

THE STATE DISPATCH.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE UPBUILDING OF AMERICAN HOMES AND AMERICAN INDUSTRIES.

VOL. III.

BURLINGTON, N. C., JULY 13, 1910.

NO. 9

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

As stated the first of June, we cut out this week the names of those in the Contest who have made no effort to increase their vote. From this date to the close of the Contest we will double the vote for all new subscribers, in other words, we will give 200 votes for one new year subscription; 100 votes for a six months subscription. It must be a new subscriber. Just a change of name from one member of a family to another will be counted as a renewal. For all renewals of subscriptions the vote will remain as in the past. For every dollar paid on subscription we will give 100 votes.

From this date until August 17th, at noon, we will give 1,000 votes for \$5.00, either new or renewal of subscription, the paper to be mailed to one name and address. This, we feel sure will meet with the approval of the contestants and should create more or less enthusiasm. Now let every one get busy. This will enable those who are behind in the race to make considerable gains, if not to place them in the lead. Let everyone hustle for new subscribers, they are the ones that will increase your vote.

THE CONTEST AND HOW THE VOTE STANDS

Burlington.	
Miss Lois A. Workman,	94,25
Swannie Patterson,	13,200
Myrtle Islev,	3,150
Myrtle Tate,	1,000
Lillian Turner,	925
Burlington R. F. D's.	
Miss Jennie Overman, R. 4,	3,225
Emma Overman R. 1,	1,375
Annie Madlock, R. 2,	400
Ollie Ector, Route 2,	200
Rosa Crouse, Route 4,	200
Snow Camp.	
Miss Mary Stout,	13,125
Spring Graded School,	500
Sylvan Graded School,	200
Mebane.	
Miss Grace Amick,	300
Haw River, No. 1.	
Miss Carrie Albright,	114,00
Elon College, N. C.	
Miss Mollie Baldwin,	6,250
Union Ridge, No. 1.	
Miss Lottie Terrell,	300

Elaborate Opening.

The grand Opening at the First National Bank building last night was visited by at least 1500 people. All of whom were of a jovial nature and entertained in such a way as to cause them to wear a smile that will never come off. The large building five stories high, which contains thirty-two beautiful rooms was all aglow from bottom to top with electric lights more than 90 lights showing forth their illuminous rays at one time.

The elevator was kept busy transporting the visitors from floor to floor where they were met by ushers who carried them through the building stopping occasionally to glance at the decorations of red, white and blue, and beautiful evergreens which spoke words of welcome to the visitors. All the rooms were attractive but none so much so as the one presided over by a beautiful young lady serving punch or sherbit as a matter of choice. The light refreshments were very delicious and cannot be complimented to highly.

To entertain the public in general and especially for the benefit of those who were served to often to the punch, music was furnished by a colored band of Roanoke, Va. The first floor of this building which is used by the bank is finished in solid marble and oak.

The other rooms are all well arranged and beautifully furnished convenient for office or private individuals.

R. A. Sharpe, of Richmond, traveling representative of the American Snuff Co. spent last week in town visiting friends and relatives.

To the Republican Voters of North Carolina.

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the Republican State Executive Committee, at a meeting held in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 27th day of May, 1910, a State Convention of the Republican party of North Carolina is hereby called to meet in the city of Greensboro, N. C., at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the tenth day of August, A. D., 1910.

This Convention is called for the purpose of nominating a Chief Justice and two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, to ratify the nomination of Superior Court Judges in the various districts where candidates for judge are to be nominated this year, to nominate two Corporation Commissioners, also to elect a Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee and one Committeeman from each Congressional District, the last named to be designated by the district delegation when assembled at the State Convention and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

The plan of organization requires that delegates and alternates to the State Convention shall be elected by duly constituted county conventions, called on at least fifteen days notice of the time and place of such conventions. Representation in county conventions shall consist of one delegate and one alternate for every twenty-five Republican votes, or fractional part thereof, cast in the precinct for the Republican candidate for Governor at the previous election, and in all other conventions one delegate and one alternate are apportioned to every one hundred votes, or fractional part thereof, cast at election for the Republican candidate for Governor. Provided, however, that each county shall be entitled to at least two votes in State, Congressional and Judicial conventions.

The county chairmen, as well as the precinct chairmen are earnestly urged to use all diligence in seeing that their respective counties and precincts are well and fully represented in the conventions, as well as to give their conventions when called the widest publicity. Let us urge upon you that the conventions in each county and township shall be conducted in such manner as to have full representation in the respective conventions, and let every voter feel that he has a voice in the affairs of the county.

