

**THE BEAUFORT NEWS**

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THURSDAY JUNE 18 1925

**OUR EXPORTS.**

North Carolina stood eighteenth in the value of her exports for the year 1924 according to a recent report of the Department of Commerce. The value of these exports were \$62,321,924, while that of the entire nation was \$4,498,151,963. North Carolina's chief exports are cotton and tobacco and in round numbers we sent abroad thirty one million dollars worth of the former and about twenty million dollars worth of the latter. Manufactured goods and other products made up the rest of the total. Texas, Virginia and Georgia were the only Southern states that had a bigger export business than North Carolina.

**ADVERTISING PAYS COMMUNITIES.**

Advertising pays resort cities; at any rate many of them seem to think so. St. Petersburg, Florida raised \$160,000 last year to advertise that rapidly growing city. In addition to funds raised by private subscription a tax was levied to secure the money needed. The taxation method gets the tight wads who never give anything voluntarily to public causes and therefore has its merits. Miami and other Florida cities also spend large sums for advertising purposes. In our own State Asheville leads all the cities in advertising with an expenditure we understand of more than fifty thousand dollars a year.

There is a lesson for Beaufort in the way the cities referred to are advertising their attractions. If towns like Asheville, Miami and St. Petersburg that are already well known find it necessary how about one like Beaufort that never had any advertising to amount to anything? Morehead City is better advertised than Beaufort but our sister town could stand some publicity too and in fact is doing something in that line this summer. We have natural advantages here in Carteret county that are well worth telling to the outside world. We get a considerable amount of free publicity it is true but this is not enough. A sizable fund ought to be raised and spent in judicious advertising of the towns and county.

**A GOOD ADDITION.**

It is, or ought to be, gratifying to all Carteret county citizens that the effort which County Agent Overstreet has been making to start strawberry growing in the county now promises to be successful. Carteret county has the climate and the soil to make berry growing a profitable enterprise according to the opinions of those who know about such things. The cultivation of strawberries on a commercial scale means the addition of another good money crop to those which we already have. Berries can be marketed here a week or ten days earlier than Mount Olive section which is a big advantage indeed and will enable our growers to get the advantage of the higher prices. Strawberries are a welcome addition to our crops and may be in a few years we will add dewberries and peaches.

**HIGH TAXES DO NOT MAKE PROSPERITY**

About this time a year ago there was considerable discussion going in Congress and in the press about the so called Mellon plan of taxation. Secretary Mellon wanted to reduce the surtaxes on incomes

from fifty to twenty-five per cent. People and corporations with large incomes were and are now paying a much higher rate than those with small incomes. Mr. Mellon contended that a great deal of capital was being put in tax free bonds and not only did the government lose the taxes, but business was being impeded because capitalists were putting their money in bonds instead of in industrial enterprises. He suggested that the surtaxes should be cut down to twenty five per cent instead of fifty.

Mr. Mellon's tax reduction plan was favored by President Coolidge, a good many Senators and others but a combination of Western radical Senators and some Democratic Senators prevented it. Although it was mostly demagoguery the opponents of the reduction plan said that it was an effort to relieve the rich of paying taxes and putting it on the poor. They overlooked the fact that the really poor do not pay income taxes at all and that the very rich pay a rate many times higher than people who have incomes of four or five thousand a year.

Now it seems that an effort will be made to put a new tax bill through when Congress meets again and it appears that some who opposed the Mellon plan have had a change of heart. Senator Couzens of Michigan, a Republican, who fought the Mellon bill bitterly is one one who has changed. He wants to cut even lower than Secretary Mellon proposed to do. He would cut the big fellows down to twenty percent and do away entirely with taxes on incomes of less than five thousand a year. Senator King, a Democrat from Utah, favors reducing surtaxes to twenty percent or even less. Senator Bruce from Maryland and Senator Underwood, both Democrats, have favored the Mellon plan all the time and still do so. Senator Glass of Virginia when Secretary of the Treasury under President Wilson also wanted the surtaxes reduced. The Senators from North Carolina and other Southern Senators sided with the radicals and favored sticking it to the big taxpayers every time.

