

LADIES! SECRET TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR

Bring back color, gloss and thickness with Grandma's recipe of Sage and Sulphur.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea, with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant; remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 80 cents a large bottle, at drug stores, known as "Wyneth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not painful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyneth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell because it does so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared. After another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy soft and luxuriant and you appear years younger.

CIRCUS DAY

Friday, September 18, Marks the Coming of the Sparks World's Famous Shows to Asheboro—Giving Two Complete Performances.

Circus day dawns with an indefinable stir in the air that sets the small boy's heart to beating faster, and awakens pleasant memories in the minds of the gray beards who have not forgotten childhood's happy days.

The people of this city and community will undoubtedly be treated to a tremendous surprise in the above show, as report has it that it is not only triple in size this season, but that it still retains those features that made it such a welcome visitor in past years, viz: its freedom from all semblance of gamblers and fakirs, the high class moral entertainment afforded and its honorable methods of doing business.

The management of the Sparks World's Famous Shows have not only ventured into fields of greater endeavor, but in so doing, it is said, have outdistanced tented rivals in a manner that leaves nothing to the imagination with the additional telling advantage of being triple in size. All new in the matter of equipment and presentation, and still retaining the wonderful trained wild animal exhibition, which has done much to cause this show to become famous, it is the most remarkable amusement enterprise of its kind in the world today.

The big parade at 10:30 a. m., while a feature of marvelous beauty and enormous expense, is but a slight reminder of the great pomp, opulence and bewildering beauty to be witnessed under the mammoth tents during the exhibitions. In other words, the show is not all on the streets.

SENATOR OVERMAN OPTIMISTIC

Senator Overman, who is one of the best informed men of the nation, says that this country is facing its era of greatest prosperity. The Senator spent a few days at home and in speaking with friends declared that the fear which followed the breaking out of the European war has no place in our present day life, and is passing away, while the business interest is preparing for the greatest boom it has ever known in this country. Senator Overman is optimistic and with an abiding faith in his country, its wonderful resources and its readiness to grasp opportunity sees a wonderful prosperity. The opinion of Senator Overman is based upon a keen insight into actual conditions and is not affected by the little frights which are based on a false idea altogether. Business, big and little, is settling down to this splendid beginning of prosperity and there is no longer the slightest room for fear on the part of any one. Our war fright is past and business is stripped for action.—Salisbury Post.

EAT LESS AND TAKE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Take a glass of Salts before breakfast if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you.

The American men and women must guard constantly against kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish, the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead, your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache, or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with bicarbonate, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent table-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flush any time.

ABOVE PARTISAN POLITICS

The Pittsburgh Gazette-Times—a standpat Republican paper—published by United States Senator George T. Oliver, of Pennsylvania, pays the President this generous tribute: President Wilson's personal appeal to his "fellow countrymen" to preserve strict neutrality in speech and conduct is timely in its proclamation admirable in its tone and purpose. In essence it is a reminder that this country of ours is America, a grand fact which appears to have escaped the minds of some who would supplement the continental conflict across the Atlantic by instigating controversies between natives of the countries now at war. Necessarily there are varying sympathies and hope—it would be unnatural if there were not—but the future of every nationalized son of Great Britain, of Germany, of Russia, of France, of Austria-Hungary, of Belgium, and of Serbia in the United States is bound up with the people of the United States and not with the powers of Europe. To all such, as well as to native-born Americans, the President remarks that the moral effect of the war upon the United States will depend upon what American citizens say and do.

President Wilson's proclamation deserves to be read by every thoughtful man and woman, and it should be translated into the tongues of those people of the United States who are drawn from many nations, and chiefly from the nations now at war.

In a large way, whether there be implicit confidence in the Democratic party or not, President Wilson should be trusted to steer the American ship of state free of the infinite national perils of Europe's gigantic embroilment. Let us not forget that, much as a game was made of his policy of "watchful waiting" with regard to Mexico, it is now almost universally conceded that proved to be the wise course. Imagine us at war with Mexico at this juncture, with Europe in the death grapple of the centuries! And if the president, as he must be, is relied upon to see us safely as a nation through the complications of an international strife which touches us in our fortunes and prosperity, surely he may be heeded when he makes such an extraordinary appeal for the restraints of prudence in our speech and conduct.

WHAT SICKNESS AND DEATH COSTS THE STATE IN A YEAR

(Bulletin State Board of Health) On an average for every death during a year, there are two persons sick throughout the year. Over 40 per cent of all our deaths are either preventable or postponable. There are, of our 40,000 North Carolinians who were last year swept into the great beyond, something like 16,000 should be with us today.

