

Church Directory

The Church of the Holy Comforter.
(Episcopal)
Rev. J. B. Kendall, Rector.
Services:
Every Sunday, 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Holy Communion: First Sunday, 11:00 a. m. Third Sunday, 10:00 a. m.
Holy and Saints' Days, 10:00 a. m.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
The public is cordially invited. All pews free.

Christian Church.
Corner Church and Davis Sts.
Rev. A. B. Kendall, Pastor.
Services:
Preaching every Sunday, 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:45 a. m. Jno. E. Foster, Supt.
Christian Endeavor Services, Sunday evenings at 7:15
Mid-week Prayer Service, every Wednesday at 8:00 p. m.
Ladies' Aid and Missionary Society meets on Monday after the second Sunday in each month.
A cordial invitation extended to all.
A Church Home for Visitors and Strangers.

Burlington Reformed Church.
Corner Front and Anderson Sts.
Rev. J. D. Ansel, Pastor.
Sunday School every Sabbath, 9:45 a. m.
Preaching every 2nd and 4th Sabbath, 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Mid-week Service every Thursday, 7:45 p. m.
A cordial welcome to all.
Parsonage 2nd door east of church.

Presbyterian Church.
Rev. Donald McIver, Pastor.
Services every Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.
Prayer-meeting, Wednesday at 8:00 p. m.
The public is cordially invited to all services.

Front Street M. E. Church, South.
Rev. T. A. Sykes, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday morning and evening.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Prayer Service, Wednesday evening.

Macedonia Lutheran Church.
Front Street.
Rev. C. L. Morgan, Pastor.
(Residence next door to Church.)
Morning Service at 11:00 a. m. Vespers at 3:30 p. m.
(No services on third Sundays.)
Sunday School 9:45 a. m., every Sunday.
Teachers' Meeting, Wednesday 8:00 p. m. (at parsonage.)
Woman's Missionary Society after morning service on fourth Sundays.
L. C. Bs., Saturday before third Sundays, 3:00 p. m.
L. L. L., third Sundays at 8:00 p. m.

Baptist Church.
Rev. S. L. Morgan, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday 11 a. m., 8 p. m.
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Sunbeams, second and fourth Sundays, 3:00 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday 8 p. m.
Church Conference Wednesday before first Sunday in each month
Communion, first Sunday.
Woman's Missionary Society, first Thursday 3:30 p. m.
Ladies' Aid Society, first Monday 3:30 p. m.

the Methodist Protestant Church,
East Davis Street.
Rev. Thomas E. Davis, Pastor.
Parsonage next door to Church)
Services:
Morning, 11:00 Evening, 8:00.
Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings.
Ladies' Aid and Missionary Societies every Monday afternoon after first Sunday in each month.
Sunday School 9:30 a. m.
Rev. R. M. Andrews, Supt.
Excellent Baraca and Philathea Classes. You are invited to attend all services.

Webb Avenue M. E. Church,
Rev. B. T. Harley, Pastor.
Preaching every first Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m., second Sunday at 8:00 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday morning at 10 a. m.
John F. Idol, Supt.
Everybody Welcome.

Popularity, Not Money.

As the senate investigation proceeds it begins to be very apparent that Roosevelt carried the vast majority of Republican states in the presidential nomination fight by reason of his popularity and not because of the money spent in his campaign. Wherever figures have been given showing amounts spent by both sides, it is shown that the anti-Roosevelt forces spent three, four and sometimes ten times as much money to secure delegates as did the Roosevelt forces.

It is also known that the anti-Roosevelt forces were well organized, having all the federal machinery and the old-time politicians back of them, and a good organization of experienced politicians can make one dollar go farther than a lot of raw recruits can make five go. Plus all this actual cash was the federal patronage thrown into the balance against Roosevelt. Yet in face of all this Roosevelt carried the states having primaries and had an overwhelming majority of the delegates from Republican states. The more facts the senate investigation brings out the more apparent it becomes that Roosevelt's strength was the faith the people had in him.—Evening Times.

ROOSEVELT LEAD IN TEST VOTES GROWS; TAFT IS OUT OF RACE

Almost unanimously the straw votes taken in New York give Theodore Roosevelt a lead over Wilson and Taft, often a majority over both. The Progressive nominee's lead is growing. His showing is tremendously impressive. In Pittsburgh a newspaper supporting Taft announces results of its poll, giving the colonel a majority over Taft and Wilson. Taft runs fourths, Debs being third. Polls outside New York show Roosevelt's great strength. A Taft newspaper polled fourteen Brooklyn theaters. Roosevelt led for president and Straus for Governor.