It sounds very fine to talk about making corporations and the people of large means pay high taxes but an analysis of the situation shows that the thing doesn't work very well. The main thing accomplished is that a great deal of capital is taken out of productive enterprises that employ a great many people and are put in tax free bonds. Billions of dollars are going into town, county, state and Federal non taxable bonds. If income taxes were not so high a great deal of this capital would be invested in building railroads, factories and other industrial enterprises that employ labor. So Capital and labor are closely related and laws that try to confiscate capital hurt the laboring man worse than they do the capitalist. Such laws also hurt the small business man and the farmer. We can find instances of this right at home.

During the war and just after it the fish scrap and oil factories in Carteret county made large profits. The Government levied high taxes and took a large part of these profits away from the factory people. Hard times came along then and some of the concerns did not have enough capital to keep going and went to the wall. The others shut down or cut down running expenses to as low a point as possible. The result was that hundreds of people who had no stock in the factories were thrown out of work and the merchants and other people suffered. The same sort of thing happened all over the United States. Business conditions now are greatly improved but the thing to make them still better is a further reduction of taxes.

**PRESS GLEANINGS**

At the Old Swimming Hole.—  
"Coming in, Tommy?"  
"No my mother won't let me."  
"Come on in! She'll never find out."  
"Yes she will—it's my bath-night to-night."—Passing show (London)

LET'S BE MORE DEMONSTRATIVE.

Over in Seattle a few weeks ago a citizen built an apartment house at a cost of \$700,000. In recognition of his service to the city, the people gave a banquet in his honor and showed him in no uncertain manner that his work which meant so much to his home city was appreciated. That was a fine spirit on the part of the citizenship.

This week there were completed two apartment houses in Albemarle at a total cost of upwards of \$100,000. Our own townsman, Mr. J. M. Boyette, was the builder. That means a greater outlay of cash for Albemarle than the building of a \$700,000 apartment house was for that great western city. It was a greater manifestation of faith in Albemarle than the big apartment house builder manifested in Seattle.

The citizens of Seattle banqueted their fellow citizen in recognition of his public service. Albemarle appreciates what Mr. Boyette has done, as much as the people of Seattle appreciated the act of their fellow citizen. But the Seattle folks publicly honored their man while Albemarle makes no demonstration.

Citizens of Albemarle and Stanly County let us decide in the future we are going to be more appreciative. Or rather, let us decide that we are going to be more liberal in expressing our appreciation to those whose services may help the town as a whole. It will do us all good. It will encourage the next fellow who might contemplate being of service to his town, and it will help Albemarle to become a great city much quicker. And it will cost us nothing extra.—(Stanly News-Herald)

Admiral Fiske might say also of domestic law what he says of international law—that it is only effective when supported by force.—Philadelphia Record.

Steps are being taken in Great Britain to protect King George from handshakers in the future. But then, of course, King George has a life job and doesn't have to do any campaigning.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

**NOTICE.**

North Carolina, Fifth Judicial District Carteret County, Before Hon. M. V. Barnhill, Judge Superior Court at Beaufort, North Carolina. IN THE MATTER OF CERTAIN UNOWNED AND UNCLAIMED WILD CATTLE RUNNING AT LARGE ON CORE, SHACKLEFORD AND BOQUE BANKS.

**TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—**

Pursuant to an order this day signed by His Hon. M. V. Barnhill notice is hereby given as follows:

The next regular dipping days in the systematic dipping of cattle, horses and mules in Carteret County, on Core, Shackleford and Bogue Banks are as follows:

- Portsmouth vat—June 22, 1925
- Lions Den vat—June 23, 1925
- Sea Level Bank vat—June 27, 1925
- Middle Pen vat—June 29, 1925
- Diamond Pen vat—June 30, 1925
- Jacks Island vat—July 1, 1925
- Fort Macon vat—July 2, 1925
- Hoffman vat—July 3, 1925
- Salter Path vat—July 4, 1925

Take further notice that unless any owner or claimant in the areas of said respective vats shall dip his cattle and ponies in said respective areas on the said next dipping days, the unowned and unclaimed and undipped ones shall be slaughtered on Core and Shackleford Banks on and after July 2nd 1925, and on Bogue Banks on and after July 5th, 1925 as in the order of May 14, 1925, and in the order of June 17, 1925, provided, which orders are filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court at Beaufort, North Carolina.

