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One of the charges of Gifford Pinchot, who is a candidate on the Progressive party ticket in Pennsylvania, is that the resolution committee at Chicago, in 1912, wrote a plank endorsing the Sherman law, and that the platform meant that clause in it was read to the convention and adopted, and that this plank in the platform was omitted from the copies of the platform which were printed and issued during the campaign from Progressive party headquarters. Another charge of Mr. Pinchot is that Mr. Perkins "favors the protection of private monopoly in American industry, and that the party's formation has been taken over by those who control the party of that party."

PINCHOT DENOUNCES PERKINS.

Gifford Pinchot, who is candidate for the United States Senatorship in Pennsylvania on a Bull Moose platform, is making the air hot with denunciations of George W. Perkins, member of the executive committee of the Progressive party. It is one of the ironies of fate that Mr. Perkins office originating from the national chairman of his own party step down and out.

Pinchot now declares that the charges the Democrats made in the last campaign are true, that Perkins is the acting member of the steel and harvester trusts. These two great monopolies have done much unwarranted lobbying and to oppose the people, now have accomplished more than those two giant trusts.

Pinchot declares that Perkins believes that trusts are sacred institutions. It is a little but remarkable fact that the Progressive party should keep at its head George W. Perkins who qualifies the two greatest monopolies of which he is respectively a director and a member of the finance or governing committee.

WHAT SAVING MEANS.—A LESSON FOR THE CHILDREN TO LEARN.

"Every man should realize that every time he saves $50 he adds 25 cents a month to his income," said Frank P. Stevens, secretary of the Safety Savings and Loan Association of Kansas City, whose duties bring him in daily contact with thousands of savers, big and little. "When he saves a thousand dollars he has added $5 a month to his income. He may have added more, indeed, if he can take the money and invest it wisely, but he has at least added that much for he can easily get 6 per cent interest on it.

"It is my idea that saving is largely a matter of parental training and home teaching. I know it has been so in my case. My parents were forever impressing it on me that I ought to save my money and in time the saving habit became part of my life.

"For that reason I am a great believer in children's savings banks and all means that will teach the child to save. My first saving was to get money to attend the world's fair at Chicago, and I saved $50 in a little dime savings bank. I had a good time at the fair and I had found out I could save. Then I joined the savings and loan association and it was not long before I bought two houses and stuck to it until I had paid off the first mortgages.

"Another thing that, as every one knows, enters into saving successfully is living within your income. This requires a measure of self-denial. I know a fine young fellow, well educated, who has a good position and ought to have some money ahead. In stead, he spends every cent of his income and probably would if his salary were to be doubled tomorrow. He isn't dissipated, but the lure of the white lights described has him. The money he does not spend in the stores goes for theater tickets.

"I believe in spending, too, but it is necessary to both spend and save with judgement. Amusement is necessary, but when you have spent your money for it you have little but a memory.

"The point is, we do not know, because we never experiment, how many things we can get along without and how many times we might get along without something. Often I will plan to buy something on the first of the month and will be too busy to attend to it. When I think of it on the third or fourth I realize I have been getting along all right without it and possibly can continue to do so. So maybe I don't buy it at all.

"In other words and briefly savings means self-denial and self-denial and extravagance do not go together. So one of the greatest preventitives of extravagance is to keep so busy and apply yourself sow illingly to work that you will not be tempted to spend all your earinings at the time."

A PERTINENT INQUIRY

Why should a Buncombe county farmer have his land assessed at $17.88 an acre and a Richmond county farmer his at $4.49, when Richmond is by far the better farming county? The constitutional committee wanted to try to equalize the burden but the Democratic state convention has declared that that party will not help.—Greensboro Daily News.

NEWS AND COMMENT

LOT NOT WORTH PRICE OF DEED TO THE GIFT.

Insurance Commissioner James R. Young, in exposing the methods some land concerns have in doing business tells a story of how a western North Carolina woman was recently swindled. At a moving picture show she won as a prize a lot, but was asked to pay a fee of $7.50 for making the deed and other papers necessary to the "gift." The lot proved to be worth nothing like the $7.50. The company had bought a mountain tract at $4 an acre and divided it into lots, which they are giving away but charging $7.50 for "executing the papers and taxes." The lots are practically worthless.