T. R., 2857; Wilson, 1631, in Pittsburgh Poll.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Oct. 24.—The Pittsburgh Press, which is supporting President Taft, continues its postcard poll, the total to date being:
Pittsburgh—Wilson, 1631; Taft 848; Roosevelt, 2857; Debs, 1165; Chafin, 110.
Boroughs in Allegheny county—Roosevelt, 80; Taft, 27; Wilson, 66; Debs, 26.
Beaver county—Roosevelt, 270; Taft, 146; Wilson, 149; Debs, 108; Chafin, 15.
Westmoreland county—Wilson, 344; Roosevelt, 329; Taft, 136; Debs, 83; Chafin, 9.
In the total Roosevelt has a majority of 378 over Taft and Wilson.

Constipation
"For many years I was troubled, in spite of all so-called remedies I used. At last I found quick relief and cure in those mild, yet thorough and really wonderful
DR. KING'S New Life Pills
Adolph Schinbeck, Buffalo, N. Y.
25 CENTS PER BOTTLE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE MOST ACCURATE .22 CALIBER Repeating Rifle in the World.
Made in two models: one for .22 Short R. F. cartridges—the other for .22 Long Rifle R. F.
STEVENS
"VISIBLE LOADING"
RIFLE NO. 70.
LIST PRICE \$55.00
J. STEVENS ARMS & TOOL COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

TEACHERS' MEETING

Alamance Teachers to Meet in Graham, Saturday, Nov. 2, 11:00 a. m.

PROGRAM

1 Round Table—How to secure and hold attendance.
2 Address—Teaching the lesson.

DINNER.
3 General Discussion:
(a) Grading and Report Cards.
(b) Reading Course.
(c) County Commencement.

Every teacher in the county is asked and urged to be present. It is impossible for us as teachers and Superintendent to do the work we should without these meetings. We shall look for you. Dinner will be served after picnic fashion as it was last year.
J. B. Robertson

WOMAN'S ACCUSATION STOPS SUICIDE VERDICT

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 24.—It was supposed that Joseph Waitkus had committed suicide when his body was found in a rooming house to day. A revolver, said by his landlady to have belonged to Waitkus, was found beside the body.

An inquest was being held this afternoon when Mrs. Asna Rober rushed into the room and shouted: "Stop! Stop! He did not kill himself! He was murdered! There stands the man who killed him!" The man indicated was Joseph Brudas, husband of the woman from whom Waitkus rented his room. The jury was just about to return a verdict of suicide.

Mrs. Robert declared the revolver found beside the dead man had been purchased by Brudas. He was held.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS

Remaining in Post Office at Burlington, N. C., Oct. 26, 1912.

GENTLEMEN:
Luther Clapp, M. O. Blackwell, Walker Blair, Romey Cheek, N. F. Davis, P. Elzare Keller, William Laddiz, A. J. Lashley, Tom Often, L. S. Stranghn, Alex Smith, E. E. Thomas.

LADIES:
Mrs. Sue Hart, Miss Anor Moore, Miss Mamie Parist, Mrs. J. A. Sechrest, Mrs. Katherine Walker.
Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "Advertised," and give date of advertised list.
J. Zeb. Waller, P. M.

Mortgage Sale

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage deed executed on the 1st day of February, 1911 by Leonard Clapp to the Central Loan & Trust Co. and recorded in the public registry of Alamance County, in Book No. 51 of Mortgage Deeds page 232 to 234, the said Central Loan & Trust Co., will offer for sale at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House Door in Graham, N. C., at 12 o'clock M. Saturday, November 9th, 1912 the following described tract of land lying and being in Alamance County, Burlington Township, State of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Esper A. Montgomery, Jerry Sellars, a Street or Alley and others, bounded as follows:

Beginning at an iron bolt at corner of fence with said Montgomery on North side of said Street or Alley, running thence M. 11 deg. W. 57 links to a rock corner with said Sellars, by said Montgomery's fence, thence S. 70 deg. W. 3.88 chs. to an iron bolt by fence post, corner with said Shepherd on E. side of road thence 11 1/2 deg. E. 62 links to a stone by a fence post on North side of said Street or Alley thence N. 70 1-2 deg. E. 3.88 chs. to the beginning, containing 22-100 of an acre more or less.
This the 2nd day of Oct. 1912.
Central Loan & Co. Mortgagee

Puts End To Bad Habit.

Things never look bright to one with "the blues." Ten to one the trouble is a sluggish liver, filling the system with bilious poison, that Dr. King's New Life Pills would expel. Try them. Let the joy of better feelings end "the blues." Best for stomach, liver and kidneys. 25c. at Freeman Drug Co.

FARM FOR SALE.—Good 100 acre farm situated in southern Alamance on Cane Creek. Good land 25 acres in cultivation. Will sell reasonable. M. C. Moon.

OVER 35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone wishing a sketch and description of their invention in plain English, free of charge, will receive a free copy of our book, "How to Obtain a Patent." Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special attention, without charge, in the preparation of the application.
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year in advance. Single copies, 10c.
MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 111 St., Washington, D. C.

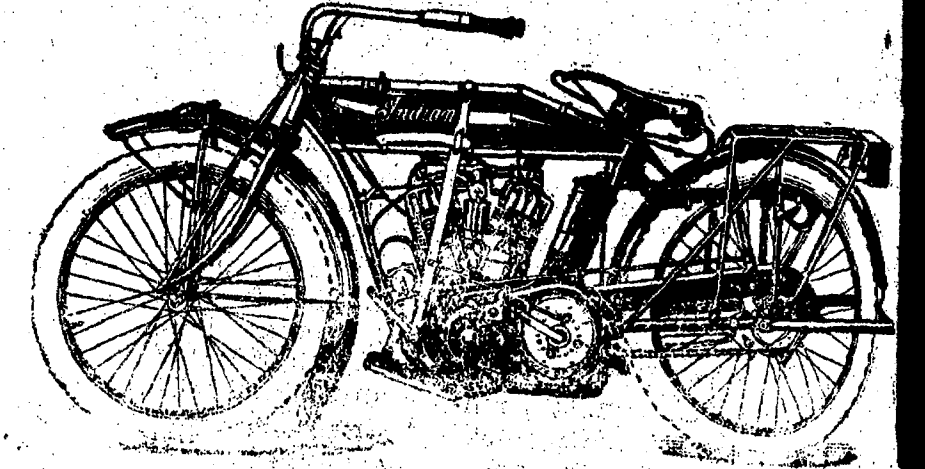
TO PROGRESSIVE WORKERS

This will be the last issue of the Dispatch that will reach you before election day. We salute you as worthy soldiers in the greatest battle for the unity that this nation has yet seen. The past one hundred days have witnessed a political revolution. The threatened realignment of voters has actually taken place. The old party leaders stand paralyzed in the presence of the Champion of human rights—The National Progressive Party. The old political bosses with their machines are in the scrap. A new day has dawned in American politics. New hope and inspiration have been given to the great masses of the common people of this nation. It now looks certain that on November 5th we will poll six million votes for our great, virile, fighting leaders, Theodore Roosevelt and Hiram Johnson.

At this writing the greatest living American, will have sufficiently recovered to deliver his great message to the American people at Madison Square Garden to-day. Telegraphic advice from every State received this morning shows a tremendous movement everywhere to the Progressive Party. All the big industrial centres it looks like a veritable landslide Tuesday to Col. Roosevelt. Great electoral States like Illinois and Pennsylvania are coming by pluralities of more than one hundred thousand. This morning one of the New York Daily Democratic Newspapers bitterly antagonistic to our leader and to our cause, prints the biggest test vote poll yet taken in New York City, which shows Roosevelt in the lead—Wilson second, with Taft and Debs running a hot race for fourth place.

It is generally conceded by the impartial observers, who had opportunity to know that in States like New York, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Kansas, New Jersey, Indiana, Washington, Massachusetts, Connecticut, California the contest is absolutely between Roosevelt and Wilson—with nearly every test vote favoring the success of our candidate. Throughout the Southland the reports are coming of the dawn of a new day. Georgia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Florida and Kentucky will each show a big vote for the Progressive ticket. The final result is now hanging in the balance. Five additional votes to the precinct on November 5th will assure the triumphant election of Roosevelt and Johnson. Just before the opening guns at Trafalgar that great Sea Captain Admiral Nelson, hung out the signal to the fleet, "England expects every man to his duty." Each individual "man behind the gun" his full duty, and the map of Europe was changed that day. If every individual soldier in our great Progressive Army of the Commonwealth will do his or her full duty from now on until the polls close on November 5th, we will hang our Progressive banners upon the dome of the Capitol at Washington on March 4th, 1913.

1913 Models of the Indian Motorcycle



Following the "14 Important Improvements" of 1912, the Hendee Mfg. Co. announce no less than a dozen additional features in their 1913 model of the Indian Motorcycle. By far the most significant feature of the new machine is the Cradle Spring Frame. It is something entirely new, a radical departure from the conventional bicycle and recent motorcycle systems of "springing." Briefly, the new device consists of the application to the rear wheel of the Indian Cradle Spring device as used on the front fork for the past three years. Extending back horizontally from the frame joint cluster under the saddle, flanking the rear mud guard, are two 7-leaf Chrome Vanadium steel springs. The "C" shaped curbs at the rear end of these springs are connected by stays to bell-cranks on which the rear axle is hung. The forward end of the rear fork has a hinge joint which enables the rear wheel to yield to imperfections of road surface. All shocks are completely absorbed by the leaf springs. The rear wheel can go through almost any vertical motion without affecting the body of the machine. There is no "bottom" to this spring device. The life of the machine is greatly increased. The Engineering Department of the Hendee Mfg. Co. devoted 18 months of exhaustive test to the Cradle Spring Frame before finally deciding on its adoption for all models of the 1913 Indian. In addition to the Cradle Spring Frame, the 1913 Indian embodies 10 other important improvements which will be appreciated by motorcycle riders in general. Prices remain the same as last year. New style, single link rear larger tires, wider mud guards; casing for upper stretch transmission chain and curved sprocket; larger luggage carrier in rear, fitted to all models; rests, as well as pedals, fitted regular 4 h. p. and 7 h. p. models now operate band brake as well as the pedal action; larger multiple disc clutch now fitted all models alike; improved Indian type saddle. All 1913 Indians will be hand driven and finished in Indian only.

