions:

1. On the first Monday in June next, and every two years thereafter, the justices of the peace and the county commissioners at their joint meeting are required to elect three residents of their county who shall be a county board of education. Their duties will be the general supervision of the schools of their county—in only such cases as are now performed by the county commissioners. They are to meet four times a year, with a compensation of two dollars per day and mileage.

2. The county superintendent is to be secretary of the board of education. His pay is two or three dollars per day, as the board may determine, for the days that he is actually engaged, and he is to have the supervision of the board. He will, in addition to the ordinary duties now required by the register of deeds in school matters, a good board will give him pay and work with the limits of the law according to his efficiency.

3. The county board of education will hereafter not be required to make a per capita appropriation of funds among the several school districts of the county as heretofore required. The law requires that two thirds of the money be apportioned on a per capita basis, and the remaining one third is to be apportioned "in such manner as to equalize school facilities to all the districts of the county, as far as may be practicable and just to all concerned, without discrimination in favor of or to the prejudice of either race. If the board find it desirable to do, they may control prices to be paid teachers, and they are permitted to require comfortable school houses to be provided.

These provisions indicate the principal changes in the law—all others are minor changes, made necessary to make the system conform to these provisions.

As I understand it, the Assembly intended to separate school affairs from other county business, and put them in the hands of persons specially appointed with a view to their fitness to manage them judiciously and economically, giving them large discretion, and evidently taking into consideration the fact that the State is exceedingly diversified in its interests and population, and on this account demands large local discretion than has heretofore obtained.

This local discretion extends also to the county superintendent. While it is a most axiomatic truth that there can be no good system of public education without the services of a "superior" man, or "superior" men, to realize the fact. Such counties are allowed, under the late legislation, to elect an inferior man as superintendent, strict the scope of his labors and jog along, being contentedly distant in the educational race by their more progressive neighbors. A successful business man never invests money in an enterprise without either superintending it himself, or employing a competent person to superintend it for him. This principle applies to school business with double force. A short term of good schooling is worth more than a longer one of inferiority; time is saved in proportion to the efficiency of the teacher in a marked degree.

The system is not more expensive than the old system, and the board of education will not cost much, if any, more than was the cost of the county commissioners as boards of education, and the fees heretofore paid to registrars of deeds will be eliminated.

Seeing that the constitution of the State requires a system of public education, may I not ask the justices of the peace, the county commissioners and people to assist me in executing the system given us by the Assembly under their constitutional requirements, to the end that we may provide for at least a rudimentary education for all the children of the State, and to the end that what money we do pay for education may be judiciously used. May I not hope that you will be found in every county who will consent to act as members of the board of education, which is the foundation of the system.

Very obediently,
S. M. FINGER,
State Sec'y of Pub. Instruction.

The Superior Courts.
The fall courts of the third Judicial District will be held as follows:

Beaufort—Third Monday before the first Monday in March, to be for the trial of civil cases alone except jail cases on the criminal docket; twelfth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Currituck—First Monday in March and September.

Currituck—Third Monday in March and September; and the fourth Monday after the first Monday in March.

Perquimans—Fourth Monday in March and September.

Chowan—Fourth Monday after the first Monday in March and September; and the fifth Monday after the first Monday in March.

Craven—Fifth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Herford—Sixth Monday after the first Monday in March and September; sixteenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Washington—Seventh Monday after the first Monday in March and September; and the fourteenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Tyrrell—Eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Dare—Ninth Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

Hyde—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September; and the fourth Monday before the first Monday in March.

Pamlico—Eleventh Monday after the first Monday in March and September.

SECOND DISTRICT.
The Second District shall be composed of the following counties, and the Superior Courts thereof shall be held at the following times, to-wit: Halifax—Eighth Monday before the first Monday in March, to be for the trial of civil cases alone; first Monday in March to be for the trial of civil cases alone, except jail cases on the criminal docket; tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Northampton—Sixth Monday before the first Monday in March, to be for the trial of civil cases alone except jail cases on the criminal docket; fourth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks; and the fourteenth Monday after the first Monday in March to be for the trial of civil cases alone.

Warren—Third Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Edgecombe—Sixth Monday before the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks; and the fourth Monday before the first Monday in March to be for the trial of civil cases alone.

