

THE NEW YEAR WILL WITNESS SOUTHERN TIDE

Stop Exodus to Canada

A New Orleans Man Predicts a Movement Similar to That Which Made the West Rich and Powerful.

MOVEMENT SOUTHWARD

The new year of 1910 will unquestionably witness the beginning of a movement southward, of the same character which a few years ago built up the great West to its present commanding position in agricultural and financial strength, and will result in turning the tide of American emigration into Canada to our own country, where the genuine American has everything in his favor," said Manager M. B. Trezevant, of the New Orleans Progressive Union, in discussing the outlook for 1910.

"The foreshadowing of this impending movement has been shown, and is being shown in many different ways, but all leading to one conclusion and one idea—that the eyes of the leaders of thought and action in the overcrowded East, and of the sagacious man, East, West and North, are being turned on the South, and its vast possibilities. The surface indications are significant, and are demonstrated to organizations such as the Progressive Union, to whom inquiries and propositions come from other parts of the country. First come the newspaper and the periodical, seeking articles about the South, photographs, etc. Then come the personal representatives of these publications. Then the announcement that such and such a paper will issue a "Southern number." While this has been done from time to time within the past decade or so, today no less than five of the most influential publications in America have announced their intention to devote themselves to the exploitation of the South, due to the fact that they consider it the coming section of the United States. These five are Hearst's New York American, the New York Tribune, Collier's Weekly, the Buffalo Express and the Chicago Record-Herald. Each one of these great papers has been in communication with the Progressive Union, obtaining data and photographs of the South, New Orleans and Louisiana, and this section of the Mississippi Valley. Their combined circulation and influence is enormous, and the part Louisiana and New Orleans will play will not be small.

"That the South will prove a most potent agency in turning the tide of American emigration now going to Canada, to my mind, is unquestionable, and the right sort of work on modern and intelligent lines will bring this about. The United States has lost hundreds of thousands of inhabitants and millions of dollars through the tide of the Canadian Northwest. These inhabitants came from the Middle West and the East, not from the South. It was brought about by highly skilled work on the part of the Canadian railroads, in conjunction with the Canadian government, and is still going on. How to stop this drain upon American citizenship and resources is still a problem, but I believe the South offers the solution. The American citizens who flock to Canada are the best and most desirable; the thrifty, investing farmer of the West and New England. If they must go, why should they be allowed to leave the United States and take their energy and resources with them? They must be shown a better way, and the new movement toward the South is the first outward manifestation of what great national journals such as Collier's Weekly believe to be the rising tide of a country-wide invasion and exploitation of the South. Already the home of the best of the Anglo-Saxon race in America, the South, with its vast and practically untouched riches, will feel the pulse of a new life—of a commercial, social and industrial development, which will surpass even that huge movement which made the West a great empire in itself.

"In this attraction of attention toward the South one very potent agency must not be overlooked. For over a year the Southern Commercial Congress, by constant agitation and intelligent handling of facts, has been able to present the South in a most favorable light before the great newspapers of the country. Through the movement of the Southern Commercial Congress is only a little over a year old, it nevertheless has done great good, and is destined to play an important part in the pending new era of prosperity in the South—New Orleans Progress.

THE FEELING AGAINST HIM STILL GROWS

The Speaker An Issue

The Insurgents Assert That the Regulars Are Attempting to Bring the President in the Fight to Save Cannon.

THE REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

Washington, Jan. 12.—The crimination and recrimination between the insurgents and the regulars of the house has become so intense that the matter has now been brought to the personal attention of President Taft. The insurgents assert that the regulars are doing their best to bring the President into the fight in their attempt to save Cannon from a complete rout, and it is now up to the President to repudiate the stories that he no longer condones the insurgent members of the party. That the feeling against Cannon and Cannonism is growing and that the speaker will again be an issue in the campaign, is evident from the fact that last Friday more than a dozen regulars, who were on hand, refused to come into the house during a roll-call and vote against the Norris amendment.

Another index of the intense feeling against the insurgents and the desperate efforts of the regulars to discredit them is the order issued yesterday by "Whip" Dwight to the pair clerks that no more pairs should be arranged without his approval. This means that if any insurgent is absent without a pair he would be denied the privilege of having it appear in the Record that his vote had been protected. This order of Mr. Dwight was practically nullified by instructions from Capt. Underwood, of Alabama, who issued orders to the Democratic pair clerks to arrange no pairs unless approved by him.

