

Statistics of Cotton Exports, Spindles, Consumption, Etc.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—In the consumption of cotton in the United States according to the forthcoming census bulletin 110 on the supply and distribution of cotton for the year ending August 31, 1910, the state of Massachusetts ranks first, North Carolina second, South Carolina third, Georgia fourth, New Hampshire fifth, Alabama sixth and Rhode Island seventh.

The three most important cotton-consuming states, North Carolina, shows a loss of 13 per cent in consumption of cotton in the cotton year as compared with 1909, South Carolina a loss of 10 per cent, and Massachusetts a loss of 7 per cent.

Georgia, which ranks fourth in consumption shows a loss of 8 per cent.

The statistics of spindles in the report relate to the year ending August 31, except those of 1910, which have been compiled from returns of the census for the census of 1909.

The number shown for 1910 is 2,514,485, or only 2 per cent, the comparatively small number of spindles added since 1907 is attributable in part to the unsatisfactory condition of the cotton manufacturing industry, which began with financial depression of that year and culminated in the more acute condition brought about by the shortage in the supply of cotton the past season.

Massachusetts First in Rank.

Massachusetts exceeds every other state in the number of cotton spindles, having 2,514,485, or 24 per cent more than the country. South Carolina ranks second, with 3,793,387, or 13 per cent, and North Carolina third, with 2,121,556, or 11 per cent. Rhode Island has fourth place, Georgia fifth, New Hampshire sixth, Connecticut seventh, New York eighth, and Maine ninth.

No other state reports as many as a million spindles.

The United States Leads in 1880.

The cotton manufacturing industry in the cotton growing states is clearly shown when the figures for cotton consumption for 1909 are considered, for that year was a more prosperous one for the industry than 1910.

During the nine years ending with 1909 the consumption in these states increased 7 per cent, while in the New England states it increased only 12 per cent and in all other states 23 per cent.

The consumption of cotton in the cotton growing states amounted to 49 per cent of the total for the country, compared with 41 per cent in the New England states and 10 per cent for all other states. For the year ending August 31, 1910, the proportion for the cotton growing states was 7 per cent, for the New England States 12 per cent, and for all other states 23 per cent.

During the past year the increase in the number of spindles in the cotton-growing states has been 13 per cent, compared with 23 per cent from 1908 to 1909. The increase in the New England States from 1909 to 1910 was 3.3 per cent, compared with 1.7 per cent from 1908 to 1909.

Large Increase in Exports.

An interesting illustration of the manner in which foreign countries have valued during the past year the cotton supply of American cotton is presented by the statistics of exports, which for the year covered by the present report, show a decrease of 2,344,996 bales, or 26 per cent from the previous year, smaller than for any year since that ending August 31, 1905.

About 81 per cent of all the cotton exported during the year ending August 31, 1910, is credited to ports within the cotton growing states, only 19 per cent having been exported from ports outside of these states. The exports from Galveston, New Orleans, and Savannah represented about two-thirds of the total, while those from Galveston alone amounted to more than one-third.

The report also discloses a noticeable change in the distribution of

\$3.50 Recipe Free For Weak Men

Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous

I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakness, manhood, falling memory and have been brought on by excesses, unattractive dreams, or the follies of youth, that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes—without any additional help or medicine—that I think every man who wishes to regain his manly power and vitality quickly and quietly, should have a copy of the prescription free of charge. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain ordinary sealed envelope to any man who will write for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men and I am convinced it is the best-acting combination for the cure of deficient manhood and vigor failure ever put together.

I think I owe it to my fellow man to send them a copy in confidence so that any man anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures in stopping druging himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest-acting restorative remedy ever devised, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, Lock Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send you a copy of the splendid recipe in a plain ordinary envelope free of charge. A great many doctors would charge \$3.00 to \$5.00 for merely writing out a prescription like this—but I send it entirely free.

the export trade since 1880. At that time the United Kingdom took two-thirds of all the American cotton exported, France one-tenth, and Germany one-twelfth; but during the year ending August 31, 1910, the United Kingdom took about two-fifths, Germany nearly one-third, and France nearly one-seventh. The exports of Italy since 1880 have increased more than sixfold.

In Japan and China.