Bertie—Eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Craven—Twelfth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, and the third Monday before the first Monday in March, each to continue two weeks, and the last to be for the trial of civil cases alone.

THIRD DISTRICT.
The Third District shall be composed of the following counties, and the Superior Courts thereof shall be held at the following times, to-wit: Pitt—Eighth Monday before the first Monday in March; second Monday after the first Monday in March and September, fourteenth Monday after the first Monday in March, each to continue two weeks.

Wilson—Fourth Monday before the first Monday in March to be for the trial of civil cases alone, except jail cases on the criminal docket; sixth Monday after the first Monday in March; eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Vance—Second Monday before the first Monday in March; eleventh Monday after the first Monday in March; sixth Monday after the first Monday in September, each to continue two weeks.

Martin—First Monday in March and September, thirteenth Monday after the first Monday in September, each to continue two weeks, and the last to be for the trial of civil cases alone, except jail cases on the criminal docket.

Greene—Fourth Monday before the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Nash—Eighth Monday after the first Monday in March and September, each to continue two weeks.

Franklin—Thirteenth Monday after the first Monday in March; tenth Monday after the first Monday in September; sixth Monday before the first Monday in March; third Monday before the first Monday in September.

Personal Intelligence.
Dr. Dan Williams is convalescent. The sun crossed the equator Saturday. Joe L. Bridges Jr. is fond of hunting. North Carolina Marble is regarded as very fine.

Mrs. W. A. Hart returned last week from Florida. Miss Maggie Williams left Friday for seven Springs.

Friday Gov. States will visit the New Orleans Exposition.

President Cleveland was 48 years old week ago yesterday.

Dr. J. W. Jones is President of the State Board of Health.

Senator Ransom is said to receive daily 150 cents for office.

Cleveland is at 5 o'clock breakfasts at 9 and is then ready for work.

The house of Russian diplomats is to be worn a good deal this spring.

The New York Herald has contributed \$1000 to the Baltimore Festival fund.

James H. Berry has been chosen to succeed Mr. Garland of Arkansas in the U. S. Senate.

Col. Jno. W. Cotten, we still insist would make the best U. S. Marshall for this district.

Dr. Jno. Carr has returned home a new friend of D. and will minister to the sick from Old Sparta.

Mrs. W. D. Bryan and Mrs. Sol. Woodard are visiting their parents, Mr and Mrs. O. F. Adams in Washington.

Miss Annie Beamer, of Danville, Va., and Miss Minnie Reynolds, of Asheville, are the guests of Miss Carrie Walston.

Mr. J. D. Cordun who had his leg broken some time since by a hoghead of molasses rolling on it, is on the streets again, and his leg is not a bit short, though it was prophesied at it would be.

SALE OF LAND.
By virtue of an order of sale made March 2nd 1885 by the clerk of the Superior court of Edgecombe county, in the special proceeding, entitled Jacob Battle, admr. of Esty v Jordan, vs. Amiel Ann v. Lewis, the undersigned will sell for cash at the Court House docket room on the 27th day of March, 1885, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following parcels of land, lying in the town of Rocky Mount, Edgecombe county, bounded as follows: Beginning at a bay and maple on the canal, A. J. Garvey's corner, thence north 15 degrees east 12 chains and 08 links to an iron stake, thence south 88 degrees east 33 links to an iron stake, thence south 88 degrees east 1 chain and 42 links to a stake on canal corner by said canal, the section on containing 2 acres 1 rod 38 poles. March 27th 1885. JACOB BATTLE, Adm'r. BENS & BATTLE, Attorneys. 13 St.

L. HEILBRONER & BRO.

TARBORO, N. C.

RETAIL AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, FINE CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, FANCY GOODS AND LACES.

To advertise a new stock of spring goods to both sexes of Tarboro and Edgecombe county is one thing, and very easy to do as the Editor of the SOUTHERNER is at all times glad to insert ads. and this public is a reading one, now to prove and convince enlightened buyers who call in consequence thereof that we are prepared to sell everything we advertise, and which an examination will easily demonstrate: We now offer the people of this vicinity a spring stock that comprises many novelties that cannot fail to attract and meet the approval of all viz:

Day Goods—Ginghams and seersucks, Lawns, Satens, Nansuiks, combination suitings, summer silks, Kyber cloth, seers cloth, prints; sheeting, bleached and unbleached, bleached and brown muslins, checks, bed ticking, &c.

