HOW ONE RURAL SCHOOL LI-BRARY HELPED THE NEIGHBORHOOD TRAVELING LIBRARIES—HOW TO GET ONE FOR YOUR COMMUNITY

The library of Bunn High School during the session of 1910-11 added-nearly one hundred books to an al-ready well stocked ease, and what is more important, more than tripled the circulation as compared with previous years.

At the previous commencemer some funds had been raised by givin a play, and the sum had been wised reserved for library purposes. So w at once ordered a large bookcase reserved for library purposes. So we at once ordered a large bookcase of our own design, costing fifteen dol-lars. It had shelf capacity for more than twise the number of books on hand (about two hundred). In placing the books in the new case we cata-logned them, using a very simple card system by which we were enabled to tell at a glance what books were ir, the library, the name of the author, and the title. We also arranged an-other eard system for circulation pur-poses. Every child in the school was given a card, which was keyf for him in the case, and each one was then made to feel that the card gave him a special right to get a book just when he wanted it. The demand pick-ed up at once. Needless to say, the re-quests for books were always prompt-ly attended to by the person in charge —and that person was always to be found, too.

ly attended to by the person in charge - and that person was always to be found, too. Like most rural libraries our was woefully wanting in books that appeal to children. "The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire" was in its proper place, but we needed Mother Goose, fairy tales, animal stories, etc. We ordered these, we already had Uncle Remus, and besides we ardered fifty copies of five-cent classics, published by the Owen Publishing Company. Dansville, N. Y. The arrival of these little books was joyfully greeted by the children and there was hardly a pupil in school who did not read as many as six of them. Money for buying new books was raised in many ways. The commence-ment plane has alread been mention-ind these vere contributions from individuals both in money and books. Then, too, advantage was taken of the funds provided by the state and coun-ty for suplementary libraries. The ar-rival of any new books was always announced publicly, caulity at the Sunday School service. The Sunday School meets in the schoolhouse and affords an excellent opportunit 7 for distribution of books. Reading Room for Young Men.

Reading Room for Young Men.

Reading Room for Young Men. We now had a circulating library but the interest was confined chiefly to the pupils. And a rural library to be a success must extend its useful-ness to every individual in the com-munity. The problem of interesting young men not in schools is always a most difficult one, and that which we think ought to attract often drives away. With this moblem in mind we determined to supplement the library in a way that would interest the young men. A reading room natural-ly suggested itself and we at once put in an order to the amount of \$14 for a number of standard weekly and monthly magazines, such as the Out-look, World's Work, Everybody's Magazine, Success, American Boy, Youth's Companion, Progressive Far-mer, and others of like class. There also included all of the free bulletins of the state and national departments covering the subjects of aniced the mer, and others of like class. Inere also included all of the free bulletins of the state and national departments covering the subjects of agriculture, home economics, and health. It was decided to have the reading room open at night, as young men in the coun-try work from "sun to sun." So an-nouncements were made in the Sun-day school—to which everyhody goes —that a reading room for the benefit of all the young men of Bunn commu-nity and surrounding country would be open every Tuesday and Friday nights. All were invited to come, and in their working clothes, too. This plan has worked well. All We magazines and papers are filed in the bookcase, and, for the ben-oft of the women and stay-at-homes, the children are allowed to take any of them home, except the current

North Carolina maintains through North Carolina maintains through its Librar, Commission at Ralegih, a system of free traveling libraries. General traveling libraries furnish people living on farms and in remote communities good books for general reading; package libraries provide students and club workers with mate-rial for debate and club papers; and the reference department of the trav-cling library system supplies refer-

the reterence department of the trav-eling libraries on special subjects. The books are free to all and any commun-ity may share the advantages of the traveling library system by comply-ing with the few regulations neces-shry to its efficient management.

