

INDEX TO HERTFORD COUNTY. AREA 340 SQUARE MILES. POPULATION, 13,851.

Hertford County was formed in 1759, from Chowan, Bertie and Northampton counties. It was named in compliment to the Marquis of Hertford, an English nobleman, a friend of liberty, an elder brother of Lord Conway, who, in 1763, moved in the House of Lords the repeal of the Stamp Act.

Winton, the county-seat, was named after the Wynns family; it is situated 155 miles north-east from Raleigh, on the Chowan river, and has a population of about 500.

Surface—Level and sandy, soil good; watered by the Meherrin and Chowan rivers.

Crops—Cotton, corn, naval stores and fish. Being near the Norfolk market, trucking is also profitable.

Fruits—Apples, peaches, pears, melons, pumpkins, grapes, and the small fruits.

Timber—Juniper, cypress, pine, oak, ash, the gums and the usual eastern growth.

Post Offices—Anetta, Bethlehem, Como, Harrellsville, Lotta, Mapleton, Menola, Murfreesboro, Riddicksville, St. John, Tunis Union, Winton, and Ahsokic.

County Officers—Superior Court, Clerk, E. D. Bowers; Sheriff and Treasurer, J. S. Mitchell; Register of Deeds, G. A. Brown; Surveyor, J. D. Parker; Coroner, J. H. Mitchell, Standard Keeper, W. A. Perry.

Commissioners—W. T. Brown, chairman, B. Ferguson, G. W. Beverly, J. P. Newsome and W. E. Collins, Attorneys for County, Geo. Cowper.

Board of Education—S. M. Aumack, W. P. Shaw and C. W. Scarborough, Supt. Public Schools, Geo. Cowper.

Townships and Magistrates. MANEY'S NECK—S. P. Winborne, G. C. Ploot, E. G. Sears, L. F. Lee, J. B. Vaughan.

Murfreesboro—A. P. Hines, H. C. Madley, J. C. Vinson, U. Vaughan, J. E. Jones, W. S. Nelson, and Geo. T. Darden.

St. John's—J. H. Mitchell, Lee-Taylor, H. D. Godwin, C. W. Parker, L. R. Tyler, and E. H. Joyner.

Winton—J. L. Anderson, Robert Hotton, W. H. H. Jernigan, A. L. Parke, J. H. Matthews.

Harrellsville—S. M. Aumack, W. J. Lloyd, R. J. Baker, E. D. Scull and C. N. Pruden.

Law Firm—Murfreesboro, B. B. Winborne, D. A. Barnes; Winton, G. W. Cowper, J. E. Vann and M. C. Ewe.

Superior Court—Meets sixth Monday after the first Monday in March and September. J. H. Blount, Solicitor.

Criminal Court—Meets on the 4th Monday in February, and the second Monday in August. Judge, B. B. Winborne; J. E. Vann, Solicitor.

Notary Public—Geo. Cowper, Winton; W. D. Scull, Harrellsville, T. E. Hines, Murfreesboro.

Incorporated Towns—Murfreesboro, Winton, Harrellsville and Union.

Fracturing Physicians—J. F. Eldridge, W. G. Freeman, Murfreesboro; T. I. Burbage, Como; J. T. Shubrick, A. H. Akew, Harrellsville; J. H. Mitchell, Ahsokic; J. W. Taylor, W. H. Sears, Union, S. S. Daniel, Winton.

Incorporated Companies—Roanoke and Albemarle Agricultural Fair, Murfreesboro; B. B. Winborne, President; J. M. Wynn, Treasurer; A. P. Hines, Secretary.

United Telegraph Company. Line from Murfreesboro to Boykins, Va. I. M. Wynn, President.

Colleges—Chowan Baptist Female Inst. Tut. Murfreesboro, J. B. Brewer President.

Wesleyan Female College, Murfreesboro, E. E. Parham, President.

County Farmers' Alliance—Meets in the Court House at Winton, every three months. J. S. Mitchell, President; G. A. Brown, Secretary; J. F. Newsome, Business Agent; J. J. Brown, Treasurer.

Steamboat Lines.—Steamer Lota Capt. Withy, from Franklin, Va., via Winton to Edenton, three times a week. Steamer Keystone, Capt. Smith, from Franklin, Va., via Winton to Murfreesboro, two times a week.

