

Booker Washington Receives Beating In New York City

Albert Ulrich Said He Saw Educator Peeping Through Key Hole of His Apartment and Gave Him Good Beating.

Washington Said He Was Looking at Name Plate on Door For a Man's Name—Had Sixteen Stitches Taken in Scalp.

New York, March 20.—Booker T. Washington, the negro educator, was beaten in New York City today by Albert Ulrich, a white man, who is maintaining a lawsuit against the educator. Ulrich declared that he had seen Washington peeping through the key hole of his apartment and had given him a good beating. Washington said he was looking at the name plate on the door for a man's name and had had sixteen stitches taken in his scalp.

Washington, who was sent to Flower hospital, where sixteen stitches were taken in his scalp, asserted that he was in the neighborhood of the hotel where he had been assaulted. Ulrich, who is a white man, maintains that he was acting within his rights when he pursued Washington for several blocks before a policeman arrested him. Ulrich declared that he had seen Washington peeping through the key hole of his apartment and had given him a good beating. Washington said he was looking at the name plate on the door for a man's name and had had sixteen stitches taken in his scalp.

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ELECTRICAL MEN VISIT PIEDMONT SYNDICATE MEN

Representatives from electrical firms and from foundries where steel rails are made are making Charlotte headquarters for the time being, each soliciting an order from the Piedmont Syndicate officials who are soon to let the contracts for the furnishing of all the equipment of the cars, etc., of the interurban.

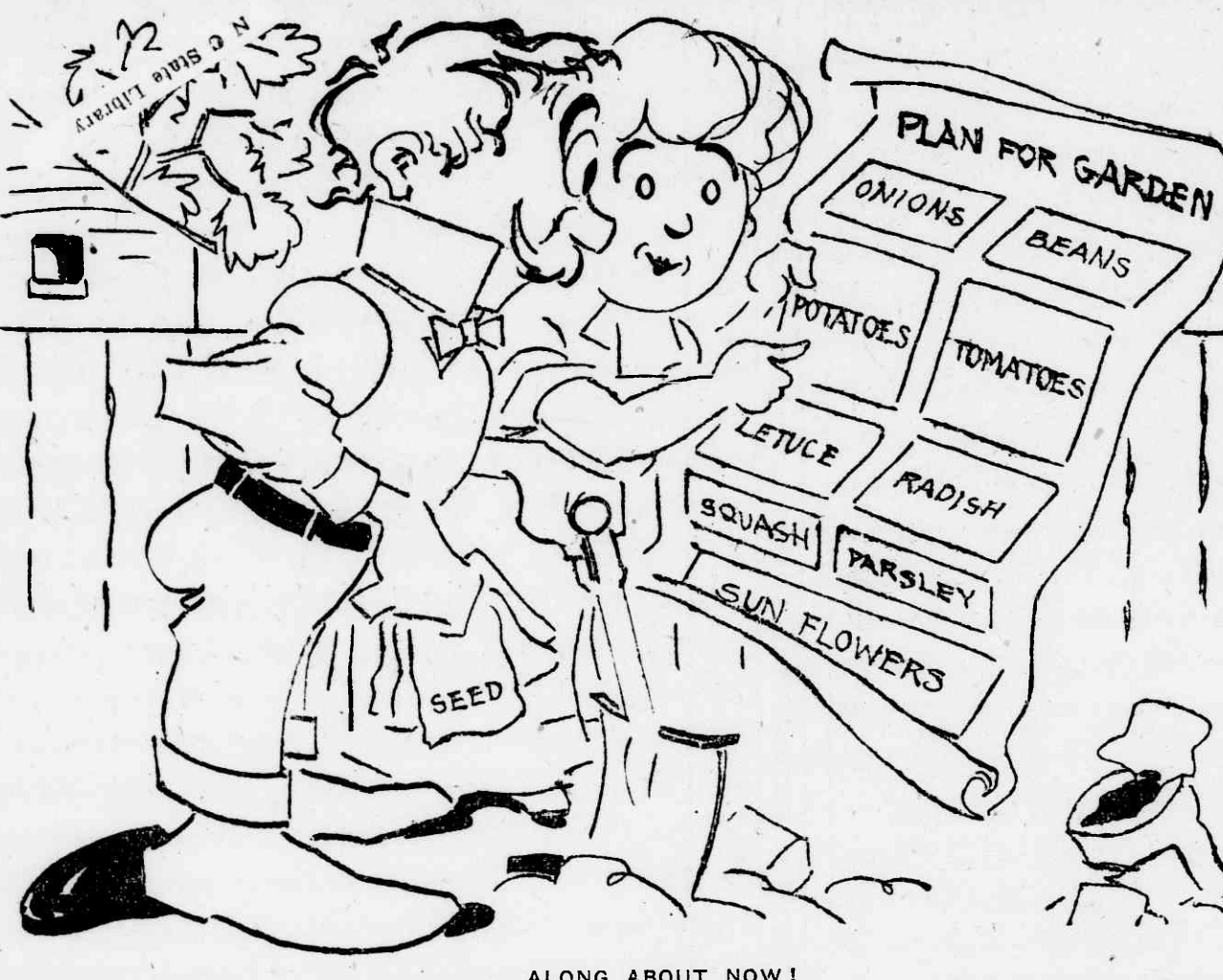
"We are entertaining all of them," said an official of the company who asked this morning if any contracts had as yet been given out. "They come from almost every big city and of course each man thinks his line of goods is the best. The company has got to buy the equipment, but we do not know now when the contracts will be let. These are the minor details about which The News spoke some time ago."