LACES—Torchus, valenciennes, oriental, Egyptian, Mechen, Florentine, Platte valenciennes, Normandy, antique, quips, duches, Spanish, Irish, Escorial, Oriental flouncing, and Egyptian all-over netting for over dresses, &c.

EMBROIDERIES—On cambric, Nansuik and swiss, single or in matched sets; all-over Hamburg in white, and cardinal and white with edge to match; venetian trimmings.

WHITE GOODS—Plain, checked and striped muslins, nansuiks, and piques; India laces; French lawns, French Nansuiks; plain and clustered ticking, and Etamine.

WRITE ROBES—With very elaborate trimmings.

OUTLINE NOVELTIES—And art material for the embroidery factory.

ON FINE CLOTHING—For business or dress we need not dwell. The quality, style and workmanship of our buy fine clothing. While we do not pretend to sell cheaper or to undersell every one, we challenge the rows to produce to the trade better qualities, better styles, better trimmed and lined garments than our OXFORD MIDDLE SEX AND ASSAULTS suits are. In this department as we have done in others, we are endeavoring to establish the ONE PRICE SYSTEM.

SHOES—We maintain our reputation on children shoes which are now bought and worn in nearly every family in Tarboro and are in use in a great many families in and out of the county.

LADIES SHOES—We keep from cheap to very fine French kid button boots which are fine to arrive and are selling at 66 per pair. The summer styles of our Hess' young and old men shoes will arrive in a few days, and much pleasure it will afford us to show them. These shoes range in price from \$4.50 to \$7.50 a pair. Besides these we have many other styles and makes of shoes at lower prices.

You will also find the much talked of \$3 shoe in numbers to suit.

HATS—Soft hats, stiff hats, and straw goods. Never before have we been able to offer such an extensive line of hats. We have the latest styles, shades and shapes, with or without ventilators. In children and boys straw goods we have every imaginable style and quality; the 5 cent Indian Panama as well as the fine Milan braid \$5 hat is presented.

GENS FURNISHING GOODS—We have the best linen collars and cuffs and all kinds of gents furnishing goods, in fact absolutely sell them as low as they are sold in New York or elsewhere.

FANCY GOODS—We have as complete a stock in this line as the population of the town and county will warrant us in carrying.

We still continue to sell our bleachings astonishingly low and coats pool cotton at wholesale prices

Respectfully,
L. HEILBRONER & BRO.

HEADACHES

Induced by indigestion, Prolonged, Chronic, Costiveness, and Acid Circulation, or some Derangement of the Nervous System. Sufferers will improve by the use of

Ayer's Pills

To stimulate the stomach and produce a regular daily movement of the bowels. By their action on these organs, AYER'S PILLS divert the blood from the brain, and relieve and cure all forms of Congestive and Nervous Headache, Bilious Headache, and Sick Headache; and by keeping the bowels free, and preserving the system in a healthy condition, they insure immunity from future attacks. Try

Ayer's Pills.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.



Dealer in

WATCHES, Diamonds and Jewelry

Seal, Fancy Set, and Plain Gold Engagement Rings; Silver and Plated Table Ware, Clocks, Spect. Gold Pens, Gold and Silver Trunkets, Music Boxes, Organs, Clarinets, and Music Accordeons, Harmonicas, Banjos, Flutes, and Autographs, Albums, Stationery, Christmas Cards, Fancy Goods, Maps, West-chnam Pipes, in Case, Gold and Silver-mounted CANES.

RUBBER STAMPS,

Stencils, Lodge Seal's and India Ink, Fuging and Repairing done promptly in the best manner. The quality of our goods, warranted to be as represented, and all Exchange the BEST and LATEST IMPROVED

SEWING-MACHINES

No other Machines like these, Marvels of Simplicity, Light running, durable and no fastening of work necessary. I have had a practical experience of more than 30 years in the jewelry business, and guarantee to do first class work. With thanks for the letters, a thorough review of the people of the vicinity, during the past few years, I hope to make a continuance of the same.