We might as well admit the facts. Here they are: 16,000 North Carolinians are being sacrificed annually on the altar of ignorance and lethargy. Within the memory of some of us, common laborers were bought and sold for \$750 to \$15.00 apiece. May we assume that the average value of these 16,000 of our beloved ones is \$17,000 each, or a total of over \$27,000,000? That is a tremendous loss to our state—a heavy drain on our state's wealth.

We have 80,000 North Carolinians sick the year round. Half of this sickness is preventable. That leaves our endless sick loss at 40,000 for their entire time. Assuming that one-third of our sick are in the earning or productive period of life and earn on an average only \$700 a year, we have, therefore, 13,300 times 700, or over \$9,000,000. Add \$9,000,000 more for medicine, nursing and special food and we have over \$18,000,000 as our annual loss from sickness. This makes a total annual loss to North Carolina of 18,000,000 plus \$27,000,000 or over \$45,000,000 annually.

RE-SALE OF LAND

By virtue of an order of re-sale of the superior court of Randolph county, made in a special proceeding entitled Sarah J. Lewallen et al, against W. G. Lewallen et al, the undersigned commissioner will on the 5th day of October, 1914, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in Randolph county, North Carolina, offer for sale to the highest bidder a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in Randolph county, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Washington Lewallen, Joel Ashworth and others and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a post oak, the beginning corner of the Jesse Henly 600 acre grant; thence south crossing Taylor's Creek 33 1/2 chains to a post oak; thence east on the partition line 28 chains to a maple on the north bank of said creek; thence south 50 degrees east on a marked line 30 chns. to a large white oak; thence on said line 42 chains to a pine in the original line; thence on said line 112 1/2 chains to a stake at or near the original corner post oak; thence west on the original line 92 chains to the beginning, containing 318 acres the same more or less, except 106 acres of the above described land that was sold by Farley Lewis to Joel Ashworth, farther excepting about one acre of said land that was sold by Z. A. Lewallen to Joe Sumner.

Second tract of land adjoining tract No. 1 and adjoining the lands of Washington Lewallen and the Barbee tract, and described as follows: Beginning on a pine near a pond and run east to Simpson Kinney's pine dorrer; thence south to Kinney's land which will contain about one hundred acres. The land is re-sold by reason of a 10 per cent. bid having been placed on the 100 acre tract and a 5 per cent. bid having been placed on the 111 acre tract.

Terms of sale being one-third cash, one-third on a credit of six months and one-third on a credit of twelve months purchaser giving bond to prove security. Title reserved until further order of the Court.

This 10th day of September, 1914. E. E. LEWALLEN, Commissioner.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

They Are Closely Observing Health Conditions.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance is rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease.

According to this it would seem that a medicine for the kidneys, possessing real healing and curative properties, would be a blessing to thousands.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who prepare Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the well known kidney, liver and bladder remedy, claim that judging from evidence received from druggists everywhere, who are constantly in touch with their customers, and also indisputable proof in the form of grateful testimonial letters from thousands of reliable citizens, this preparation is remarkably successful in sickness caused by kidney and bladder troubles. Every interesting statement they receive regarding Swamp-Root is investigated and no testimonial is published unless the party who sends it is reported of good character. They have on file many sworn statements of recoveries in the most distressing cases. They state that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is mild and gentle in its action and its healing influence is soon noticed in most cases.

Swamp-Root is purely an herbal compound and Dr. Kilmer & Company advise all readers who feel in need of such a remedy to give it a trial. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—50c. and \$1.00. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Company, Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention the Asheboro Weekly Courier.

TWO POEMS ON OPPORTUNITY

I.—By John J. Ingalls, of Kansas. Master of Human Destinies am I, Fame, Love, and Fortune on my footsteps wait. Cities and fields I walk; I penetrate Deserts and Seas remote; and passing by Hovel and Mart and Palace soon or late I knock, unbidden, once at every gate. If sleeping, wake! If feasting, rise before I turn away. It is the hour of Fate And those who follow me reach every state. Mortals desire, and conquer every foe Save Death. But those who doubt or hesitate Condemned to failure, penury an woe Seek me in vain and uselessly implore I answer not, and I return no more.

