

ACRYLIC PAINTING ACRYLIC PAINTING Paieley High School ADULT BASIC EDUCATION ADULT BASIC EDUCATION 11/17 11/17 11/17 **ALGEBRA I FURIDAMENTALS OF** 11/17 11/17 11/18 **AUTO FAMILIARIZATION** 11/19 **BLUEPRINT READING, ARCHITECTURAL** 11/17 BLUEPRINT READING & 11/17 **BLUEPRINT READING, PLUMI** 11/19 BRICKLAYING 11/17 11/18 11/17 11/19 WARM AIR HEATING CERAMICS REGIMA 11/17 CERAMICS, REG Polo Pk. Rec. Ctr. CERAMICS, BE Sprague St. Rec. Ctr. CERTIFIED ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN EXAM. PREP. 11/17 **CHAIR CAMIN** 11/28 11/17 11/18 11/20 11/18 COMMERCIAL ART 11/17 **CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS &** 11/19 CREWEL EMBROIDER 11/18 CROCHETING 11/17 CROCHETING 11/18 **CUSTOM SEWING (Men's Knits** 11/22 **DECORATIVE ART DECORATIVE ART** 11/19 DIGITAL COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS 11/18 13/17 **ELECTRONICS, BASIC** 11/18 FIRST AID, STANDARD 11/18 11/17 11/19 FRAMING, SHEATHING & INSULATION 11/20 11/18 11/17 11/22 INDOOR HOUSE PLANT CARE 11/19 INTERIOR DECORATING 11/18 Dalton Jr. High INTERIOR DECORATING 11/20 **Paistey High School** 11/18 **MACHINE SHOP PRACTICES II** 11/18 MACRAME 11/17 Sprague St. Rec. Ctr. **MAJOR HOME APPLIANCE REPAIR** 11/17 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION 11/18 **MECHANICAL DRAFTING & SKETCHING I** 11/18 **MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY** 11/20 Dalton Jr. High **METRIC SYSTEM** 11/18 Dalton Jr. High **OFFSET CAMERA I** Campus 11/20 OFFSET PRINTING I - Campus 11/19 **OIL & GAS BURNER SERVICE!** 11/19 **OIL PAINTING, BEGINN** 11/17 Dalton Jr. High **OIL PAINTING, BEGINNING** 11/17 West High School OIL PAINTING, INTERMEDIATE I 11/20 **OIL PAINTING, INTERMEDIATE II** 11/18 **OSHA LAVY & INDUSTRIAL SAFETY** 11/18 Dalton Jr. High **PATTERN DRAFTING, SEWING** 11/17 **PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT & INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS** 11/20 Dalton Jr. High PHOTOGRAPHY I 11/17 Dalton Jr. High PLANE GEOMETRY 11/17 Dalton Jr. High PORTRAITS (CHARCOAL) . 11/19 Dalton Jr. High PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT 11/18 **PRINCIPLES OF SUPERVISION** 11/17 PRIVATE PILOT GROUND SCHOOL 11/17 Dalton Jr. High **PUBLIC SPEAKING** 11/18 **READING IMPROVEMENT** 11/17 **REAL ESTATE EXAM PREPARATION** 11/18 REAL ESTATE MATH 11/29 **Dalton Jr. High** REAL ESTATE MET' "OS 11/19 REAL ESTATE SALES 12/1 RESIDENTIAL WINNE 11/20 R. M. REFRESHER 12/1 Delton Jr. High SEWING, ADVANCED FITTING 11/19 **Paintey High School** SEWING, ADVANCED FITTING 11/17 West Farsyth H.S. SEWANG, MEN'S IQUITS 11/19 **Balton Jr. High** SEWING, STRETCH FABRICS & LINGERIE 11/19 West Fersyth H.S. SIGN LANGUAGE 11/17 **Goodwill Rehab. Ctr.** SIGN LANGUAGE II 11/17 SMALL ENGINE REPAIR I 11/17 STAINED GLASS 11/17 Sprague St. Rec. Ctr. STOCK MARKET 11/20 Dolton Jr. High 11/18 TAILORING (KINTS & WOOL) 11/28 Dalton Jr. High TRANSACTIONAL AMALYSM 11/17 TRANSISTORS, BASIC 11/17 11/20 Dolton Jr. High UPHOLSTERY 11/17 UPMOLSTERY 11/18 **Paintey High School WALLPAPER HANDING** 11/18 11/18 Delton Jr. High 11/19 **Paintey High School** WELDING, BASIC 11/18 WELDING, BASIC ARC 11/22 WELDING, BASIC OXYACETYLENE 11/17 WELDONG, INTINO. TO INIERT GAS 11/18 WELDING, INTRO. TO MUCLEAR PIPE 11/17 WALLS, TRUSTS & PROBATE 11/18 Delton Jr. High MEN IN SUPERVI 11/18 11/18

The above is a partial listing only. For additional information, or to register, call or stop by the Institute. Phone 723-0371, Address — 2100 Sites Creek Parkway, Wisston-Salom, N. C.

11/17

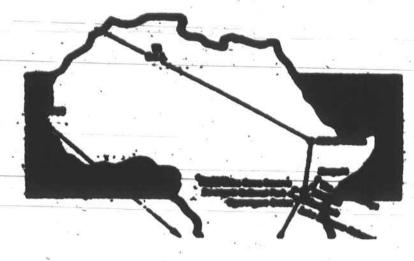
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11/20

West Foreyth H.S.