Respectfully,
BELL, The Jeweler.

N. B. OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT,
HYMAN & CO.

Commission Merchants

163 Water St. - NORFOLK, VA.

RECEIVE CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, PEASANTS, OILS, SHIRTINGS, AND COUNTRY PRODUCE GENERALLY.

ORDERS FOR ALL KINDS SUPPLIES CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.
Correspondence Solicited.

NOTTINGHAM & WRENN,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers in
ICE AND COAL,
GENERAL OFFICE
54 MAIN ST. UNDER ATLANTIC HOTEL
YARDS & BRANES, Nottingham & Wrenn's Wharf, Atlantic City, Norfolk & Western R. R. Depot, Nos. 6 & 7 Campbell Wharf, 3m 23rd - NORFOLK, VA.

LAND POSTED.

All persons are forbidden to hunt with dog or gun by night or day upon the lands of Mrs. A. J. Staton in township No. 3, E. B. STATON, 13 St.

TOWN LOT FOR SALE.

I offer for sale privately the vacant lot opposite R. C. Brown's store. Will sell in parcels or the whole of it. There are no better business lots in Tarboro.
M. L. HUSSEY,
13 St.

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH IS

located at Seawater, Tenn., upon the Cumberland Plateau, 2000 feet above sea level. This school, under the special patronage of the Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the South and Southwest, offers the highest and best advantages, both moral and educational, in the Grammar School and in the College and Theological Departments. For the special claims of this University for patronage, apply for documents to the REV. T. E. HOLLAND, Vice-Chancellor, Seawater, Tenn.

HARTNER'S IRON TONIC

THE ONLY TRUE
WILL PURIFY THE BLOOD, remove the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and regulate the action of the VIGOR OF YOUTH, and restore the vitality of the system. It cures, Pains, neuralgia and nervous debility, and restores the vitality of the system. It cures, Pains, neuralgia and nervous debility, and restores the vitality of the system. It cures, Pains, neuralgia and nervous debility, and restores the vitality of the system.

LADIES

Will purify the blood, remove the liver and kidneys, and regulate the action of the vigor of youth, and restore the vitality of the system. It cures, Pains, neuralgia and nervous debility, and restores the vitality of the system. It cures, Pains, neuralgia and nervous debility, and restores the vitality of the system.

FARM MACHINERY.

SEEDS. FERTILIZERS.

Centennial Corn Planters.

THOMAS SMOOTING HARROWS, PERFECTED PULVERIZERS, COX COTTON PLANTERS, FLYNN HARROW, DEERE CULTIVATOR, MOWING MACHINES.

GRASS SEEDS

Clover, Orchard, Herds AND Kentucky Blue Grass

FERTILIZERS.

FARMERS BONE FERTILIZER, PATAPSCO GUANO, PROLIFIC COTTON GROWER, PINE ISLAND GUANO, ACID PHOSPHATE and KANTIE

Royster & Nash,

March 25, 1885 TARBORO, N. C.

BRIGHT YELLOW TOBACCO.

We are now Manufacturing a Fertilizer, especially adapted to the growth of BRIGHT YELLOW TOBACCO. VERY RICH IN AMMONIA, POTASH AND PHOSPHORIC ACID. We want every farmer who intends planting Tobacco to buy a ton of it.

ENTERPRISE FERTILIZER CO.,

ROYSTER & NASH, Agents
March 25, 1885 TARBORO, N. C.

CLOSING OUT SALE

WINTER GOODS,

WINTER GOODS

WHITLOCK'S, WHITLOCK'S.

100 Men's Overcoats reduced 20 per c.
50 Boy's Overcoats reduced 20 per c.
25 Children's " reduced 25 per c.
200 Men's Business Suits " 20 per c.
50 Dress Suits reduced 25 per c.
100 Boy's Suits reduced 20 per c.
50 Children's Suits at prime cost.
20 Children's Suits at less than cost.

CLOSING OUT SALE

WINTER GOODS

WHITLOCK'S, WHITLOCK'S.

The entire stock of HEAVY GOODS marked down to CLOSE OUT. The Goods MUST BE SOLD to make room for SPRING