Study: New Orleans could lose black base

THE ASSOCIATED PRES

PROVIDENCE, R.I.—The city of New Orleans could lose up to 80 percent of its black population if people displaced by Hurricane Katrina are not able to return to damaged neighborhoods, according to an analysis by a Brown University sociologist.

Professor John R. Logan, in findings released Thursday, determined that if the city's returning population was limited to neighborhoods undamaged by Katrina, half of the white population would not return and 80 percent of the black population would not return.

"There's very good reason for people to be concerned that the future New Orleans will not be a place for the people who used to live there, that there won't be room in New Orleans for large segments of the population that used to call it home," said Logan, who studies urban areas.

The study used maps from the Federal Emergency Management Agency that detailed flood and wind damage and compared them to data from the 2000 U.S. Census to determine who and what areas were affected.

It found the storm-damaged areas had been 75 percent black, compared to 46 percent black in undamaged areas of the city. It also found

that 29 percent of the households in damaged areas lived below the poverty line, compared with 24 percent of households in undamaged areas.

More than half of those who lived in the city's damaged neighborhoods were renters, the analysis found.

"The odds of living in a damaged area were clearly much greater for blacks, renters and poor people," the study said. "In these respects the most vulnerable residents turned out also to be at greatest risk."

Elliott Stonecipher, a demographer and political analyst based in Shreveport, La., said the analysis gets to the heart of the debate over how to rebuild New Orleans. Racial tensions have been high with some worried that those in charge of the rebuilding will push black residents out of the city.

"For this storm to suddenly rip that away from them, that feeling is at the heart of this growing racial impasse," Stonecipher said.

The study was funded by a grant from the National Science Foundation and is ongoing, Logan said.

On the Net: Interactive map of damaged areas:

Heart health for women

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hearts, they can appreciate their health, their lives and their loved ones. If women make a promise to be hearthealthy, we can decrease the incidence of heart disease.

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VIA STIMULATION

Hope for paralyzed muscles

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON—Vibrating tingles of electricity worm into the thin legs of paralyzed children, pulling at their muscles to pump up and down on a special bicycle.

It's called electrical stimulation exercise therapy, and small but tantalizing studies suggest that this intense rehab just might help restore some function to people with spinal cord injuries, even if they were paralyzed long ago.

Desperate patients have sought this therapy since it was credited with helping the late Christopher Reeve regain the ability to feel human touch and move just a little, more than five years after a riding accident completely paralyzed the "Superman" star. Now scientists are putting the approach to a rigorous test— in a study with children that may begin to answer whether this sweat equity truly fuels recovery.

Patients "will do anything for a glimmer of hope," cautions Dr. Randal Betz of Philadelphia's Shriners Hospital for Children, which has a waiting list of 5- to 13-year-olds hoping to enter the study. "What's appealing about the cycling is it's not surgery, it's not hurtful. ... Everybody is hopeful that it will also show improvement in neurologic function."

The idea: Remaining nerves in the spine may be dormant, partially recovered after the injury but essentially asleep as the brain can no longer send "get moving" messages down to them. Using electricity to stimulate those nerves and cause certain patterns of motion may teach them to carry signals locally, maybe even route new connections around the injury.

It's controversial. Doctors have long thought that if the body repairs itself after a spinal cord injury—which does sometimes happen—any improvement will occur in the first six months, and that there's no hope for further recovery beyond about 18 months. The paralysis sparks a slide into declining health from inactivity infections, thinning and breaking bones, heart disease as muscles wither and fat accumulates.

"We have to maintain the nervous system," contends Dr. John W. McDonald of Baltimore's Kennedy Krieger Institute, Reeve's former doctor and the exercise therapy's leading proponent. "Adding activity can optimize regeneration. What's good activity? We don't know yet."

But he's sending patients home, 200 so far, with special exercise bicycles hooked up to functional electrical stimulation, or FES, systems—sticky pads that deliver little electrical jolts to muscles through the skin, stimulating their legs to push the pedals. He's persuading insurance companies to pay for the \$15,000 bikes by arguing that, if nothing else, this aer-

obic-style, muscle-resistant exercise should lower medical bills by keeping the paralyzed generally healthier.

McDonald compared 48 paralyzed adults, half who pedaled an FES bike for at least three hours a week and half who had no special care. The exercise patients increased muscle strength, melted fat, and cut a complication called spasticity, uncontrollable jerks that limit the recovery of those with some movement, he told a neurology meeting last fall.

"These benefits are so big that if that was all they got, it was good enough to do this," McDonald says.

But 40 percent of the exercise group also regained some motor function over three years compared with 4 percent of the "control" patients. It was modest but important improvement some regained bladder control, some regained useful hand function; some moved from "prewalking," moving their legs while being held up, to taking a few steps.

While McDonald says about 70 rehabilitation centers have adopted FES cycling therapy since a medical journal published his report on Reeve in 2002, other specialists warn that individual successes don't prove recovery is due to a therapy instead of the body's slow healing over time.

"What we have at the moment is an incomplete story that is based upon ... very little data," cautions Dr. Mark S. Nash of the Miami Project to Cure Paralysis.

Hence the Shriners study. Although small, with 30 patients, it is the first stringent comparison of FES cycling with passive exercise—someone moving their limbs—or electrical stimulation alone. Early results are expected in a vacar

McDonald notes that children in general recover from neural injuries better than adults, and points to remarkable progress by one of his own patients, 15-year-old Loretta McRae.

Paralyzed from the shoulders down after a diving accident in Australia a year ago, Loretta since November has exercised five days a week on the FES bike and with a similar electrical stimulator strapped to her wrists. She now can walk several wobbly feet with a cane, and last week took a few tentative but jubilant steps unassisted. She can go to the bathroom alone. Her hands are unfreezing.

Would Loretta have recovered this much anyway? There's no way to tell, although early return of sensation was a good sign.

But she's not done: "I want to run, and I want to derce"

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