The only effect of this will be to show the country just what members are absent from the house when the roll is called. If the Republicans had disregarded their pairs last Friday the Norris amendment would have been defeated.

MRS. MORSE OPENS OFFICE.

Wife of the Banker Enters Wall Street and Will Play Game.

New York, Jan. 12.—Mrs. Charles W. Morse, wife of the banker and former ice king, who has just begun serving his sentence of fifteen years in the Federal prison in Atlanta for violating the national banking laws, has entered Wall street. From a modest office at 43 Exchange place, fitted with furniture from her home, Mrs. Morse will conduct a campaign to recoup her husband's shattered fortunes, which once amounted to \$25,000,000. Morse himself, in his cell, will be the guiding hand.

Mrs. Morse, from the same little office, will conduct the fight to secure her husband's pardon. She began active work today.

From the first moment that the former magnate got into difficulties, his staunchest friend and most faithful lieutenant has been his wife, who is as keen witted as most of the money chiefs. She will pit her astuteness against the knowledge and experience of the street leaders in an attempt to duplicate her husband's remarkable feat of last summer, when, out of jail on bail, he made \$5,000,000 in three months and wiped away almost the last of his debts.

Mrs. Morse at first intended to live near her husband in Atlanta, but business plans would not permit this. She and Morse determined on this campaign, with the main office in a jail.

N. C. COTTON MILLS.

There are 312 cotton, woolen and silk mills in North Carolina. These mills employ 55,122 people. Gaston county leads with 42 cotton mills and Mecklenburg comes next.

FORMER MAYOR OF BOSTON HAS WON OUT AGAIN

It Was a Hot Fight

The Democrats Are Successful in the Boston Election—Liquor Interest Also Wins License by a Big Majority.

A LARGE VOTE POLLED

Boston, Jan. 12.—A recount of yesterday's partyless action will begin Monday. According to the returns, John F. Fitzgerald, former mayor, has won his campaign for vindication and has been elected the city's chief executive by a plurality of 1,415 out of a total of 95,358, the heaviest ever cast for mayor.

The recount demanded by James J. Storrow, former president of the Boston chamber of commerce, who opposed Mr. Fitzgerald, is not expected to make any change in the final result.

The reformers are greatly pleased at the success of seven of the nine members of the new council whom they endorsed. Although James M. Curley, who once served two months in jail for a civil service fraud, is re-elected, two others opposed bitterly by the reformers, Timilty and Giblin, have been retired from public life.

Mrs. Julia Duff, the only woman candidate, was defeated by Mr. Ellis, the present chairman of the school committee for the new school board. Fitzgerald was elected under plan 2, which it is said, he never favored, as it largely reduces the power of the mayor by making all his appointments subject to the approval of the State civil service board. None of the members of the board live in Boston.

The business interests which supported the new charter wanted Storrow elected as the man to give it a fair trial, and claimed that Fitzgerald would let the city fall back to the old days of graft and fraud. Mr. Fitzgerald has declared his intention to do many things for Boston. Some of his plans include:

Greater industrial and commercial expansion, new subways, to make the railroads electrify their lines within ten miles of Boston; to make Boston a "free port" on the same lines as Hamburg; everything to make Boston one of the greatest ports in the world.

It is rumored that Mayor Hibbard will be given a handsome office as his reward for defecting votes from Storrow, possibly that of city treasurer.

To Celebrate

Lee Birthday

January 19

The celebration of General Robert E. Lee's birthday, January 19, will be appropriately celebrated in Washington under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy. The celebration will take place in the Chamber of Commerce rooms. The committee in charge of the occasion are now actively engaged in arranging a suitable program, which will be announced through the columns of this paper later.

The commemoration of Lee's birthday in Washington always carries with it untold pleasure, and this year the old soldiers and others are looking forward to it with anticipation. There will be an address on the life of the noted chieftain, songs, etc.

WILL RECEIVE CROP.

Fathers to Give the Crop to Boys Entering Corn Club Contest.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 11.—The Department of Agriculture is asking that the fathers give the crop produced by the contestants in the Boy's Corn Club to the boy raising it. This will be an additional incentive to the boys to enter this contest, for of course, all cannot win prizes offered by the department and others and it will pay the boy something for his trouble, thereby enabling every contestant to get money for his crop.