SPENCER B. ADAMS,
Ch'm Repub. State Ex. Com.
T. J. HARKINS,
Secretary.

This May 30, 1910.

Gakdale Dots.

Quite a good congregation attended church at Mt. Zion last Sunday owing to the report that the Piedmont Baptist Association was to meet there. For the benefit of those who wish to attend will say the pastor announced that the Association would meet July 26th, at 7:30 p. m., and will continue two days.

The refreshing showers for the past week has done much good to growing crops. The farmers can now finish their crops.

We wish to say that we endorse what Mr. Buckner says about the roads and say we do not believe one can find two miles of good public road in Patterson township in one strip, many roads are almost impassable. We saw a man on his way to Burlington with wife and boy who had to hold to keep the good wife from falling out in the road, where there is much travel, not less than 50 vehicles a day. If you call this good roads, "Gee what next." The inquiry when you meet a man generally is; did you ever see such roads. This is a square deal, nobody working, nobody paying.

A TAX PAYER..

D. A. White goes on record as the wheat raiser, sowed one and one half bushels threshed forty and three fourth. A yield of 28 bushels to one. Mr. White lives in our midst and is well known to us all.

OUR RALEIGH LETTER.

Special to the Dispatch.

Raleigh, July 9.—The Wake county Democratic convention met in the Court House in Raleigh on Saturday last. Though heralded as the militant Democracy of Wake and reported in the columns of the News and Observer as the "unterrified Democracy" of the metropolitan county of the State, it was apparent to all on-lookers that something had come over the spirit of the dream of the dominant party. Occasional hand-clapping was the extent of applause; not a cheer was heard, and old time enthusiasm was entirely lacking. When one of the defeated office holders was asked why the convention was so lacking in enthusiasm his answer was: "Did you ever hear of being struck dumb with enthusiasm? This is a sample of it."

Hon. Armistead Jones, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, called the convention to order, stated the business to come before the convention, but nowhere in his remarks did he make any reference to a united party or the hope of success and victory in the coming election.

Hon. R. W. Winston was made permanent Chairman of the Convention and in his speech made reference to the fact that the Democracy of Wake county was divided; had two wings—and stated that no bird could fly unless it had two wings. The primary vote was canvassed by the Convention and the result declared. Delegates were named for the State, Congressional and Judicial Conventions.

Hon. R. H. Battle, nominee for the House of Representatives was called upon for a speech and introduced as the next Speaker of the House of Representatives. Mr. Battle stated that those who voted in the recent Democratic Primary were not legally bound to support the nominees but were morally bound to do so, and begged the Democrats of Wake to support the ticket nominated, saying that this ticket had been placed in the field by the vote of the recent primary, and if the voters did not support it in November he would then be opposed to the legalized primary system.

Mr. Alf. A. Thompson was called upon for a speech, and he spoke of the fact that it was said that many of the defeated wing of the Democratic party would not support the ticket in November. He urged the Democrats to stand together and elect the ticket.

Mr. J. N. Holding, who was aligned with the defeated ring was called upon for a speech but declined, saying that he was too unwell to speak and had only come to the Convention as an on-looker.

After the report of the platform committee Dr. Sykes, nominee for the Senate, had the platform amended so as to authorize the members of the Legislature make investigation and determine whether they should recommend the creation of the office of Commissioner of Agriculture for Wake county.

On July 6th, the Fourth District Congressional Convention met in Raleigh and declared Edward W. Pou the nominee of the Democratic party. This Convention was another tame affair.

There has never been a time in Wake county when Democrats were so outspoken regarding their disgust and dissatisfaction with their party affairs. There is a chorus of voices in the Democratic camp demanding that the Republican party put out a good ticket and these Democrats promise to support the Republican ticket from top to bottom. So bitter was the fight waged by Daniels and Bailey that the good women of Raleigh are disgusted, though heretofore Democratic supporters, and they are now urging Republicans to nominate a winning ticket and administer a rebuke to those who made use of such disgraceful campaign methods.

C. H. Horton of Altamahaw has recently purchased a half interest in the Sanitary Barber Shop. Purchasing the stock owned by J. H. Matkins.

PROCEEDING OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MEETING

Graham, N. C., July 5th.—The Board of County Commissioners of Alamance county met at the court house on the above date at ten o'clock a. m., in regular monthly meeting with the following members present:

A. N. Robertson.
B. S. Robertson.
W. A. Murray.
B. R. Sellars.

The Following business was transacted.