CLEVELAND AND STEVENSON. The Ex-President Nominated on the First Ballot.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON, OF ILLINOIS, FOR VICE-PRESIDENT. End of the Work of the Democratic Convention.

The National Democratic Convention of 1892, after being in session three days at Chicago, finishing its work and adjourning sine die.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland was nominated on the first ballot for President of the United States, and Gen. Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, for Vice-President. The following tables show the vote in 21 states:

Table with columns: State, Cleveland, Stevenson, Total. Lists 21 states including Alaska, Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Conn., Delaware, Dis. of Col., Florida, Ga., Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, N. H., N. J., N. Mexico, N. York, N. C., N. Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pa., R. I., S. C., S. Dakota, Tenn., Texas, Utah, Va., Washington, W. Va., Wyoming, and Indian Territory.

Alabama gave two votes for ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio. Maine gave William C. Whitney one vote. Massachusetts cast one vote for Governor Russell, of that state. West Virginia gave one vote for Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania.

Hon. Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio, chairman of the temporary committee, called the National Democratic Convention to order at 12:45 o'clock P. M. Rev. John Rouse, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, offered prayer.

The speaker of the galleries, and his recesses, cheered to the echo. At the close of Mr. Owen's speech, upon motion of Delegate White, of California, the roll was called for the constitution of the committees on credentials, on rules and order of business, on permanent organization and on resolutions, each State to name one member of each committee.

Two great dangers menace the democratic party. One is external, the other internal; the first is the organized machinery, of organized capital supported by the whole power of the government; the second is the tendency among democrats to make issues among themselves. Two needs, therefore, and before us indispensable to success—unity and harmony. One the chair and sword stand representative; it remains for you to supply the other.

challenges the approbation and invites the support of the people. We can succeed; we must do more; we must deserve success. Above the wreck, if need be, of selfish combinations we must rear a temple to the plain people and build a shrine so broad that every lover of his kind may dwell.



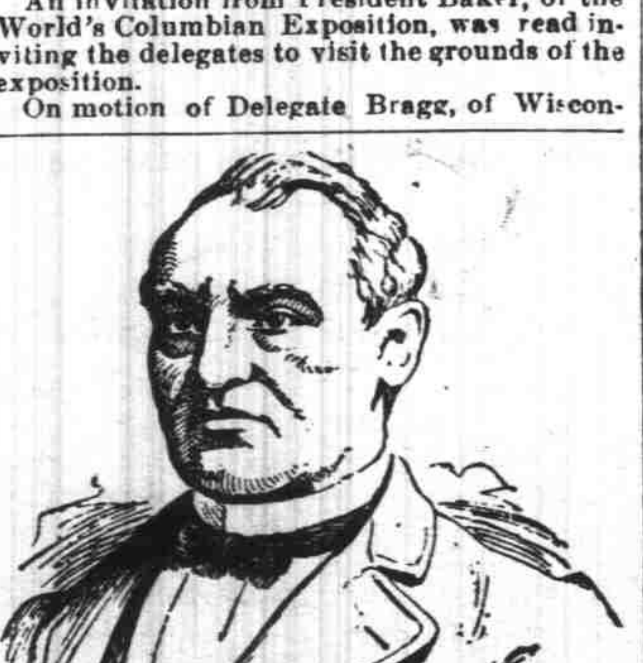
DAVID B. HILL, OF NEW YORK.

"This again must be a campaign of education. The study of the campaign began in the West and South and must be carried into every hamlet of the East and North. The people must learn their true relation to the taxgatherer. They must learn that no railroad president champions the tribunes of the people, no taskmaster writes our tariff bills. They must learn, too, that for personal and political advantage their country was menaced by the threat of war, and they will learn with shame and regret that on the day of the warlike message of the President was read in the halls of Congress the peaceful response of the little scribe by ten republicans, accepting the terms of the presidential ultimatum, was read in every capital of the world.



ARTHUR P. GORMAN, OF MARYLAND.

"Impelled by one purpose, the public good, we will first of all defend the principles and heart burnings that characterized the republican party when its Marshal Clark, of New Hampshire, A. H. C. Gorman, of the brand-and-butter brigade. The speaker's voice penetrated to the farthest recesses of the galleries, and his recesses, cheered to the echo. At the close of Mr. Owen's speech, upon motion of Delegate White, of California, the roll was called for the constitution of the committees on credentials, on rules and order of business, on permanent organization and on resolutions, each State to name one member of each committee.