African Spotlight



Theologian To Address Race Progress Day

Dr. James H. Cone, famous writer and widely traveled university lecturer and teacher of theology, will address the 24th annual Race Progress Day audience at New Bethel Baptist Church at 3 p.m. November 9. The general public is invited to the citywide event which marks the 51st anniversary of the Effort Club. New Bethel is located at 1016 North Trade Street, and Dr. Jerry Dreyton is pastor.

These are among Dr. Cone's numerous publications:

"Black Theology: We Were Not Created For Humiliation," Ladies Home Journal; "Negro Churches (In the USA)" in Encyclopedia Britannica, 15th edition, 1974; "Black Theology and Black Liberation," Christian Century "Jesus and the Oppressed," Concern; "Black Spirituals: A Theological Interpretation," Theology Today. "White and Black" The Other Side.

Dr. Cone holds a B.A. from Philander Smith College, Little Rock, Arkansas; a B.D. from Garrett Theological Seminary in Evanston, Illinois and an M.A. and Ph.D. from Northwestern University.

Several special guests and visiting groups are expected to join the more than 100 Effort Club members in the colorful anniversary event. Thelma Moore will preside. Mrs. Bessie Williams will present the speaker and Mrs. Grace Fuller will make a presentation to the Pastor for the Church.

Rev. William Epps, pastor of First Baptist Church, will offer invocation. Mrs. Elizabeth Jackson will make a cash presentation to Dr. J.T. McMillan for the NAACP as a gift from the Effort Club. Music will be by the Young Adult Choir and the Junior Choir of our Church with Mrs. Faye Payne and Mrs. Audrey Easter directing.

Professionally, Dr. Cone is a noted instructor of religion, theology and philosophy and Afro-American History.

He has taught one or more of these subjects at Philander Smith College, Little Rock, Arkansas; Adrian College, Adrian, Mighigan; University of the Pacific, Stockton, California; Bernard College, New York City, Drew University, Madison, New Jersey; Woodstock College, New York City. He now teaches at Union Theological Seminary in New York City where he lives with his wife and two sons.

Mrs. Glennie M. Hall is Effort Club president. Mrs. Bessie Williams and Mrs. Jerry Drayton are program planners.

The Library Commission of New Bethel, headed by Mrs. Hattie Ingram, will have displays of Dr. Cone's books following his address. Mrs. Ingram is Director of Public Relations at New Bethel.

Organ music will be by George Brown, and scripture invocation and benediction will be by Rev. William Epps, pastor of First Baptist Church.

Colonial Era Part IV: Quest For Education

Missionaries and not colonial rulers were responsible in most African countries, in providing education to the people during the colonial era. There were schools and churches ran by churches whose base were outside Africa. The function of schools in those days seemed to be simply to teach reading and writing so that converts could read the Bible either in a language native to the people or in some cases, in foreign language. The graduates of these elementary schools went on to become teachers and helped to extent the work of the church.

There were few high schools ran by the government. The colonial powers were careful not to give too much education to the natives, since education, to them represented an unwelcome means of ending colonial rule in the first place. In most African countries, those who were latter to become national leaders were once teachers too. The contact with outside influence provided them with enough frustration and desire to better their lot and that of their people hence they sought passage to other countries for more education and knowledge.

How did a school come to be built in those days? In most cases, missionaries would come to a village and make contact with the chief. After a lengthy negociation and promises of good faith and good intentions, the missionaries would be allowed to come in and set up house in a chief's compound or residence. While the chief allowed the church to set up house, he would continue to judge them as they go about winning converts. It would seem to be customary for the chief to allow one of his children to join the church as a demonstration to the rest of his people that he sincerely approved the activities of these people. The church often started with prayer meetings, then branch out to small classes where Bible lessons were taught.

Meanwhile, the first converts brought their friends and their friends brought friends until there were enough people to have inpack in both the church and the community. Once this stage was reached, the church would then tell the chief, who at this time would be getting tired of people running all over his compound, to donate a piece of land to the church for a school. Probably eager to get rid of the strangers, and often out of goodwill, would donate land. And here was the beginning of a village school. Age was not a factor in admitting students to the school. Built by community labor and money, the school took anybody willing to learn and able to pay either in kind or labor or money. The church related schools imposed strict code of conduct and behavior. Since one of the principal objectives of the school was to produce good church people, lessons in Bible studies were prominent in the affairs of the school.

Church schools played a vital role in the education of all people during the colonial era. They provided the people a means of enlightenment and introduced a lot of people to reading and writing. They also eventually helped the Gross National Product of the country since the graduates got better paying jobs and paid heavier taxes than those who did not go to school. In terms of personal growth and development, the schools provided a strong base on which the people were able to aspire to greater heights. The schools and certainly the church were instrumental in the development of positive self which was a useful instrument in the task of nation building and progress.

Most of the small schools which were started in those days eventually produced students who went to colleges and universities and who assumed leadership position when colonial era came to an end.

As from the next issue of this paper, this column will be written by my wife, Mrs. Robena Egemonye. I will be away for about five weeks. So long.

Ndubisi Egemonye