RAISING CATTLE IN THE SOUTH.

No movement will mean more for the future of the South than the cattle raising industry, which of late years has taken on new life. Many new counties in North Carolina that five years ago were raising nothing but a few scrub cattle now have herds of thrifty Jersey, Holstein or Hereford or Shorthorn stock that increase, and yield a good profit. The climate of the South, the fact that the South is a grass country, that it can raise winter grazing, that it can raise silage economically, that it can raise cowpeas in the soil, raise abundant crops of corn, oats and thus feed cattle economically—these are the things that insure the future profit of the cattle raising industry of the Southern states. The possibilities mentioned are not to be found right here in Randolph county. Why not begin now to raise more dairy and beef cattle?

COULD SUFFICIENT HORSES BE FOUND FOR A WAR WITH MEXICO?

One of the most important questions that would be before Uncle Sam should we have to fight the Mexicans is that of furnishing horses to mount his army. Some military critics and horsemen think that it would be impossible to get enough horses to mount the cavalry and artillery, while others say it could be done. However, that may be, it is unquestionable that it would take a very great number of horses should we have to conquer Mexico. The British army bought 600,000 to subdue less than 100,000 Boers in South Africa, and the Civil War in this country consumed remounts at the rate of 1,000 a day. The Boers were a mere handful as compared with the Mexicans, nor was their country so perfectly adapted to defensive warfare as Mexico is known to be. Just how many horses would be required for the conquest of Mexico cannot be approximated, but if the number approached that of the Boer war, as some army men and horse men seem to believe it would, Uncle Sam might have to loosen his purse strings and do some tall hustling to meet the demands of the cavalry, the artillery and the quartermaster's department.

FARMERS ARE URGED TO SAVE CLOVER SEED

C. R. Hudson, of the department of farm demonstration work, Raleigh, is urging that farmers save their clover seed, saying there is going to be a great demand for crimson clover, which it is expected will result in high prices. He says: "There is going to be a big demand for crimson clover seed in North Carolina this season. This may result in high prices. Whether it does or not home-saved seed are the cheapest, surest and best, since the husk seems to hold moisture when pinated, thereby reducing dangers of failure to get a stand. Moreover when a farmer already has seed, he is more likely to plant them than he is to buy seed to plant.

"There are several practical methods of saving clover seed. One way is to attach a large sheet to the cutter bar and have a boy walk behind holding it until it is filled and then dumping the clover in piles. The piles are flailed out on sheets and the seed separated. Another way is to haul to a tight floored room, when well matured, and stack there until some rainy day or other convenient time, then by forking down and removing the clover, the seed will be found on the floor."

ERNEST CRESEY DURHAM WINS MEDAL.

Ernest Cresey Durham, of Biscoe, won the Wiley Gray medal, the most coveted home of the Senior class, in the oratorical contest at Trinity College commencement. His subject was "America and Evangelism." The medal was presented to the winner by President Few. The oratorical contest was one of the best that has been given at the college in a number of years.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

To Be Held in Asheboro Week of June 29th

This being the year for holding our County Teachers' Institute, it affords me great pleasure to announce that it will begin the 29th of June and continue for two weeks.

We are fortunate in securing the services of Prof. O. V. Woosley of the Lexington Graded Schools for conductor and Miss Sallie Royster of Raleigh for assistant conductor. Both of these have had a wide experience in the teacher's profession and I feel sure we will be benefitted by having them conduct our Institute. I hope the teachers in the county will realize that this Institute work is carried on primarily for their good, and that they will take advantage of the opportunity to better equip themselves for more finished service in the school room. I think that I should say right here that the best qualified teachers will be recommended for the longer terms and better paying schools, and correctly so. The work the teachers have done during the past year and the showing they make during the Institute will largely determine their success for teaching.