Whereas this Board at its meeting in May ordered a special election to be held in certain territory in Burlington Township the boundaries given in said order, to vote upon the question of levying a special tax in said territory for school purposes and whereas said returns from the election which was duly held on the 11th day of May as directed in said order, show that there were forty eight registered voters and that forty-five voted for said special tax and none voted against said special tax. It is ordered that said election is hereby declared carried in favor of special tax.

Ordered: That Jas. P. Faucett be relieved of one poll tax in Burlington Township same having been erroneously listed.

Ordered: That S. C. Craddock be relieved of one poll tax in Boon station Township same erroneously listed he having been exempted from poll tax by the Board of County Commissioners.

Ordered: That Dr. J. L. Kernodle be relieved of tax on \$1000 same having been listed as money in bank and was at the time bank stock and has paid double tax on same.

Ordered: That Marvin Johnson be relieved of one poll tax same erroneously listed for the year 1910.

Ordered: That B. R. Sellars be relieved of one poll tax and W. A. Murray alternate to the State meeting of the County Commissioners which meets in Charlotte on August 10 1910.

Ordered: That D. W. Kernodle be authorized to furnish Wash Russell in Provisions to the amount of \$1.50 per month for two months and present an itemized account with this order attached.

Ordered: That this Board levy a tax of twenty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property and sixty cents on the poll for the Elmira Graded School.

Ordered: That this Board borrow two thousand dollars from Dr. J. H. Brooks to meet the current expenses of the County.

Ordered: That B. S. Robertson and W. A. Murray be and are hereby appointed a committee to investigate the road at C. G. Maynards and decide as to the location of the same.

Ordered: That the report of the Committee on the bridge at Noahs Ford accepting the same be accepted by this Board.

Ordered: That J. W. Page be allowed to close the old road where it crosses his place near Noahs ford as the new road is open and passable.

Ordered: That the Road asked for by citizens on petition presented to this Board at its last meeting, beginning at a point where the old Shallow ford road running thence West upon the old road bed of said road to C. R. Kernodles home place thence on the south side of the old road bed following a ridge across the lands of C. R. Kernodle and Jas. D. Bason to Lewis Gerringers mill, thence across Haw River following the line between Mrs. Sallie F. Summers and J. T. Kernodles to the macadam road leading from Ossipee to Burlington, be granted.

Ordered: That E. P. Perry be authorized to furnish Thos. Mann in provisions to the amount of \$1.50 per month for two months and present an itemized account with this order attached.

Ordered: That W. N. Thompson be authorized to investigate the bridge across Back Creek between Trolinwood and Mebane and report to this Board at its next meeting.

Ordered: That R. N. Thompson be instructed to work the road in the Southern part of the

TRAINMEN'S INCREASE IN PAY

The Southern Railway Company and Its Conductors, Baggage-men, Brakemen and Other Employees

Spencer, July 6.—In the matter of the controversy which has been pending between the Southern Railway Company the following settlement of the various articles in the proposals were agreed upon in Washington last Saturday with the officials of the Southern Railway Company.

On runs of 155 miles or over a day the following rates will apply, effective July 1, 1910: Passenger conductors, 21-2 cents a mile; baggage-men, 1.35 a mile; flagmen and brakemen, 1.325 a mile. On and after April 1, 1911, the rate shall be: conductors, 2.75 cents a mile; baggage-men, 1.55 cents a mile; flagman and brakemen, 1.50 cents a mile.

On runs of less than 155 miles per day the following rates will be paid on and after July 1 1910: Passenger conductors, \$3.75 a day; baggage-men \$2.30 a day; flagman and brakeman \$2.20 a day. On and after April 1, 1911, the rate shall be: For passenger and brakemen, \$2.55 a day.

Overtime in passenger service to be allowed prorates computed on speed basis or other basis stipulated in the individual schedule as of December 1 1909.

All regularly assigned passenger crews will on and after July 1, 1910, be guaranteed the following monthly pay: Conductors \$115 baggage-men \$65; flagmen and brakemen, \$62. On and after April 1, 1911, these amounts will be increased to \$125 a month for conductors, \$4.25 a day; baggage-men \$2.75 a day, flagman and brakemen, \$2.55 a day.

On and after July 1, 1910 the rates of pay for through freight and mixed train service to be as follows: Conductors 3.55 cents a mile; flagmen and brakemen, 2-35 cents a mile. On and after April 1 1911, these rates will be: for conductors, 3.75 cents a mile, flagman and brakemen, 2.50 cts. a mile.