The exports to Japan are interesting, more because of the remarkable variations in the quantities for the different years than because of the development of the trade. This may be explained by the fact that when the price of American cotton is comparatively high Japan reduces its imports of raw material from the United States and increases its imports of Indian cotton. The exports to Canada in 1880 amounted to only 19,619 bales compared with 120,744 bales in 1910.

The decrease in the exports to Russia is accounted for in part by the increased production of cotton in Russian territory and by the importation of Persian cotton. It is explained that the decrease in the demand for fabrics in China during the export year 1910 was due chiefly to the fact that in the early fall of 1909 the market was well stocked with American goods and to the disparity between the prices in the year and those that prevailed during the two previous years.

Japanese Labor Cost.

American goods are regarded as worth from 15 to 25 per cent more than goods manufactured by the Japanese mills, which are being sold in China and Manchuria at the low prices of 1908, when raw cotton was selling at about 10 cents per pound in this country. It is stated that, because of her cheap labor, Japan can manufacture fabrics from American grown cotton at a cost from 10 to 25 per cent less than the American mills. The average daily wage of men in Japanese cotton mills is 23 cents, of women 16 cents, and of children, of whose labor there is an abundant supply, 8 to 10 cents.

In view of this condition and of England's strong hold on the trade of the Orient, the hope of American manufacturers in this market lies in expanding their trade in special brands of goods which already hold a commanding position in the East because of quality and popularity.

A number of mills in the United States manufacture very valuable brands of export sheetings, which so long as their quality is maintained. Although the exports from this country to China and Manchuria are falling off, those to our possessions in the East are increasing on account of a favorable tariff and those to the Latin-American countries on account of closer commercial relations.

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United Miners Threaten To Withdraw

By Associated Press.

Columbus, O., Jan. 21.—The United Mine Workers of America today adopted a resolution in favor of withdrawing from the American Federation of Labor if the latter does not admit the Western Federation of Miners into the American Federation of Labor without restrictions. The resolution was adopted almost unanimously.

The delegates to the convention are determined that the American Federation of Labor shall grant a charter to the Western Federation of Miners. The American Federation of Labor is said to favor granting the charter, but wants to restrict the power of the Western Federation in that it shall not have jurisdiction over the engineers and others who work at the mines.

President Lewis advises against hasty action but declared that the miners should withdraw from the American Federation if at the end of the present convention the American Federation has not promised to grant the coveted charter. If the charter is granted the two miners' organizations will, consolidate and make one of the most powerful labor organizations in this country.

NO REAL REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

By Associated Press.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 21.—There is no real revolution in Mexico, according to Gen. Albert L. Myer, formerly commander of the military department of Texas. Gen. Myer returned to El Paso last night after investigating conditions in the republic. The disturbance in the state of Chihuahua, however, he declares is serious but purely local and eventually will be quelled by the Mexican government.

War on Opium Smuggling.

By Associated Press.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 20.—Customs officers renewed the war on opium smuggling here yesterday by raiding a Chinese restaurant and seizing six cans of the contraband drug. Charles Gee, a prominent Chinaman who has resided here 21 years, was arrested.

Body Identified.

By Associated Press.

Southampton, Eng., Jan. 21.—The body found in the woods near here yesterday is believed to be that of Benjamin W. Biggs, an American who has been visiting a brother in London.

Among the man's effects was a baggage check numbered 1,061 and issued by the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railroad at Springfield, Mo.

Fired Upon From Ambush.

By Associated Press.

Lafayette, Ind., Jan. 21.—L. H. Maltire, engineer, and Adam Burgeles, his colored fireman, were fired upon from ambush yesterday afternoon while the two were at work on an engine of the St. James Timber Company. Neither was hit. A shot gun loaded with buckshot was the weapon used.

One of Wisconsin's Mothers Who Always Keeps Per-na in the House.



Mrs. Alvina Piamann.

"I am now able to do my house-work again, and have a good appetite. I have used thirteen bottles of Per-na and one of Manalin. My husband and children are also in good health. We always keep Per-na in the house. I thank you a thousand times for your advice."—Mrs. Alvina Piamann, 1914 Walnut St., Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

If any one really wanted to find out whether or not Per-na is good for the baby who would he naturally ask? Some one who never used Per-na? Some one who is prejudiced against Per-na? Some one actuated by selfish motives who is opposing Per-na for the sake of the notoriety?