General Traveling Libraries. These libraries of thirty-five or for-volumes are made up of novels and stories and of the best and most and stories and of the best and most readable books on various subjects for children and adults. They are shipped by freight in a box fitted with shelves so that it can be used as a bookcase. A library may be kept for three months and, if desired, renewed for one month longer. As soon as one library is returned another con-taining a different collection of books is sont to take its place. is sent to take its place

is sent to take its place. How Obtained. Any community may obtain a trav-eling library by securing the signa-tures of at least ten residents, who thus form a library association. The association elects a president, a sec-retary and librarian, and decides where the books shall be kept. Ordi-narily the postoffice is the best place as everyone goes there, lut if this is not feasible the most desirable places are general stores, schools, and lastly, private homes.

are general stores, schools, and lastly, private homes. The application for a traveling li-hrary must be made on the cards fur-nished by the Library Commission. If it does not seem desirable to form a library association, aplication must be signed by five tax-payers or by the officers of a Farmers' Union Local. The rules coverning the loan of H braries are few und simple. Borrow-ris agree to take good care of the books and that they shall be loaned without charge to all responsible per-ares in the community; to return the 'brary promptly; and to pay the books to the four and to Raleigh. Agriculture and Country Life.

freight both from and to Raleigh. Agriculture and Country Life. The reference departement of the traveling library system contains a very full and good collection of books on Agriculture and Country Life Single volumes are loaned to individ-unis: upon request a group of six is included in a general traveling libra-ry: or ten books are loaned to a Far-mer's Library, contains twelve vol-umes of the best and most readable books on Agriculture for North Caro-lina farmers. This Farmer's Library is loaned to five tax-payers or to a Farmer's Union Local. Debate Libraries

Debate Libraries

Debate Libraries A debate library contains pamph-lets, government and state documents, magazine articles and several books on a given question. Literature deal-ing with both the affirmative and neg-ative sides of a question is always in-cluded in every library. These libra-ries are not longed to individuals but to debating societies and rural schools and the application must be signed by the principal of a rural school or by the president and secretary of a de-bating society. All the magazines and papers are

All the magazines and papers are filed in the bookcase, and for the ben-efit of the women and stay-at-homes, the children are allowed to take any of them home, except the current numbers, and to keep them for a few days. Thus the reading matter cir-culates and the usefullness of the li-brary is felt and appreciated through-out the community.—J. M. Broughton, Jr.

AN OLD MAN

THE RETURN OF SANITY By Major F. W. Barber. When the borrors of the European war commenced to percolate through the American brain a mighty protest went up from one end of this country to the other. Soldiers whre denounced as murder-ers, as barbarians, as unfit to encum-ber the earth. Insistent and vehement demands were made for disarmament

ber the earth. Insistent and vehement demands were made for disarmament and international peace. Ministers thundered from the pul-pit, orators howled from the stump, excitable citizens declaimed in the public streets, and even the great newspapers led van in the march of bedlam. It was the popular cry of the hour.

bediam. It was the popular cry o the hour. If perchance some isolated maver

ick with an overabundance of nerv-timidly suggested that the country was in need of better measures of pro-

was in need of betts? measures of pro-tection, that relix of barla, i.a., i.a. must forthwith cast from the fold of the rightpous as a thing unclean. The nation was mad—quite mad— literally insane on the subject of peace. And not entirely withou rause

But the first shock and nausea has

But the first shock and nausea has passed away, and, as is customary in this country, the people have paused for second and more sober thought. The sanity of the nation is returning. People are beginning to realize the peril that confronts us as a country practically without the power of re-sistence.