Runs of 100 miles or less either straight away or turn around to be paid for as 100 miles.

Employees in yard service will receive a still greater raise, the average increase being about forty per cent above the wages now paid.

Members of the Order of Railway Conductors are free to express their high appreciation of the increase, which is said to be entirely satisfactory and is declared to be the best increase ever granted the employees in the road service. The men who run in and out of Spencer in large numbers are frank to admit that they feel more inclined than ever before to render the very best service possible.

County, reported by Robert Thompson as soon as convenient.

Ordered: That the report of Dr. Geo. W. Long Supt. of health be accepted and filled.

Ordered: That the tax returns for Pleasant grove township be received.

Ordered: That the tax returns for Faucetts township be received.

Ordered: That the tax returns for Haw River township be received.

Ordered: That the tax returns for Patterson township be received.

Ordered: That the report of J. H. Tarpley Supt. of the County Home be received and filled.

Ordered: That B. S. Robertson be refunded tax on \$1000. same having been charged up as stocks and bonds and should have been Bank stock and was also charged as Bank Stock.

Ordered: That B. S. Robertson be relieved of Graded school tax on \$1000. same having been charged twice.

Ordered: That W. N. Thompson be instructed to work up the road from Lake Side toward the old Ireland mill to the Elon Road.

Ordered: That this Board adjourn to meet Monday the 11th day of July to receive that Tax returns and to hear any complaints that may be made in regard to the valuation of property.

THE STATE'S OLDEST TEMPERANCE SOCIETY

Snow Camp, July 9.—On July 4th, at Pleasant Hill church in Patterson township, the Pleasant Hill Temperance Society met in seventy-seventh annual session. A house full of people expressed by their presence on this anniversary of National Independence, their love of home and country, by their loyalty to the cause of temperance as espoused by the above Society for three-quarters of a century. After attending to the usual order of business the audience was favored with an address by Mr. Frank R. McNinch, of Charlotte, which address was listened to with much interest and was so eminently practical that we take the liberty of passing along some of the prominent thoughts.

The speaker started out with a patriotic reference to our great nation, insisting upon a deeper appreciation of heritage and more familiarity with the facts of our history.

His introduction to the subject of temperance was an admonition to the Society not to dwell too much on its past but to look back upon it only to gain inspiration to go forward. "If you stop here," the speaker said "God will mark you as a Lot's wife in your community." So in the State we must not be content with merely looking back upon the election which gave us 44,000 for prohibition but let that be our inspiration for future effort. "Let God guard the rear and us go on to Canaan," real prohibition which is the conversion of the last single mind from objection to prohibition.

In regard to the enforcement of the law he said that in the first place no other law is so unfairly and fanatically judged as prohibition, that no one would think of repealing laws against murder, theft, arson, and all crime because these very laws are sometimes not enforced, that we are a set of moral cowards if we say that the law cannot be enforced, and that one good strong man in a community will insure a reasonable enforcement. Whiskey should be made an unlawful curse and the man who sells it an outlaw. If our officers fail in doing their duty, the political authorities should be made to understand that these guardians of the law would be succeeded by others who would make offenders skulk to their hiding places, and that if the law is not enforced it will be the fault of the temperance people.

With reference to the law itself the speaker thought it quite satisfactory except for the provision made for ministers to obtain wine for sacramental purposes. He deplored this as coming under the woe pronounced upon him (individual or organization) who putteth the bottle to his neighbors lips, incidentally making a strong plea for unfermented wine for these purposes. Legislation prohibiting the sale of near beer was suggested as an improvement also.

The progress of the temperance movement generally was mentioned and with encouragement. A touching reference to the slavery of the South which the North finally destroyed, was followed by the thought that now the South, out from under the ban of whiskey almost from Mason and Dixon line to Mexico, should turn to the North and plead for emancipation on the part of the North from slavery far worse than that of the black man.

Mr. McNinch referred to the old saying, "if you will let liquor alone, liquor will let you alone," adding that he wished to disabuse every young mans mind of that idea and gave some striking instances of the fallacy of such argument. He followed with some excellent advice to the young men who "wish to keep step to the music of the day," a recipe which the speaker termed "the fundamental, basic principle of all goodness and greatness and the right kind of smartness" which was this, "as for me and myhouse we will let liquor alone."

The world he said is at last coming to God's way of thinking,

Continued on page five.