Would any sane person who really wanted to know about Per-na ask any of those people? Of course not.

Who would they ask? They would ask mothers who have raised babies and used Per-na for their babies times without number. They would ask the parents who love their families, and know more about Per-na than all the professional writers in the world.

Above we give the portrait and testimonial of one of the mothers who has used Per-na, and who has raised healthy and happy babies. We have many more such mothers in every state in the Union. These mothers give their testimonials entirely unsolicited, without pay or expectation of pay. Their only desire is to point out to other mothers a useful and reliable family medicine.

Ask Your Druggist for a Free Per-na Almanac for 1911

Novel Entertainment

Continued from Page Two.

Two Queries.

Is it proper for a man to inclose stamps in a letter when writing to a girl?

Should a man give a card with a box of candy when presenting it to a girl? Is so, on inside or outside of paper wrapping box?—Charles.

Do not inclose stamps in social correspondence. If you are asking information of a business nature from a stranger, a stamp is inclosed for reply. A box of candy is sent from the shop send a card with it, but if you take it yourself such formality is not necessary.

From a Bride-Elect.

I am to marry soon, just the families on both sides. Will it be necessary to send engraved invitations to so few? Who pays for invitations when it is a large wedding and how soon are they issued?—Edna L.

For such a small wedding engraved cards are not necessary; just invite the family verbally or write a little note. The family of the bride bears the expense of wedding invitations all ways, and they are sent out between two and three weeks in advance.

Questions on any subject pertaining to this department will cheerfully be answered. A reply will be sent by mail if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed, otherwise answers will appear in this column. Address, Madame Merri, care The News, Charlotte, N. C.

BUSINESS DONE BY PANAMA RAILROAD.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Jan. 21.—A decided increase in the amount of through freight handled by the Panama Railroad is reported by the canal commission. So great has the traffic become between New York and San Francisco by this route that the commission declares it necessary to extend terminal facilities at both terminals of the road.

In November, 1909, west bound freight aggregated 21,571 tons while in the same month of 1910 the railroad handled 26,513 tons. East bound freight amounted to 12,049 tons in November 1909 while in November 1910 it reached a total of 22,734 tons.

Improved steamship service between the isthmus and San Francisco and the isthmus and New York is said to have caused the increased traffic.

Underwood Is Chosen.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—A great ovation was given Champ Clark, of Missouri, in the democratic caucus here last night when Mr. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, in a speech, declared that he would gladly vote for Mr. Clark, of Missouri.

Representative Oscar W. Underwood, of Alabama, was unanimously nominated for chairman of the ways and means committee. His name was proposed by Representative Champ Clark.

PARSON'S POEM A GEM

From Rev. H. Stubenvoll, Allison, Ia., in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pills.

"They're such a health necessity. In every home these pills should be. In other kinds you've tried in vain. USE DR. KING'S USE DR. KING'S

And be well again. Only 25c at W. L. Hand & Co's.

Dec 23-30da T. W. SIMS, Trustee.

?? 400? 200? 100??

"Four Hundred Two Hundred One Hundred"

\$5.00 will be given you if you are the first to supply the missing words.

FIVE BRAND NEW ONE DOLLAR BILLS

Time Extended to 3 o'clock Saturday P. M.

Large number replies received but none correct—Unless correct reply is sent the \$5.00 will be donated to Associated Charity.

Anybody, anywhere—man, woman or child—all are eligible. All you have to do; write out your solution of the "problem" put your name and address on it, seal it in an envelope and mail or leave it at THE NEWS OFFICE

Directed to "Four-Two-One" care The Charlotte News.

Replies will be received up to 3 o'clock Saturday and the name of the successful one will be announced in the advertising columns of THE NEWS, Sunday morning.

Small Boy Indicted.

By Associated Press.

Spartanburg, S. C., Jan. 21.—Carl Haynes, nine years old, was arrested today on the charge of shooting Lois Wright, his playmate. According to witnesses, the two quarreled, the boy declaring he would shoot her. Going to his home, he obtained a shotgun which he fired at the little girl, the charge entering the back of her head. She is not expected to live. The boy, when questioned, said he did not mean to shoot.