II.—By Walter Malone, of Memphis. They do me wrong who say I come no more When once I knock and fail to find you in; For every day I stand outside your door, And bid you wake, and rise to fight and win. Wait not for precious chances passed away, Weep not for golden ages on the wane Each night I burn the records of the day; At sunrise every soul is born again. Laugh like a boy at splendors that have sped; To vanished joys be blind and deaf and dumb; My judgments seal the dead past with its dead. But never bind a moment yet to come. Though deep in mire, wring not your hands and weep; I lend an arm to all who say "I can!" No shamefaced outcast ever sank so deep. But yet might rise and be again a man! Dost thou behold thy lost youth all aghast? Dost reel from righteous retribution's blow? Then turn from blotted archives of the past And find the future's pages white as snow! Art thou a mourner? Rouse thee from thy spell; Art thou a sinner? Sins may be forgiven; Each morning gives the wings to flee from hell, Each night a star to guide thy feet to heaven!

PERFECT CONFIDENCE

Asheboro People Have Good Reason For Complete Reliance Do you know how— To find relief from backache; To correct distressing urinary ills; To assist weak kidneys? Many people in this vicinity know the way. Have used Doan's Kidney Pills; Have proved their worth in many tests.

Here's Randleman testimony: Mrs. Ella Spievy, Main Street, Randleman, N. C., says: "The secretions from my kidneys were unnatural and I had headaches and other symptoms of kidney complaint. The work of Doan's Kidney Pills was very pleasing. I can recommend this remedy just as highly as I did some years ago. The cure they made has been lasting."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

NINETEENTH CENTURY GERMAN RENAISSANCE

The development of Germany along diverse lines of civilization, which has been incredible since the close of the war with France in 1870, is usually attributed to the influence of the Kaiser, when the credit really belongs to the genius of his people. There was a similar outbreak near the close of the Napoleonic wars, when there was no Prussian Kaiser to carry off the glory. It was about that time that such men as Goethe, Schiller, Kaut and Lessing created works which the "world will never willingly let die."

Under the literary and moral activities of its great men, Germany experienced early in the past century, a veritable new birth, the spirit and traditions of which have persisted to our own time. At the close of the war with France in 1870 they began to sway the country with new energy. Germans now took an almost undisputed place as head of the intellectual leaders of Europe. German literature continued unchecked the march in which it had been led by Goethe and Schiller. German historical and archaeological investigations and research conducted about this time, shed much light on important matters. The Germans have made many important inventions since that time, among which are the dynamo, internal combustion engine and dirigible balloon.

The industrial development in Germany since 1870 has been as wonderful as the intellectual. Science has been applied to industry with skill unknown in any other country. Such an outburst of material and spiritual life has seldom been seen here in all the history of the world as that of Germany since national victory over Louis Napoleon.

Now, at the blare of the war trumpets all this work must stop. The fruits of industry and toil of genius must wait under the tramp of battalions.

Process of Milking.

I do not know that the process of milking has ever been described. The forefinger first clasps the upper part of the teat, and then the middle, ring and little fingers, in rapid succession, so as to drive the milk before them through the orifice. The knack is rather difficult to acquire, and at first very wearying to the hands, though this soon passes.—From "A Farmer's Note Book," by C. E. D. Phelps.

Bismarck's "Sacred" Number.

Belief in the number 3 was almost a religion to Bismarck, for it ran like a vein of gold through all his dazzling career. He served under three months, and in three great wars and signed three treaties of peace. He was the father of the triple alliance, and from his three names and as many words in his family motto, "Strength in Trinity," and his three children, there was no period or undertaking in his life in which this "sacred" figure was not of the best omen to him.

Oil for Paint.

For mixing with paint linseed oil is the one which is most commonly used as an ingredient. Other oils might be tried and the best way to test their relative worth is to mix only a small quantity of paint and test the result. Linseed oil, when pure, is excellent, since it oxidizes and becomes thick on exposure to the air. It may be considered the best of all oils for use in paint, putty and other similar substances.

Distrusted Education.

Education was considered a disqualification in a servant a century ago. Even Hannah More, who did much to promote the Sunday-school movement, confined her curriculum to teaching the children to read the Bible, the catechism "and such coarse works as may fit them for servants." "I allow of no writing for the poor," she stated emphatically.

Terrible Thought.

"Brederen," the old dorky preacher said, "right in thy old yearh connection I wante you to stop and consider what a good man de Lawd was, how he made de moments of time consecutive 'stid of simultaneous; no, brederen, if our ancestors and our posterity had a both a been bo'n on dis yearh yearth at de same time, think what a confusion dere would a been and whar would we a been at?"