coming reconciled to the fact that un-less we place our country in a state of adequate national defense we are in grave danger of feeling the iron heel of the would-be conqueor, of sharing in a measure the fate of the unhappy Belgians. — Reace loving Americans have been staggered at the millions of troops being placed in the field by the war-ring nations of Europe, of the terri-ble engines of destruction at which the world stands apalled. — In the United States we have but a handful of troops, and at best we have the arms and equipment for a maxi-mum army of not to exceed 500,000 men. Our coast defenses are lament-ably weak, and our navy is so small we would be powerlets to prevent the landing of the vast hosts of an in-vider. The demons of the air could haver over the country and blow us into eternity; for we have no means of checking them. — These disagreeable facts are com-ing forcibly home to the people, now that they are taking time to calmly conditions as they exist. — Men and women who a few weeks ago were denouncing wars and those who fight them, are today demanding that Congress take prompt measures for placing the country in an adequ-ate state of defense. — Thirty days ago but few of the leading papers of the country had the courage to speak in behalf of defen-sive measures. Today a strong de-mand is going up from the press in all parts of the country and the courage to speak in behalf of defen-sive measures. Today a strong de-mand is going up from the press in all parts of the country had the courage to speak in behalf of defen-sive measures. Today a strong de-mand is going up from the press in all parts of the country and the courage to speak in behalf of defen-sive measures. Today a strong de-mand is going up from the press in all parts of the country. — But this attitude of the public, for the people themselves are awakening to the fact that their own salvation depends upon some measures of prompt and effective action by Con-gress. — The soff.

It is American sanity reasserting

If this country should become in-volved in war with some powerful for-eign country, or a combination of them, we would not recover from its effects within the life of the present commention.

effects within the life of the present generation. It would cost us a million lives in the flower of our young manhood, cit-ies would be laid waste or held up for enormous ransom, the countryside would be devastated, and the pecuni-ary loss would mount high into the billions of dollars. Business would be demoralized, fac-tories would be coused, millions of peo-ple would be out of employment, and want and starvation would face the poor.

Financial panic would ensue,

circulation

ty

weaker banks would go to the wall and the rich would hoard the wealth of the country and withdraw it from

And this is only a portion of the ap-palling havoc that would overtake the

country. But prompt and effective measures for the national defense would pre-clude the iminence of such a calami-

Are YOU in favor of national de-fense and security? Or do you favor "turning the other cheek" for a knockout blow?

sistence.

without

Trinity Township No. 1. D. C. Johnson, Lula B. Rud-isill, Mrs. Kate Norment, Emma Hun-

No. 2—Silas J. Lindley.
 No. 3—Clara Davis. Ocia Redding.
 No. 4—Maggie Albertson.
 No. 5—Luia Everhart.
 No. 6—L. L. Farlow.
 New Market Township
 Neural Andrews. Kate Nance.

- -Lula Andrews, Kate Nance -Lizzie Phillips. No.
- No. 3-Myrtle Lawrence, Emm
- Ridge No. No. 4-Edna Bostick.

William Smith, Rosa John

Level Cross Township -Estelle Neece, Providence Township --Clara Godwin, Katie Cox-No. 1

No. 1

No 2-Alice Hocket.

No. 2—Alice Hocket. No. 3—Bryan Parka. No. 4—Esther Wood. No. 5—Ora Wood. Liberty Township No. 1—A. R. Phillips, Aline Whita-ker, Effle McMillan. Jewel Moore, Nel-le McFrasc lie McEvans.

-Swanna Pickett.

6 McErvans. No. 2.—Swanna Pickett. No. 3.—Ila Bird. No. 4.—Mrs. W. H. Hardin. No. 5.—Beulah Brown. No. 6.—Ora Brower.

No. 6—Ora Brower. Randleman Township No. 1—R. C. Cox, John Farlow, Maude Fox, Mary Swaim Mabel Crit-tedon, Jessie, Woolen, Cordia Wall, Ellen Barker, Daisy Osborne, Pearl Leonard, Elva Cox. Columbia Township No. 1—W. P. White, Nell Marshall, Sue Siler, Evelyn Smith, Lizzie Smith, Mrs. W. P. White.

8.	W.	P. 1	Whi	te		
No	. 2-	-W	inni	e	Brothers.	
No.	4-	-E.	A.	M	eMastere.	

No. 4-E. A. McMasterz. No. 5.-Salile Pool No. 6.-S. C. Frasier, Ruby Staley. No. 7-Lena Brown. No. 9.-Laura Julian. Franklinville Township No. 1-John Pierce, Ulah Williams. No. 2-C. E. Julian, Miss Siler. No. 3-D. M. Weatherly, Edna Hutchinson, Miss Mason. Annie Mor-ris.