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LEGAL NOTICES

CERTIFICATE RE-EXTENDING CHARTER.

Treasury Department, Office of Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17, 1911.

Whereas by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that The Merchants and Farmers Bank of Charlotte, located in the city of Charlotte, in the County of Mecklenburg and State of North Carolina, has complied with all the provisions of the Act of Congress "to enable National Banking Associations to extend their corporate existence, and for other purposes" approved July 12, 1882, as amended by the Act approved April 12, 1902.

Now, Therefore, I, Thomas P. Kane, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that The Merchants and Farmers National Bank of Charlotte, located in the City of Charlotte, in the County of Mecklenburg and State of North Carolina, is authorized to have succession for the period specified in its amended articles of Association; namely until close of business on January 17, 1931.

In Testimony Whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this Seventeenth Day of January, 1911.

(Seal) T. P. KANE, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency.

Charter No. 1781. Extension No. 1014. 19-4t-eod.

FOR BARGAINS

attend our cut price sales during the day and auction sales each night as long as stock lasts. Ask those who have attended our sales about the values they have bought of us. C. B. Flournoy & Co., 30 West Trade St. 19-eod-4t

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Under and virtue of authority conferred upon me in a certain deed of trust, dated October 18, 1909, which said deed of trust is recorded in Book 255, page 29 in the office of the Register of Deeds of Mecklenburg County, and on account of default in the payment of the debt therein secured, I will expose for sale at public auction for cash to the highest bidder at the court house in the city of Charlotte, Mecklenburg County, State of North Carolina, at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, January 23, 1911, the following described property:

Being lot No. 14 in Block No. 15 as shown by C. A. Spratt's Map of "Villa Heights," dated April 10, 1900, recorded in Book 148, page 59 of the office of the Register of Deeds of Mecklenburg County. Said lot fronting 50 feet on Ellsworth Avenue, and extending back with that width 150 feet. Together with the right to use the streets and alleyways shown on said map in common with the other lot owners, reserving and excepting a strip of land five feet in width extending across the front of said lot to be used for purposes of a sidewalk, which strip is not hereby conveyed or intended to be conveyed, and that the said lot shall never be owned or occupied by a colored person.

This 22nd day of December, 1910. T. W. SIMS, Trustee.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chat. H. Fletcher*

I. W. Jamieson

DENTIST,

709 Realty Building, Charlotte, N. C.

Dr. H. F. Ray

OSTEOPATH . . . REGISTERED

Realty Building, Hours 9 to 12; 2 to 5. Aid by Appointment. Office phone 1073. Residence 1037. Consultation Free.

J. M. McMichael

ARCHITECT

Rooms 505-506 Trust Building, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

F. L. BONFOEY

ARCHITECT.

Supervision of Construction. Office 211 N. Tryon, Room 4.

HUGH W. HARRIS

ATTORNEY

Law Building, Charlotte, N. C.

17 Years Protection For \$2.50

A few days ago a gentleman came in and bought a new FROST KING CHEST PROTECTOR saying he had worn his old one for seventeen years.

What more could one ask? Protectors from 25 cents to \$2.50. See our window display.

Hospital Supply & Drug Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

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Phone 1530---Job Printing

Profession al Cards

DR. A. D. GLASCOCK

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Office, Sixth Floor of Realty Bldg. Hours 9 to 1; and 2 to 4. Aid by Appointment. Office phone 1073. Residence 1037. Consultation Free.

Office Phone 326. Residence 962-J

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Supervision of Construction. Office 211 N. Tryon, Room 4.

HUGH W. HARRIS

ATTORNEY

Law Building, Charlotte, N. C.

"My expectations as to the Knabe Piano were even surpassed by the reality."
—CARRENO

WE invite you to experience "the reality" in the form of superb Uprights and Grands now being shown at our warehouses. If you are yet unacquainted with the famous **KNABE TONE** take the first opportunity when down town to hear its wonderful sweetness and depth, its richness and power. Piano Tone will have a new meaning for you and you will know why the KNABE is regarded as the reigning Queen among pianos.

Parker-Gardner Co.