FIENDISH CRIME OF NEGRO TRAIN WRECKERS.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 10.—Four negroes plotting to wreck a passenger train led Daniel J. Matthews, fireman, to the tracks of the main line of the Central of Georgia railroad.

Matthews was struck by an east bound train. His condition is critical.

GREAT STATE EXCLAIMED DR. SEAMAN KNAPP

Drainage and Irrigation

Dr. Knapp Says One-Sixth Area Pays Taxes and Supports the Entire Population So Intimates the Speaker.

HIS PLAN UNFOLDED

Charlotte, Jan. 12.—"Men of North Carolina, do you realize what a wonderful State you have?" exclaimed Dr. Seaman A. Knapp in addressing a gathering of farmers here today.

This address was in connection with his lecture tour through the southeastern States, which he is conducting in conjunction with the efforts made by the Southern railroad to attract settlers along its lines. Dr. Knapp, whose work in the department of agriculture has attracted wide attention, then unfolded a plan for the development of agriculture in North Carolina that seemed almost like a story from the Arabian Nights.

Both drainage and irrigation were prominent themes of the speaker. The total area of the State, he said, was 31,193,000 acres, while the cultivated area was only 5,769,954 acres. The number of acres requiring drainage was 2,748,160, or nearly one-half of the total area cultivated at the present time.

"Let us take a little inventory of our estate," suggested the scientist. "Oven one-half is timber, but mostly poor timber. A great deal of the best timber has been selected and sold for a trifling amount. One-fourth of the land is improved. One-sixth is cultivated. That is, one-sixth of the entire area must pay the taxes on the five-sixths and support your entire population."

Although North Carolina has an unusually good rainfall and, mainly evenly distributed, at the same time there are seasons of the year, he said, when certain crops would do a great deal better if there was a little more rain. For that reason, irrigation would be extremely valuable in the Old North State. He advised following the plan adopted by some of the western States by which the main cost of drainage works would be assessed to the adjacent lands, because such lands would reap the immediate benefit. Those lands, he said, once properly drained would be worth from \$50 to \$100 per acre. They would be excellent for rice and for truck farming purposes.

"I apprehend, also," added the doctor, "that in North Carolina the making of the reservoirs in the mountains, the willowing of the small streams to prevent silt and the damming of the rivers where necessary to secure waterfalls, would create sufficient power for all the purposes of the State, heating, lighting, transportation and manufactures. That is a strong statement, but I think it is correct."

Dr. Knapp declared that in the western region of the State, if the reservoirs were made and the steep hillsides reforested, a remarkable region for the growth of fruit would be created. A variety of crops relating to general farming could be raised.

"Practically," he said, "you are using about one-sixth of your State and you are getting about one-third of the crop out of the one-sixth, or only one-eighth of the crop you ought to get, and you are trying to get rich by using one-eighth of your resources."

Summing up the character of work to be done for the development of the State, Dr. Knapp continued: "Thus equipped North Carolina would become one of the greatest producing States and one of the greatest manufacturing States of the Union. It would be possible under such conditions to produce a billion dollars worth of products upon the farms and a billion dollars from factories in a single year and support a population of 10,000,000 of people."

TO ORDAIN DEACONS.

Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of the First Baptist Church, left this afternoon for Arden, N. C., where he goes to assist in the ordination of deacons for the Baptist Church in that town. Mr. Sullivan will deliver the sermon. He will return to the city tomorrow.

RESEVED SEATS.

The reserved seats for the appearance of the Vassar Girls here next Monday evening in the public school auditorium, will go on sale at Brown's drug store Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. After those holding the season tickets have been supplied the seats will then be open to any outsider wishing to purchase reserved seats. To those not holding season tickets, the price will be 75 cents each.

AGED CITIZEN

PASSES HER 91

NATAL DAY

Memorable Occasion

Miss M. M. B. Rodman Receives the Good Wishes of a Host of Friends and Relatives Yesterday Afternoon.