Every teacher holding a first grade certificate will expect to have it renewed, but this will not be done unless they attend the Institute or show a reason that they have attended a summer school or an Institute in other counties. When this requirement is complied with I will gladly renew last grade certificates.

Mr. Woosley informs me that he wishes all teachers to supply themselves with the new common school Psychology, or "Teaching," by Crabtree. This book can be had sending one dollar postage to Alfred Williams & Co., Raleigh, or Boston, Mass., or Indianapolis, Ind. In some cases two teachers can use the same book. I will not keep them on hand unless teachers ask me to order for them. Be sure to supply yourselves as this has been for a great deal of the Institute work will be taken from it.

I mailed a circular letter to the teachers a few days ago asking them to bring such school books as would be needed and because the ones mentioned primary teachers should bring all of the books used in the first three grades, a pair of scissors, a box of crayons and a pencil containing a soft large lead.

Intermediate teachers should have all of the text books of the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh grades.

Two courses will be offered in the forenoon; one for primary teachers or those desiring to take primary methods, the other for intermediate teachers or those feeling the most need of intermediate methods. Teachers should bring the books which ever section they wish to enter.

The Institute will be seriously crippled if the teachers do not bring or provide themselves with the text books used in the rural schools.

It is important that all teachers attend regular. To miss a single day will mean a loss to the teacher; some point in teaching may be stressed that will mean much not only on examination, but in future work in the school room. Make up your minds now to be on hand at every session.

I have already furnished a list of homes in the circular letter that will provide accommodations to the teachers and also prices.

Make your arrangements now to attend the Institute for its is going to be the best in the history of Randolph county. It will begin promptly at 10.30 on the 29th of June and we will arrange then the program to suit our convenience. If you wish any further information I shall be very glad to give it.

Yours very truly,
T. F. BULLA.

THE NEGRO.

The Churchman quotes the following interesting facts and figures from a very high authority on the negro:

Nearly one-fourth of all the negro farmers in the South own the farms they cultivate. This rural property is valued at nearly $5,000,000. The Russian serfs, after fifty years of freedom, have not made greater headway. They have not done so well, indeed, in their conquest of illiteracy. During the last census period the negroes of the South increased less than 10 per cent in population but they increased 17 per cent in the ownership of farms, against a 12 per cent increase of white owners. The negro farmer now owns $57,000,000 worth of farm implements and tools, $177,000,000 worth of animals, and $273,000,000 worth of farm lands and buildings. In 1830 Georgia negroes owned 350,651 acres of farm land, but in 1910, they owned 1,007,070 acres. Negro property upon the tax lists of Georgia now amounts in value to $41,000,000. The facts show a dwindling ratio of negro population in every Southern state except Arkansas and Oklahoma; a decreasing ratio in the cities of the South, but an increasing ratio in the farming regions of every Southern state except Louisiana.

BRANSON SHEETS KILLED

Branson I. Sheets, a promient merchant and farmer of Randolph county, was struck by lightning and instantly killed while working in his wheat field at his home at Riley's Store last Thursday afternoon. The deceased was about 55 years of age.

He is survived by a wife and four children. He was first married to Jane Kearns, who was burned to death 11 years ago. There are two surviving children from this marriage, Columbus Sheets, of Lemon Springs and Mrs. Etta Cranford of Riley's Store. His second wife was a Miss Cox of High Point. The two children by this marriage are very young. He is also survived by two brothers and one sister, Rev. Henry Sheets, a prominent Baptist minister of Lexington, Ivey L. Sheets, of Palmersville, and Mrs. Mary Kearns of Thomasville.

Mr. Sheets was one of Randolph's best and most respected citizens and will be greatly missed from the list of the county.

BUILDERS AND DESTOYERS

The Builder.

A builder is one who seeks to elevate his own community.

A builder is one who protects the interest of his own community.

A builder is one who trades in his own community.

A builder is one who keeps his money in circulation in his own community.

A builder is one who speaks well of his own community.

A builder is one who is respected by his own community.

Be a builder.

The Destroyer

A destroyer is one who sees nothing good in his own community.

A destroyer is one who habitually finds fault with his own community.