At the Selwyn today are Messrs. C. E. Barry and E. E. Eveleth, of Schenectady; and Messrs. S. C. Adams and W. S. Rugg, of Pittsburg, who represent electrical concerns and who are here to confer with the officials of the company with a view of submitting bids.

The letting of the contract for the building of the road between Kings Mountain and Charlotte, and the subsequent awarding of the contract for the interurban between Spartanburg and Greenwood in South Carolina, leaves but little for the officials to worry about save the purchasing of the material for the line. The gentlemen who are to furnish the rails for the line are expected here by the middle of the week, and the contract will then perhaps be made for all of the equipment.

No bids have as yet been asked for the contract of building the interurban between Charlotte and Spartanburg, but this will follow within a few weeks.

But of more interest to the Piedmont Syndicate officials at this time is the proposition of building two large depots here. As was stated in The News of Sunday and predicted in this paper several days ago, these depots will be built on Mint street between Fourth and First streets. All of this property was recently bought by the real estate firm J. E. Murphy & Company, acting, it is understood, for the officers of the Piedmont Syndicate.



ALONG ABOUT NOW!

Speculation On Mexican Problem

New York, March 20.—Gustavo Madero's belief that Senor Limantour will succeed Portiforio Diaz as "provisional president" of Mexico until another election can be held was not accepted at its face value today by others who were in conference with Senor Limantour while he was in this city.

The words of Limantour himself, spoken last night at San Luis Potosi, that he intended to "co-operate with General Diaz" are quoted against any change so radical. Francisco Madero's understanding is that although Senor Limantour is to be entrusted with the program of reform, he will work by persuasion rather than by direct command.

At the offices of the International Continental Rubber Company here today it was denied that the company had entered into any deal for \$200,000 with the Maderos to buy out their rubber plantations and factories in Mexico.

"It is sufficient to say," the statement, "that the status of the Maderos in Mexico is too uncertain for us to treat with them."

El Paso, Tex., March 20.—H. E. O'Driscoll, an American in charge of Hacienda Guichapa, owned by Americans of St. Louis, was shot four times by revolutionists who attacked the ranch and demanded money, according to news received here by the Herald from Torreón.

When O'Driscoll could give these revolutionists no money the leader said: "Then take that" and began shooting.

BODY OF KORNEGAY BURIED IN NEW ORLEANS CEMETERY

Shreveport, La., March 20.—Relatives in Goldsboro, N. C., having declined to send his body, C. G. Kornegay, who was shot to death in his office here by Mrs. Leath Haynie, was buried yesterday in a local cemetery. A telegram was received from the dead man's brother in Goldsboro stating that the wife of Kornegay is in straightened circumstances and would not be able to send for the body.

Mrs. Haynie, who was hysterical for several hours after the killing of Kornegay, with whom she had lived here as a wife, regained composure and spent a portion of Sunday reading newspapers. She refused to answer any questions regarding her husband in Greenville, Miss.

Coca Cola Hearing Was Resumed

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 20.—The hearing of the Coca-Cola case was resumed in the Federal court this morning with Dr. Morgan, of Washington, on the stand. He testified as to the experiments he had made on rabbits with caffeine, which is said to be in the drink. He was not cross-examined.

Dr. R. J. Formod, pathologist of the bureau of animal industry, department of agriculture, made a pathological examination of rabbits identified as those experimented on with coca-cola syrup. He found emaciation and congestion of the intestines in some and congested blood vessels. Microscopic examination showed distinct fullness of the blood vessels of the brain, involving the cellular constituents of brain and spinal cord.

Men At Maneuver Camp Anxious

San Antonio, Texas, March 20.—Officers and men alike at the maneuver camp were eager readers of the news from Washington and Mexico today, seeking for some straw to show the drift of affairs.

It is generally conceded that whatever Minister Limantour's mission, it has a vital bearing on the destinies of the troops here. The week beginning today is expected to clear the situation considerably.