4-Verna A. Smith.

No. 4-Verna A. Smith. No. 5-Carl B. Cox. No. 6-Fleta Fox. Asheboro Township No. 1-C. E. Teague, Mary Lamb, Pearl Younts, Mary Barnes, Kate Phillips, Lillie Fentress, Cletus Bur-gess, Elbie Miller, Bessie Laughlin. Lillie Parrish. Miss McCloud. No. 2-Essie Cox. No. 3.-Mrs Lacy Davidson No. 4-B. L. Richardson.

No. 1

1-W. M. Barnes. 2-Lena Steed. 3-A. F. Zachary, Sarah Wood. 4-Mrs. Dora B. Davis. 5-Talmage Bulla. 6-M. U. Kanoy. 7-W. A. Emanuel. Tabernacle Township No.

No. 1

- -L. Varner. -J. M. Varner. No.

2-J. M. Varner.
3-Bessie Cody.
4-Orn Lowe.
5-Hazel Cox.
7-G. W. Spencer.
8.-Melvina Coltrane.

least we have built a splendid eight-room two-story parsonage, this year, worth \$1.500 and it is all paid for. I have not mentioned these things to claim any credit for myaelf because I do not think it is due. I am sure that any other man could have done more than I have been able to do. The credit, if any be due, should be given to the loyal membership of our churches, who have stood shoulder to shoulder with their unworthy pastor, and encourage him in the work. The man who is read out to this charge next year may consider himself very fortunate. The Lord has blessed us with good revivals and reasonable in No. 1-0. Internet No. 5.-Melvina Coltrane. No. 5.-Sallie Sue Varner, Concord Township No. 1.-Clarence Ridge,Mra. Ridge, No. 3.-Tate Hill, Blancho Ingram. Blanche Elliott. No. 5.-Mrs. Pearl Shamburger, Adna Lamb. Mittie Highfill, Esther Horney. Codar Grove Township.

Cedar Grove Township. No. 1.—Annie Vuncannon. Elizabeth No. 3.—Pearl Russell. No. 3.—Pearl Russell. with good revivals and reasonable in-street, Statesville, assisted u gathering at all of our churches, but the meeting here at Coleridge deserv-es special mention. The were 47 pro-fessions and 26 accessions to the

Bingham.
No. 3.—Pearl Russell.
No. 4.—Mary Bunting. Grant Township
No. 4.—Everett Wrenn.
No. 2.—Cordella Craven.
No. 3.—Bertha Russell
No. 4.—Alma Barker. Coleridge Township
No. 4.—Roy Cox. Mattie Slack. Bertie Wreen.
No. 4.—Clester Scotten.
No. 6.—Lena Bray.
No. 7.—Ollie Scott.
Pleasant Grove Township
No. 1.—B. Kearns, Phama Cox.
No. 2.—B. H. Powers.
Brower Township
No. 2.—E. H. Powers.

No. 2-E. H. Powers. Brower Township No. 2-Fleta Foz. No. 3-Otis L. Scott. No. 4-Pearl Brooks. Richland Township No. 1-Bertha Yow. No. 2-Martin McNeill. No. 3-Walter Hogan. No. 4-W C Martin

No. 4-W. C. Martin. No. 5-E. E. McNeill.

LIST OF SCHOOL TEACHERS IN NORTH CAROLINA MAN FINDS QUICK **RELIEF FROM DISORDERS OF STOMACH**

ACLIET FROM DISORDIALS OF STOMMEDIAMr. Wade Thankful He Read About Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy dy.
E. T. Wade, of Williston, N. C., was the victim of stomach distorders. He fils seemed a long time comig.
Then he found Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy, took a dose—and found relief at once. He told his opin fon of the remedy in a letter in which he said:
"Your medicine has worked wond ers. I feel "o much better. I am thankful to you, indeed, for advertis ing your wonderful remedy in the parts a sotherwise I might never have known of it."
Along with this letter Mr. Wade ordered more of the remedy. The first dose proves—no long treatment. Let.

gan our pastorate here.