OLDEST NATIVE CITIZEN

Old age is always to be revered, but extreme age becomes a benediction to the relatives and friends permitted to witness it. Yesterday, January 12, 1910, Miss Mary Marcia Blount Rodman, probably the oldest native citizen of Beaufort county, was "at home" from 3 to 5 o'clock in the afternoon, receiving the good wishes of a host of friends and relatives on the ninety-first anniversary of her natal day. Handsome refreshments were served. Ninety-one candles blazed upon the table.

This accomplished and interesting lady was born in the town of Washington, January 12, 1819, during the administration of President James Monroe, fifth President of the United States, she lived through twenty administrations including that of Jefferson Davis, President of the Confederate States, also through the Mexican, Civil and Spanish wars—and it is needless to say she was an ardent Confederate, her fingers fashioned many a sock for the boys of 1861-65, as well as prepared many dainties for the sick and wounded soldiers.

She has lived all her days in the house on Main street in which her mother was born and to which her grandfather, John Gray Blount, brought his bride, Mary Harvey, to live, September 17, 1778, this having been the sixth house erected in the present city.

In the midst of nearly a century of growth and changes, and of political and social upheavals, her life has flowed peacefully on like a placid river in the sunshine of God's favor. From early youth she has been a devoted member of the Episcopal Church, and yesterday she had the holy sacrament from the hands of her beloved rector, Rev. Nathaniel Harding.

THIS STATE HAS A CHANCE TO GROW RICH

Return Rice Growing

It Not Only Brings Good Prices as Food But There is a Demand for Rice Straw By the Paper Manufacturers.

EXCELLENT PAPER PULP

When Mr. Jefferson visited the famous rice growing section of Italy he filled his pockets with the rice that was recognized as the best in the world.

Up to that time the rice grown in Carolina, around Wilmington and Charleston, was of an inferior quality. Mr. Jefferson sent seed to friends in the Carolinas and in a few years the best rice grown in the world came from the Carolinas. The war made such changes in agriculture that rice-growing was almost abandoned in North Carolina. Latterly there has been an increase in the quantity grown. Louisiana has become rich from the rice fields, much of the land on which it is grown having been reclaimed by the sort of drainage that is being carried on in Eastern North Carolina. Why should not rice also make the owners of damp lands in Eastern North Carolina rich? They have the climate, the soil, and the world is coming every year to need more rice. Indeed it will surprise most people to know that the world's rice crop is nearly as large as the wheat crop. The wheat crop of the world is about 150,000,000,000 pounds and the rice crop of the world is 175,000,000,000 pounds. We are told that more rice has been produced in the United States during the last decade than in the half century immediately preceding. Texas and Louisiana produce 90 per cent of all the rice grown in the United States, and the people consume all of the 600,000,000 pounds raised here.

The Carolinas can add to their wealth by returning to the cultivation of rice. It not only brings good prices as food but there is demand now for rice straw by papermakers. Heretofore rice growers had the trouble of burning their rice straw. Now there is a demand for it because it makes an excellent paper pulp.

The Norfolk Virginian notes that on one day last week three hundred tons of rice straw were carried to Portsmouth to the factory in that city which uses the straw to convert into commercial paper, such as is used in stores for wrapping purposes.

The many friends of Mrs. Rosa Willis, mother of Messrs. D. R. and E. K. Willis, will regret to learn of her indisposition. She is one of the city's aged citizens. Everyone wishes for her a speedy recovery.

STAG OYSTER ROAST.

Several Enjoyed the Luscious Delicacies Last Night.

A stag oyster roast was given at the Wright Steam Pressing Works last night. No social function of the stags was more enjoyed. The following young men participated:

Samuel Pegram, Ralph Phillips, R. Lee Stewart, Thomas Pollard, Richmond; James McCluar, M. N. Berry, Guy Harding and Frank A. Wright. The usual compliments were delicious.

AGED CITIZEN ILL.

The many friends of Mrs. Rosa Willis, mother of Messrs. D. R. and E. K. Willis, will regret to learn of her indisposition. She is one of the city's aged citizens. Everyone wishes for her a speedy recovery.

Young Child Burned

to Death This Morning

News reaches this city of a sad accident that occurred at the home of Mr. A. S. Cratch, who resides about two miles from Washington on the Bath road.

SAVED BY CORSET STEEL.

Girl Shot at Dance, But Corset Steel Deflected Bullet.