Students of the Mexican situation declare that mere changes in the cabinet of President Diaz, or even the resignation of the president himself, should be attempted to appoint a successor, can scarcely be satisfactory to the revolutionists. Led by Francisco I. Madero, they have insisted first and last that there must be a free election for president and local self-government. Cabinet changes scarcely would meet this demand. There must be a recognition of the right of suffrage.

Affairs of Cherokee Indians Up

Washington, D. C., March 20.—The supreme court of the United States today declined to interfere in the distribution by the government of several million dollars to eastern Cherokee Indians. The court holds that the Indians have been guilty of laches, or neglect of their legal interests, in delaying so long to bring their action.

The court of claims held this method to be impracticable owing to defective records of descent of Indians and other difficulties and directed a distribution to the eastern Cherokees in 1906 on a "per capita basis."

Cotton Crop of 1910 Amounted to 11,041,563 Bales--The Report

Last Returns To Washington

Washington, March 20.—The census bureau's reports show the cotton crop of 1910 to be 11,941,563 bales, counting round as half bales and including linters, compared with 10,396,209 for 1909. Including in the statistics for 1910 are:

State	Bales	500 pound bales
Alabama	1,217,399	1,220,507
Arkansas	821,233	844,550
Florida	68,295	69,916
Georgia	1,865,896	1,818,582
Louisiana	256,987	256,333
Mississippi	1,250,479	1,308,279
North Carolina	771,183	722,482
Oklahoma	95,122	95,701
South Carolina	1,237,056	1,166,187
Tennessee	336,206	348,139
Texas	3,071,263	3,170,095
All other states	91,148	91,295

Reply of China To Russia

St. Petersburg, March 20.—It is understood that the reply of the Chinese government to the Russian ultimatum is considered satisfactory in essentials, but China will be asked to be more explicit in her explanations concerning certain minor points.

The latest advices from Peking made plain China's intention of agreeing to both points at issue with Russia. The foreign board stated that it was prepared to accept the establishment of Russian consulates in the places specified by Russia and also to promise to take measures regarding Chinese monopolies in Mongolia which would permit Russian subjects freedom of trade in Chinese goods as well as in the goods of other countries.

Contest Over Baldwin Will

Los Angeles, Cal., March 20.—The contest of Beatrice Anita Baldwin for \$250,000 of the estate of her alleged father, E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin, will be revived in the superior court tomorrow when Judge Rives is expected to sign the findings of the jury whom he ordered to return a verdict for the defense.

It is said the lawyers for the girl are prepared to file an immediate notice of appeal.

Park Resort People Are Meeting Here

Managers of the American Vaudeville circuit amusement parks, met today in the Selwyn hotel with a view of perfecting a permanent organization and the adoption of rules under which all will be governed. A dinner was served after the transaction of many matters of vital importance to all of those who this season will promote vaudeville and the like at different amusement resorts in North Carolina and Virginia.

Among those present at the Selwyn were Mr. Rand, of Anderson, S. C.; Mr. Hancock, of Roanoke, Va.; Mr. Z. V. Taylor, of Charlotte, Mr. Frost of Lynchburg, Va.; Mr. Conklin, of Augusta, Ga.; Mr. Jackson of Augusta; Mr. Andrews, of Greensboro, and Mr. Chatham of Winston-Salem.

COX'S AFFIDAVIT WAS THROWN OUT.

Cincinnati, O., March 20.—George B. Cox's affidavit of "prejudice and bias" against Judge Frank Gorman, by which the indicted political leader sought to bring his case before some other jurist of the Ohio supreme court, was thrown out of court by presiding Judge Charles Hunt in a decision handed down today.

Judge Hunt's decision was that the statute providing for the filing of prejudice affidavits to swear judges off the bench is so framed that it applies to other counties of Ohio but not to Hamilton county. He therefore refused to act on the Cox affidavit.

STILL INVESTIGATING THE DEATH OF STRANGE BODY.

Savannah, Ga., March 20.—The city detectives are still investigating the mysterious death by suffocation of an unknown infant found in the Ogeechee canal on Friday. It is believed two women who came here several weeks ago from Pittsburg and who have departed can throw some light upon the death of the little one if they can be reached. A negro man is being detained in connection with the case.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 20.—Reports received here today indicate that the order of President T. L. Lewis for a strike of United Mine Workers in the Tuscarawas field, in Ohio and in a part of the Pittsburg district has been generally obeyed.

ORDER FOR GENERAL STRIKE OBEYED.

Cabinet Resigns. St. Petersburg, March 20.—The cabinet of Premier Stolypin resigned today.

Washington, D. C., March 20.—Neither the Standard Oil nor the Tobacco Trust case was decided by the supreme court of the United States today, although many persons had expected one or both. The court took a recess for two weeks until April 3rd. Whether the great corporation will "come down" two weeks from today is a matter entirely of speculation; the court vouchsafes no advance intimations of its intentions.