A destroyer is one who knocks the people of his own community.

A destroyer is one who gets his money from the community and sends it away from the community for his goods.

A destroyer is one who neither respects his community nor is respected by his community.

A destroyer is just simply a destroyer, and in the end he destroys himself.

HOW TO RAISE CORN.

Methods Used by Walter Cressman in Cultivating Twice Acre.

"The acre I selected in 1913, which yielded 152 bushels, was low, black sandy farm land on French Broad river about six or seven miles from Asheville. This land had lain idle for ten years previous, the third year before being sown to rye. During the latter part of March I turned the land with a big pair of mules and a No. 13 Oliver sulky plow, to a depth of eight inches. This was followed by a drag smoothing harrow until broken up and mellowed. Previous to turning a half ton of manure was scattered over a week or so by spot.

"During the latter part of April I planted Miles' single ear corn, in row two and one-half feet apart, and eight to ten inches apart in the row. I drilled into the row 20 pounds of Smith's fertilizer, 8-2-2, as the corn was planted. I began plowing the corn as soon as it began coming up good, about ten days after planting, and then each Saturday thereafter until I had plowed it four times. The first time I plowed it I went through with a hoe and chopped out where too thick; used a four-foot cultivator each time. The fourth time plowed, 200 pounds of the same kind of fertilizer was sown in between the rows and plowed under.

"The total net yield was 152 bushels, worth $152, which was produced at a cost of $20.50, giving a net profit to me on this acre of $131.50. In addition to this I received the first prize given by the Asheville board of trade of $35 to the boy making the highest score on ten acre and $20 from the Hastings Seed Company of score in the State, which makes a Atlanta as third prize for the best total of $186.50 profit."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness and this is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo says that money is more than plenty now, that the annual scare of tight or insufficient money to move the crops has not appeared this year. There will be plenty of money to move the crops next fall.

Wood's Seeds

Seed Potatoes
FOR FALL CROP.

The planting of Seed Potatoes in June and July is increasing to a wonderful extent. A great many farmers claim that they give better crops planted at this time than they do when planted in the spring. Potatoes planted in June and July mature in the cool weather of the fall, at a time when they can be harvested to best advantage.

The Seed Potatoes we offer are put in cold storage early in the season, so as to keep in first-class, vigorous condition.

"Wood's Crop Special" giving prices and full information about Late Seed Potatoes and all other Seasonable Seeds, mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS.
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

When the Great Grief Invades Your Home

it is too late to give thoughtful consideration to the selection of a funeral director. It is our desire in this notice simply to call your attention to the fact that all of our facilities are at your service and that you may call upon us at any hour of the day or night, with the certainity of thoughtful and considerate attention.

The time to think of these things is now—not when you are submerged by sorrow.

HOOVER & McCAIN, Funeral Directors
Phones: Day, 158. Night, 188.

WE CLEAN AND PRESS CLOTHES

Steam Pressing Club

Phone No. 80.

J. C. HANNAH

"One-Horse Grocery"

Phone No. 134
Fresh Meats
Morara Tea

GIVE ME A TRIAL

On Your Next Suit. I Clean, Press and Repair.

Ladies' Work a Specialty

Asheboro Pressing & Tailoring Co.

W. P. ROYSTER, Manager

Phone 137. Next to Rexall Drug Store.

Do You Expect to Can This Season?

Am not going to carry cans in stock this season, but expect to order a car for my own use to be in the first part of July and will accept a limited number of orders for No. 3 cans delivered at Seagrove or Steeds, at $24.00 per thousand, cash with order. No orders accepted at this price after July 1.

Write me your wants.

H. N. STEED, Steeds, N. C.

Going Out of Business

Having decided to go out of the mercantile business, I must dispose of $1200 worth of classy merchandise, consisting of hardware, shoes, notions, clothing, groceries, in fact everything found in a general store.

SALE WILL BEGIN

Saturday, June 20

AND CONTINUE 30 DAYS

Positively no goods charged during this sale but will take any kind of produce at the market price.

"The Quality Store"

I. S. KEARNS
Farmer N. C.