GROVER CLEVELAND, OF NEW YORK.

Hon. S. P. Sheerin, of Indiana, secretary of the national committee, read the list of officers recommended for the temporary organization and it was unanimously adopted without change, as follows: Chairman—Hon. William C. Owens, of Kentucky. Secretary—Hon. Simon P. Sheerin, of Indiana. Principal Reading Clerk—Hon. Nicholas M. Bell, of Missouri. Sergeant-at-Arms—Hon. Richard J. Brigh of Indiana. Official Stenographer—Edward B. Dickinson, of New York.

all an hour afterward they struggled in. At 11:30 Chairman Owen's thumped for Mr. Rev. Albert Henry, pastor of Leavitt street M. E. Church of Chicago, led in prayer. At the close of prayer the Iowa delegation, at the banner of Governor Boies, marched to their places among the delegates, and the display of the banner was the signal for immense applause.

The Chairman—The first business of the convention will be the report of the committee on credentials. Mr. Shaw, of Maryland, explained that the committee could not be ready to report before 12 o'clock.



ROSWELL P. FLOWER, OF NEW YORK.

convention one of the bravest Democrats in America, Mr. William L. Wilson, of West Virginia. Mr. Wilson was again received with cheers. Tremendous applause followed Chairman Wilson's address. After the first round of cheers subsided the delegates to the convention, almost to a man, rose and gave him an ovation with yells and waving hats and umbrellas and handkerchiefs.



WILLIAM C. WHITNEY, OF NEW YORK.

Mr. Clardy, of Missouri, offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted: That the thanks of this convention are due and are hereby tendered to the temporary chairman, the Hon. William C. Owens, for the able and impartial manner in which he has discharged his duties. [Cheers.] Having disposed of the temporary administration, the convention proceeded to its actual business.

Every man-spectator or delegate who held a wigwag ticket knew full well as he went to the big barracks this afternoon that before the session was over the battle would be on. The assumption that there would be a skirmish or a battle was based partly upon the fact that the committee on resolutions would probably report.

The report of the platform committee was as follows: Section 1.—The representatives of the Democratic Party in the National Convention assembled, do reaffirm their allegiance to the principles of the party as formulated by Jefferson and exemplified by the long and illustrious line of his successors in Democratic leadership from Madison to Cleveland; we believe the public welfare demands that these principles be applied to the conduct of the Federal Government through the accession to power of the party that advocates



ISAAC P. GRAY, OF INDIANA.

maintaining strictly of class legislation we endorse the efforts made by the Democrats of the present Congress to modify its most oppressive features in the tariff and the currency laws, and cheaper manufactured goods that enter into general consumption; and we promise its support to the enlargement of the tariff on duties which will follow the action of the people in entrusting power to the Democratic party.



WILLIAM R. MORRISON, OF ILLINOIS.

Section 3.—We reiterate the oft-repeated doctrine of the Democrats, that the necessity of the government is the only justification for taxation, and whenever a tax is unnecessary it is unjustifiable; that when such a tax is levied upon articles of any kind produced in this country the difference between the cost of labor here and labor abroad, when such a difference exists, fully measures any possible benefits to labor, and the enormous additional impositions of the existing tariff fall with crushing force upon the honest and hardworking, and for the mere advantage of the few whom it enriches, exact from labor a grossly unjust share of the national wealth.