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Differs as to Needed Sleep. Sir Phillip Sydney calls sleep "the poor man's wealth," and he might have added, "it is every man's health." The "immortal Alfred" of England divided the day into three portions of eight hours each, assigning one for refreshment and health of the body by sleep and exercise, another for business and the third for study and devotion. Bishop Taylor considered three hours' and Richard Baxter four hours' sleep sufficient for any man.

HOW TO GET STRENGTH

after any sickness is purely a matter of nourishment, whether the attack was an ordinary cold or severe illness; the weakened forces cannot repulse disease germs, and this is why a relapse is so often fatal or why chronic weakness often follows sickness. Restoring strength to millions of people for forty years has proven the real need for taking Scott's Emulsion after any sickness; nothing equals it—nothing compares with it. Its pure, medicinal nourishment, free from alcohol or opiates, promptly creates rich blood, strengthens the nerves and lungs to avert tuberculosis.

RESULTS OF CO-OPERATION

The results of the co-operative movement in Catawba County as far as material things are concerned have been great, and still greater things have been accomplished which are not apparent. We would not say that the co-operative movement has brought about all of these results, because education and the progressive spirit of the times must receive their just due, but much has been done by the introduction of practical co-operation.

Outside of filling the farmer's lean purse, the most important thing that the co-operative movement has done has been the infusion of a new spirit in him. He has heard that his neighbor has paid off his mortgage, he has seen his neighbor's new barn or silo going up, he knows that another of his neighbors has ordered a thoroughbred heifer at a fancy price, and he wants to get in line. Comforts and conveniences in his neighbor's house, while his own had no such things, have put him to thinking. He goes to work to obtain them, and he recognizes in the co-operative enterprises a most valuable aid.

The Catawba farm of today is very different from that of a few years ago. The "one-horse" farmer of ten years ago rides today to Hickory or Newton in a Piedmont wagon drawn by a pair of Percherons, with his wagon laden with the products of his farm and he returns with his wagon laden with purchases for which he wrote his check. Between 700 and 1,000 farmers carry a bank account with the Hickory Banking and Trust Company, and about 1,000 farmers have at least \$200,000 deposited with the First National Bank of Hickory, not to mention several other banks in the county.

The problem of keeping the boy on the farm has been practically solved by the Catawba farmer. Up-to-date methods, labor-saving implements, blooded stock, many comforts and conveniences in the house, good schools, good roads, and in many cases an automobile,—all of these have vastly added to the attractiveness of farm life. The boy has neither the time nor the inclination to "move to town." He has attractions at home and is deeply interested in the work of the farm.

The farmers' wives and daughters, in the egg department of the creamery's business, have a method by which they can obtain pin money, and their flocks of hens testify to the fact that they have taken advantage of their opportunity. The work of the farmer's household has been greatly lightened by the introduction of improved devices for the kitchen.

We might cite many more instances of improvement; we might tell of lifted mortgages; we might tell of Catawba's record at the various fairs in which her products have been displayed; but what has been shown should convince the most skeptical that this county has greatly improved, and that the most powerful single influence in bringing about this improvement has been the practical operation of the principle of co-operation in the various farming enterprises of the county.—University of North Carolina Record.

PRaise OF THE PRESIDENT

From the Kansas City Star (Prog.) In his speech in Kansas City, Kansas last night, opening the State campaign for the Progressives, Henry J. Allen declared for the new rule in county and State affairs, defended President Wilson's administration in its Mexican and other policies, and declared that the new spirit in politics called for the elimination of politics from local and State offices.

"The only argument that is made for the amalgamation of the Progressive and Republican parties is that we can 'whip the Democrats.' That has been the aim of all our political activities as far back as I can remember. That is the reason we have made such slow progress in the development of government. Has it occurred to you that possibly the Democrats do not deserve to be whipped? If Woodrow Wilson carries out his program and succeeds in doing what everyone concedes that he is trying to do, possibly the American people will demand his re-election, and why shouldn't they? That is the new idea, the new spirit in politics.

"If he fails it will be because his party is merely the Democratic party and unable to catch the new spirit. Then his party should be defeated, just as the Republican party was defeated.

"Let us get the vision of the government rather than the party.

"The people must first get possession of the government and then administer it for the people who live under it and who pay the costs of the administration. We can neither reduce taxes nor promote the public welfare upon a platform of 'whipping the Democrats.'"