The slaughter will begin at Portsmouth end of Core and Shackleford Banks on July 6, and move Westwardly and on Bogue Banks after July 4th, 1925.

This the 17 day of June 1925.

DR. Wm. MOORE,  
State Veterinarian.

**MRS. HINNANT GIVES PARTY.**

A very pretty bridge party was given Saturday by Mrs. W. K. Hinnant at her attractive home on Ann street complimentary to a popular bride-elect Miss Nancy Lay and Mrs. Hinnant's guest Mrs. Charles L. Abernethy Jr., of New Bern. The highest score prize was awarded to Mrs. A. D. O'Bryan. The guest of honor prize went to Mrs. Abernethy and a shower of lovely handkerchiefs were presented to Miss Lay by little Miss Mary Taylor Hinnant, daughter of the hostess. Out of town guests were Mrs. Charles L. Abernethy Jr., and Mrs. C. W. Woodson of Salisbury.

Misses Georgia Neal and Mary Felton spent Monday in New Bern.

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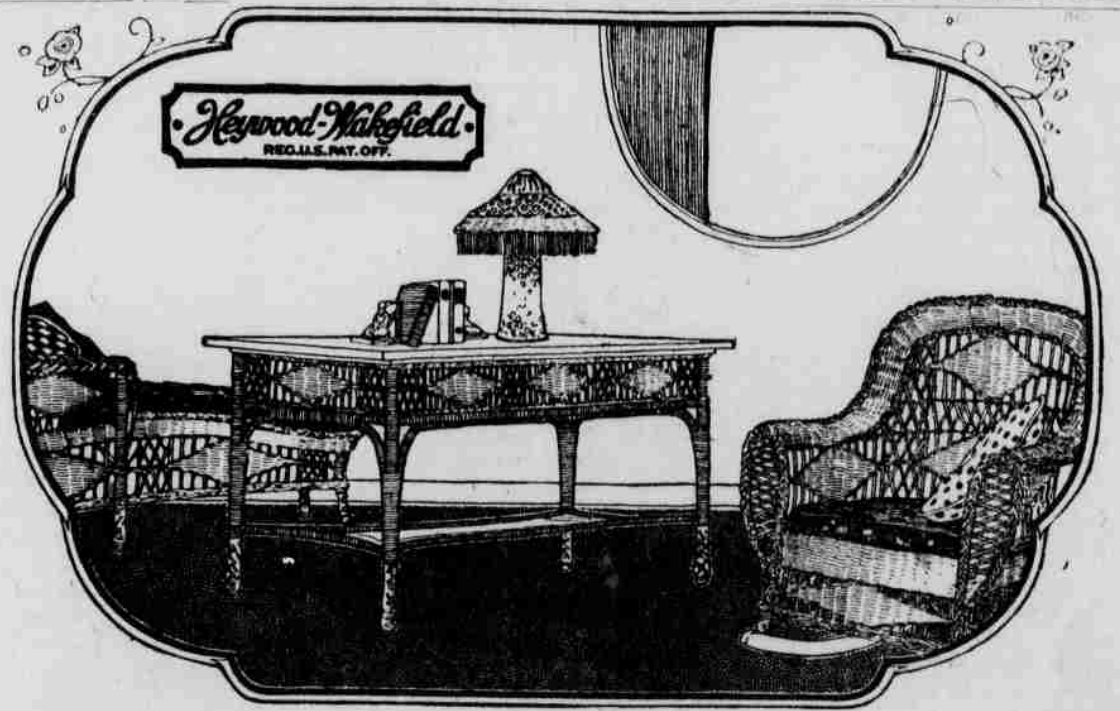
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