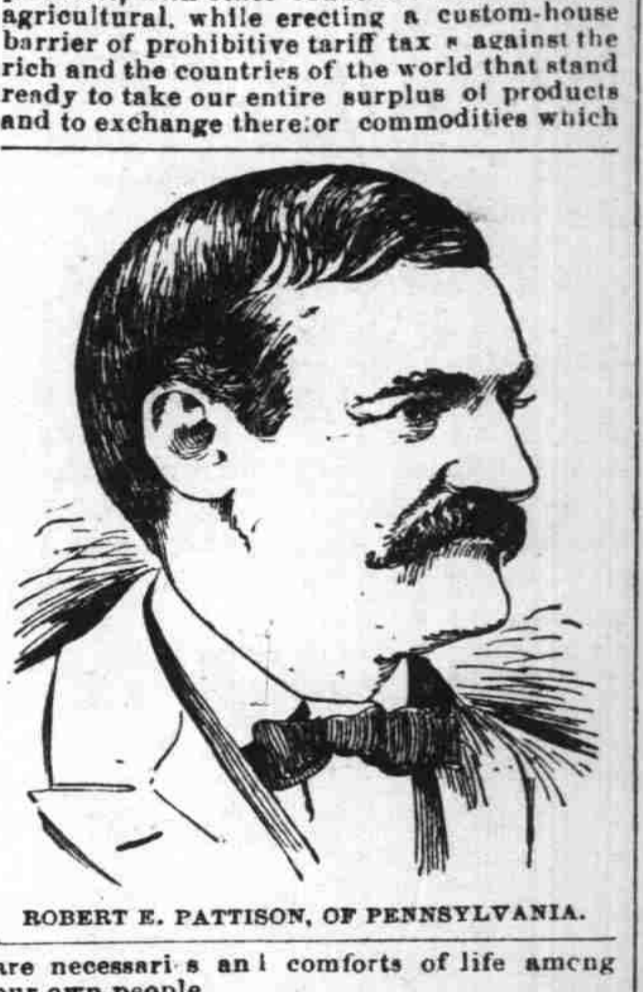


HORACE BOIES, OF IOWA.

Section 4.—The Democratic party is the only party that has ever given the country a foreign policy consistent and vigorous, compelling respect abroad and inspiring confidence at home. While avoiding entangling alliances it has aimed to cultivate friendly relations with other nations and especially with our neighbors in the American continent, whose destiny is closely linked with our own, and we view with alarm the ten-

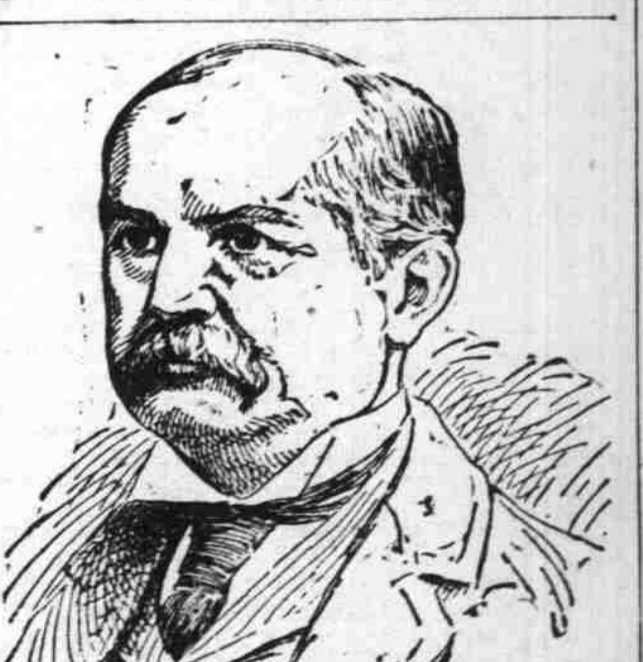
minating efforts of class legislation we endorse the efforts made by the Democrats of the present Congress to modify its most oppressive features in the tariff and the currency laws, and cheaper manufactured goods that enter into general consumption; and we promise its support to the enlargement of the tariff on duties which will follow the action of the people in entrusting power to the Democratic party.

Section 13.—This convention hereby vetoes the expression of appreciation of the Union in the war for its preservation, and we favor just and liberal pensions for all who served in the ranks of the Union army and navy, and demand that the work of the Pension Office shall be done industriously, impartially and promptly, and that no pensioner shall be subjected to the indignity of an incompetent, corrupt, disgraceful and dishonest act.



ROBERT E. PATTISON, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Section 15.—We approve the action of the present House of Representatives in passing bills for the admission into the Union as states the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona, and we favor the early admission of the Territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Florida, and we favor the early admission of the Territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Florida, and we favor the early admission of the Territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Florida.



JAMES E. CAMPBELL, OF OHIO.

Section 20.—We are in favor of the enactment by the states laws for abolishing the notorious sweating system, for abolishing contract labor, for the prohibition of employment in factories of children under 15 years of age. Section 21.—We are opposed to all surreptitious attempts to interfere with the individual rights of the citizen.

Section 22.—Upon this statement of principles and policies the Democratic party of the intelligent judgment of the American people. It asks a change of administration and a change of party in order that there may be a change of system and a change of methods, thus assuring the maintenance unimpaired of institutions under which the republic has grown great and powerful.