COCAINE EVIL

(Raleigh Christian Advocate.) The cocaine evil in this country is one that is calling for serious consideration. Its use is especially prevalent among negroes and is coming to be a fruitful source of crime. It is a drug that utterly debauches character and seems to be even more powerful in its effects than alcohol. It appears that crusade will have to be waged against the whole question of the "drug habit." When we see men—beings who are supposed to have—beings who are supposed to be reasonable and to have at least some measure of common sense—loading themselves up with drugs and artificial stimulants, we are forced to ask whether or not they are in need of a guardian. We confess to discouragement with the race at times because of the absolute foolhardiness that we are forced to witness. As to the viciousness of the men who pander to perverted appetites of this sort for gain, we are at a loss for words to characterize it.

MR. HUDSON WRITES ABOUT WINTER CROPS

Mr. C. R. Hudson, state agent in farmers' co-operative demonstration work, is sending out over the state a letter to farmers directing them how to prepare the soil for winter crops, a feature in farming that is being increasingly emphasized each year as a necessity for the preservation of the land and its rejuvenation. Mr. Hudson's letter follows:

How to Plant Winter Growing Crops. Every farmer in the state should be interested in getting planted a large acreage of winter cover crops, such as rye, clovers, vetches, grasses, etc. These crops are needed to hold the soil together, to prevent washing and leaching, to furnish grazing and forage, to gather nitrogen from the air and to turn under to improve the soil.

Specific directions for planting cannot be given that will suit all conditions of soil and weather, but some general suggestions may prove beneficial to farmers who desire to get the best results possible for money and time spent for seed and in getting ready to plant.

Next in importance to good, sound seed, is a good seed-bed. The land should be broken not less than eight inches deep from two to six weeks before time to plant so that it will have time to settle. Shallow plowing does not let enough water into the soil. If breaking is done immediately before planting and no rain falls the soil should be rolled (when dry enough) to make it firm, but should be well disced or harrowed to make the top soil loose and fine. The matter may be summed up by saying that a good seed bed requires deep breaking, settling, thorough harrowing and moisture. The farmer who neglects these things will generally fail to procure a stand. By all means watch soil conditions and, if possible, plant when there is moisture present.

Many fields will need lime, especially if any legume is to be planted there. Determine this in time and apply lime before planting, if it is needed. All legumes will need inoculation to furnish beneficial bacteria, unless the soil already contains the germs. Inoculation may be had by spreading soil from fields where the special crop has grown and been found to contain the germs. The State department of agriculture, Raleigh, is now prepared to furnish inoculating material at 50 cents per acre. The United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., will furnish it free. It can be had from there through the demonstration agents. In getting it from either department, the order should be sent in three or four weeks before time to use the material.

The best time to plant winter grasses and clover in this state varies very much on account of our varying altitude. In a general way, we would say that the best thirty days for planting are about as follows: In the mountains from August 15 to September 1; in the central part of the state, from August 25 to September 25; in the coastal plains from September 5 to October 5; along the tidal water region from September 15 to October 15. Remember that these crops should be planted early enough to get a good hold in the soil by winter, and yet late enough so that they will not be killed by the hot sun of late summer. This requires good judgment and knowledge on the part of the farmer.

C. R. HUDSON, State Agent F. C. D. Work, N. C.

DON'T TAKE WRONG MEDICINE

If your liver gets lazy you need a liver tonic, not merely a laxative for the bowels. Many people take a simple laxative when the liver gets sluggish rather than take calomel, which they know to be dangerous. But a mer laxative will not start a sluggish liver. What is needed is a tonic that will live upon the liver without forcing you to stay at home and lose a day from your work.

You have such a tonic in Dodson's Liver Tonic. Dodson's Liver Tonic is all that is claimed for it, because the druggists who sell it agree to hand back the money with a smile, to any person not satisfied with the relief Dodson's gives.

Dodson's Liver Tonic is a vegetable liquid with a very pleasant taste and is a prompt and reliable remedy for constipation, biliousness, sour stomach and torpid liver.

Asheboro Drug Company gives it their personal guarantee. Large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic is only 50 cents. For children or grown people it is the ideal medicine. Try it on the guarantee.

THE GOSPEL OF LABOR

But I think the King of that country comes out from his tireless host, And walks in the world of the weary, as if he loved it the most; And here in the dusty confusion, with eyes that are heavy and dim,

He meets again the laboring men who are looking and longing for Him. He cancels the curse of Eden, and brings them a blessing instead; Blessed are they that labor, for Jesus partakes of their bread.

He puts his hands to their burdens, He enters their homes at night; Who does his best shall have a guest, the Master of Life and night.

And courage will come with his presence and patience return at His touch, And manifold sins be forgiven to those who love Him so much; And the cries of envy and anger will change to the songs of cheer, For the tolling age will forget its rage when the Prince of Peace draws near.

—Dr. Henry Van Dyke.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA