

The Twice-A-Week Dispatch

Published Every Tuesday and Friday
By
The State Dispatch Publishing Co.
Burlington, N. C.
Dr. J. A. Pickett, President.
James E. Foust, Secretary and Treasurer and Business Manager.
Office, First Floor, Rauh Building,
Telephone No. 265.
Subscription, One Dollar per year,
payable in advance.

All communications in regard to either news items or business matters should be addressed to The State Dispatch Publishing Co. and not to any individual connected with the paper.
All news notes and communications of importance must be signed by the writer.
We are not responsible for opinions of the correspondents.

Subscribers will take notice that no receipt for subscription for The State Dispatch will be honored at this office unless it is numbered with stamped figures.

Entered as second-class matter May 10, 1908, at the post office at Burlington, North Carolina, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

CHRISTMAS GREETINGS.

We extend Christmas greetings and the compliments of the season to one and all of our friends and patrons. If you have been an advertiser, or subscriber, we desire to thank you, and to assure you that we appreciate your patronage. And to you, Dear Gentle Reader, who has not been a subscriber, but who has borrowed the paper from your neighbor, we appreciate you too. We are glad that you wanted to read our paper, and we trust you were benefitted from the knowledge thus gained. We want every person in the wide, wide world to read The Twice-A-Week Dispatch. If you honestly, candidly, and conscientiously felt and now feel that you are not able to subscribe for this paper, then borrow it from your neighbor and read it anyway. And finally, Dear Reader, if you want to read our paper and cannot afford to subscribe for it, and these is no close neighbor who takes it, that you can borrow from, let us know and we will be glad to send you our paper free, until such time as you feel that you can pay for it. This offer does not apply to those who have already subscribed when they felt they could pay, but now feel they cannot, to this class we must insist upon carrying out our contract. Do not let this in any way interfere with your enjoying the approaching holidays. This is the season, when the dear Savior of mankind said, "Peace on earth good will to men." We have nothing but good will for you, and sincerely trust we may number you among our friends and patrons the coming year. A Merry Christmas and a Prosperous New Year to one and all.

HALL AND YOUNG BREAK RECORD SELLING SHOES.

J. A. Hall, of Burlington, and H. Field Young, of Shelby, representing Roberts, Johnson & Rand, the great St. Louis shoe-makers have made an enviable record in the field of selling shoes. The pavs advertisement in The News today from the Roberts, Johnson & Rand establishment, shows that Mr. Hall and Mr. Young have sold more shoes in North Carolina than was ever shipped to this state in one year by a single concern not owning stores or being interested in any way in concerns selling shoes in this State. Mr. Hall's territory is central North Carolina and Mr. Young travels western North Carolina. They are two great hustlers and gentlemen with a very wide acquaintance with the shoe trade. Mr. Hall is a frequent visitor to Greensboro, and he is one of the cleverest men on the road today. He makes his home in Burlington, a good town, but one of these days it will be expected of him to make Greensboro his headquarters. This city is on the lookout for men of the type of Mr. Hall. He is wanted here.—Greensboro News, Sunday, December 21.

Awfully sorry neighbor, but Burlington needs him too, and cannot give him up. Greensboro has many just like him that we would like to get, however, we are not jealous of your good fortune, just trying to hold to what we got. Mr. Hall has a beautiful home here, surrounded by friends and his kins people Mr. Hall is not only a good shoe salesman, but a good judge of a good town to live in.

His Proposition.

"How did you propose to support my daughter, sir?"
"I didn't propose to her to support her at all. I only proposed to her to marry me."—Baltimore American.

Conference Report Passed by House in Long Night Session.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The House passed the conference report on the administration currency bill at 10:46 o'clock tonight, by a vote of 298 to 60, and sent the report to the Senate, which had waited in session to receive it before adjournment for the night. Prolonged and uproarious cheers from the Democrats greeted the announcement of the vote by Speaker Clark and many members of the House hastened over to the Senate to see the report received there. Earlier in the evening the Senate had agreed to vote not later than 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and the leaders regarded it as certain that the completed bill would be in the hands of President Wilson for his signature before tomorrow night.

On the final vote, 34 Republicans, 11 Progressives and one Independent, Kent, of California, voted for the report, and two Democrats, Calloway, of Texas, and Witherspoon, of Mississippi, joined the opposition. CONGRESS WILL ADJOURN TO-DAY.

The vote followed a debate of nearly three hours, during which the galleries remained crowded with spectators, including many prominent figures in official life. The House adjourned until 12:30 p. m. tomorrow, when the leaders hope to put through a joint resolution for a recess until January 12th.

The decision to take a final vote on the conference report in the Senate not later than 12:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon was reached by unanimous consent just before 10 o'clock tonight. As the Republican leader, Senator Owen, agreed not to press the report for consideration tonight in return for an agreement to vote tomorrow. By unanimous consent it was agreed that the Senate should at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, take up the report immediately and take a vote not later than 2:30 o'clock.

With this arrangement made, the Senate, just before 10 o'clock took a recess until 11:15 p. m., to await the arrival of the report from the House.

WHO VOTED FOR IT.

Republican members of the House who voted for the report are: Barton, Burke (S. D.); Cooper, Crampton, Curry, Davis, Esch, Farr, Frear, Haugen, Helgeson, Kelly, (Mich.); Keiss, Kinkaid, (Nebraska); LaPollette, Lenroot, Lindquist, Miller, Moos, (West Virginia); Nelson, Nolan, Norton, Sinnott, Sloan, J. M. C. Smith, (Mich.); Samuel Smith, (Mich.); Smith, (Minn.); Stafford, Stevens, (Minn.); Sutherland, Treadway, Young, (North Dakota); Manahan, Mapes, Stephens, (California); Woodruff—37.

Progressives who voted for the report: Bell, (California); Bryan, (Washington); Chandler, Falconer, Hulings, Kelly, (Pennsylvania); Nafferty, Murdock, Temple, McDonald, Thomson, (Illinois); Ruple—12.

After the announcement of the vote a joint resolution proposed by Majority Leader Underwood that the House recess upon adjournment tomorrow until January 12, was adopted. This will be taken up by the Senate tomorrow.

Senator Owen announced that a separate bill to provide for guaranty of bank deposits would be considered in the near future. This had been intimated in debate by Chairman Glass of the House Banking Committee.

Final legislative approval of the reform currency bill was the goal toward which administration leaders of Congress pressed in a session tonight that threatened to lat well on to morning.

The report of the House and Senate Conference Committee perfected early today, did not reach the House until 6 o'clock tonight. Its formal reading there occupied more than an hour, and it was 7:30 before general debate was begun.

It was agreed to discuss the measure for two hours and 40 minutes; and hour and 20 minutes for the Democrats, an hour for the Republicans and 20 minutes for the Progressives. Opening the discussion, Representative Glass declared that the conference had reported the original House Bill back "without one single fundamental alteration."

In the meantime, Senator Owen had presented the agreement of the conferees to the Senate, and that body, after ordering the report printed, recessed until 9 o'clock to await action by the House. As the House had not been heard from at that hour the Senate took another recess until 11:15 p. m., but agreed to vote on the report not later than 2:30 p. m. tomorrow.

GLASS REVIEWS CONFERENCE REPORT.

Representative Glass' speech in the House reviewed the conference report in detail and defended the note provisions of the bill which had been assailed by bankers and members of the Senate.

Representative Hayes, of California, minority member of the House Conference Committee, criticised the failure of the Senate and the Conference to remove the provision which

makes the Government of the United States primarily responsible for the notes it proposes to issue to the regional reserve banks.

Mr. Hayes also declared the bill defective in the provision extending credit on farm loans, maintaining that it was a "gold brick to the farmers", in that only a small percentage of the surplus of the small banks could be loaned to the farmers.

Representative Lenroot, of Wisconsin, Republican, announced that he would vote for the conference report because he believed it an improvement on both Senate and House Bills. "Under this bill," said he, "the reserves in Wall Street can no longer be used in stock speculation, but must be used to meet the commercial needs of the country."

Representative Moore, of Pennsylvania, characterized the bill as a "travesty upon Democracy's so-called popular rule," and a confession of dictation.

Representative Guernsey, of Maine, Republican, said he objected to the bill chiefly because the reserve board would be controlled by partisan interests. Representative Ragdale, of South Carolina; Heflin, of Alabama, and A. Mitchel Palmer, of Pennsylvania, Democrats, supported the report in enthusiastic addresses.

"STRUCK ONLY HALF BLOW." Announcing that he would vote for the Conference Report, Victor Murdock, Progressive leader in the House, insisted that the Democrats had acted too hastily and struck only a "half blow," at special interests.

"In the last eight months," said Mr. Murdock, "I have seen the mental attitude of trying to avert national disaster. There is no panic in this country; but the special interests of the country, which are no mean enemy have been spreading the poison of pessimism."

Representative Lindbergh, of Minnesota, Progressive, would increase rather than decrease the cost of living. The vital defect of the measure, he said, was that it did not give the Federal Reserve Board the right to fix rates of interest to be charged by bankers.

Representative Kahn, of California, and Platt, of New York, Republicans, criticised the report, declaring it would prove a disappointment to the nation.

Much of the discussion concerned the elimination of the conferees of the Senate's scheme of guaranty of bank deposits, Representative Glass declared that the Senate provision would have defeated any real guaranty of bank deposits and intimated that further legislation on this might be undertaken. He said that such a guaranty of deposits ought to place the tax on banks and not on the government.

MR. MANN IS PESSIMISTIC.

Majority Leader Underwood, as the debate neared a conclusion, was given a great ovation when he arose to speak. He congratulated the House and the Senate and the Banking and Currency Committee "on accomplishing a result that many congresses and many committees have attempted in 20 years and failed."

Mr. Underwood referred to the talk of an oney trust and said that one of the great reforms under the bill is the taking of the reserve out of the reserve centers and scattering them through the regional reserve bank under governmental supervision.

Minority Leader Mann closed the debate for the Republicans, declaring that Democratic control of nine months duration had "cast its malign influence over the two great countries."

"Mexico," he said, "lies prostrate, bleeding, and America lies prostrate, its men out of employment, and factories closed." As a remedy, he said, the Democrats proposed to inflate the currency. He predicts the return to the House of "an unwieldy Republican majority next November."

Judge Connor Stops Sale of Cotton Mill.

Tarboro, Dec. 22.—Through the action of the minority stockholders Judge G. W. Connor today issued a restraining order preventing any sale of the Tarboro cotton factory, and appointed Haywood Foxhall temporary receiver, naming January 8 as the time for a hearing in the matter.

Recently notices were sent to the stockholders stating that an offer had been made for the purchase of this plant, the offer being \$150,000, while the indebtedness of the plant, including a bond issue of \$100,000, is about \$165,000.

The Tarboro cotton factory was organized in 1888 by the late W. E. Fountain and O. C. Farrar, was the first president. For 15 years dividends ranging from 8 to 10 per cent were paid annually, and in 1890, when the second mill was erected the Company had a surplus of \$65,000. For the last five years it has been operated at a loss. The present capitalization is \$250,000. It is one of the largest cotton mills in eastern Carolina and the stock is held almost entirely local people.

Don't wait, but renew your subscription at once to The Twice-A-

Judge James Boyd Will Select Marshal for District Today.

Greensboro, Dec. 23.—Judge James E. Boyd will name some one today to fill the vacancy in the marshal's office caused by the dismissal of Marshal Logan, which was effective Saturday evening at 6 o'clock. Judge Boyd has not indicated who the appointee will be, stating yesterday he would have no announcement to make on the matter until this morning. SEAWELL LOOKS UPON IT AS TYRANNY.

Raleigh, Dec. 21.—District Attorney Seawell, when asked what he had to say with reference to the report that he had been removed from the service, said:

"I received a telegram from the Attorney General informing me that the President had signed an order removing me from the service at the close of business December 20. No reason is assigned for the action of the President. I assume that it was done at the instance of those who would impress upon the general public their great power in such matters. I have no complaint to make and no bid for sympathy. If I had, under the existing circumstances they would probably receive but scant consideration. Power exercised without right, we all know, is tyranny, but even a tyrant does not lack for popularity in certain quarters while his conduct is successful. The only reason ever suggested for my removal is foreshadowed in correspondence with the Attorney General some weeks ago. This correspondence having been made public in Washington, I know of no reason why the public should not have it here. It is as follows:

McREYNOLDS' LETTER.

"Office of the Attorney General,
Washington, D. C., Oct. 30, 1913.

"H. F. Seawell, Esq.,
United States Attorney,
Raleigh, North Carolina:

"Dear Sir: It is desired to effect a change in certain conditions in your district and in order to accomplish the end in view it is expedient that a change be made in your office. Will you, therefore, be good enough to send me your resignation, to take effect upon the appointment and qualification of your successor or at such earlier date as the President may designate?"

"Please let your resignation conform to the language of the above request.

"Very truly yours,
(Signed) "J. C. McREYNOLDS,
Attorney General."

SEAWELL MAKES REPLY.

"Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 4, 1913.
Hon. J. C. McReynolds, Attorney General, Washington, D. C.;

"Sir:—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of October 30, in which it is suggested that I resign the office of district attorney in order to effect a change in certain conditions in this district.

"Your letter does not advise me of the nature of the conditions to which you refer, nor of the changes desired. Decent persistent publications in the newspapers here have indicated that my resignation, and the of the marshal of this district, would be asked for in order to make room for the appointment of Hon. Francis D. Winston, as district attorney, and Hon. W. T. Dortch, as marshal. I did not read these publications when made, and do so now only with reluctance. If there is any other cause for your request, I shall be pleased to be advised of it, and give it due and proper consideration.

"I was appointed district attorney on February 23, 1910, for a term of four years, as fixed by the statute. This appointment was without solicitation on my part. While for peculiar reasons I was inclined against it, upon the advice of friends I accepted the position, and from the day I took the oath of office to the present time there has not been the slightest intimation to me from the Department of Justice, or elsewhere, that every duty assigned me has not been performed promptly and efficiently. Whatever changes may be made in the conditions in this district I hardly suppose it will be suggested that any duty assigned me for the future shall not receive the same fidelity of performance.

"I recognize the power of the President to remove me from office for cause, as is declared in the Parsons case, and I am aware that this cause may rest alone in the conscience of the Executive, but I deny that there is any cause. My removal from office by a charge of dereliction of duty; my resignation would imply an admission of such charge.

"I am aware of the doctrine, so-called, of 'to the victor belongs the spoils,' but I maintain that in the heyday of the spoils system an office for a definite term was not considered spoils until the term of the incumbent had expired."

Oriental Suppleness.
Mr. Newrich (reading a newspaper headline)—Japanese Turn Agnostics.
Mrs. Newrich—Isn't it wonderful what those Japanese can do!—Buffalo Express.

20000 YACHTS

We extend to you a hearty Christmas Greeting and wish you an abundance of Health, Happiness and Prosperity during the New Year.

FOSTED SHOE COMPANY,
Burlington, N. C.
December 25, 1913.

We wish to thank our many friends and customers for patronage the past year. We wish each a Merry Christmas and Happy New Year.

BUCHANAN'S
5, 10 & 25 Cent Store.

Blood Was Wrong

All women, who suffer from the aches and pains, due to female ailments, are urged to try Cardui, the reliable, scientific, tonic remedy, for women. Cardui acts promptly, yet gently, and without bad effects, on the womanly system, relieving pain, building up strength, regulating the system, and toning up the nerves. During the past half century, thousands of ladies have written to tell of the quick curative results they obtained, from the use of this well-known medicine.

TAKE CARDUI The Women's Tonic

Mrs. Jane Calahan suffered from womanly trouble for nearly ten years. In a letter from Whiteville, N. C., she says: "I was not able to do my own housework. My stomach was weak, and my blood was wrong. I had backache, and was very weak. I tried several doctors, but they did me no good. I used Cardui for 3 or 4 months, and now I am in the best health I have ever been. I can never praise Cardui enough." It is the best tonic, for women.

Whether seriously sick, or simply weak, try Cardui.

We for Ladies' Advisory Dept., Challenge Medicine Co., Challenge, Tenn. For Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent free. 10c.

Only 1 WEEK!

and the GOLD PRIZES will be given away by The Burlington Drug Co.

Interest in Voting Contest growing daily as new candidates enter the field.

Trade at Burlington Drug Co and save your votes.

Burlington Drug Co.,
Burlington, N. C.

Nice candy, apples and oranges at Ralph's Place.

BUSINESS LOCALS.
Special Sale at Ralph's Place, Do not miss it.
Prices cut half at Ralph's Place. Sojer bean hay, oats and clover hay, alfalfa and timothy hay, millet and pea hay, in fact all kinds of hay at Merchants' Supply Co.

Give us your next order for fresh oysters or game.—Ross Cheek, next to Ward Hotel.

For nice pears see F. J. Strader.

Car bananas, apples and cabbage at Merchants Supply Co.

For good things to eat, go to Ralph's Place.

Wanted—All of your old bicycle frames. Bring them to me and get your Christmas money. H. E. Rauhut.

For fresh fish and oysters, call to see Ross Cheek, next to Hotel Ward.

There's a hole in the toe of my sock. My gloves are all tattered and torn. Depleted's my negligee steak. My shirts are not fit to be worn. But the women folks cry "Now, don't go out and buy. Just wait until Christmas day morn."

HO
FREE
are

I OC

Miss Aleis
lem, is spe
est of Mr.
od.

Now is the
scription to
spatch.

Twice a wee
ar that sou
Pay your sub
th pleasure
per is paid
e Dispatch

If you want
d hot pay
es money to
Twice a wee
year—that's

Among the
Christmas
llege Sunday
tterson, of E

Mr. and Mrs
ing over the
Sunday mo
Miss Fannie
faculty of
st fall and
s a student
ristmas hol
Miss Jeweli
will be a
Rev. Dr. Ba
Wanted—A
use work, s
and pay. Ref
I. J. Mazur
Miss Addie
ght the gues
on and after
acon" which
p School.

Enjoy the h
scription to
d and feel g
be the same
Mrs. T. M. I
town and
rriage" of
land.

Miss Thelma
en in school
returned h
days with
s. W. C. Th
Mr. George
the guest of
idays.

4% A

AL
AN
BUR