Rehobeth had just completed a nice country church building before we came in charge, which was seated and a balance of indebtedness raised, and the church dedicated during our first

About two years ago we began the

About two years ago we began the construction of a new church hailding here at Coleridge to cost about \$5,000. The church was completed this spring and the indebtedness has all been raised except for the seats which will about \$700, and this has been provid-ed by Dr. G. T. Rowe the second Sun-day in November. And last but not least we have built a splendid eight-room two-story narconase. this years

year on the charge.

tended.

COLERIDGE CIRCUIT FARMERS TAKE INIATIVE

This circuit is situated in the south This circuit is situated in the south-east corner of Randolph county, in the Greensboro District, and is composed of five churches, and we are closing up a four years pastorate on the charge, we feel that is due the loyal members of our churches, as well as perhaps interesting to some of our readers, to mention a few things that have been accomplished since we be-gan our pastorate here.

FARMERS TAKE INIATIVE The farmers of Ingham county Michigan, are considering the que-tion of erecting a canning factory of their own at Lansing. They have be-come convinced that such a plant would take care of the market surplus and also would make it possible to in-crease the acreage in that section of sweet corn, peas, beans and fruits of all kinds. The men back of the proj-ect have observed that wherever can-ning factories have been located a large home market has been developed or greatly reduced. Such factories have proven to be boons to the rural communities where they have been placed. Without exception they have given small farmers a chance at in-tensified farming and have afforded a market for what the small growen had to sell. There are about 200 growers who supply the Lansing mar-had to sell. There are about 200 growers who supply the Lansing market and for that reason are in favor of a factory to convert the aurplus into a factory to convert the aurplus into a factory to convert the supplus of these want to work on a larger scale and for that reason are in favor of a factory to convert the aurplus into a marketable product. The experi-ment will be watched with interest, for the idea is applicable 'o almost gan our pastorate here. Mt. Zion is a country church with rather a small membership, but they have a good house of worship and some prospects of growing stronger. Mt. Olivet is an ideal country church, well located, several members and good financial strength. Of course they have an ever green Sunday School which is reasonably well at-tended.

School which is reasonably wen at-tended. Staley church is in a small village of the same name and while it has been organized for a number of years has never grown strong in member-ship. One reason has been the fact of its having been shifted from one circuit to another. Another reason, that they have been greatly in need of a better church building. We be-gan some repairs on the house the first of this year. and had the build-ing overhauled and painted inside and out, all of which has been paid for. Rehobeth had just completed a nice

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION AT FARMER A sub-county Sunday School Con-vention, or mass meeting, will be held at Farmer on December 5 and 6 un-der the auspices of the County Asso-

ciation. The five townships in the south-

The five townships in the south-west portion of the county.New Hope, Tabernacle, Cedar Grove and Union, will be expected to send representa-tives from each school. The general secretary of the state association, Rev. J. Walter Long, and Miss Martha Dozier. the office secre-tary, both of Greensboro, will be present, as well as other prominent Sunday School workers. The opening seasion will be at seven o'clock on Sat rday night and on Sun-day there will be two sessions, morn-ing and evening. The people of Farmer will entertain all delegates i' their names are sent beforhand to Mrs. Frances P. Hub-bard.

in Europe M. D. following a name more valuable than H. M. in front

church. Brother J. J. Eads, of mase street, Statesville, assisted us in this meeting. May the Lord give each of our pastors a prosperous year. R. L. Melton-North Carolina

AUTO

Brother J. J. Eads, of Race

bard

of it.

church.

KNOW

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"A LITTLE" HIGHER IN PRICE BUT" YOU

CAN'T. GO WRONG



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