New York, Jan. 12.—Pretty May Travis is alive today because a corset steel saved her life. She was shot late last night at a dance given by an Eastside club at 565 First avenue. The bullet was deflected by the corset and inflicted a slight wound, instead of a mortal one. The popularity of James Mitchell, "the best tenor on the Eastside," brought on a general fight, in which two score girls tied in a panic. May Travis was taken to Bellevue Hospital when the smoke cleared.

NOVELTY PARTY.

To be Held at Yeatesville, Friday Evening, January 21.

There will be a novelty party given under the auspices of the Betterment Association held in the academy at Yeatesville, Friday evening, January 21. There will be quite an interesting program. The exercises are scheduled to begin promptly at 8 o'clock. Do not miss the good things to eat that will be served in the upper hall of the academy after the entertainment. Be sure and attend and see the many other attractions promised.

IS OUT AGAIN.

Mr. W. W. Andrews, who has been confined to his room for several days suffering with rheumatism, is out again to the delight of his many friends.

PLAY POSTPONED.

On account of the sudden death of Mrs. J. Tatum at Edward, the play "The Great Catastrophe," advertised to be given in Edward, has been indefinitely postponed.

SPAIN HAS REGALLED HER REPRESENTATIVE

He Denies Report

Word Received in Washington that the Spanish Minister Has Been Recalled on Account of Treatment at Reception.

COMPLAINS OF TREATMENT

Washington, Jan. 13.—The Marquis De Villalobar, Spanish minister here, has been recalled. Word to this effect was received in Washington today. The action follows his complaint to Madrid that he had been insulted at a White House reception where ministers were divided from ambassadors by a velvet rope.

The incident at the White House occurred last Tuesday. The minister left in a dudgeon after he had been told by an attache that he could not pass into the space reserved for the higher diplomatic officers. He protested at the first order and the case was carried to a high official of the reception and finally to President Taft himself. The latter refused to allow any infringement on the newly adopted rule. Other ministers felt as keenly as he, it is said, but refrained from expressing their opinions.

The plan of roping off the different grades of representatives was adopted for the first time at the reception Tuesday.

The blue room was divided and the ambassadors were carefully herded from the ministers.

It was after he had paid his respects to the President that the Spanish minister attempted to pass into the ambassador's enclosure. Then came the dispute and Villalobar's departure after the President had given permission for the marquis only to speak to the ambassador with whom he wished to confer.

GIRLS HORRIBLY BURNED IN FIRE ON ROANOKE ISLAND

Overturned Lamp Ignites Clothing of Leslie and Bessie Westcott at Manteo, Burning Former Fatally.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Jan. 12.—Meager information of an unfortunate fire and the horrible burning of two young ladies at Manteo reached here this morning.

While two daughters of the late Capt. Joe S. Westcott, Misses Leslie and Bessie, were sitting in their home alone early yesterday morning, a lamp which was sitting on the shelf above a stove, exploded and fell upon the stove, setting fire to the clothing of the girls and in a moment they were enveloped in flames. There was no one else in the house and by the time help reached the unfortunate girls Miss Leslie was burned frightfully and her features were scarcely recognizable.

Miss Bessie was painfully and seriously burned about the face, hands and body, but there is hope for her recovery. There is no hope whatever entertained for the recovery of Miss Leslie, who was 18 years of age and one of the most popular young ladies on Roanoke Island. Miss Bessie, it is said, will be maimed for life and the terrible accident has cast a gloom over the entire community.

The father and mother of the young ladies are both dead. The home in which they lived with their three brothers was burned to the ground.

K. OF P. NOTICE.

By direction of the Chancellor Commander, I wish to announce that Business of especial importance is to come before the lodge tonight and a full attendance is desired.

A. S. WELLS, K. of R. and S., Kolphis of Pythias.

New Advertisements

in Today's News

- ◆ Jas. E. Clark Co.—Embroidery
- ◆ Opening.
- ◆ Jefferson Furniture Co.—A New
- ◆ Year Announcement.
- ◆ Gaiter Theater.
- ◆ Hotel Korona, Baltimore.
- ◆ Chesapeake Steamship Co.
- ◆ J. L. O'Quinn, Hotel—Suits.
- ◆ Face Ointment.
- ◆ Capulinas.
- ◆ Livin's Remedies.
- ◆ Laxative Bromo Quinine.