TAXES - - - CANDIDATES

I will attend the following appointments for the purpose of ceiving taxes.
The Legislative and County candidates will attend these appointments and address the people.

Patterson Township,	O. N. Hornaday's Thursday, Oct. 17, 1912
Coble's Township,	Speaking at Alamance Mills, John F. Coble's Friday, Oct. 18, 1912
Morton Township,	Speaking at Bellemont Mills, Morton's Store Saturday, Oct. 19, 1912
Faucette Tp, McCray,	Speaking at the Hub E. Long's Store Monday, Oct. 21, 1912
Pleasant Grove Tp.,	Speaking at Glencoe Dailey's Store Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1912
Melville Tp, Mebane,	Murray's Store, Wed., Oct. 23, 1912
Newlin Township	Speaking at night. Sutphin's Mill, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1912
Thompson Township,	Speaking at Saxapahaw Lafayette Bradshaws, Fri. Oct. 25, 1912
Boon Sta. Township,	Speaking at Swepsonville Elon College, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1912
'Albright's Township,	Speaking at Glen Raven Eureka School House, Mon., Oct. 28, 1912
Graham Township,	Speaking at the Court House Haw River, Tues., Oct. 29, 1912
Burlington,	Speaking at night, Wed., Oct. 30, 1912

Please attend these appointments prepared to settle your taxes.
Respectfully, R. N. Cook, Sheriff.

Governor Wilson's Words—His New

Governor Wilson is now making issue, or rather upon his trust issue. He distorts trusts and then assails that what his own policy is the finite policy, his speeches he has made clear, and at the trust question must be held.
"Of necessity, the States are reform. It is the States undertakings that threaten lives in the power which the license to the inadequacy."
Holding this conviction, he Governor of New Jersey for a State responsible for the crime. Colonel Roosevelt in the trust problem in that in pursuance of his advocacy the task of correcting the all power to accomplish the plain duty and obligation. "Let Mr. Wilson apply the records in office on the trust. As President, I had ten tal. As Governor, Mr. Wilson. He buried it in a napkin."
Governor Wilson's response he took office, in the fact, a breeding ground for predatory interests operating Governor Wilson's State hospitably entreating these safe harbor, and sending the people under the flag of New Jersey.
Among the most notorious. The Standard Oil Company found guilty by the Supreme violations of the law.
The shoe machinery trust practices Mr. Wilson may be Louis D. Brandeis.
The glucose trust, \$88,000 officers of the oil trust.
The sugar trust, \$90,000, States government.
The powder trust, \$61,000 general authorities, and significant interests which saw their even in their property, the Supreme Court of criminal.
The distillery trust, \$43,000. Not to carry iteration too by citing the fact that the Governor Wilson have trusts and combinations, nearly seven billion dollars been the production of his Governor Wilson will not and menacing condition is vince. He himself has bar and formally assumed the only the evil, but his duty of his office to that cause. dress on January 17, 1911, wrongs due to New Jersey demand that prompt measure. Among other things he said "We are much too free in New Jersey. A corporation the law is responsible for authorize any kind of fraud its license to things of that it ought of right to forbid "I would urge, thereby, to effect such changes in effectually prevent the which has in recent years State."
Governor Wilson recozt invoke the power of the State. For the right of easy justification."
And such scrutiny an corporations seeking char corporations already open the State. For the right of easy justification."
There was a great deal of all it admirable, al mere presentation of the As the year 1911 passed that grew steadily duller trust evils appeared in Go neither before time nor s the subject come from hi the enforcement of his Legislature or outlined b
On May 15, four month self to fighting trust evil of the United States four flagrant crimes. It was sey that the decree held. "The acts and dealing stroy the potentiality of was a combination or cor of the first section of th and a monopolization bri second section. "The inrent to drive other their right to trade, and the end in view."
"Two weeks later the created by the laws of Tobacco Trust that the f which it was the obvious strative of the existence trol of the tobacco trade the trade by driving cor lessly carried out upon tl or play upon the cupidit able. "We decree ti and an attempt to mono